WOLEAIAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY
PALI LANGUAGE TEXTS: MICRONESIA

Social Sciences and Linguistics Institute
University of Hawaii

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Editor
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**English-Woleaian Finder List** 414
This dictionary is a result of more than three years (1971–1975) of our cooperative work on the language of Woleai. Since no dictionary or grammar was available on Woleaian before we started the project, we had to dig out lexical items through a long process of trial and error. At a later stage of our work, we could obtain additional words related to measurements and flora from William H. Alkire’s two papers, “Systems of Measurement on Woleai Atoll, Caroline Islands” (Anthropos 69:1–73) and “Native Classification of Flora on Woleai Atoll” (Micronesia 10[1]:1–5). Samuel H. Elbert’s Puluwat Dictionary (Pacific Linguistics C-No. 24, The Australian National University Press, 1972) was very helpful in collecting additional meanings associated with certain Woleaian lexical items.

All of the work on this dictionary was conducted at the University of Hawaii at Manoa under the Pacific Language Development Project, a cooperative endeavor of the Culture Learning Institute of the East-West Center, the Pacific and Asian Linguistics Institute, the Department of Linguistics, and the Department of Education of the Trust Territory government.

Time and distance did not allow the manuscript to be sufficiently exposed to the senior speakers in Woleai for their input and comments. We especially regret not being able to include those rather archaic words that are not found in the speech of the younger generation. In spite of such weaknesses that are apparent in the present dictionary, we would be more than happy if this dictionary served as the stepping stone to future research leading to a more refined and complete dictionary of Woleaian.

One of the most difficult and time-consuming tasks in the course of our work was the design of an orthography for the transcription of Woleaian lexical items. To begin with, we had the problem of selecting symbols that represented the Woleaian sound system most effectively. However, the harder and more controversial job was to devise satisfactory spelling conventions. As is the case with any orthographical design, our problem was whether we should adopt a spelling system based purely on linguistic principles, or one that would be acceptable
to the speakers of the language who are largely oriented by their tradition and convenience. We have compromised the two opposing orientations in this dictionary. We have adopted most of the symbols Woleaians prefer to use, with some exceptions that, in our view, are linguistically sounder. In addition to the headwords that are spelled according to the desires of most speakers of the language, we have decided to include base forms for all headwords, which are really significant from the linguistic point of view.

In writing this dictionary, we are greatly indebted to Professor Donald M. Topping, director of the Pacific Language Development Project and of the Social Sciences and Linguistics Institute, and Professor Byron W. Bender, chairman of the Department of Linguistics of the University of Hawaii, for their continuous advice, encouragement, and assistance, not only in project-related areas such as dictionary formats and performance of our work, but in all kinds of personal matters. We would like to express our particular thanks to Professors Robert W. Hsu and Ann M. Peters for their untiring efforts to edit the dictionary through computer programs. A special acknowledgement is also due to Mrs. Cynthia Dalrymple for her excellent keypunching of the manuscript.

The Woleaian-English side of the dictionary contains some 6,200 entries, while the English-Woleaian Finder List includes some 4,000 entries. The Woleaian Reference Grammar by Ho-min Sohn with the assistance of Anthony F. Tawerilmang (The University Press of Hawaii 1975) is a sister volume of this dictionary.

HO-MIN SOHN
ANTHONY F. TAWERILMANG
ARRANGEMENT AND CONVENTIONS OF ENTRIES

The parts (or bands) of the entries in the Woleaian-English part of the dictionary are arranged in the following order: (1) headword, (2) base form, (3) loan source, (4) alternant forms, (5) part of speech or word-class, (6) grammatical notes, (7) definitions, (8) phrase examples, (9) sentence examples, (10) synonyms, (11) antonyms, and (12) cross references. Rarely does an entry carry all the above parts. The conventions adopted for each part are described below. The English-Woleaian Finder List is straightforward and does not need explanation.

1. **Headword.** Headwords (in boldface) are arranged strictly in the following alphabetical order: a, b, c, e, f, g, h, i, k, l, m, n, o, p, r, s, t, u, w, and y. Proper nouns begin with a capital letter. A hyphen before or after a headword indicates that the headword must be preceded or followed, respectively, by another lexical item. Lexical items that share the same spelling but have entirely different meanings are entered as separate headwords with subscript numerals, as in *chag*₁ and *chag*₂. When a lexical item has alternate spellings, they are also entered as separate headwords. All headwords represent citation forms. For instance, the word ‘eye’ is spelled *mat* (e.g., *mat gach* ‘good eyes’) *meta-* (e.g., *metai* ‘my eye’), or *mate-* (e.g., *mate-* *mam* ‘our [excl.] eyes’). Only *mat* is entered as the headword, because it is the spelling of the form cited independently. Forms like *meta-* and *mate-* are predictable from the base form (*mata*), and need not be entered as separate headwords. Headwords for transitive verbs are in the form with the third person singular object suffix, as in *liiy* ‘kill it’. Forms with other suffixes, such as *liig* ‘kill you’, are not entered.

2. **Base Form.** Base forms (in italics) are parenthesized. They do not correspond to actual pronunciation, but are the forms from which all the variant or alternating pronunciations are derived by simple sound alternation rules to be given in the next section (Pronunciation Rules). Headwords do not have this function. For instance, *meta-* and *mate-* cannot be derived from the headword *mat* by any means. They can be derived only
from the base form *(mata).* Base forms are also useful for Austronesian comparative linguistics since they are, for the most part, the forms that were actually pronounced in the past.

If a base form is composed of more than one meaning element (or morpheme), the meaning elements are demarcated by a hyphen. When the meaning boundary is either too obvious or hard to locate, a hyphen is not inserted.

3. **Loan Source.** The source languages of loanwords are indicated by small capitals: ENG. (English), GERMAN, JAP. (Japanese), KOREAN, LATIN, SAWALESE, SPANISH, ULITIAN, and YAPESE. Those loanwords whose origin is not clear are left unspecified. When a loanword is considerably different either in form or meaning from the source word, the original form or meaning is given.

4. **Alternant Forms.** Any form either in pronunciation or in spelling that alternates with the headword, together with any conditioning factors, is given in roman type in square brackets. Also included here are the relevant pronunciation notes or the archaic nature of the headword.

5. **Part of Speech (Word-class).** The following parts of speech (shown in small capitals) are used in this dictionary. The definitions of them are given in chapter 3 (Word Classification) of the *Woleian Reference Grammar.*

- ADJ. (adjective)
- ADV. (adverb)
- ASP. (aspect)
- CONJ. (conjunction)
- DEM. (demonstrative)
- DIR. (directional)
- N. (noun)
- NUM. (numeral)
- PREP. (preposition)
- PRON. (pronoun)
- SUBJ. (subjective)
- VI. (intransitive verb)
- VN. (neutral verb)
- VT. (transitive verb)
6. **Grammatical Notes.** Any grammatical notes associated with the headword are given in roman type in square brackets. Further elaborations of the notes are found in the *Woleaian Reference Grammar*.

7. **Definitions.** Definitions of headwords are entered in roman type. Many definitions appear as headwords in the English-Woleaian Finder List. In defining nouns, singular forms are used without an article, as in *coconut tree* and *house*. (Remember that a noun in Woleaian may mean one or more objects without any formal marker.) In defining intransitive and neutral verbs, the infinitive marker *to* precedes the definitions, as in *to run* and *to drink*. This *to* is not used in defining adjectives (e.g., *happy* and *good*) or transitive verbs (e.g., *eat it* and *kill him*). In the case of transitive verbs, the third person object pronoun *him*, *her*, or *it* is given with the understanding that one (e.g., *him*) represents the others (i.e., *her* and *it*) too.

8. **Phrase Examples.** Woleaian phrases are entered in italics ending in a comma, and their English translations are given in roman type. The headword appearing in a phrase is abbreviated into the initial letter(s) followed by a period (e.g., *b.*, *B.*, *ch.*, and *mmw*).

9. **Sentence Examples.** The Woleaian sentences illustrating the uses of headwords are entered in italics, with the initial letter capitalized. Each sentence is followed by an English equivalent in roman type. The headword appearing in a sentence is abbreviated as in phrase examples. In general, sentence examples are not given if the uses of the headwords are obvious.

10. **Synonyms.** Synonyms are entered in boldface, and are preceded by the abbreviation *SYN*.

11. **Antonyms.** Antonyms are entered in boldface, and are preceded by the abbreviation *ANT*.

12. **Cross References.** Cross references are entered in boldface, and are preceded by the abbreviation *CF*. 
PRONUNCIATION RULES

(1) Sound qualities of the Woleaian letters used in this dictionary are described below.

**Consonants**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Letters</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Examples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>voiceless, bilabial, unaspirated stop (like p in <em>speak</em>)</td>
<td>peshe ‘leg’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pp</td>
<td>longer and stronger than p</td>
<td>ppiy ‘sand’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t</td>
<td>voiceless, dento-alveolar, unaspirated stop (like t in <em>steam</em>)</td>
<td>ta ‘intestine’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tt</td>
<td>longer and stronger than t</td>
<td>ttaaw ‘far’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ch</td>
<td>voiceless, palatal, unaspirated stop (similar to tch in <em>matches</em>); weak in loanwords but strong in native words</td>
<td>kachito ‘movie’ (loanword)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>cha ‘blood’ (native)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k</td>
<td>voiceless, velar, unaspirated stop (similar to k in <em>skip</em>); weak in loanwords but strong in native words</td>
<td>kachito ‘movie’ (loanword)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>kang ‘sharp’ (native)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b</td>
<td>voiceless, velarized (pulling the tongue backward), bilabial fricative (candle blowing sound); tends to be voiced between vowels</td>
<td>bo ‘to swell’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bb</td>
<td>voiceless, velarized, bilabial, strong stop (like pw in <em>upward</em>)</td>
<td>bbat ‘thin’, ‘skinny’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f</td>
<td>voiceless, labio-dental fricative (like the English f)</td>
<td>fius ‘star’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ff</td>
<td>longer and stronger than f</td>
<td>ffir ‘to weave’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s</td>
<td>voiceless, dento-alveolar fricative (like the English s)</td>
<td>seig ‘ten’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ss</td>
<td>longer and stronger than s</td>
<td>ssang ‘to curl backward’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letters</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Examples</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i</td>
<td>high, front (tongue), unrounded (lips), (like the short variety of ee in meet)</td>
<td>ital ‘his name’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ii</td>
<td>longer than i</td>
<td>liiy ‘kill him’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e</td>
<td>mid, front, unrounded (like e in bed); slightly rounded before a round vowel</td>
<td>metai ‘my eyes’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ee</td>
<td>longer than e</td>
<td>leeligu ‘a taro sp.’</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Each headword is spelled according to the pronunciation of its citation form, as in mat ‘eye’, imw ‘house’, meram ‘moon’, yaf ‘fire’, and yaf ‘to swim’. Therefore, a rough pronunciation of the citation form of each headword can be obtained by referring to the description of the letters in (1) above. However, word-final voiceless vowels are not spelled out in headwords. Woleaian has five significant voiceless vowels that occur in word-final position: [i], [e] (tends to be rounded, i.e., [ɐ], after a round vowel), [u], [ʊ], and [o], where the dots underneath the vowels indicate voicelessness. Since voiceless vowels are ignored in spelling, we spell the forms differing only in their voiceless final vowels in the same way, as in yaf ‘fire’ [yaafi] and yaf ‘to swim’ [yaafe]; gius ‘louse’ [giusiu] and gius ‘octopus’ [giuse]; and lang ‘sky’ [laangi] and lang ‘house fly’ [laango].

One of the reasons that we have entered the base form immediately after each headword is to help the dictionary user find the correct word-final vowel. The following rules are to be observed in order to get the correct pronunciation of such vowels.

(a) Simple vowels that occur after a consonant are voiceless. See the following examples:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Final Vowel of Base Form</th>
<th>Pronunciation</th>
<th>Examples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Base Form)</td>
<td>(Pronunciation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>i</strong></td>
<td>[i]u after iu + consonant</td>
<td>yaliusiu-li [yaliusiulu]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[u] after u + consonant</td>
<td>mengaagu-li [mengaagulu]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[i] elsewhere</td>
<td>yafi [yaafi]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>rigi [rigi]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>a</strong></td>
<td>[o] after o, or u + consonant</td>
<td>ssoonga [soongo]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>gotoata [gotoato]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[e] elsewhere</td>
<td>yafa [yafe]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>imwa [iimwe]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>e</strong></td>
<td>[e]</td>
<td>mase [masẽ]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>iu</strong></td>
<td>[i]u</td>
<td>gachiu [gachiu]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>u</strong></td>
<td>[u]</td>
<td>mengaagu [mengaagu]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>o</strong></td>
<td>[o]</td>
<td>langa [laango]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) A simple vowel at the end of a base form does not become voiceless if (i) it is preceded by another vowel, as in faiu [faaiu] ‘stone’ and wou [woou] ‘sugar-cane’; or (ii) it is preceded by a simple consonant in a single syllable word, as in ye [ye] ‘he’ and me [me] ‘and’.
(c) All double vowels that occur at the end of a base form are shortened in pronunciation without change in sound quality, as in *peshee* [peshe] ‘leg’, *chaa* [cha] ‘blood’, and *booti-i* [booti] ‘my nose’.

Another minor rule is that the letter *e* is pronounced with the lips rounded ([ə]) when it occurs before a round (voiced or voiceless) vowel:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spelling</th>
<th>Base Form</th>
<th>Pronunciation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sseg</td>
<td>ssegu</td>
<td>[ssəgiu] ‘full’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bbel</td>
<td>bbeliu</td>
<td>[bbəliu] ‘dirty’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>geriuger</td>
<td>geriugeriu</td>
<td>[gəriugərịụ] ‘to scratch’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lewemw</td>
<td>lewe-mwu</td>
<td>[lewəmwụ] ‘your tongue’</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the case of words like *sseg* and *bbel*, alternant spellings like *sseog* and *bbeol* are also entered for the convenience of the dictionary user.

(3) Base forms are entered also to derive their alternate forms (in pronunciation), including the headwords. For instance, the citation form of ‘the moon’ is [meramẹ] (spelled *meram*), but it is also pronounced as [marema-] in [maremalị] ‘the moon of’, which is spelled *maremal*. The form *marema- ‘the moon’* is not entered in the dictionary because it is derivable from the base form *mara*. The following descriptions will clarify the derivation of such alternate forms:

(a) The base form vowel *a* is changed to [e] (spelled *e*), between high base-form vowels, regardless of the presence or absence of a consonant between the *a* and the high vowels.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spelling</th>
<th>Base Form</th>
<th>Pronunciation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>imwei</td>
<td>imwa-i</td>
<td>[imwei] ‘my house’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>imwel</td>
<td>imwa-li</td>
<td>[imwelị] ‘house of’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cf.</td>
<td>imwal</td>
<td>[imwale] ‘his house’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ragireg</td>
<td>ragiragi</td>
<td>[ragiregị] ‘to line up’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>waliuwel</td>
<td>waliuwali</td>
<td>[waliuwelịu] ‘plants’</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
When the base form vowel *a* occurs before a low vowel (i.e., *[a]* or *[oa]*)}, it is pronounced as *[e]* (spelled *e*). There may be a consonant between the two vowels. If the final vowel is voiceless, this rule does not apply. This rule is responsible, for example, for the alternation between *[merame]* (spelled *meram*) ‘the moon’ and *[maremal]* (spelled *maremal*) ‘the moon of’. The base form for ‘the moon’ is *marama* and that for ‘the moon of’ is *maramali*. Since the final *a* in *marama* is pronounced as *[e]*, it is the first *a* that has to be pronounced as *[e]* due to the second *a*, thus resulting in *[merame]*. In *maramali*, on the other hand, the third *a* does not change and it is the second *a* that has to be pronounced as *[e]* since this rule operates always from right to left. Now, the second *a* has changed to *[e]* due to the third *a*, and therefore the first *a* need not be changed, thus resulting in the pronunciation *[maremal]*. More examples follow:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spelling</th>
<th>Base Form</th>
<th>Pronunciation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>metai</td>
<td>mata-i</td>
<td>[metai]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>matemam</td>
<td>mata-mami</td>
<td>[matemami]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>yefar</td>
<td>yafara</td>
<td>[yefarẹ]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>yaferai</td>
<td>yafara-i</td>
<td>[yaferai]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gemoaw</td>
<td>ga-moa-a</td>
<td>[gemoawẹ]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Many headwords contain the letters *[y]* or *[w]*, which do not show up in the corresponding base forms. This is especially the case with transitive verbs. For instance, the headword *liiy* (pronounced as *[liiyẹ]*) ‘kill it’ has the base form *lii-a*, and the headword *faieuw* (pronounced as *[faieuwẹ]*) ‘weave it’ has the base form *faiu-a*. The appearance of *[y]* or *[w]* is quite automatic, that is, between two vowels where the second one is not high (i.e., not *i*, *iu*, or *u*), *[y]* is inserted if the first vowel is not round and *[w]* is inserted if it is round.

Another case in which a headword and its base form are drastically different may be illustrated by *man* (maliuli) ‘bird of’. A vowel automatically drops between two *l’s* if it is followed by a meaning boundary. Then two *l’s* meet each other, resulting automatically in *n.*
(e) The initial vowel of certain headwords is lengthened in pronunciation when the words appear independently without any modifier following. This lengthening is not represented in spellings of such headwords. For a word to undergo such lengthening, the base of the word must have the following structure:

i. The base form must consist of only two simple vowels, with one or two simple consonants or semivowels.

ii. If the two simple vowels are of the same quality, there must be an intervening consonant (e.g., rigi ‘running’ [riigị]). If the two simple vowels are different in quality, there is no such restriction (e.g., faiu ‘stone’ [faaiu], ita ‘name’ [iite]).

iii. Even if the above two conditions are met, a word cannot undergo the said lengthening if it is not used as a noun (e.g., shagiu ‘just’ [shagịu] is not a noun).

For more on the speech sounds of Woleaian, see chapter 1 of the *Woleaian Reference Grammar*. 
abonai (abonai). JAP. VI., ADJ. (to be) dangerous, perilous, hazardous, unsafe. mal a., dangerous thing.

-ag (-agi). [-eg after a high vowel] [passive suffix. This suffix changes a transitive verb into a passive intransitive verb, referring to the state that has resulted from certain action.] baiteg, to be untied (cf. baisi untie it). belingeg, to be snapped off (cf. belingi snap it off). biliteg, to be loosened (cf. bili loosen it). filetag, to be stirred (cf. fileti stir it). mwulotag, to be crumpled (cf. mwuloti crumple it). piletag, to be closed (cf. pilesi close it). shiireg, to be wet (cf. shiiri wet it).

agili (agili). [alternant of yagili (q.v.)]

-ai (-al). [alternant of -yai (q.v.)]

amen (amina). ADV. [sentential] amen in praying (used only when we make the sign of the cross).

-ar (-ara). N. south. letowaar, south-southwest. CF. yaiur.

aut (auto). ENG. N. out (in baseball), outside (foul ball). Boola we ye lag a. The ball went outside.

ba1 (baa). VI. to swarm (of a school of fish), appear (from behind). Ig we imwu ye sa b. me paliyetam. The school of fish there is now swarming toward the windward side of the canoe.

ba2 (baa). [alternant of bba2 (q.v.)]

ba3 (baa). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) rotten, spoiled. sho b., spoiled copra. baal, its being rotten. Ye b. It is spoiled. 2. N. spoiled leftovers. Baal wish kawe mele re sa buga. They boiled the spoiled leftovers of the banana.

baab (baaba). [This word is becoming obsolete. mwaash is commonly used.] ADV. later, just in the future. I b. lag. I will go later.

baabiyoroow (baabiyoro-o). vt. study it, investigate it. I be b. mwo kofal mele ye tammwel meleka faliuwash iyang. I will investigate the cause of the problems which our island has.

baaiiy (baaii-a). vt. roll it up (cigarette, etc.). SYN. baaiiliy. CF. bbaai.

baaiiliy (baailli-a). vt. roll it up. Ye b. sefash temaag. He rolled up the tobacco. CF. bbaai.

baaiu1 (baaiu). N. bamboo. rite, ceremony (ceremonial accumulation and redistribution during a funeral taboo period), sefash b., one bamboo. yaai b., my bamboo. seliuw b., three rites. baaiul John, ceremony of John.

baaiu2 (baaiu). N. dance. seuw b., one dance. yaai b., my dance. baaiul Yap, a Yap dance. Si be lag kaururuu yaar b. shoabut. Let’s go and watch the women’s dance.

baaiulap (baaiu-lapa). N. the great bamboo rite.

baaliyel (baali-yali). vi. to circle, to be round. baaliyelil metal meram, roundness of the moon. Ye sa b. lag metal meram we. The surface of the moon is completely round. CF. bbaaliyel.

baan (baani). [=ban] 1. vi., vn. to inspect, to go around. Re b. fetal. They inspect around. 2. N. inspection. shool b., inspector. Laiu mele re be buutog shool b. The inspectors will come tomorrow. CF. baaniy.

baaniy (baani-a). vt. inspect it. Re b. skooki we. They inspected the plane. Ye sa baaniyei. He has inspected me. CF. baan, ban, balisi.

baanto (baantoo). ENG. N. belt, band. seuw b., one band, yaai b., my belt.

baarekow (baarekowa). SPANISH. N. ship.

baass (baassiu). VI. to be bothered, contaminated with smoke. Ye b. metash reel yaf kela. Our eyes are contaminated by the smoke of the fire. CF. gebaass.

baatag (baatagi). VI. [passive] to be revealed, disclosed. Fai sekiut nge ye bel b. tag melekawe kofaar. Sooner or later, their secret will be revealed.

baayou (baayou). N. piece of cloth wrapped around the head, headband. baayoul shimwei, my headband. seuw b., one headcloth. I be gasi iyeel be baayoul shimwei. I will take this one for my headband.

bachi (bachii). ENG. N. bucket. seuw b., a bucket. yaai b., my bucket. bachiil Yap, Yapese bucket. SYN. bbakit, bakit.

bai- (bai-). [verb stem which does not appear by itself] to untie. CF. baibei, baisi, baiteg.

baibei (baibai). VN. to untie.

baigeoreo (baigeoreo). VN. to scratch.

baigeoreow (baigeoreo-a). VT. scratch it.

baikesh (baikeshi). VN. to pinch.

baikeshiiy (baikeshii-a). VT. pinch it.

baiking (baikingi). JAP. N. disease, germs.

baila (bailaa). N. sheath, scabbard. seuw b., a sheath. yaai b., bailaai, my sheath.

baisi (baisii). VT. untie it. CF. baiteg.

bait (baiti). N. pounded taro which is divided into square sections.

baiteg (baitagi). VI. [passive] to be untied. CF. baisi.

baiu (baiu). VI. to have romantic love, be proud of a friend. baiul, his having a romantic love.

baiur (baiura). N. a kind of fish which looks like a barracuda. gelai b., my fish (food).
baiy (baiya). N. a kind of shell. seuw b., a shell. yaai b., my shell.

bakiing (bakiinge). JAP 1. N. fine, punishment. 2. vi. to be punished, to be fined. Ye sa b. He has been punished.

bakiinga (bakiingaa). VT. punish him, fine him. Ye bakiingaayai. He fined me. CF. bakiing.

bakit (bakiti). ENG. N. bucket. SYN. bachi, bbakit.

bal (bala). ADV. also, too. Ye be b. buutog. He will also come.

balebal (balabala). vi. to be loose, not tightly screwed. Ye b. gemas lan. Its inside is very loose. CF. gabela.

balisi (balisii). VT. inspect it, go over (an area). Si be b. faliuweiy. We will inspect this island. CF. baliteg, ban, baan, baaniy.

baliteg (balitagi). vi. [passive] to be gone over for something, to be inspected. Ye sa b. ngaliyey faailengiiy. I have gone around this world. CF. balisi.

baliubel1 (baliu-baliu). N. a kind of magic in which the magician does magical protection by uttering some incantation, magical protection. Si be tabeey b. Let’s join the magical protection.

baliubel2 (baliu-baliu). 1. VN. to cover. Re mwaash b. tag shag yaar raw. They just covered up their pot. 2. N. covering. Ye sa gasin mele kawe baliuben wa we. He has taken those coverings off the canoe. CF. baliuw2.

baliuben mat (baliubaliuli mata). N. eyelid, canoe-prow covering. sepeig b., one eyelid. baliuben metai, my eyelid.

baliubeol (baliu-baliu). [alternate spelling of baliubel (q.v.)]

baliuw1 (baliu-a). VT. cast a spell for him, make the magic protection for him. Mwal we mele ye be baliugish. That man is the one who will make the magic protection for us.

baliuw2 (baliu-a). VT. cover it. Gai b. lag mwongo kela! You guys, cover up those foods! CF. baliubel2.

bame (bamee). [contraction of be metta] why, for what. 2. N. reason. bameel, its reason.
ban₁ (bana). vi. to be pinched, cracked. Ye b. lag gulugul we yaai. My bamboo (or calabash) is cracked.

ban₂ (bani). [alternant of baan (q.v.)]

bang₁ (bangi). vi. to be obtainable, capable (implying creativity), dextrous, able. Ye sa b. weiu piisega we sogomw? Has your spear come out? Ye bang John me mmwal melewé bisil. John is more capable than his brother.

bang₂ (bangi). N. wrestling (technique); expert knowledge of house or canoe building. semat b., a kind of wrestling, a kind of expert knowledge. b. fal, housebuilding technique. Ye giula b. He knows wrestling technique. Ye tau b. He is a wrestler (or a skilled house builder).

bangibeng (bangi-bangi). N. act of making magic and giving native medicine to sick persons, magic-making ceremony. Si be tabeey b. Let’s attend the magic-making ceremony. Re bangibengil maselipig. They are making magic against epidemic. CF. bangiliy.

bangiliy (bangii-a). vt. spell it by magic. B. sar ye lai! Cast a spell on my child! CF. bangibeng.

bar₁ (bara). N. triangular shape tattoo on women’s pubic area. seuw b., one tattoo. berai, my tattoo. lai b., my tattoo (when a bird-shape is conceived).

bar₂ (baro). N. box for keeping belongings. seuw b., one box. yaai b., baroi, my box.

barig₁ (bariga). vi. to be itchy. Gebariga! Make it itchy!

barig₂ (bariga). vi. to have a terrible taste, have a stinging taste.

bariikang (bariikanga). JAP. N. hand-clippers. seuw b., one pair of hand-clippers. yaai b., my hand-clippers.

bariikenga (bariikangaa). vt. cut it with hand-clippers. CF. bariikang.

bariin (bariina). ENG. N. barrel. seuw b., one barrel. yaai b., my barrel.

bariug (bariugi). 1. N. song, dance. seuw b., a song, a dance. yaai b., my song, my dance. bariugi, song or dance for me. 2. vi. to sing. I rongorong be ye b. me skuul. I heard that he sang at school.
bariugiu (bariugiu-i). N. song for me, dance for me. CF. bariug.

bariugiuw (bariugi-a). VT. sing a song for him (as entertainment). Bariugiuwel! Sing a song for me!

barol mat (baroli mata). N. front of the end-piece of a canoe. seuw b., one front of the end-piece.

bas (basiu). VI. to be impatient, tired, bothered. basiul, his being impatient. Ye sa b. He is impatient. Ye gebasiuw mwal we. He made the man tired.

bash1 (basha). VI., ADJ. (to be) crooked (of O-type legs). peshe b., crooked legs. Ye b. pesheel John. John’s legs are crooked.

bash2 (basha). N. a kind of basket. seuw b., one basket. yaai b., my basket.

bat1 (bata). VI., ADJ. (to be) deaf, slapped (in the ear), hit (in the ear). taling b., deaf. gabeta, cause him to be deaf. betal, his being deaf. Ye bat talingal. He is deaf.

bat2 (bata). VI. to be shallow, be low tide. gabeta, cause it to be low tide.

bat3 (batiu). N. scar (either inherited or acquired). seuw b., a scar. batiu, my scar.

batebat (batabata). VI. to be thirsty. gebatebeta, make him thirsty.

batisool (batisoolo). N. bottle.

batiu (batiu-i). N. my scar. CF. bat3.

batu1 (batuu). N. bush, crowd. seuw b., a bush. batuul waliuwel, bushy. batuul yaremat, a crowd of people.

batu2 (batuu). N. fish net, mosquito net.

bau (bau). N. pole, fishing pole. sefash b., a fishing pole. yaai b., my pole.

bauuw (bauu-a). VT. catch it with a fishing pole.
**bba**1 (bbaa). vi. make a loud sound as in shouting. gebba, cause it to make a loud sound.


**bbaai** (bbaai). vn. to roll up (cigarettes, etc.). cf. baailiy.


**bbaarig** (bbaariga). vi. to be hurt physically. gebbaariga, cause him to be hurt.

**bbag**1 (bbagi). vi. to have a plan (usually a bad one) to do something.

**bbag**2 (bbagi). 1. vi. to be proud (referring to a sweetheart). 2. n. pride. seuw bb., a pride. yaai bb., bbagi, my pride. cf. bbagiuw.

**bbagiuw** (bbagi-a). vt. to be proud of it (thinking about accomplishing a goal). cf. bbag2.


**bbaketo** (bbaketoo). eng. n. pocket.

**bbakit** (bbakiti). eng. n. bucket. syn. bachi, bakit.

**bbang**1 (bbanga). 1. n. crevice, small holes in arms. 2. vi. to have holes in arms.

**bbang**2 (bbanga). vi. to be unfit, not properly touched.

**bbar** (bbaro). vi., adj. (to be) crooked, curved. bau b., crooked pole. gebbaro, make it curved.

**bbas**1 (bbasa). vi., adj. (to be) thin, skinny. Ye bb. He is skinny.

**bbas**2 (bbasiu). vn. to have a secret plan to do something.

**bbasiuw** (bbasiu-a). vt. have a secret plan to do it.

**bbat** (bbata). vi., adj. (to be) dry, dead (as in plant), skinny, thin.
bbatiur1 (bbatiura). N. termite.

bbatiur2 (bbatiura). N. leprosy. yaamw bb., bbatiuremw, your leprosy.

bbe- (bbe-). N. lower sides of the head of a fish. seuw bbel ig, one lower side of the fish head. bbel, lower sides of its head.

bbebbes (bbebbesi). VI. [progressive form of bes] to be aging, becoming old.

bbebbeta (bbebbetaa). VT. [progressive form of beta] to be slapping the ears.

bbel (bbeliu). N., ADJ. dirt, soil, dirty. mengaag bb., dirty clothes. bbeliu, my dirt.

bbeol (bbeliu). [alternate spelling of bbel (q.v.)]

bber (bbere). VN. to get something through a hole.

bbesh (bbeshe). VI. to be white. Ye bb. mengaag we. The clothes are white. CF. besh2.

bbey1 (bbeya). N. fish that stay near a drifting log.

bbey2 (bbeya). 1. N. a reddish mark which resulted from burning. 2. VI. to turn reddish. gabbeya, cause something to turn reddish by burning it. Ye sa bb. pesheel. His leg turned reddish as a result of burning.

bbibbilibiteg (bbibibilitagi). VI. [passive progressive form of biliteg] to be in the process of being removed, become loose. Ye sa bb. tiw mengaagul. Her dress became loose.

bbil (bbili). VI., ADJ. (to be) plastered.


bbir (bbiri). 1. N. sound made by forcing the air out. I rongorong bbiril singil. I heard the sound of his fart. 2. VI. make a sound. gabbiri, cause it to make a sound with compressed air. Ye bb. He farted. Ye gabbiri tawi. He blew the shell trumpet to make a sound.
**bbis** (*bbisi*). vi. to shoot up (of water), usually in a very small quantity. *gabbisi* shoot it. *Ye bb. tag shal me lan paip we.* Water shoots up from the pipe. *Ye gabbisi tag shal woash.* He shoots water on us.

**bbiubbiun** (*bbiubbiuniu*). vn. to break, snap. *Re la bb. fafiy liwen walliuwel.* They went to collect (or break) firewood in the bushes. cf *biuniuw.*

**bbiuliu** (*bbiuliu*). vn. to hold. *gabbiliu,* get one to hold it. *Ye bb. sar.* She is holding a baby. cf *biuliuw.*

**bbo** (*bboo*). 1. vn. to pound. *Re bb. mai.* They pounded breadfruit. 2. n. pounding stone. cf *bbooli.*

**bboa** (*bboa*). vi., adj. (to be) spoiled, rotten. *gabboaw,* make or let it spoil. *ig bb.,* spoiled fish. *Ye sa bb. ig we.* That fish has been spoiled.

**bbooli** (*bboolii*). vt. pound it. *Ye bb. mai we.* She pounded the breadfruit.

**Bbu** (*bbuu*). n. cross (star). *tegalibbu,* rising of cross star.

**bbubbuga** (*bbubbugaa*). vt. [progressive form of *buga*] be boiling it, heating it.

**bbubbul** (*bbubbula*). n. flame, light, blinking of light. *I weri bbubbulol yaf we.* I saw the blinking of the light.

**bbubbuwach** (*bbubbuwacha*). vi. to bubble. *Ye sa bb. tag shal me faal bbel.* The spring bubbled up from the ground.


**bbugoshal** (*bbuga-shaliu*). 1. vn., adj. to boil with water, boiled (with water). *Re bb. mai.* They boiled breadfruit with water. *I mwongo mai bb.* I ate boiled breadfruit. 2. n. things boiled with water. *Re mwongo bb.* They ate boiled stuffs.

**bbugoshaliuw** (*bbuga-shaliu-a*). vt. boil it with water. *Re be bb. mai kawe.* They will boil those breadfruit with water.

**bbul** (*bbula*). vi. to burn, light up. *gabbul,* to light up something. *gabbula,* light it up. *Ye sa bb. yaf we.* The fire has lit up. *Ye gabbul yaf.* He lit up fire.
Bbul (bbulo). N. Puloanna in Palau District.

bbur (bburo). VN., Adj. to peel (as in bananas), peeled. mish bb., peeled banana. burol wish, peeling of banana. Ye bb. gan wish mmash. He peeled ripe bananas to eat for his food. CF. burongi, burongag.

bbusaf (bbusafa). N. a kind of trigger fish.

bbutelitel (bbutalital). N. a kind of trigger fish.


be1 (be). PREP. as, for. I gasu b. yaai. I took it as mine. I fesang ngali b. silei. I called her (as) my mother. I tewai lag fita b. yagili temwaaiu yeel. I will not go fishing for (the sake of) this patient.

be2 (be). CONJ. that. I giula b. ye sa mas. I know that he died.

be3 (be). CONJ. because, so that. I tewai lag b. i temwaaiu. I won’t go because I am sick. Si be gamwongoow b. ye be mat. Let’s feed him so that he may be full.

be4 (be). ASP. [prospective] will, shall, need, should, would, have to, may. I b. lag Yasor laiu. I will go to Yasor tomorrow. Si b. rig. We have to run. I tipeli be i b. weri. I want to see it.

be5 (bee). N. divination by knots, fortune telling. seuw b., a divination. Ye gach beel yaal melaw. The divination of his being alive is good.

bech (beche). 1. Vi. to be well-done, well decomposed. Ye sa b. sumw we yaai. My buried coconut husks have been well decomposed. 2. ADV. [post-verbal] very well, strongly. Ye gui becheey lag. He took a strong bite.

bechettil (bechettili). N. a kind of fish.

beebe (beebee). VN. to take up from underground. CF. beey.

beel baubeu (beeli baubau). N. divination to determine if fish will be caught. Ye gach yaai b. The divination for my catching fish is good.

beel bil (beeli bili). N. divination concerning trolling. Ye gach yaai b. The divination for my trolling is good.
beel maliumel (beeli maliumaliu). N. typhoon divination.

beel melaw (beeli malawa). N. divination to determine if all the voyagers will reach an island alive or if a sick person will be alive.

beel mwaaialual (beeli mwaaialua-lalo). N. divination to determine if the residents will be happy when the canoe returns.

beel nag (beeli naga). N. divination to determine if fishermen will “see” the fish on the canoe.

beel niwa (beeli niwa). N. divination to determine if fish will be taken into canoes.

beel pelal maliumel (beeli pelali maliumaliu). N. divination to determine the strength of the wind.

beel tefaal (beeli tefaali). N. divination to determine if the canoe will return to its island of origin.

beel tog (beeli togo). N. divination to determine if the canoe will reach its intended destination.

beel waiy (beeli waiya). N. divination on interisland canoe voyages.

beetag (beetagi). VI. [passive] to be taken up or removed from underground. CF. beey.

beey (bee-a). VT. take it up from underground, from the sea or from the mud. B. tag! Take it up! CF. beebe.

beg (begi). SATAL. VN. to take.

begi (begii). VT. take it.

begiyel fatiuw (begiyali fatiuwa). N. niece’s or nephew’s spouse (lit. one whom one’s nephew has taken). begiyel fatiuwei, my niece’s spouse. CF. beg, -ye, -l, fatiuw.

begiyen (begi-ya-li laiu). N. son-in-law, daughter-in-law (lit. one whom one’s son has taken). CF. beg, -ye, -l, laiu.

beibaay (beibaaya). N. papaya (carica papaya). sefaiu b., a papaya fruit. seyal b., a papaya leaf. sefash b., a papaya stem. yaai (gelai, goshaaai) b., my papaya.
Beingeg (beingagi). N. name of a male divination spirit.

beiubeiu (beiubeiu). VI. to become spoiled, stale. Ye sa b. ig we gelami. Your fish is spoiled.

beikutag (beikutaga). N. the part below the gill of a fish. beiutegal ig we, the part below the gill of the fish.

bel₁ (beliu). N. taro-patch. seliuw b., three taro-patches. b. we, that taro-patch. CF. beliu-.

bel₂ (beliu). N. cause, reason. CF. bon.

bel₃ (be-le). ASP. [prospective be + -l (immediateness)] [pronounced as belee before a single vowel verb like lag ‘go’] will (shall, need, would, should, must) immediately, to be ready to. I b. gefaniiy. I am ready to take care of it. Ye b. lag. He will go immediately.

Bel (beliu). N. name of a clan in Woleai. B. mele yaai gailang. Bel is my clan.

bela (belaa). N. a kind of fish (variola louti, etc.).

Belaaau (belaau). N. Palau.


belaawaa (belaawaa). VN. cook it plainly.

belagiuleg (belagiulagiu). VI., ADJ. (to be) loosened, loose. Ye b. ge-ogeol shiug yeel. The wrapping of this basket is loose.

belagiuleog (belagiulagiu). [alternate spelling of belagiuleg (q.v.)]

belak (belaku). N. a kind of hair (stiff, short and itchy). belakul shimwei, my stiff hair.

bele (bele). [alternant of bel (q.v.)] ASP. [Occurs before a verb with only one simple voiced vowel and no double consonant.] will immediately, to be ready to (do). I b. fang be go be iul kook. I will let you drink Coke.

belibel (belibeli). VN. to snap off, break off. Re b. paaleyal liu. They snap off coconut fronds.
belingeg (belingagi). VI. [passive] to be snapped off, fall off the main body. Ye sa b. tiw paaleyal liu we. The coconut frond of the coconut tree has fallen down. CF. belingi.

belingi (belingii). VT. snap it off, break it off. CF. belingeg.

beliu- (beliu-). N. [possessive classifier for taro-patches] beliumw, your taro-patches. CF. bel1.

beliuw (beliu-a). VT. originate it, start it. Go be beliuw tag me tab la. You will start it (up) from that end.

Benap1 (beliu-lapa). N. Pulap in Truk District.

Benap2 (beliu-lapa). N. name of a taro-patch on Wotegai.

bencho (benchoo). JAP. N. toilet.

bengassilomw (bengali-sila-mwu). ADV. fuck your mother, between the legs of your mother.

bengkiyo (bengkiyoo). JAP. VI. to study. Re b. niimw. They study in the house.

bengkiyooli (bengkiyoolii). JAP. VT. study it.

Beniufaretaiy (beliuli-fara-taiya). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Beniugilifeo (beliuli-gilifeo). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Beniuliug (beliuli-liugiu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Beniumwar (beliuli-mwara). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Beniusheolifeo (beliuli-sheoli-feo). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Beniusuulong (beliuli-suu-longo). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Beniutabogap (beliuli-tabo-gapi). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Beniutabowat (beliuli-tabo-wata). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Beniuwot (beliuli-wota). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Beniuyar (beliuli-yaro). N. name of a place on Falalus.
beol (beliu). [alternate spelling of bel (q.v.)]

Beol (beliu). [alternate spelling of Bel (q.v.)]

Beonap (beliu-lapa). [alternate spelling of Benap (q.v.)]

ber (beri). vi. to be exhausted, tired. gaberi, make him bored. I sa b. I am tired. Gai sa beril yengaang. We are tired of work.

berag (baraga). 1. N. brave man, courageous man. semal b., a brave man. yaai b., my brave man. John mele yaar b. John is their brave man. 2. vi. to be brave, courageous. Ye b. gemas. He is very brave.

bes (besi). VI., ADJ. (to be) old (not new). imw bes we, the old house. gabesi, make it new. besil mengaag, newness of clothes. Ye sa b. imw we imwei. My house is old. Bbatiur mele ye sa gabesi lag imw we. Termites are the ones that have made the house old.

besh1 (beshe). N. lime. seuw b., one container of lime.

besh2 (beshe). ADJ. white, snow-white. mengaag b., white clothes. CF. bbesh.

besh3 (beshi). 1. VI. to be hot. gabeshi, heat it. Ye b. gemas igeiy. This place is very hot. I gabeshi mai we. I cooked the breadfruit (in open fire). 2. N. heat. Ye kail b. faliuweiy. Heat on this island is strong.

beshebesh (beshe-beshe). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) white. gelaag Sepaal b. kawe., those white Japanese dogs. 2. N. white part. beshebeshel mat, white part of the eye. CF. besh2.

besheey (beshee-a). VT. apply lime on it.

beshikar (beshikara). VI. to be very hot. Ye b. gemas. It’s very hot. Gabeshikera lag! Make it very hot!

beta (bataa). VT. hit it, slap the ears, hit him in the ear. Re b. talingal. They slapped his ears. I bel b. I will hit him in the ear. CF. bat1.

betai (betai). VI. to be fat. beta, my being fat. gabbetai, make him fat. gabbetai, make (someone) fat purposely. I b. I am fat.

betau (betau). N. purse. seuw b., one purse. yaai b., my purse.

betau giliy (betau giliya). N. purse made of woven coconut leaves.
**betau tug** (*betau tugu*). N. capacious purse made of woven coconut leaves, usually used by old people.

**betaul geliuw** (*betauli geliuwa*). N. purse (for male and female) made of woven coconut leaves.

**betaul Yap** (*betauli yapa*). N. Yapese purse.

**bett** (*bette*). vi. to be under physical pressure, to be squeezed. *gabette*, squeeze it. *bettel gattiul*, squeezing of his fingers. *Ye b. gattiu*. My fingers are squeezed.


**bigil ssig** (*bigili ssigi*). N. whirlwind. *seuw b.*, a blowing of whirlwind.

**bii-** (*bii*). [buu- before the directionals *weiu*, *long* and *tog*] vi. [Appears always with a directional, i.e., *tiw* or *tag*]. The directional *lag* does not follow *bii-*. to move. *gabiitageey*, make him come up. *gabuulongoow*, make him come in. *Ye sa biitiw*. He has come down. *I bel buuweiu*. I will go out.


**biisan** (*biisalo-li*). N. a house part of; loom of. CF. **biisal**.

**biitag** (*bii-tage*). vi. to go up, go eastward. CF. **bii-**.

**biitiw** (*bii-tiwe*). vi. to move downward, come down. CF. **bii-**.


**bilibil** (*bilibili*). VN. to take off, take down (clothes, tuba containers, etc.). *bilibilin gashi*, taking down of tuba. *Ye bel b. gashi*. He is ready to take down a tuba container from the coconut tree. CF. **biliti**.
bilibil₂ (bilibili). vi. [Less polite form is bitibit.] to be plastered, splashed, spread, messy. gabilibili, make it spread. Ye sa b. laglan poa reel meshal. The floor is being plastered with dirt.

bilis (bilisa). 1. N. gum, sap, glue, pulp. sefaiu b., a drop of sap. yaai b., my gum. bilisemw, the sap on your body. 2. vi. to be glued. Ye b. It is glued.

bilisa (bilisaa). vt. glue it. CF. bilis.

biliteg (biltagi). vi. [passive] to be loosened, removed. CF. biliti, bilibil₁.

biliti (biltii). vt. remove it, take it off. Re b. tiw mengaagul shoabutel Mariiken we. They removed the clothes of the American woman. CF. biliteg, bilibil₁.

bin (bili-li). N. trolling (in fishing) of. CF. bil.


-bis (-bisi). N. [numeral classifier for a small amount] sebis yaremat, a few people. sebis mai, some breadfruit. sebis faiu, a small amount of stones. Gaai gasi sebis bulag be gelami. Take a few taros for your (pl.) food.

bisi- (bisi-). N. brother, sister (of the same sex). nisi, my brother, my sister. bisish, our brother, our sister.

bisibis₁ (bisi-bisi). vi., adj. (to be) in sibling relation of the same sex. shoa b., brothers, sisters. Re b. John me Tony. John and Tony are brothers.

bisibis₂ (bisibisi). vn. to open (something with liquid inside). Re b. liu. They opened coconuts. CF. bisigi, bisingeg.

bisifetiuwa- (bisi-fatiuwa-). N. brother and nephew at the same time, sister and niece at the same time (of the same sex). bisifetiuwei, my brother or sister.

bisigeushemaa- (bisi-gaushemaa-). N. cousin and brother-in-law at the same time (of the same sex). bistgeushemaa, my b.

bisigi (bisigii). vt. open it (something with liquid inside). CF. bisingeg, bisibis₂.
bisili (bisilii). vt. get as a brother.


bisissila- (bisili-sila-). n. aunt (mother’s sister). bisissilemw, your aunt.

bisittema- (bisili-tama-). n. uncle (father’s side). bisittemai, my uncle.

bitibit (bitibiti). vi. [Politer form is bilibil.] to be spread, scattered (usually in colloid state). bitibitil mai mmash, spreading of ripe breadfruit. gabitibitiiy lag, spread it up. Ye sa b. lag woal teebol we. It’s spread all over the table.

biubbiun (bbiubbiuniu). [alternate spelling of bbiubbiun (q.v.)]

Biug (biigu). n. name of an island in Lamotrek.

biugiu (biiguwa). n. reef sticking out from an island, outside curved projection; marble-like thing on the outer skin of breadfruit, knee. biugiwei, my knee. ant. shib.

-biugiuw (-biiguwa). n. [numeral classifier for the digit of hundreds] sebiugiuw, one hundred. selibiugiuw, three hundreds. walibiugiuw yaremat, eight hundred people.

biuleiu (biuleiu). n. place, area. Re iul gashi b. we. They drank tuba at the place.

biuleiuga (biuleiu-gaa). n. place, this place. biuleiuga we, the place. cf. -ga.

biuleoiu (biuleiu). [alternate spelling of biuleiu (q.v.)]

biuliw (biuliu-a). vt. hold it. Ye b. sar we. She is holding the baby. cf. bbiuliu.

biun (biuniu). vi. to be broken (of such long objects as sticks, bones, fingers, pencils). Ye b. shiul tagiuliu. My backbone is broken.

-biun (-biuna). n. [numeral classifier for breaks in things] galsebiun, short (lit. only one break).

biung1 (biungiu). ulithian. vi. to be right, correct. gabiungiu, make it correct. Paangal melekawe ye ser nge ye b. Everything he said is correct.
biung2 (biungiu). vi. to bend down, lower. Ye b. tiw. He lowers his body down. B. tiw! Bend yourself down!

biungiumatt (biungiu-matto). 1. vi. to fall with a sitting posture. Ye b. He fell with a sitting posture. 2. n. a falling posture by which the kneeled legs are placed under the body.

biungiush (biungiu-wishi). n. a kind of banana. sefash b., a banana.


biuniuw (biuniu-a). vt. break it. I b. ira we. I broke the branch. Cf. biun, bbiubbiun.


biy (biya). n. a hole, often referring to the female vagina. seuw b., a hole. biyei, my hole. Cf. biyengi, biyengag.

biya (biyaa). Eng. n. beer.

biyengag (biyangagi). vi. [passive] to be made as a hole. Cf. biy, biyengi.

biyengi (biyangii). vt. make a hole in it. Ye b. He made a hole in it.

bo1 (boo). 1. vi., adj. (to be) swollen, swell. peshe b. we, the swollen leg. Ye b. peshee. My leg is swollen. 2. n. swelling. Ye sa farigit lag shag melewe bool pesheel. The swelling of his leg is getting bigger.

bo2 (boo). 1. vi. to smell, stink. gaboonngewa, make it smell bad. Ye b. nngaw mengaag yeel. The dress smells bad. 2. n. smell, stink. Ye gach bool mwamwar kaal. These leis have a good smell.

bogol loa (bogoli loa). n. wave direction (a navigational term).

bol1 (bola). vi., adj. (to be) thick, bushy, mature. yalius b., thick beard. gabola, make it thick. Ye b. yaliusal. His beard is thick.

bol2 (bola). n. center, middle (of an island, jungle, etc. and not of people). I faalag lag ni bolal faliuw. I walked to the middle of the island.
bol (bolo). N. foreign particle (in eyes). bolol metai, the foreign particle in my eye.

bol (bolo). N. a kind of fancy design such as a calf or forearm tattoo of Fais women. bolol pai, the tattoo design of my hand.

bolabol (bola-bola). N. center, middle. bolabolal faliuw, center of the island.

bon (bona). 1. CONJ. because, as, for the reason that. I tewai lag b. i temwaaiu. I won’t go because i am sick. 2. N. [analyzable into bel ‘cause’ and -l ‘its’] its cause.

bon be (bona be). CONJ. [compound (bon its cause’ + be ‘that’)] because, as, for the reason that. I giula b. ye foori i know it because he did it.

bong (bongi). [=bongil] 1. N. night, evening. bongeiy, tonight. bongil laiu, bongineiu, tomorrow night. bongil lalow, last night. 2. vi. to get late (at night). gabongi, delay it until night. Ye sa bong. It’s getting late. CF. -bong.

bong2 (bongi). N. feast, saint day, anniversary, birthday. bongi, my saint day. bong we, that feast. Bongi raaleiy. Today is my birthday.

bong3 (bongi). N. calendar. seuw b., a calendar. yaai b., my calendar. Yaai b. la. That’s my calendar.


bongil (bongila). [=bong] N. night, evening. bongilel laiu, bongil laiu, tomorrow night. I masiur igeiy b. we. I slept here that night. CF. -bongil.

-bongil (-bongila). [=bong] N. [numeral classifier for nights] sebongil, one night. Go lag igela, iwe nge sebongil nge go mwaash buutog. You go now and then come back some other night. CF. bongil.

bongilel (bongila-li). N. night of, evening of. CF. bongil.

bongiy (bongiya). vi. to be quite a while, delayed. gabongiya, delay it, hold it for a while. Ye sa b. yaai mil woal Hawaii. I have been in Hawaii for some time.
Bongiy (bongiya). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

boobo1 (boo-boo). VI. to be swelling, get swollen. boobool pesheei, swelling of my leg. Ye sa b. lag pesheei. My leg has become swollen.

boobo2 (booboo). VI. to be frightened, surprised, astonished, alarmed, startled. gabooboow, frighten him. I sa b. reel skoki we. I was frightened by the plane.

booi (booi). ENG. N. buoy, float of a fishing net. seuw b., a buoy. yaai b., my buoy.

bookugo (bookugoo). JAP. N. underground air-raid shelter. seuw b., a shelter. imwei b., my shelter.


boolap (boo-lapa). 1. VI., ADJ. to stink (with a kind of bad odor usually found under the armpits), smell bad. gaboolepa, make it stink. paiu b., stinking hands. Ye b. faal paumw. It smells under your armpits. 2. N. stinking smell. boolepamw, your stinking smell.


boomash (boo-masha). 1. VI. to stink, smell bad. gaboomesha, make it stink. 2. N. stench, bad smell. ANT. boongas.

boomwas (boo-mwas). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) of sperm-like smell. gaboombwesa, cause it to have sperm-like smell. mal b., stinking person. 2. N. sperm-like smell. boomwesai, my sperm-like smell.

boongas (boo-ngasa). VI. to be fragrant, sweet-scented, sweet-smelling, aromatic. gaboongesa, make it fragrant. Ye b. mwaremwar kaal. These leis smell good.

boopag (boo-paga). VI. to be of shit-like smell. gaboopega, cause it to make shit-like smell.


boor2 (booro). ENG. N. ‘ball’ in baseball (not a ‘strike’).
boora (booraa). N. dregs, lees, residium, waste part of tuba. yaai b., my dregs. Re sa iuliumi lag melewé booraaal gashi we. They drank the dregs of the tuba.

borsa (boorsaa). ENG. N. purse. seuw b., a purse. boorsaai, my purse.

boot (booti). N. nose. seuw b., a nose. booti, my nose.

-boot (-booti). N. [numeral classifier for pieces of grass skirts worn by young girls] seboot sif, one piece of grass skirt. Sar mwali we ye gasi tangi sar shoabu we seboot melewé sifíl. The boy took away one piece of the girl’s pair of grass skirts.

bos (boso). VI. to get excited. gaboso, make him show off. bosol gelaar, excited with their food. I sa b. gemas reel meleka we chuwaíiyeer. I was very excited over what they bought.

bosh1 (bossa). N. turtle shell. sesheo b., a turtle shell. yaai b., my turtle shell. shiuwei b., my earring made of turtle shell. terai b., my belt made of turtle shell. legai b., my bracelet made of turtle shell.

bosh2 (bossa). N. frame (of a mouth, stomach, etc.), gum. CF. boshal yaw.

boshal ma (boshali maa). N. area two inches above the navel (lit. turtle shell of drifting log). boshal maai, area above my navel.


boshalingi (boshali-ngii). N. gum, tooth ridge (lit. ridge of tooth).

bot1 (boti). N. king post of roof. sefash b., a king post. botil imwei, yaai b., my king post.

bot2 (boto). ENG. N. boat. sefash b., a boat. waai b., my boat.

bubbuga (bbubbuga). [alternate spelling of bbubbuga (q.v.)]

buga (bugaa). VT. boil it. I bel b. mai la. I will boil that breadfruit.

bugobug (bugobugo). VN. to tie, bind, fasten, connect, make knots of. CF. bugosi.

Bugolimar (bugoli-mara). N. name of a male divination spirit.
**bugor (bugori)**. N. grasses of several types which are not differentiated.

**Bugor (bugori)**. N. name of a male divination spirit.

**bugorimwaal (bugori-mwaale)**. N. a kind of swamp plant (*eleusine indica* and *paspalum distichum*).

**bugoriningas (bugori-ngasa)**. N. a kind of swamp plant with a good smell (*cyperus brevifolius*).

**bugosi (bugosii)**. VT. tie it, connect it, make knots of it. B. *fenganiiy tabol gapelami*. Connect the ends of your clothes together. **CF. bugobug, bugotag.**


**bugota- (bugota-)**. N. [possessive classifier for land property] Ye *iyemwoi bugotaaar*. They have separated land property.

**bugotag (bugotagi)**. VI. [passive] to be tied, connected, bound, fastened. **CF. bugosi.**

**bugotali (bugotalii)**. VT. possess it as home, own it as one’s estate. **CF. gabugotagota, bugot.**


**bul (bulo)**. N. banded bubble shell, shining white shell in a belt. *sefaiu b.*, a shell. *yaai b.*, my shell.


**bulag (bulaga)**. N. taro (*cyrtosperma chamissonis*). *sefash b.*, a taro. *sematip b.*, a cut piece of taro. *setab b.*, one half of taro. *gelai b.*, my (food) taro.

**bulag besh (bulaga beshe)**. N. a kind of taro.

**bulegaaley (bulagaaleya)**. N. a kind of fish.
bulegal wal (bulagali waliu). N. a kind of taro (lit. taro of bush).

bulobul (bulobulo). VI., ADJ. (to be) shiny, flaming, glisten, flash. gabulobulo, make it shiny. bulobulol klook, shining of a clock. klook b., shiny clock. Ye b. klook mwu yaamw. Your watch is shiny.

-bulog (-bulogo). N. [numeral classifier for portions of fish, wood, pandanus, etc. which are cut off and distributed] sebulog ig, a portion of fish. ruiwebulog ira, two portions of wood. selibulog fash, three portions of pandanus. sebulog tangir nge sebulog ngal, one portion of tuna fish and one portion of waho fish.

Bulowat (bulowate). N. Puluwat.

bun (buna). N. heart, keel-section of a canoe. bunei, my heart.

bur1 (buro). 1. N. high-tide. Ye farigit burol mwirittub. The high-tide after the moon set is big. 2. VI. to be high-tide. gaburo, make it high-tide. Ye sa b. It has become high-tide.

bur2 (buro). VI. to fall (down), be off one’s feet, tumble down. gaburo, turn it upside down. Ye b. tiw shimwel sar we me wel fang. The child fell, with his head down, from the house platform.


burak (burako). N. a kind of plant found on or near the beach.

buro (buroo). VT. drill it. I b. wa we. I drilled the canoe. CF. burobur1.

burobur1 (buro-buro). VN. to drill. buroburol wa, drilling of a canoe. Re b. wa. They drilled a canoe. CF. buro.

burobur2 (buroburo). 1. N. bubbles, foam, froth. Ye toulap b. lan mweiu we. There are a lot of bubbles in the channel. 2. VI. to bubble, foam, froth. gaburoburo, make it give out bubbles. Ye b. It bubbles.

burongag (burongagi). VI. [passive] to be peeled, rinded, pared. Ye sa b. lag gin pesheei. The skin of my leg has been peeled. CF. burongi.

burongi (burongii). VT. peel it, rind it, pare it. I b. gin. I peeled its skin. CF. burongag, bbur.


**-but** (-buto). [nominal or verbal suffix] bad, considerably. *paabut*, (to be) unfortunate, in bad condition. *tipebut*, bad feeling. *Ye tipebut sar we bon be ye mwaash mmat*. The child is in a bad mood because he just woke up. *Ye lagobut*. It is out of the way. ant. **-fish**.

**butai** (*butai*). jap. (The original meaning is ‘a detachment’). n. fleet, squadron.

**buu-** (*buu-*) [alternant of *bii-*(q.v.)]

**buub** (*buubu*). n. trigger fish; the diamond shape (as in playing cards) of a geometric artistic design, a mnemonic design.

**Buub** (*buubu*). n. name of a star.

**buub besh** (*buubu beshi*). n. a kind of trigger fish.

**buub shal** (*buubu shalo*). n. a kind of trigger’fish.

**buub shoal** (*buubu shalo*). [alternate spelling of *buub shal* (q.v.)]

**buulong** (*buu-longo*). vi. to come in, enter, go into. *Ye b. lan imw*. They came into the house.

**buurou** (*buurou*). n. preserved breadfruit. *gelai b.*, my preserved breadfruit.

**buurouuw** (*buurouu-a*). vt. make it (the breadfruit) a preserved breadfruit.

**buutog** (*buu-togo*). vi. to come, arrive, come here. *Re sa b. toagota kawe*. Those doctors have arrived.

**buuweiu** (*buu-waiu*). vi. to go out, go outwards. *Re b.* They went out.

**buuweoiu** (*buu-waiu*). [alternate spelling of *buuweiu* (q.v.)]
cha (chaa). 1. N. blood. chaai, my blood. Ye ch. gemas chaal me mmwamw. His blood is redder than yours. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) red, bloody. gechaali, make it red. felaaki ch., red flag. Ye ch. lag. He is bloody.

chaal (chaali). VI. to exist, be available (usually occurs in the form of the idiomatic expression tai chaal mwo.). Ye tai ch. mwo gelai peraas. I don’t have any rice.

chaangas (chaangasi). N. candle. sefash ch., a candle.

chab (chabu). 1. VI. to make a bang, to make an instantaneous sound (which comes about as a result of hitting a board against something hard). gechabu, bang it. Ye ch. tiw lan. A bang is made down in its inside. 2. N. a loud, sudden noise, as of hitting. I rongorong chabul. I heard its bang.

chag1 (chage). VN. to chase, pursue. Re ch. maliug. They chased chickens. CF. shageey.

chag2 (chago). VN. to hug, embrace. Re ch. They hug each other. CF. ragomi.

chal (chala). N. animal fat, oily or greasy matter. chan, its fat. chan paabiiy we, fat of the pig.

-chal (-chaliu). N. water, liquid. me lechal, in water. CF. shal.

chan (chala-li). N. animal fat of. CF. chal.

chang1 (change). VI. to reach out for, reach out without touching, be short of, be greedy for food. Ye ch. tag. He reached up. Ye ch. ngali. He reached out for it. Re sa ch. shoal faliuweiy. The people of this island are greedy (short) of food. CF. changeeti.

chang2 (changi). VI. to get warmed up (near a fire). Si be ch. getaal yaf. We will get warmed up near the fireplace.

changeeti (changeetii). VT. reach out for it, wish for it. John ye ch. wa we. John wishes to have the canoe. CF. chang1.
char (chara). vi. to be taut, straight. gachera, make it straight. Ye uwvel ch. gemas piisega ye sogo. My spear is very straight. Ye be ifa lepal cheral geo yeel? How straight is this hook going to be?

chau1 (chau). vi. to be unwilling to go (especially on a long voyage), reluctant. Ye ch. He is unwilling. Ye chaul waiy. He is reluctant to go on a trip.

chau2 (chau). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) heavy, serious. gechau, to weigh. gechauw, weigh it. piloomw ch., heavy lead. Ye ch. piloomw me mmwal ira. Lead is heavier than wood. Ye ch. metai. I am sleepy. Ye sa ch. temwaiu we. The patient is really sick. 2. N. weight. chaul piloomw, weight of lead. ANT. ppal.

chaumat (chau-mata). vi. to be sleepy.

che1 (chee). vi. to stare, gaze at. Ye ch. lag shag. He is just staring. Ye ch. ngali. He stares at it.

che2 (chee). vi. to escape, run away, flee. gasheey, make him escape. Re sa ch. lag ig kawe. The fish have escaped.

che- (che-). [verbal prefix] very, taking the quality of (the thing denoted by the word to which it is attached). CF. chefas, chegas, chemaaw.


checha (chachaa). vi. [progressive form of cha] to become red, be redening. Ye sa ch. lag lan lan. The sky became red.

chechag (chachago). VN. to hug, embrace, wrap up. CF. ragomi.

chechal (chachaliu). vi. to be fueled, to be filled with water. Ye ch. wa we. The ship is being fueled. Ye ch. ngali shal. It is filled with water.

chechaliuw (chachaliu-a). VT. [progressive form of shaliuw] be filling it with liquid.

chechang (chachanga). VN. to apply (yellow) powder. CF. rang1, chechenga.

chechapiiy (chachapii-a). VT. [progressive form of shapiiy] be (in the process of) originating it, starting it.
chechas (chachasi). VN. to remove, eliminate, get rid of. CF. rasi.

chechenga (chachangaa). VT. apply powder on him. Re ch. sar we. They are applying powder on the child.

chechengag (chechengagi). VN. [progressive form of chengag] to be hanging. CF. shengagili.

cheen (cheena). ENG. N. chain.

chefas (chefasiu). VI., Adj. (to be) hard. gachefasiu, harden it. chefasiul bulag we, hardness of the taro. Ye ch. bulag we. The breadfruit is hard.

chegas (che-gasi). VI. to show off, be courageous, be excited (implying romantic excitement). gachegasiy, make him excited. Ye ch. yagili melewe bariugiul. He is excited (inspired) by his song. CF. che-, gaas.

cheifaas (cheifaasiu). VI., Adj. (to be) proud, inspired, show off. gacheifaasiuw, inspire him. Ye ch. be iga ye toulap wel fatiwal. He shows off because he has many nephews and nieces.

cheiu (cheiu). VI. to be carried (on the back). gacheiuw, carry him on the back. Sar we ye ch. woal tagiuriul mele we sin. The child is carried on his mother’s back.

chel (cheli). N. a kind of tree (heliotrope or tournefortia argentea).

cheleshel (chele-shele). VN. [progressive form of shel] to be grinding.

chema (chemaa). VI. to do a kind of fishing (where people go out in big canoes with fish traps and search for floating or drifting logs). Re la ch. lalow. They went chema fishing yesterday. CF. chemaali.

chemaali (chemaalii). VT. look for the drifting log which is usually accompanied by certain kinds of fish. CF. chema.

chemaaw (che-maawa). VI. to be hard (not soft), strong. gachemaawa lag, make it hard. Ye ch. gemas. It’s very hard. CF. che-, maaw.

cheng (chengu). VI. to grunt, breathe forcefully as in delivering a child. Ye ch. She grunts.

cheong (chengiu). [alternate spelling of cheng (q.v.)]

cheoreo (cheo-reo). [=reoreo (q.v.)]

chep (chepe). N. a kind of fish.


chi (chi). VI. to sprout, grow (as of young plants or new teeth). Ye sa ch. melewe ngiil sar we. The child’s tooth has come up.

chib1 (chiba). VI. to recover (from sickness). gachiba, make him recover. chibel temwaii we, recovery of the patient. Ye sa ch. temwaii we. The patient has recovered.

chib2 (chibe). [=shibeshib] VN. to pick up with an instrument such as a fork or a pair of chopsticks. Re ch. tiw gelaar peraaS lan tapiy besh we. They put their rice in the white plate. CF. shibeiy, shibeti, shifeti, shibetag.

chichib (chichiba). VI. [progressive form of chib] to be recovering slowly. Ye sa ch. tag temwaii we. The patient is recovering slowly.


chichif (chichifa). VI. [progressive form of chif] to be in the process of becoming taut. Ye sa ch. lag tal we. The rope is becoming taut.

chichiifel (chichiifeliu). VN. [progressive form of chiifel] to be nailing. Re ch. ira. They are nailing woods.

chichimw (chichimwe). [=shimweshimw] VI. to move up and down, be in imbalance.

chiching (chichingi). VI. [progressive form of ching] to be making a cracking sound. Ye ch. ira yeel. This stick is making a cracking sound.

chichingaag (chichingaago). VI. [progressive form of shingaag] to be making noises. Re ch. sar. Children are making noises.
chif (chifa). vi. to be straight, stiff, taut (as of rope, etc.). gachifa, make it taut. Ye sa ch. tal we. The rope is taut.

chigirig (chigi-rigi). vi. [progressive form of rig] to be running.

chiifel (chiifeliu). 1. N. nail. sefash ch., a nail. yaa ch., my nail. 2. vi., ADJ. (to be) nailed. imw ch., nailed house.

chiifeol (chiifeliu). [alternate spelling of chiifel (q.v.)]

chiil (chiila). vi., ADJ. (to be) small, little, tiny. gachiila, make it small. faliuw ch., small island. sar ch., small child. Ye ch. faliuweiy me mmwal Weleya. This island is smaller than Woleai.

chiitiw (chii-tiwe). vi. to overwhelm, come down (describing the climax of a state being influenced by supernatural force). Ye sa ch. yalius we woal. He is completely overwhelmed by the ghost.

chikongki (chikongkii). JAP. N. record player, phonograph, stereo.

Chiliyal (chiliyalo). N. Tinian Island in the Mariana Islands.


ching (chingi). 1. N. a light kind of sound, a light noise. 2. vi. to make a light sound. gachingi, cause it to make a light sound. I siu tiw woal ira we nge ye ch. lag. I stepped on the wood and it broke with a light noise.

chipeship (chipe-shipe). vi. [progressive form of ship] to be recovering from crying or anger.

chiumwong (chiumwongo). 1. N. order, ordering, ordered thing. Ye sa buttog ch. kawe yaai. My ordered things have been coming. 2. VN. to order. I be ch. ngali paatere yaai soapal. I will order my ax through the priest.

chiuwel (chiuweli). [alternant of shiuwel (q.v.)] N. [This form is used only when strong disapproval is intended.] continuation of, still. Ye tai voor faal seeuw le ye be ch. tefaal ngali Mariiken. Under no circumstances will he ever come back to America.

chiya (chiyaa). ENG. N. chair. yaai ch., my chair.
choch (chocho). VI., ADJ. (to be) decorated with young white coconut leaves. chochol pesheei, decoration of my legs. Ye ch. pesheer. Their legs are tied with coconut leaves for decoration. CF. choow, rosi.

chochoal (chochoalo). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) dark, black. gachochoalo, make it dark. sar ch., dark child. Re ch. reneegoro. The negroes are dark. 2. N. dark point, darkness. chochoan mat, pupil of eye. chochoan sar we, darkness of the child. CF. shoal.

chog (chogi). VI., ADJ. (to be) wet. gachogi, wet it. mengaag ch., wet clothes. Ye sa ch. melewe mengaagu. My clothes are wet.

chongorong (chongo-rongo). VN. [progressive form of rongorong] to be hearing.

Chooseeng (chooseengi). JAP. N. Korea.

choow (choo-a). VT. decorate it. SYN. rosi. CF. choch.

chorong (chorongo). VI. to be bothered (by noise), get ear-bothering. gachorongo, have his ears bothered. Ye sa ch. reel shingishingil taip. He is bothered by the typing noise.

choushou (chou-shou). VN. [progressive form of shou] to be weaving.

chu (chuu). JAP. N. [enumerative counter] ten.

chubaame (chubaamee). JAP. N. swallow.

chuki (chukii). JAP. N. moon.

chuwaai (chuwaai). VN. to barter, buy, sell. I be ch. peraas. I will buy rice.

chuwaaiy (chuwaai-a). VT. barter it, buy it, sell it.
E, F

**eei** (*eee*). **ADV.** [sentential, vocative] hello!

**-eg** (*-agi*). [alternant of -ag (q.v.)]


**fa2** (*faa*). **N.** string, cord, band, lace. *Gasi f. yeel! Take this string.*

**faa-1** (*faa-*). **N.** [Occurs with a possessive suffix.] meaning, significance, import, sense. *Yoor faal. It has meaning.*

**faa-2** (*faa-*). **NUM.** four. *faamal, four animates. faafash wa, four canoes. faaig, forty. *I weri faauw mai. I saw four breadfruits.*

**faa-3** (*faa-*). **N.** [locational] underside, bottom, base, under. *Ye wol faal. It is lying under it. Faal pesheemw nge go sa buutog. Please come.*

**faabiugiuw** (*faa-biugiwa*). [numeral compound] four hundred.

**faachag** (*faachage*). **VN.** to chase, pursue, run after. *faachegal maliug kawe, chasing of those chickens. Sar kawe re f. maliug. The children are chasing chickens. **CF.** *faachageey.*

**faachageey** (*faachagee-a*). **VT.** chase it, pursue after it, run after it. *Re f. maliug kawe. They chased those chickens.*

**Faachal** (*faachala*). **N.** name of a place on Falalus.

**Faachoro** (*faali-roro*). **N.** name of a place on Falalus.

**faafa1** (*faafa*). **VN.** to kick, give (one) a kick. *Ye f. tag. He kicked up. **CF.** *faati.*

**faafa2** (*faafa*). **N.** wooden block. *Ye biun lag f. we yaal. Her wooden block is broken.*
faaib (faaiba). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) crossed. mat f., crossed eyes. 2. N. cross. Ye matt woal f. we. He sat on the cross.

faaiba (faaibaa). VT. cross it. Ye f. ira we. He crossed the wood.

faaibelibut (faaibali-buto). N. purlin-kingpost tie-brace of a house. Ye farimwoch gemas f. yeel. This tie-brace is very long.


faaibeliipiing (faaibali-piinga). N. end-wall tie-brace of a house. Ye farimwosh gemas f. yeel. This tie-brace is very long.

faaibelitib (faaibali-tiba). N. cross of the fulcrum (of a house). Ye ga-nenga tag f. we. He lifted the falcrum cross up.

faailemeo (faailemeo). N. a two-line string tied to the lower side of the sail frame. Ye mmweiu lag f. we. The strings broke off.

faaileng (faa-i-langi). N. [faa- ‘under’ + -i ‘of’ + lang ‘sky’] the earth, the globe, world.

faaileomeo (faailemeo). [alternate spelling of faailemeo (q.v.)]

faaibo (faairo). VI., ADJ. (to be) unhealthy, barren, not bearing fruits. gefaauboow, make it barren. wish f., unhealthy banana. Ye f. mai kaal. These breadfruits are not bearing fruit. Liu kaal mele ye gefaauboow wish yeel. These coconuts trees are the ones that prevent this banana tree from bearing fruit.

faaisal (faaisalo). N. lower frame of the canoe sail. Ye farimwosh gemas f. we. The lower frame of the canoe sail is too long.

Faaisewal (faa-i-se-waliu). N. name of a place on Falalap.

faaishe (faaishee). N. outrigger connective tie-brace of a canoe. Ye gach faaishheel wa yeel. The tie-braces of this canoe are good.

faaishimw (faaishimwa). N. one layer of the roof of a house. Ye farimwosh f. yeel. This layer of the roof is long.

faaishimwa (faaishimwa). VT. tie it, bind it. Go be f. lag. You will tie it up.

Faaishug (faa-i-shugu). N. name of an area to the west of Truk.
faal peshee- *(faali peshee-)*. N., ADV. [idiomatic. Usually occurs with the possessive suffix -mw.] excuse, please. *Faali pesheemw nge go be buutog.* Please, you must come.

**Faal Yaroma** *(faali yaromaa)*. [alternate spelling of *Faaliyaroma* (q.v.)]


**Faaleyangiyeng** *(faale-yangi-yangi)*. N. name of a place.

**faali** *(faalii)*. VI. to be sarcastic, ironical, satirical. *Ye f. ngaliyei.* He is being sarcastic to me.

**faalib** *(faaliba)*. N. leeward side (opposite of windward side).

**Faalifaliuw** *(faali-faliuwa)*. N. name of a place on Falalus.

**Faalifarewa** *(faali-farawa)*. N. name of a place on Falalus.

**faalig** *(faaligi)*. VI. to stomp, stamp on, pound, strike or thrust the foot forcibly or noisily downward. *Ye f. tiw woal paap we.* He stomped down on the board.

**Faaliganog** *(faali-ganogo)*. N. name of a place on Falalus.

**faaligatogat** *(faali-gatogato)*. N. waist, side of the body. *Ye farigit faaligatogatoi.* My waist is large.

**faaligiily** *(faaligii-a)*. VT. stomp on it, kick it, stamp on it. *Ye f. mwal we.* He kicked the man.

**Faaligiliyaw** *(faali-giliyawa)*. N. name of a place on Wottagai.

**Faaligiyegiy** *(faali-giyagiya)*. N. name of a place on Falalus.

**Faaligul** *(faali-gulu)*. N. name of a place on Falalus.

**Faaliigemwatur** *(faali-iga-mwaturu)*. N. ocean between Woleai and Faraulap.

**Faalimai** *(faali-mai)*. N. name of a place on Wottagai.

**Faalimas** *(faali-mase)*. N. name of a place on Falalus.

**Faalimaugoyang** *(faali-maugoyangi)*. N. name of a place on Falalap.
Faalimeiyenai (faali-mai-yanai). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Faalimerat (faali-marata). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Faalimogal (faali-mogalo). N. ocean between Eauripik and Fais. Ye sa tog tiw wa we F. The canoe got as far as Faalimogal.

faalimwaretapiung (faali-mwara-tapiungiu). VI. to be in a state of panic, uptight, worry.

Faalimweg (faali-mwegiu). N. name of a place on Tagailap.

faalimwereo (faali-mwereo). N. calf of leg. Ye niyi faalimwereoi. The calf of my leg was struck.

Faalipar (faali-para). N. name of a place on Falalus.

faalipeiu (fali-paiu). 1. N. armpit. Ye bo nngaw faalipeiumw. Your armpits smell bad. 2. VI. to put one arm under the other (in dancing). Ye f. He made a dance movement by putting one arm under the other.


faalipesheemw (faali-peshee-mwu). ADV. [sentential] I beg you. Please!


Faalipi (faali-piya). N. name of an island in Elato and in Welimeraau.

Faalishel (faali-cheli). N. name of a place on Falalus.


Faaliyar (faali-yaro). N. name of a place on Falalus and Falalap.

Faaliyaroma1 (faali-yaromaa). N. ocean between Woleai and Ifaluk. Re terag tag F. They sailed up between Woleai and Ifaluk.

Faaliyaroma2 (faali-yaromaa). N. name of a place on Falalap.
faaliyat (faali-yato). N. time, season. Re buutog f. we. They came at the time.

Faaliyatool (faali-yatoola). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Faaliyefuush (faali-yafuushu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

faaliyel (faali-yali). vi. to circle, go round, revolve, rotate, move round. gefaani, turn it. Ye f. fetal pagow we. The shark circles around.

Faaliyelaat (faali-yelato). N. name of a place on Falalap.


Faaluush (faaluusho). N. a legendary founder of a navigational school, one of the navigational schools, a branch of a navigational school. Gaang semal F. I am a member of Faaluush. Paliuw we ila semal F. The navigator belongs to the Faaluush branch.

faamelat (faamalata). vi., Adj. (to be) aggressive, brave. gefaamaleta, make him aggressive. sar f., aggressive boy. Re f. tarmwal. The young men are aggressive. Ila nepal faamaletal yaal niuniwan. That’s how aggressive his ideas are.

faamw (faamwa). VN., Adj. to adopt (child), adopted, care for. sar f., adopted child. Ye bel f. laiul sar. She will adopt children for her.

faamwa (faamwaad). VT. adopt him as child, care for him. Ye f. sar we. She adopted the child.

faan1 (faani). 1. vi. to turn around, move round. gefaaniiy, turn it around. Ye sa f. tiw wa we. The ship has turned around. 2. N. itinerary. Ye gach faanil wa we. The itinerary of the ship is good.


faanang (faanango). N. coconut leaves laid across the beach to keep the canoe rollers from sinking into the sand. Ye siu woal f. kawe. He stood on those coconut leaves.

faanangoow (faanangoo-a). VT. put the coconut leaves down (to keep the canoe rollers from sinking into the sand).

Faanel (faali-leli). N. name of a place on Falalap.

faarag (faaragi). VI., ADJ. to walk, go on foot, make one’s way. shoaf, walking people. gefaaragiiy, make him walk. Ye f. tag. He walked up.

faasiu (faasiu). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) proud, boastful. gefaasiuw, make him proud. sarf, prideful boy. I f. be ye toulap yarematai. I am proud because I have many of my people. 2. N. pride. Ye gas faasiul mele temal. He is proud of his father.


Faassefang (faali-sefanga). N. name of a place on Wottagai and Sulywap.

Faasseiur (faali-seiuriu). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Faassewaig (faali-sawaigi). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Faassong (faali-songo). N. name of a place on Falalus.

faasto (faastoo). ENG. N. first base in baseball. Ye siu woal f. He is standing on the first base.

faat1 (faata). N. special food (including fish) set aside for the chief. yoal f. tamwol we, the chief’s food.

faat2 (faati). N. center of the keel of a canoe. Ye matt lan faatil wa we. He sat inside the canoe.

-faat (-faata). N. [numeral classifier for strung objects such as fish and fruits] sefaat ig, a string of fish. limefaat faaliyap, five strings of apples. selifaat liu, three strings of coconuts.

faatab (faatabo). VN. to carry (a canoe from both ends), lift up. Gai f! You guys, lift up the end!

faataboow (faataboo-a). VT. carry it, lift it up from the ends. Mwal Kawere f. wa we. The men carried the canoe.

faatag (faatagi). VI., ADJ. (to be) strong, brave. gefaatagiiy, make it strong. Ye f. gemas maselipig. The epidemic is really strong. Ye gach lepal faatagil kooma yeel. The strength of this rubber is sufficient.
faatagiteg (faatagi-tagii). vi. to be brave, strong. Ye f. gemas mwal we. The man is very brave.

faatali (faa-talii). vt. string it, tie it with a string. Cf. fa2, tal1, ffaat.

faatettar (faali-tatara). n. lower side of a house. Ye matt f. He is sitting on the lower side of the house.

faatettarenag (faali-tatarali-langi). n. lower part of the sky above the horizon. Ye sa roshoppiung f. The lower part of the sky is dark.

faati (faatii). vt. kick it, give (one) a kick. Ye f. ira we. He kicked the wood. Cf. faafa1.

faattab (faattaba). vn. to chase, run after. Re f. ig. They chased fish. Ye nngaw faattebal ig kawe, ila mele re ta yog iyang. The way of chasing fish was bad. That’s why they were not captured.

faattabeey (faattabee-a). vt. chase it. Re f. ig we. They chased the fish.

Faatal (faali-talo). n. name of a place on Sulywap.


fafi (fafiya). 1. n. firewood. sepileg f., a bundle of firewood. Ye sa toulap f. There is enough firewood. 2. vi. to gather firewood.


fageow (fageo-a). vt. love it, like it, pity for it. I f. sar ye lai. I love my child. Cf. ffageo.

fagesar (faga-sarriu). n. a kind of complex tattoo decoration for women. Ye toulap f. woal pesheel. There are many tattoos on her legs.

fagili (fagilii). vt. look for it, search for it, hunt it. Re f. sar we. They searched for the child. John ye la f. saar we yaal. John went to look for his knife. Cf.

fagit (fagiti). vi. to look for lice. Re f. shoabut kawe. Those women are looking for lice in their hair.
fagiti (fagitii). vt. look for lice on one’s head. Ye f. Mary. He is looking for lice on Mary’s head.

fagol1 (fagola). [archaic. Used in old chants and songs.] n. romantic love.

fagol2 (fagola). vi. to grow, be raised. Re f. seuw tag. They grew up together.

fagola (fagolaa). vt. care for it, raise it (child, pet, plant, etc.). Shoabut we ye sa f. sar mwal we be laiul. The woman has raised the boy as his child.

fai (fai). adv. [Appears before a numeral compound] only, almost, more. f. sekiut, almost, only a little, very soon. f. seuw, one more. Ye sa f. sekiut. It is almost done.

faifil (fafile). n. woman, sister. Ye gach f. we fitiyal. His wife is beautiful.

faiir (faiira). vn. to rub, move along the surface of a body with pressure. Ye f. ginisebaul. He is rubbing his fungus.

faiira (faiiraa). vt. rub it.

faisho (faishoo). adv. [sentential] hallo! (polite greeting), hi, how are you? Faiisho! Hello!

fail (faili). vi. to go through an improper way, go in different directions, pass each other, be out of the way. Ye f. tag ira la. That log is out of the way.

failek (failekiu). vi. pass each other. Re sa far f. They just passed each other.

faileok (failekiu). [alternate spelling of failek (q.v.)]

failichig (faili-chigi). vi. to go back and forth quickly, move to and fro. Ye sa f. fetal shag sar we. The child has gone back and forth.


failliweoiu (faili-waiu). [alternate spelling of failiweiu (q.v.)]
fainng (fainngi). VI., ADJ. (to be) itchy, itching. gefainngi, cause it to be itchy. Ye f. pesheei. My leg is itchy.

fairiyap (fairiyapa). N. a kind of rayfish. I metagiu f. I am scared of rayfish.

faisekiut (fai-sekiuta). ADV. [compound. post-verbal] very soon, after a while, shortly. Ye bel lag f. He will go very soon.

faisong (faisongo). VI. to kiss by rubbing noses together. Re f. They kissed. Ye sa lor metal he min f. His face has pimples because of kissing.

faisongoow (faisongoo-a). VT. kiss him by rubbing noses. Ye f. sar we. He kissed the child.

Faiss (faissa). N. Fais (an island in the Yap District). Ye gal seuw lag shag F. Fais is isolated.

Faitabol (faitabolo). N. name of an island in Ulithi. F. ye garepa Fasserai me mmwal Falelap. Faitabol is closer to Fasserai than Falalap.

faiu1 (faiu). N. a kind of sickness. Ye be iul tafeyal f. He will take medicine for the sickness.

faiu2 (faiu). N. stone, rock. sefaiu f., a stone. Ye chefas gemas f. yeel. This stone is very hard.

-faiu (-faiu). N. [numeral classifier for round objects such as stones, marbles, bulbs, balls, beads, testicles, nuts, potatoes, bananas, oranges, young coconuts] sefaiu faiu, a stone. ruiwefaiu toalomaach, two sticks of dynamite. selifaiu bigil, three nuts. faafaiu gurub, four young coconuts. CF. faiu2.

faiufeiu1 (faiufaiu). VI., ADJ. (to be) gelatinous (as of jello, etc.), in solid state.

faiufeiu2 (faiu-faiu). 1. VN. to weave. Ye gach faiufeiu1 shiug we. The weaving of the basket is good. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) woven. shiug f., woven basket.

faiul1 (faiula). N. seed, stone (as in peach stone), pip. Ye toulap f. It has many seeds.

faiuligiι (faiuli-giιya). N. a kind of fish.


Faiulikil (faiulikili). N. name of a place on Sulywap. Iuy semal refaiulikil. He is from Faiulikil.

faiulimat₁ (faiuli-mata). N. eye-ball. Ye farigit faiulimetał. His eye-balls are big.

faiulimat₂ (faiuli-mata). N. a kind of lavalava design. Mena tabol teor laal ila f. The design of that lavalava is that of faiulimat.

faiulimor (faiuli-moru). N. testicle. sefaι f., a testicle.

faiulipak (faiuli-paki). N. bullet, gun powder. Sefaiui f. menaα. That is a gun powder.

faiuliubbo (faiuliubboo). N. pounder, pounding stone. Mal biitiw me Satewal f. yeel. This pounding stone came from Satawal.

faiuliworong (faiuli-woronga). N. Adam’s apple. Ye metag faiuliworongaι. My adam’s apple is sore.

faiumwag (faiu-mwaga). N. gravel, pebble. Ye toulap f. igeiy. There is a lot of gravel here.

faiumwega (faiu-mwagaα). VT. put gravel on it, put pebble on it. Re f. peiy we. They put gravel on the grave.

faiuniu (faiuli-liu). N. coconut shell with juice inside. Ye gach f. yeel. The coconut fruit is good.

faiupar (faiu-para). N. red shell used for making a lei. Ye log seew ffaatal f. mwerai. There is a string of red shells for my lei.

faiuriumil (faiuriumila). N. thing, article, item, stuff. Ye toulap f. lan kaagool yeel. There are lots of things in the box.

faiusepeig (faiu-sepeigi). N. a kind of mat with no line in the center, one-sided mat. Ye masiurlan sepeo f. He is sleeping on a one-sided mat.
faiuteiurang (faiutaiu-ranga). N. reef which lies far below the surface but which is recognized by a large number of birds that feed above it. Re shiungi f. They ran into the reef.

faiutteling (faiuli-talinga). N. eardrum. Ye metag faiuttelingei. My eardrum is sore.

faiuw1 (faiu-a). VT. weave it. Mary ye f. shiug we. Mary wove the basket.

faiuw2 (faiu-a). VT. chase it, follow it, pursue after it. Re f. giuw kawe. They chased those porpoises.

Faiuyeeew (faiuyeeewa). N. name of a place in Woleai. Re mil woal F. They live on Faiuyeeew.

faiy1 (faiya). 1. N. file (a tool). Ye chiil gemas f. ye lai. My file is very small. 2. VN. to file, rub, sharpen. Re f. sogoor piisega. They filed their spear.

faiy2 (faiya). N. rayfish (general term).

faiya (faiya-a). VT. file it, rub it, sharpen it. Ye f. melewe sogol. He sharpened his spear with a file.

faiye- (faiya-). N. fortune, luck. CF. faiyebut, faiyefish, faiyenngaw, faiyemwaaiu.

faiyebut (faiya-buto). VI. to have bad luck, be unlucky, be at a disadvantage. gefaiyebutoow, cause someone to be in a bad luck. Ye f. mwal we. The man was in a bad luck. ANT. faiyefish. SYN. faiyenngaw.

faiyefish (faiya-fishi). VI. to be lucky, fortunate. Ye far f. mauwesh sar. The poor child was rather lucky. ANT. faiyebut, faiyenngaw. SYN. faiyemwaaiu.

faiyvegetaf (faiya-gatafa). N. a kind of rayfish.

faiyelisheoligilifeo (faiyali-sheoli-gilifeo). N. a kind of rayfish (taeiura brocki).

faiyemwaaiu (faiya-mwaaiu). VI. to be lucky. gefaiyemwaaiuw, make him lucky. Ye f. tamweog we. The person was lucky. ANT. faiyebut, faiyenngaw. SYN. faiyefish.
faiyennngaw (faiya-nnngawa). VI. to have bad luck, be unlucky, be at a disadvantage. gefaiyennngewa, cause him bad luck. Re f. mauwesh kawe. Those poor souls are in bad luck. ANT. faiyefish, faiyemwaalu. SYN. faiyebut.

fal1 (fala). N. spur or horn on rooster’s legs. Ye kang gemas felal maliug la. The pointed spur of that chicken is very sharp. CF. gefal.


fal3 (fale). N. men’s house, club house. f. pengag, cross club house. Yoor mwal ni f. There are men in the club house. CF. fale-.

fal4 (fali). VI., ADJ. (to be) restricted, stay away from impure things, keep away from eating certain foods. gefali, restrict him, set certain restrictions to it. mwal f., restricted man. Ye f. yaal paliuw. His navigation is restricted.

fal5 (faliu). VI., ADJ. (to be) scratched, to bruise. gefaliu, hit him, scratch it. Ye f. mele pesheei. My leg is scratched. Ye f. mele pai reel ingil ig we. My arm was scratched by the fin of the fish.

fale- (fale-). N. [possessive classifier for men’s houses] falei fal, my men’s house. CF. fal3.

Faleboow (fale-boowa). N. name of a place on Wottagai. Bugot tamwol F. Faleboow is a royal place.

falefal (fala-fala). VN. to cut, hew with an adze. Ye f. ira. He is cutting wood. CF. fela3.

Falegereo (fale-gereo). N. name of a men’s house on Wottagai.

Faleimw (fale-imwa). N. name of a place on Falalap.

faleli (fale-lii). VT. have it as one’s men’s house.


falemasowa (fala-masowaa). VT. stare at it, gaze at it. Ye f. He stares at him.
Falemwalog (fala-mwalogi). N. name of an island in Woleai. F. ye log yarol Seliuwap. Falemwalog is near Sulywap.

falemwaru (fala-mwaruu). 1. N. earthquake. 2. VI. to have an earthquake. Ye f. faliuweiy. This island is having an earthquake.

falenga (falangaa). VT. apply ashes on it.

falengaligap (falangali-gapa). N. canoe fireplace. Ye toar yaar f. They don’t have any canoe fireplace.

Falepengag (fala-pangagi). N. name of a place on Wottagai. Ye gal semmwit F. Falepengag is small.

Faletangi (fala-tangii). N. name of a place on Wottagai. Iiy semal yaremetal F. Here is a person from Faletangi.

Faleyangiyeng (fale-yangiyangi). N. name of a place on Falalap.

falinngaw (fali-nngawa). VI., ADJ. (to be) unlawful, do impure things. gefalinngewa, cause him to do impure things. mwal f., unlawful man. Ye f. mwal we. The man did some impure things.

falitemwar (fali-ta-mwara). 1. N. [fal ‘restriction’ + ta ‘not’ + mwar ‘unstable’] taboo, social restriction. 2. VI. to be unacceptable socially and culturally.

faliufel (faliufaliu). 1. N. mark, tattoo. 2. VN. to form an outline, sketch, delineate.

faliug (faliugiu). VI. to be isolated, face away from society, turn away (from people). John ye sa f. tangi Mary. John has turned away from Mary.

Faliugiushal (faliugiu-shaliu). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

faliuw1 (faliu-a). VT. scratch him, bruise it, pierce it, tattoo it. Ye f. mele makel pai. He made the tattoo of my arm.

faliuw2 (faliuwa). N. land, island. setab f., one half of the island. f. farigit, big island. Re mil wel f. They stay on land.

faliuwe- (faliuwa-). N. [possessive classifier for islands]

faliuveli (faliuwalii). VT. own (the land) permanently, possess it. I be f. faliuweiy. I will own this island.
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**Faliuweligelaw** (faliuwali-galawa). N. name of an island in Woleai.

**faliuweliuw** (faliuwaliuwa). VN. to own land temporarily, use land. *I f. mwo faliuweiy.* I will use this island.

**Faliuwemwareiyat** (faliuwa-mwara-iyata). N. name of an island in Woleai.

**Faliuwenap** (faliuwali-lapa). name of an island in Woleai.

**faluuba** (faluubaa). N. tuba, sour tuba, alcoholic tuba. *f. nngaw,* bad tuba. *Ye toulap f. woal Weleya.* There are lots of tuba on Woleai.

**faluubaali** (faluubaalii). VT. make it alcoholic. *Ye sa f. lag gashi we.* He has changed the tree into an alcoholic tuba tree.

**fang1** (*fanga*). VN. to give, send. *Ye f. tiw baabiyor we yaai.* He sent down my letter.

**fang2** (*fanga*). VN. to let, allow, permit. *Ye f. gaang be i be lag Yap.* He let me go to Yap.

**fang3** (*fangi*). N. platform, outrigger platform of a canoe, storage platform of a house, platform used to smoke fish or meat. *Ye wol woal f. we.* It is on the platform.

**fang4** (*fangi*), VI., ADJ. (to be) smoked (as fish). *Ig f. mele kaal.* These are smoked fish.


**fang6** (*fangiu*). VI. to be awakened, aroused, waked.

**-fang** (-*fangi*). [nominal suffix, occurring with the prefix *iye-* or *ye-] north. *yang yefang,* north wind. *Ye log iyefang yang.* The wind is to the north.


**fangiyy** (*fangii-a*). VT. smoke it (as fish). *Re f. ig kawe.* They smoked those fish.
fangiuli (fangiulii). vt. wake him up, awake him, arouse him. Ye f. melewelauli. She woke up her child.

fangosh (fangosho). 1. N. current, stream. Ye kail f. The current is strong. 2. vi., adj. (to be) with current (as a body of water). gefangosho, make it have current. mweiu f., channel with current. Ye f. lan mweiu we. The channel is with current.

fangoshongosh (fangosho-ngosho). vi. to have a little current (as a body of water). Ye f. lan mweoiu we. There is little current in the channel.


faniiy (fanii-a). vt. watch it, look at it, observe it. F. sar ye lai. Watch this child of mine.

faniwa (faleli-waa). N. canoe house.

fannng (fanngi). vi., adj. (to be) itchy. gefannngi, make it itchy. peshe f., itchy legs. Ye f. pesheei. My leg is itchy. Ye taai mmwel fanngil pesheei. I can’t stand the itching of my leg.

far1 (fara). N. copra sponge, copra meat. f. taiil, incomplete copra sponge. Ye toulap f. lan tuutu we. There is plenty of copra in the bag.

far2 (fara). N. core of breadfruit, kernel. Ye toar feral mai kaal. These breadfruits have no cores.

far3 (fara). vi. to fit, suit, be suitable, be attached. gafera, fit it. Ye f. sho kawe lan tuutu we. This copra fits in the bag.


far5 (fari). 1. N. a narrow carving alongside of the canoe. Ye gach faril wa we. The carving alongside of the canoe is good. 2. vi., adj. (to be) carved. wa f., side-carved canoe.

far gabel (fari gabele). vi. to wish, desire, be wishful. Ye f. me go mas. I wish that you die.
faren (fareniu). vi. to crown, be crowned. Ye sa f. lag mwal we. The man was crowned.

fareniuw (fareniu-a). vt. crown him. Re sa f. lag mwal we. They have crowned the man.

Faretaiy (fara-ta-iya). n. one of the three districts on Sulywap.
arewa (farawaa). n. native sponge. Ye fiyengi f. we. He squeezed the sponge.

farewaali (farawaalii). vt. apply sponge to it. Ye f. sar we laiul. She applied sponge on her child.

fari- (fari-). [verbal prefix, describing the state of a thing or an event in an opposite way] cf. farikit, farimwosh, farigit.

farigiti (fari-giti). vi., adj. (to be) numerous, big, great. mwal f., big man. gefarigitiy, make it big. Ye f. gemas pesheel shoabut la. That woman’s legs are very big.

fariiy (farii-a). vt. make a carving alongside of it. Re bel f. wa we waar. They will make the carving alongside of their canoe.

farikit (fari-kiti). vi., adj. (to be) big, bigger, grow big, become larger. Re sa f. sar kawe. The children have grown bigger. cf. git2.

farikitigiti (farikititi-giti). vi. to be big, large. Ye f. It is big.

farimwosh (hari-mwosho). vi., adj. (to be) long, tall. shoabut f., tall woman. Ye f. ima yeel. This stick is long. cf. mmwosh.

farimwoshomwosh (fari-mwosho-mwosho). vi. to be long, tall, become long, grow tall. Ye f. It is long.

fariuwelius (fariu-aliusiu). vi. to utter magic to stop rain or wind. Re f. They are uttering magic to stop rain.

fariuweliusiu (fariu-aliusiu). vt. utter magic to it. Mwal we ye f. lang we. The man has said magic to the sky to stop the rain.

fariyaw (fari-yawa). n. lungs. Ye sa nngaw fariyewal mwal we. The lungs of that man are no good.

farogi (farogii). vt. tie it tight, bind it tight, hug it. Mwal we ye sa f. shoabut we. The man has hugged the woman. cf. ffar.
fas1 (fasa). VI. to grow. Ye f. gemas bulag kawe. The taro plants grow very fast.

fas2 (fasiu). N. rich fishing ground outside the lagoon, home of tuna fish and other non-reef fish. Yoor wa wel f. There are canoes on the fishing ground outside the lagoon.

fas3 (fasiu). [archaic. Modern form is faiu.] N. stone. CF. chefas, fasiu-

faseng (fasengiu). VI. to call. I f. ngali be silei. I called her my mother.

fasengiu (fasengiu). VT. call him. CF. ffas2.

faseongiu (fasengiu). [alternate spelling of fasengiu (q.v.)]

fash (fasha). N. pandanus, pineapple. sefash f., a pandanus tree.

-fash (-fahso). N. [numeral classifier for long objects such as canoes, trees, paddles, sticks, cigarettes, shoes, swords, ropes, poles, spears] sefash waalish, a pencil. riuwefash bau, two fishing poles. selifash pisega, three spears.


fasiu- (fasiu-). N. [Occurs with a possessive suffix. Frequently used as the main verb.] usualness, already, customarily, ordinary. Ye sa fasiul ttewas iuw we. The sail has already been torn.

fasiulimat (fasiuli-mata). N. a kind of reef fish with brown color.

fat1 (fati). N. corner, turn. Ye matt lan fatil imw we. She is sitting in the corner of the house.

fat2 (fatiu). N. eyebrow. f. sheolap, wide eyebrow. Ye sheolap gemas fatiul. His eyebrow is very wide.

fat3 (fato). N. plant. Ye toulap yaar f. They have many plants to plant.

fatefat (fatafata). VN. to roof, change the roof. fatefetal imw we, roofing of the house. Re f. imw shoa kawe. These people are roofing houses.
fatelag (fatelaga). vi. to be built, constructed. fatelegal imw we, construction of the house. Ye sa f. imw we. The house has been built.

fatelega (fatelagaa). vt. build it, construct it. Re bel f. melewe imwal. They will construct his house.

fatenga (fatangaa). vt. set the mark on it, mark points on it. Senap we ye sa f. wa we. The canoe builder has set the marks on the keel of the canoe.

fatengal (fatengali). n. keel angle point of a canoe. Ye laiul f. He used keel angle points.

fateniuwa- (fateniuwa-). n. [occurs with a possessive suffix] absoluteness, definiteness. Fatenuwel gaatu we mele ye pira ig we. It is definitely the cat that stole the fish.


fatifet (fati-fati). vi., adj. (to be) angular, cornered. gefatifetiyy, let it have corners. raw f., cornered pot. Ye f. kaagool we. The box has corners. cf. fat1.

fatigi (fatigii). vt. pinch it, pluck it, nip it, pick it up with finger-tips. Ye f. shoabut gach we. He pinched the beautiful girl.

fatil (fatili). n. grass (thuarea involuta or stenotaphrum). Ye matt woal fatil kawe liugiul imw we imwal. He is sitting on the grass outside his house.

fatilebu (fatilebuu). n. regular-sized knife. Ye kang f. we yaal. His knife is sharp.

fatiu (fatiu-i). [the suffix -i ‘my’ is assimilated to the preceding high vowel iu.] n. my eyebrow. cf. fat2.

fatiul (fatiula). 1. n. paddle. f. pag, broken paddle. Gaang mele i fela f. yeel. I am the one who made this paddle. 2. vi., adj. to paddle, paddling. wa f., paddling canoe. Ye sa f. tiw. He has paddled down.

fatiulaagili (fatiula-agili). vt. [compound verb consisting of fatiul + agili] to paddle with it. Re f. tag temwaaiu we. They paddled up with the patient.
fatiulelifaalipash (fatiulali-faali-pasha). VI. [fatiul ‘to paddle’ + -l ‘of’ + faa- ‘under’ + -l ‘of’ + pash ‘tail’] to paddle with the paddle thrown up in the air (as in chasing porpoises). Re f. fetal. They paddled around.

fatiuleoti (fatiulatii). VT. paddle to it (a place, etc.) habitually. Ye mwaaral yaal f. shag melewe gamweral. He has never missed a chance of paddling to that girlfriend of his.


fatiwor (fatiworo). N. gill of a fish. Ye cha fatiworol. Its gills are red.

fatofat (fato-fato). VN. to write, mark, draw a line, paint. Ye f. yaal baabiyor. He is writing his letter.

fatog1 (fatogo). N. betrothal, engagement, fiancee. Ye shiuwel sar f. we yaai. My fiancee is still young.

fatog2 (fatogo). N. plant set aside for a particular purpose, usually for planting at a new taro patch or new garden. Ye toulap yaar f. They have many plants set aside for planting.

fatogi1 (fatogii). VT. plant it, put it in place. Ye sa f. bulag we. She has planted the taro.

fatogi2 (fatogii). VT. to write it, scribble it, spell it. Ye f. baabiyor we yaal. He wrote his letter.

fau (fau). 1. VI. to make up one’s mind and set to move. 2. ADV. [pre-verbal] actually. Ye f. lag be shoal fita. He actually went to fish.

fe (fee). 1. N. sexual intercourse. 2. VI., ADJ. to have sexual intercourse, having sexual intercourse. shoa f., fucker. Re f. They had sexual intercourse.

fe- (fe-). [reciprocal prefix attached to ngal ‘to’ and tang ‘away from’] fengan, together, each other. fetang, away from each other. Re shu fengan. They met together.

feesilemw (fee-sila-mwu). ADV. [sentential, swear words] fuck your mother!

feey (fee-a). VT. have sexual intercourse with him. Mwal we ye f. shoabut we. The man had sexual intercourse with the woman.
feffaali (faffaalii). VI. [progressive form of faali] to be continuously sarcastic. Ye f. ngaliyei. He is continuously sarcastic to me.

feffanng (faffanngi). 1. VI., ADJ. to itch, (be) itchy. gafeffangi, make it itchy. Ye f. pesheei. My leg is itchy. 2. N. itch. Go meyafi feffanngil pesheemw? Do you feel the itching of your legs?

feffesangiu (faffasangiu). VT. [progressive form of fesangiu] to call him. Re teit feffesangiuar sar kawe. The children have not been called yet.


fegaaf (fegaafi). N. previous evening, yesterday night, last night. fe-gaaafely, this evening. Ye mwongo mai f. He ate breadfruit yesterday evening.

fegaafil (fegaafila). N. evening. f. we, that evening. fegaafineiu, tomorrow evening.

fegir (fegira). VI., ADJ. (to be) tamed, domesticated. maliug f., tame chicken. gaffegir, to domesticate.

feifei (feifei). VN. to tear with the fingers, tear apart, tatter.

feingeg (feingagi). VI. [passive] to be torn, ragged (said of woven materials, papers, cloth, mats, etc.). Ye sa f. lag shiug we. The basket has been torn off.

feingi (feingii). VT. tear it off, tatter it. Ye f. lag shiug we. He tore off the basket.

feita (feitaa). VI. [question verb] what has happened? Ye f. melemwu paumw? What has happened to your hand?

fela1 (felaa). N. a kind of needle fish. I gangi semal f. I ate a needle-fish.

fela2 (felaa). VT. carve it. Ye f. wa we. He carved the canoe.

fela3 (felaa). VT. cut it, hew it with an adze. Ye f. liu we. She cut the coconut. CF. falefal.

felaafish (felaafishi). N. time of peace and prosperity. Ye melaw lan f. we. He was born during the time of peace and prosperity.
**felaaki** (felaakii). ENG. N. flag. f. cha, red flag. *Felaakiil Mariikeen meleel*. This is an American flag.

**felaal** (felaala). N. a kind of swamp taro. *Ye neo gemas f*. Swamp taro is delicious.

**Felaalap** (falaa-lapa). N. Falalap, the largest island of Woleai, the main island of an atoll. *yaremetal F.*, the people of Falalap.

**Felaaliu** (felaaliu). N. name of an island in the Hall Islands. *Iiy yaremetal F.* He is a man of *Felaaliu*.


**felaapiy** (felaapiya). N. low island, outer island, flatland. *Yaremetal f. mele kaal*. These people are from low islands.

**Felaaras** (felaarase). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

**Felaashig** (falaa-shigi). N. name of an island in Ifaluk. *Re mil F.* They are in *Felaashig*.

**felaaut** (felaauta). N. talk, discipline, tradition. *Ye rongrong felaautel meleka bugotal*. He heard the tradition of these properties which are his.

**felaauta** (felaautaa). VT. talk about it. *Ye f. ngali melewe laiul kofal melekawe bugotaar*. He told his child about the property they have.

**felagi** (falagii). VT. cut it.

**Felait** (felaiti). N. name of an island in Lamotrek.

**felaiu** (felaiu). N. preach, discipline, sermon. *Yoor f. fegafeiy*. There is a sermon this evening.

**felaiuw** (felaiu-a). VT. advise him, preach him, talk to him. *Ye f. melewe laiul*. He advised his child. SYN. *foloow*.

**felalimwalog** (falali-mwalogi). VI. to lie with crossed legs. *Ye f. lan melewe giyal*. He is crossing his legs in his mat.

**felaliug** (fala-liugiu). VI. to walk with the arms placed on the back. *Ye f. tiw shoabut we*. The woman is walking down with her hands on her back.
felang (falanga). 1. N. ashes, fireplace. Ye matt ni f. He is sitting in the fireplace. 2. vi. to be covered with ashes. Ye f. lag mai we. The breadfruit was covered with ashes.

felefe (fele-fele). VN. to bite quickly, as a chicken bites, peck it repeatedly.

felu (feluu). N. a kind of mat with a line in the center. Ye feliuw f. we. He wore the mat.

fenap (fale-lapa). N. main men’s house, main club house. Ye ssegiul wa f. we. The main club-house is full of canoes.

Fenapelaap (fale-lapalaapa). N. name of a place on Sulywap.


feo (feo). ADJ. new, cleaned. mengaag f., new cloth. CF. ffeo.


feofeo (feo-feo). 1. VN. to tie, bind. fofeolira, tying of logs. Re f. ira. They tie logs. Ye nngaw feofeolira we. The tying of the wood is no good. 2. ADJ. tied. ira f., tied logs. CF. feoti.

feofeta (feofetaa). VT. to gather or assemble them as rafts. Re f. ira kawe be waar. They assembled those logs as their raft.

feoiu (feoiu). VI. to be cold, cool, shiver. gafeoiuw, make him feel cold. Ye f. sar we. The child is cold. CF. gariffeoiu.

feolag (feolagi). N. raised platform on a big canoe. Ye matt woal f. we. He sat on the platform.

feotag (feotagi). 1. N. anchor. yaai f., my anchor. 2. VI. to be anchored, tied. Ye sa f. wa we. The canoe has been anchored. CF. feotagiiy, feotagili.

feotagiiy (feotagii-a). VT. anchor it, tie it. Re be f. wa we lenamwol Weleya. They will anchor the ship in the lagoon of Woleai. SYN. feotagili.

feotagili (feotagili). VT. anchor it, tie it. Go be f. You will anchor it. SYN. feotagiiy.
feoti (feotii). VT. tie it, bind it. Ye f. ira we. He tied the log. CF. feofeo.

feraa- (feraa-). N. [Usually follows ni- and occurs with a possessive suffix.] the bottom of one’s heart, one’s insides. niferaai, my feeling, my insides.

ferag (feragi). ADJ. spread, unfold. giyegiy f., spread-out mat. CF. fferag.

feragili (feragili). VT. unfold it, spread it. Ye f. He unfolded it.

feraipaang (feraipaanga). ENG. fry-pan. N. fry-pan, fried food. Ye bel mwongo f. He will eat fried food.

feraipaanga (feraipaangaa). ENG. fry-pan. VT. fry it. Ye f. mai we. He fried the breadfruit. CF. feraipaang.

feshaiulap (feshailapa). N. coconut fronds used to keep thatched roofs from blowing off. Sar kawe re lag gak feshaiulepal yasol fal we. The children went to get coconut fronds for the roofs of the men’s house.

Feshaiulap (fasha-yaiu-lapa). N. Faraulep Island in the Woleai area. F. ye mil yarol Weleya. Faraulep is located near Woleai.

feshaiulepa (feshaiulapaa). VT. put coconut fronds on it (a house, etc.). Re f. shag sepeig fal we faleer. They only put coconut fronds on one side of their men’s house.

Feshaliyas (fashali-yasi). N. name of an island in Woleai.

feshingeg (feshingagi). VI. [passive] to be plucked, picked, nipped. Ye sa f. lag filooras we. The flower has been picked. CF. fishingi.

feshingi (feshingii). VT. pick it, pluck it, nip it. Ye f. filooras we. He picked the flower.

feta (fataa). VT. roof it (a house, etc.), cover it with a roof. Re sa f. imw we. They have roofed the house.

fetal1 (fetala). ADV. [Occurs with be in sentence initial position.] supposedly. F. be ye pira, iwe nge re sa gabelaagili. He would have stolen it, but they yelled at him.

fetal2 (fetala). VI. to move by its own power, as in moving objects in the water, go. gafetela, make it move.
fetal3 (fetale). ADV. [post-verbal. May take an object suffix.] around. Re faarag f. sar kawe. The children are walking around.


fetang1 (fatanga). N. mark on the canoe keel. Ye toulap laiur f. They have many marks.

fetang2 (fetangi). ADV. [post-verbal] away from each other. Re rig f. They ran away from each other.

fetattiul (fetattiului). N. a small menstrual house which is found near a dwelling. Shoabut we ye masiur lan f. we. The woman slept in the menstrual house.

ffa (ffaa). VN. to kick. CF. faati, faafa1.

ffaat (ffaata). 1. VN. to string, run through (something) with a string. Re ff. filooras. They are stringing flowers. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) strung. mal ff., strung thing. 3. N. string. seuw ffaatal faiupar, a string of red shells. CF. faatali, -faat.


ffag2 (ffagi). VN. to look for, search. Re be la ff. yaff. They will go to look for coconut crabs. I be shiyeliir reel fflagil mwongo. I will help them search for food. CF. fagili.

ffageo (ffageo). VN. to love, like, pity for. Re ff. fengan. They love each other. Ye faataq gmas ffrageol melewfe fitiyal. The love for his spouse is heart-breaking. CF. fageow.

ffaiufeiu (ffaiu-faiu). VN. [progressive form of faiufeiu] to be weaving.

ffar (ffaro). VI. to be tight. geffaro, make it tight. Ye ff. iuwal. His neck is tight. CF. farogi.


ffas2 (ffaso). VI. to call. Ye sa fiteuw yaal ff. How many times did he call?
ffash1 (ffasha). VI., ADJ. (to be) bald, without hair, uncovered, clean. gaffesha, make it bald. Ye ff. shimwel. His head is bald.

ffash2 (ffasho). VI. to go through, be complete, come to an end. Ye ff. ngali melewe bariugiul. He knows his love song from the beginning to the end. Geffasho lag! Complete it!

ffasotag (ffaso-tage). VI. to dishonor by saying improper words to the elders. Ye ff. woal melewe mwangeyal. She did not use dishonorable words to her brother.

ffat1 (ffata). N. nest. Yoor siugiun lan ff. we. There are eggs in the nest.

ffat2 (ffata). VI., ADJ. (to be) clear, pure, real. gaffeta, make it clear. Ye ff. shal we. The water is clear.

ffat3 (ffati). VN. to pinch, give a pinch to. Re ff. fengan. They pinch each other. CF. fatigi.

ffat4 (ffato). VI. to be staked, stuck. Ye sa ff. piisega we woal ig we. The spear has been stuck on the fish.

ffejas (ffajasa). VI. [progressive form of ffas] to be laughing. Ye ff. He is laughing.

ffeiy (ffeiya). VI. to be even, balanced. gaffeiya, make it even. Ye ff. fengan. They are even. Ye be ila nepal ffeiyel melemwu yashel. That will be the measurement of its edges. ANT. ku.

ffeo (ffeo). VI. to be new, cleaned. Ye ff. mengaag kaal. These clothes are new.

ffeoiu (ffeoiu). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) cold, chilly. shal ff., cold water. gafeoiuw, make him feel cold. Re sa ff. gemas. They are very cold. 2. N. coldness. Ye masiur lan ff. He is sleeping in the cold.

fferag (fferagi). VI. to be spread, unfolded. Ye ff. giyegiy kawe. Those mats are lying unfolded.


ffesh (ffeshi). VN. to pick (flowers, etc.), pluck. CF. feshingi.

Ffetaligiuriugaag (ffatali-giuriugaagiu). N. name of a place on Falalus.
ffi (ffi). VI., ADJ. (to be) cramped, tangled up. gaffi, cramp it. I mwar mas reel ffi fil wegal pesheei. I almost died with the cramping of my leg.

ffi- (ffi-). N. tactics, way, method.

ffil (ffili). VN. to choose, pick up, decide, select. CF. fili.

ffing (ffingi). VI., ADJ. (to be) dry, without grease, lean. ig ff., lean fish. Ye ff. ig kaal. These fish are dry.

ffir (ffira). VN. to weave (a lei or a strap). Re ff. mware mwar. They are making leis.

ffish (ffishì). VI. to be unbuckled, snap off from what it was tied to (as in rope), be knocked. gaffishì, unbuckle it. Ye ff. lag melewe teral. Her belt was unbuckled.

ffius (ffiusiu). VI. to spark, blink (as of light), make a short interval (as of falling rain), be lighted. gaffiusiu, light it, give off light. Ye ff. It sparks. I weri ffiusiul iuliumal temaag. I saw the sparkling of his cigarettes.

ffoar (ffoaro). VI. to be tight, stodgy, feel heavy. Ye sa ff. faiulikeoi. My throat is tight.

ffoor (ffoori). VN. to make, do. Re ff. wa. They are making canoes.

fi (fii). N. letter V. Ye be fatogi f. I will write V.

-fi (-fii). [transitive formative] torofì, catch it. toofì, rub it. meyafì, feel it.

fiif (fii-fi). VI. to get tangled, tied. Ye gach fiifil ira we. Their tying of the log is good. CF. fiti̇2.

fiðesi̇un (fikeisiûna). ENG. N. vacation. Re be tefaal me yaar f. laiu. They will come back from their vacation tomorrow.

fil (file). VI., ADJ. (to be) proper, right, decided, determined. gafile, decide it, talk about it.

filaag (filaago). VI. to move around for something, struggle hard. gafi-laagoow, make him struggle. I weri filaagool pesheel. I saw the struggling of his legs.

filaang (filaang). N. a kind of fish.
file (filee). N. a kind of taro (*alocasia macrorrhiza*).

fileey (filee-a). vt. bite it (as of birds, chickens, etc.), pick at it, peck it. *Maliug we ye f. mai we*. The chicken bit the breadfruit.

filefil (filafila). vi. to blow (as of wind), wave, stir, turn. *filefilel yang*, blowing of wind.


fileti (filatii). vt. turn it, stir it, blow it. *Yang mele ye f. tiw mengaag we*. The wind blew down the cloth. *Ye f. melewe fatiulel stoosa we*. He turned the steering wheel of the car.

filewas (file-wasu). vi., adj. (to be) incapable, lack skill. *gafilewasuuw*, cause him to be incapable. *Ye f. sar we*. The child is incapable. *Ye sa nag lag filewasul sar we*. The incapability of the child has been discovered. Syn. *filenngaw*.

fili (filii). vt. choose it, pick it up, select it. *Ye f. ig gach we*. He picked the good fish. Cf. *ffil*.

filooras (filoorasi). N. flower, hibiscus flower. *sepeo f.*, a hibiscus flower. *Ye mwaremwar f*. He is wearing flowers. *I be shiweshiuw f*. I will wear flowers in my ears.


fingiich (fingiichi). 1. N. farewell, farewell gift. *I be chuwaaiiy temaag yeel be yaai f*. I will buy these cigarettes as my farewell gift. 2. vi. to say goodbye. *Re f. fengan*. They said goodbye to each other.

fir (firi). N. vagina lips.

fireg (firagi). N. string, thin rope used to connect or secure the sides of a canoe. *Ye toulap yaai f*. I have many strings.

firegi (firegii). vt. weave it (a lei, etc.). *Ye f. mwaremwar we*. She strung the lei.
firoaroa (firoaroa). 1. N. wrinkles, furrows. Ye nngaw firoalroal metal. The wrinkle of his face is no good. 2. vi. to be wrinkled, lined. gafiroaroaw, make it wrinkled. Ye f. metal. His eyes are wrinkled.


-fish (-fishi). [nominal or verbal suffix] good, completely, perfectly. paafish, (to be) fortunate, in good condition. Ye tipfish. He is in a good mood. Ye teit shuwefish mwo yaal temwaaiu iwe nge ye sa bal iul gashi. Even though he has not recovered completely from sickness, he starts drinking again. ANT. -but.

fisha1 (fishaa). VT. set a limit to it, restrict it. Ye f. lepal gan. He limits himself in eating.

fisha2 (fishaa). N. crab eggs. Ye mwongo f. She is eating crab eggs.

fishifish1 (fishifishi). N. betel nut, lime and leaf. Re ngiung f. They are chewing betel nuts.

fishifish2 (fishi-fishi). VN. to pierce boils (with something sharp), knock, snap. fishifishil mele pesheei, piercing of boils on my leg.

fishiiy (fishii-a). VT. pierce or lance the boil on it, knock it, snap it. Ye f. pesheei. He lanced the boil on my leg. Go be f. tag. You will snap it up.


fisi- (fis-i-). NUM. seven. fisimal yaremat, seven people.


fisifisi1 (fisifisi). N. a type of ceremony (sapet); a kind of dance. Baaful f. meleel. This is the second ceremonial period after the chief’s death.

fisifisi2 (fisi-fisi). VN. to roast, burn, broil, grill, bake. CF. fisigi.

fisigi (fisigii). VT. burn it, roast it, broil it, grill it, bake it. Ye f. He burned it. CF. fisingeg.

fisilob (*fisi-loba*). [numeral compound] seven hundred thousand.


fisingeg (*fisingagi*). vi. [passive] to be burnt, roasted, broiled, grilled, baked. cf. fisigi.

fisingeras (*fisi-ngerasi*). [numeral compound] seven thousand.

fisuuw (*fisi-uwa*). [numeral compound] seven general objects.

fita (*fitaa*). 1. n. fishing. f. lap, public fishing. *I be tabeey f. laiu*. I will go on a fishing trip tomorrow. 2. vi. to fish. *Re f*. They are fishing.

fita- (*fita-*). num. [indefinite] how many?, a few, some. *Fiteuw yaamw baabiyor?* How many books do you have? *Ye log shag fiteuw mai igei*. There are still some breadfruits here.

fitaali (*fitaalii*). vt. fish for it. *Si be f. ig kawe igaal*. We will fish for those fish here.


fiteg (*fitegi*). 1. n. war, fighting. *Yoor seuw f. woal Vietnam*. There is a war in Vietnam. 2. vi. to fight. *Re f. mwal kawe*. Those men are fighting.

fiti1 (*fitii*). vt. go with it, accompany it. *Sar we ye f. lag melewe sin*. The child accompanied his mother.

fiti2 (*fitii*). vt. tie it, bind it, tangle it, spiral it, wrap it. *Mwal we ye f. melewe pesheel reel mengaag*. The man tied my leg with cloth. cf. fiif.

fitig (*fitigo*). n. meat, flesh. *setal f.*, one layer of meat.

fitigomwosh (*fitigo-mwosh*). n. the smaller part of the meat on the chest of a turtle. *F. ila ye log woal fitigoterag*. The short turtle meat is on top of the larger meat. ant. fitigoterag.

fitigoow (*fitigo-o-a*). vt. extract some meat from it. *I f. extracted some meat from it (by using my hands).*

fitigoterag (*fitigo-terag*). n. the larger part of the meat on the chest of a turtle. ant. fitigomwosh.
**fitikooko** (fitikookoo). 1. N. confusion, perplexity. *Ye tolap f. lan skuul ye yaash.* There is a lot of confusion in our school 2. vi. to be confused, messed up. *gafitikookoow,* cause confusion in it. *Ye sa f. tteiuy we.* The meeting has become confused. **SYN.** fitilog.

**fitilog** (fitilogo). 1. N. confusion, perplexity. 2. vi. to be confused, messed up. *Ye sa f. tteiuy we.* The meeting was messed up. **SYN.** fitikooko.

**fitiya-** (fitiya-). N. spouse, husband, wife. fitiyei, my spouse.


**fitiyelibisi-** (fitiyali-bisi-). N. brother-in-law, sister-in-law (sister’s husband when the speaker is female, or brother’s wife when the speaker is male). *Mary mele fitiyelibisimw.* Mary is the wife of your brother.

**fitiyetiya** (fitiyatiya). 1. N. marriage, wedding. *Yoor f. woal Ifaluk.* There are marriages on Ifaluk. 2. vi. to be married, wed. *gafitiyetiya,* let him get married. *Re f.* They are married.

**fitoong** (fitoongo). **JAP.** futong. N. mattress.

**fitouw** (fita-uwa). [numeral compound] how many (general objects). *Ye sa f. ragil?* How old is he?

**fitug** (fitigo). [alternant of fitig (q.v.)]

**fius** (fiusiu). N. star. *Ye tolap f. lan lang.* There are plenty of stars in the sky.

**fiusiulirag** (fiusiuli-ragi).

[=fiusiunecheg] N. star used to designate seasons and their sub-divisions. *Ye tolap f.* There are many season stars.

**fiusiunecheg** (fiusiuli-ragi).

[=fiusiulirag (q.v.)]

-fiy (-fiya). N. [numeral classifier for handfuls of things] sefiy faiu, a handful of stones. selify guwal, three handfuls of grinded copra. *Go tai gasi sefiy limilim yeel be gelami?* Won’t you take a handful of these taro leaves for your (pl.) food?
fiya (fiyaa). VT. squeeze it. Mary ye f. fiyefiy we. Mary squeezed the native soup. SYN. fiyengi. CF. -fiy, fiyefiy.

fiyaawo (fiyawoo). N. Japanese fishing line.


fiyangoo (fiyangoo-a). VT. tell it (a story), narrate it. Mary ye f. seuw fiyang. Mary told a story.


fiyefiy1 (fiya-fiya). N. native soup made by squeezing leaves of certain plants and fruits. Re iul f. They drink soup.

fiyengagi (fiyangii). VT. squeeze it, press it, wring it, extract it. Ye f. mai we. She squeezed the breadfruit. SYN. fiya. CF. fiyefiy1.

foafoa (foafoa). N. a kind of fish.

Foalopei (foalopei). N. Ponape.

folofol (folofolo). N. advice, counsel, recommendation, suggestion. Ye ta rongorong f. me reer wesin me wetemal. He does not hear any advice from his parents.


foomwaal (foo-mwale). N. upper part (meat) of the side of a fish. Ye gangi foomwaan ig we. He ate the meat of the upper side of the fish. ANT. fooshoabut.

foori (foorii). VT. make it, do it, build it. Mwal we mele ye f. wa we. The man was the one who built the canoe. CF. ffloor.

fooshoabut (foo-shoabuto). N. lower part (meat) of the side of a fish. Ye gangi fooshoabutol ig we. He ate the lower meat of the side of the fish. ANT foomwaal.
fotograaf (fotograafi). ENG. VN. to take a picture, take a photograph (of). Re f. They are taking pictures.

fotograafiiy (fotograafii-a). ENG. VT. take his picture, take a photograph of him.

fout (foutu). ENG. VI. to vote, ballot, cast a vote, poll. Ye mangiiy be shoa kawe si f. yagiiir ila re be tefaal tog be re be gaaui ngaliir be si ya gashigeshig. He thinks that the men for whom we voted will visit us to thank us.

funtoosi (funtoosii). JAP. fundosi. N. stringed loincloth, loincloth. Ifa f. we gapelai? Where is my funtoosi loincloth?

furoosiki (furoosikii). JAP. N. cloth wrapper. Peraas we ila ye log lan f. we. The rice is in the cloth wrapper.
-g (-go). [2nd per. sing. ob. suffix] you. werg, see you. tabeeg, follow you.

g a (ga). [contraction of gal] ADV. [pre-verbal] usually, habitually, only. mal gassemmwit, tiny animal. Ye g. tang. He usually cries.

-ga (-ga). [-ge before the vowel a or between high vowels.] [time-space suffix. Attached only to the pronoun i- ‘that thing’ and the noun buileiu ‘place’. With i-, it indicates time and space. With buileiu it indicates only space. This suffix is usually followed by a demonstrative. The demonstrative ye ‘this’ is omitted after ga, although the meaning ‘this’ is retained.] iga, here, this place, this time when... buileiuuga, this place. igawe, that time, that place. igela, now. igeiy, here, this area. igelaal, over there. igemwu, there (near you).

ga-1 (ga-). [ge- before a or oa] [causative prefix] gamwongoow, feed him. gabbesh, to heat. gebarega, make him brave.

ga-2 (ga-). [ge- before a or oa] [numeral prefix. When a numeral compound is preceded by this suffix and followed by the defective possessive suffix -l ‘of’, the numeral compound gets the ordinal meaning.] gasemaliul yaremat, first person. gariuwel yoos, second horse. gefaafashol wa, fourth canoe.

ga-3 (ga-). [ge- before a or oa] [nominal or verbal prefix. Certain nouns and verbs may take this prefix without any change in meaning. Thus, this prefix is empty in terms of meaning.] paapa, gepaapa, bait. ppal, geppal, to be light. pak, gepak, to hurry. gammesaig, gammesaig, to be interesting. piteg, gapiteg, belong. piungiupiung, gapiungiupiung, to make a loud noise. piun, gapiun, to be plugged.

gaa- (gaa-). [verbal prefix] easily, readily. gaangiush, to get tired easily. gaapak, to ge homesick easily. gaatemwaaiu, to get sick easily.

gaafal (gaafala). VI. to climb (in the way one climbs up a coconut tree). Mwal we ye g. tag shiul liu we. The man climbed up the coconut tree which does not have steps.

gaafelag (gaafelagi). VI. to lean, incline, bend. Shoabut we ye g. lag woal mwal we. The woman is leaning on the man.
Gaafurush (*gaafurusho*). N. name of an imaginary island.

gaag (*gaago*). vi. to steer a boat, sail, guide a boat, direct. Re g. *tiw shiul sefash wa*. They sailed (to the leeward side) on a canoe.

gaaga (*gaagaa*). N. stalk, trunk (of a tree). *Ye teotag woal gaagaal liu we*. He climbed up the trunk of the coconut tree.

gaagiyeg (*ga-agiyagi*). 1. vi. to plan, project, think, contemplate. *Si be g. gach*. We must plan carefully. 2. N. plan, project, scheme, contemplation. *seuw g.*, a plan.

gaagiyegiiy (*ga-agiyagii-a*). vt. think about it, contemplate it.

gaagolug (*gaagolugo*). N. a kind of plant.

gaagoow (*gaagoo-a*). vt. steer it, guide it by means of a rudder, direct the course of it, sail it. G. *wa la*. Steer that canoe.

gaagu (*gaaguu*). vi., adj. (to be) lazy, not eager or willing to work. *sar g.*, lazy child. *Ye g. gemas sar we*. The child is very lazy.

gaaiu (*gaaiu*). vn. tell, say, mention. *Ye g. ngaliyei be i be mwongo*. He told me to eat.

gaaiut (*gaaiuta*). vn. to load, fill. Re g. *waar*. They are loading their canoes.

gaaiuta (*gaaiutaa*). vt. load it, fill it. G. *wa la*. Load that canoe.

gaaiuw (*gaaiu-a*). vt. tell him, talk to him, mention to him. *Ye g. John be ye be masiur*. He told John to go to sleep.

gaal (*gaala*). N. man, male. *Ye sa lag g. we*. The man has gone.


gaalimeshang (*gaali-meshangiu*). [alternant of *ganimeshang* (q.v.)]

gaalimeshangiuw (*gaali-meshangiu-a*). [alternant of *ganimeshangiuw* (q.v.)]

gaalipeo (*ga-ali-peo*). 1. N. fan. 2. vi. to wave, call by hand, fan oneself. *Ye g. ngali paiul*. He is waving with his hand. *Ye g*. He is fanning himself.
gaalipeow (ga-ali-peo-a). vt. fan it, direct a current of air upon it with a fan. G. sar la. Fan that child.

gaaliyel (ga-ali-yali). vn. [causative] to fly something, let fly. Re g. skooki. They are sending up airplanes.


gaamam (gaamami). pron. [1st per. pl. exclusive] we (hearer excluded). G. gai mwongo. We are eating.

gaami (gaamii). pron. [second person pl.] you, ye. G. gai mwongo? Are you eating?


gaangifil (gaangifila). vi. to enjoy the breeze, receive a nice breeze. Re g. fetal ni getam. They are enjoying the breeze outdoor.

gaangimasow (gaangimasowa). vn. to insist, argue, force. Mwal we ye g. ngali shoabut we be ye be tabeey. The man insisted that the woman go with him.

gaangiyaw (gaangi-yawa). vi. to quarrel, argue. Re tau g. shoa kawe. Those people always quarrel.

gaangiyeng (ga-angiyangi). n. cloth sign indicating canoe direction with regard to wind (This cloth is attached to the low end of the sail frame.). CF. yangiyeng.

gaapengag (gaa-pengagi). n. purlin of a house. Ye sa nngaw gaapengagil imw we. The purlins of the house are not good any more.

gaapengagilinipiing (gaa-pengagili-ni-piinga). n. end-wall thatch purlin of a house. Ye biun gaapengagilinipiingel imw we. The end-wall purlins of the house are broken.

gaapilal (gaapilalo). n. thatch purlin of a house. Ye shiuwel ffeo g. kawe. Those purlins are still new.

gaapiyep (ga-apiyapi). vn. [causative] to carry continuously, carry repeatedly. Re g. tag mwongo. They are carrying food up continuously. CF. yapiyep.
**gaara** *(ga-araa).* VT. [causative] make it go out safely, make it get through. Re g. wa we. They got the canoe through the wavy area without (its) being damaged by waves. CF. **yar1**.

**gaarawerau** *(gaarawaraa).* VI., ADJ. (to be) green, blue. *mengaag g.*, blue cloth. Ye g. *lan metamw*. Your eyes are blue. *Ye fattyul fetal lan g.* He is paddling around in the blue water.

**gaaremata** *(ga-aremata).* VI. to be known to everybody, gradually found out by people. *Ye sa g. lag yaar yo fengan.* Their sneaking off to each other has gradually become known to everybody. CF. **yaremat1**.

**gaareyar** *(ga-ara-yara).* VI. to try to get through waves. *Ye giula g.* He knows how to predict when the waves will stop. CF. **yar1**.

**gaarius** *(gaariusiu).* VI., ADJ. (to get) nervous, high-strung, easily excitable, easily frightened. *Ye g. gemas.* He usually gets nervous.

**gaariyer1** *(gaariyari).* N. ceremonial black and white woven skirt, black and white lavalava. *Ye gepalepal g.* She is wearing a black and white lavalava.

**gaariyer2** *(ga-ariyari).* 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) striped. *teor g.*, striped lavalava. *Ye gepalepal sepeo g. shoabut we.* The woman is wearing a striped lavalava. 2. N. striped lavalava.

**gaariyeriyy** *(ga-ariyarii-a).* VT. variegate it with stripes, make it have stripes.

**gaas** *(gaasi).* VI., ADJ. (to be) enthusiastic, happy in romantic love. *mwal g.*, happy man. *Ye g. mwal we reel shoabut we gamweral.* The man is happy because of his girlfriend.

**gaasaas** *(gaasaasa).* N. a kind of tree whose nuts are edible. SYN. **keel**.

**gaasefaliuw** *(ga-ase-faliuwa).* VI., ADJ. (to be) unbelievable, fantastic, wonderful, beautiful, incredible. *Ye bal g. mwo gachiul iyeel shoabut!* How beautiful this lady is! CF. **yasefaliuw**.

**gaasefaliuwa** *(ga-ase-faliuwaa).* VT. [causative] amaze him, make him feel great, amuse him, delight him, entertain him. CF. **yasefaliuw**.

**gaashileo** *(gaashileo).* N. a kind of fish (*halichoeres trimaculatus*, etc.).
**gaashiyesh** (*ga-ashiyashi*). 1. N. tail, last person on both ends of either a sitting or standing dance. 2. vi. to be last. *Sar we mele ye g.* The child is the one who is sitting at the end of the sitting dance.

**gaasib** (*gaasiba*). VN. to carry, convey, transport. *Si be g. faiumwag.* We will all be carrying pebbles.

**gaatag** (*gaatagi*). N. mileage used in navigation.

**gaati** (*gaatii*). VT. drink it (the first coconut of a coconut tree). *John mele ye g. liu we.* John was the one who drank the first coconut of the coconut tree.

**gaatiu1** (*ga-atiu*). VT. [causative] stimulate him, make him excited. CF. *yat5, gaatiuyet.*

**gaatiu2** (*ga-atiu*). VT. [causative] make a big splash in the water. CF. *yat6.*

**gaatiuyet** (*ga-atiu-yatiu*). VN. [causative] to cause people to be excited. *Ye g. fetal yaremata.* He is causing people to be excited. CF. *yat5.*

**gaatiyet** (*ga-ati-yati*). VI. to be drunk (as of the first fruit of a coconut tree), be the first coconut to be drunk. *Ye sa g. liu we.* Someone drank the first fruit of the coconut tree. CF. *gaati.*

**gaatu** (*gaatuu*). N. cat, lion.

**gaaush** (*gaeoush*). N. crocodile.

**gaaut** (*ga-auta*). VN. [causative] to fill, pack, load it. *Re g. tuutu.* They are filling bags. CF. *yaut.*

**gaauta** (*ga-autaa*). VT. [causative] fill it, load it, pack it. CF. *yaut.*

**gaauteli** (*ga-auta-lii*). VT. [causative] fill it, load it, pack it. SYN. *yauteli.* CF. *yaut.*

**gaauwel** (*gaauweli*). VN. to pour, fill. *Re g. gashi.* They are pouring tuba.

**gaawaliu** (*gaawaliu*). N. chief’s canoe, which is one of the two canoe categories (This type of canoe is no longer in use in the Outer Islands.).
**gaayang** (*gaayangi*). N. a kind of tree.

**gab** (*gabu*). VI., ADJ. (to be) infected usually on open wounds. Ye g. pesheei. My wounded leg is infected.

**gabbesh** (*ga-bbeshi*). VN. [causative] to roast, burn, heat, cook over an open fire. Re g. ig. They are cooking fish. CF. **besh3**.

**gabbetai** (*ga-bbetai*). VN. [causative] make (someone) fat purposely.

**gabbir** (*ga-bbiri*). VI. make a sound of disapproval with the mouth. Ye g. sar we. The child made a disapproval sound with his mouth. CF. **bbir**.

**gabbiuli** (*ga-bbiuli*). VT. [Usually followed by ngali.] put it, place it. John ye g. ngali Mary tegag la. John put the cup in Mary’s hand.

**gabbiuliup* (ga-bbiuli-paiu). VI. to marry in church, wed in church. Re sa g. mwal we me shoabut we. The man and the woman have legally married in church.

**gabboolag** (*ga-bboo-lago*). N. yeast, something that causes fermentation.

**gabeiu** (*gabeiu*). N. a kind of fish (*grammatorcynus bilineatus*, etc.).

**gabel** (*gabele*). VI. [Occurs with the impersonal subjective ye.] to be desired, wishful, missed. Ye far g. me voor waai skooki. I wish I had an airplane.

**gabela** (*ga-balaa*). VT. [causative] loosen it up, release it from restraint. Ye g. melewe teral. He loosened up his belt. CF. **balebal**.

**gabeleey** (*gabelee-a*). VT. wish for it, want it, desire it. I g. me voor waai waafaliuw. I wish I had a ship of my own.

**gabeshi** (*ga-beshii*). VT. [causative] cook it (over an open fire), heat it (in a pot). Shoabut we ye g. ig we. The woman barbecured the fish. CF. **besh3**.

**gabetaagili** (*gabata-agilii*). VT. [compound verb] bark at him, shout at him, yell to him. Ye g. be ye be lag. I yelled for him to go. CF. **gebat**.

**gabili** (*ga-bilii*). VT. [causative] teach him how to troll (for the first time). CF. **bil**.
gabilibiliy (ga-bilibili-a). VT. [causative] plaster it, overlay it with plaster. Ye sa g. lag bulag we gan reel yareng. He put coconut milk all over his taro. CF. bilibil₂.

gabiung (gabiungiu). VI. learn, teach.

gabiungiu (gabiungiu). VT. learn it. Go be g. melekamwu rongol. You must learn his wise ideas and knowledge.


gabiy (gabiya). N. a kind of hard-land plant (clerodendrum inerme).

gabong (ga-bongi). VN. [causative] to say goodbye (to). Re g. fengan. They are saying goodbye to each other. CF. bong₁.

gabongi (ga-bongii). VT. [causative] delay it till night. G. lag. Delay it till night! Mwal we ye g. lag nge ye sa lag reel shoabut we. The man waited till it got dark and then he went to see the woman. CF. bong₁.

gabool (gabooli). N. extremity of, very, extremely, exceedingly. Ye feffas bon ye g. ffas geffas kawe. She laughed because the joke was very funny.


gabooligius (gabooli-giusa). N. damnation (lit. smell of octopus). Gelamw g.! Damn you!

gabos (ga-boso). VN. [causative] to show off, brag. Ye g. mwal we. The man is showing off. CF. bos.

gaboso (ga-bosoo). VT. [causative] cause him to show off. CF. bos.

gabosobos (ga-bosoboso). VI. to frown, make a wry face. Ye g. lag shag metal shoabut we. The woman is still frowning.

gabuulongoow (ga-buu-longoo-a). VT. [causative] bring it in, make him come in, have him enter.

gabuusowa (gabuusowaa). VT. swallow it, gulp it down. Ye g. lag semal ig. He swallowed a whole fish.

**gach1** (gacha). VI. ADJ. to smell of raw fish, smell fishy, stink (from the odor) of fish. ig g., fish with fishy smell. gagecha, make it smell fishy. Ye g. patul. His hands smell fishy.

**gach2** (gachiu). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) good, pretty, nice, super, superior. imw g., pretty house. Ye g. gemas Hawaii. Hawaii is very good. 2. ADV. [post-verbal] well, good, nicely, beautifully. Ye ur g. He sings beautifully.

**gach3** (gacho). VI. to tickle, excite the surface nerves.

gache (ga-chee). VT. [causative] shake it, wave it, swing it. I g. I shook it. CF. chech, gachech.

gachebal (gachebala). VI. to be relaxed, slackened, enervated. Ye g. lag pesheel shoabut we. The woman’s legs are relaxed.

gachech (ga-cheche). VN. [causative] to shake, wave, swing. Ye g. pesheel. He is shaking his legs.

gachechet (ga-checheta). VN. [causative] to finish, complete, accomplish. Ye sa g. mwongo. It has eaten everything. CF. ret.

gacheieu (ga-chieiu). VN. [causative] to carry on one’s back. Ye g. tag sar. She was carrying a baby on her back. CF. cheiu.

gacheieuw (ga-chieiu-a). VT. [causative] carry it on one’s back. Ye g. sar we. She carried the child on her back. CF. cheiu.

gachelimas (gacheli-mase). VI. to be about to die, be unconscious, move around without consciousness. Ye sa g. ig we. The fish is moving around unconsciously.


gacheocheot (ga-checheta). [alternate spelling of gachechet (q.v.)]

gacheepar (ga-chepara). VN. [causative] to pretend, cheat, deceive. Sar we ye g. be ye temwaaiu. The child pretended that he was sick. CF. chepar.
gachepera \((ga\text{-}cheperaa)\). VT. [causative] cheat him, fool him, deceive him. *Sar we ye g. melewe sin.* The child fooled his mother. CF. *chepera.*

gachera \((ga\text{-}charaa)\). VT. [causative] make it straight, make it taut. CF. *char.*

gachewar \((ga\text{-}chewara)\). VN. [causative] to carry, convey, transport. *Re g. fetal mai.* They are carrying breadfruit around. CF. *shewar.*

gachi \((gachii)\). JAP. N. [enumerative counter] eight.

gachiga \((gachigaa)\). VT. miss him, yearn for him, long for him. *I g. sar we ye mas.* I missed the child who died.

gachingi \((ga\text{-}chingii)\). VT. [causative] make a sound from it. CF. *ching.*

Cachitagel yengaang \((ga\text{-}chitageli yengaaga)\). N. Monday (lit. first day of work, beginning of work). CF. *shitag, gashiitageey, yen-gaang.*


gachiuw \((gachi-u-a)\). VT. like it, want it, admire it. *Mwal we ye g. shoabut we.* The man likes that woman.

gachof \((gacho-fa)\). VI. to make a long face (especially of women), frown. *Ye g. lag shoabut we.* The woman made a frowning face.


gachorong \((ga\text{-}chorongo)\).

\[=gashorong\] VI. to make a racket, make unnecessary noise. *Re g. sar kawe.* Those children are making unnecessary noise. *Re tau g. ni bong.* They always make noise at night. CF. *chorong.*

gafegira \((ga\text{-}fegiraa)\). VT. [causative] domesticate it, make it tame. *Re g. mal we.* They domesticate the animal. CF. *fegir.*

gafelagii \((ga\text{-}faliagii-a)\). VT. lean on it, rely on it, depend upon it. *Ye g. faiu we.* He leaned on the rock.

gafenga \((ga\text{-}fangaa)\). VT. [causative] let it go. CF. *fang1.*

gafeoiuw \((ga\text{-}feoiu-a)\). VT. [causative] cool it, make him cold. CF. *feoiu.*

gaferra \((ga\text{-}faraa)\). VT. [causative] fit it, make it suitable. CF. *far3.*
**gafetalemwar** *(ga-fetala-mwara)*. vi. to sail a canoe at an angle of 40 to 45 degrees from the wind direction (navigational term). Ye *g. wa we*. The canoe is sailing away from the wind.

**gaff** *(ga-ffi)*. vn. [causative] to apply a full nelson (wrestling), tangle, cramp. Ye *giula gaffil yaremat*. He knows how to apply a full nelson on people. CF. **ffii**.

**gaffegir** *(ga-ffegira)*. vn. [causative] to tame, domesticate. Ye *tau g. mal*. He always domesticates the animals. CF. **fegir**.

**gaffeoiuw** *(ga-ffeoiu-a)*. [=**gafeoiuw**] vt. [causative] make him cold, cool it. CF. **ffeoiu**.

**gaffesa** *(ga-ffasaa)*. vt. [causative] make him laugh. CF. **ffas1, geffas**.

**gaffesha** *(ga-ffashaa)*. vt. [causative] shave it off, make it bald. CF. **ffash1**.

**gaffi** *(ga-ffi)*. vt. [causative] tangle it, cramp it, apply a full nelson on him. Ye *g. wegal pesheei*. He caused my leg to cramp. CF. **ffii**.

**gaffiliwong** *(ga-ffili-wongi)*. n. tactic for catching a turtle. Ye *ta giula g*. He does not know the tactic for catching turtles.

**gaffita** *(ga-ffitaa)*. vi. to do a ceremonial type of fishing in which a newly-built canoe is put in the water for the first time. Ye *sa g. wa we*. The new canoe is being used for fishing for the first time. CF. **fita, gafitaali**.

**gaffiteg** *(gaffitegi)*. vi. to be similar, the same, equal. Ye *g. shag iteer*. They have similar names.

**gafiyy** *(gafiyya)*. n. fresh-water snake.

**gafil** *(ga-file)*. n. satisfaction, use. *I be chuwaai ngalig sefash wa be gafilmw*. I will buy you a canoe for your use.

**gafile** *(ga-filee)*. vt. [causative] decide it, make up one’s mind on it, determine it, manage it, talk about it, arrange it. Re *g. yaar fitiyeti*. They decided on the possibility of their marriage. Re *g. kofal*. They talk about it. Ye *sa g. Mary be ye bel fitiyeli John*. He arranged for Mary to marry John. CF. **fil**.
gafilefil (ga-file-file). 1. VN. [causative] to discuss, consult, decide, determine, manage. 2. N. discussion, consultation, determination. Ye toulap gafilefilel yaar kepat. There are many discussions about their talks. CF. fil.


gafitaali (fa-fitalii). VT. [causative] use it (a newly-built canoe) for fishing for the first time. Re g. They used the canoe for the fishing for the first time. CF. fitali, gaffita.

gafitegiteg (gafitegiti). VI. to compete, run neck-and-neck. Re g. lag shag lan skuul sar kawe. Those children are moving along at the same rate in their studies. CF. fiteg.


gafitilogoo (ga-fitilogoo-a). VT. [causative] mix it up, confuse him. CF. fitilog.


gagil (gagili). N. a special kind of fibers used in lavalava making.

gagila1 (gagila). VT. try it, endeavor to have it, make an effort for it. Go be g. mwongo la. You ought to try that food.


gagin (gagina). N. omen, sign of the future.


gagiulaali (ga-giulalii). VT. [causative] notify it, let (one) know about it, inform (one) of it. G. ngali. Let him know about it. CF. giula.

gagiuna (ga-giunal). VT. [causative] wait until it becomes high tide. CF. giun.

gagiuvereogiu (ga-giureogiu). VT. [causative] move it, change the position of it. CF. giureog.
gagiuw (ga-giu-a). VT. [causative] set a fire to it, apply light to it, light it, ignite it, burn it. G. temaag la. Light that cigarette. CF. giu2.

gagofagiil (ga-gofagii-a). VT. [causative] make it slow down, make it subside, decrease it. CF. goofag.

gagommwa (ga-gommwa). VT. [causative] let him go first. Re g. re-sepaal we. They let the Japanese go first. CF. gommw.


gagumiti (ga-gumitii). VT. [causative] spoil it, let it become rotten. CF. gumit.


gagurumw (gagurumwa). 1. VI. to race, take part in a competition of speed, run a race. Re g. wa kawe. Those canoes raced. 2. N. race, seuw g., a race.

gaguuwa (gaguuwaa). N. needle. Yoor yaal g. He has needles.

gai1 (gai). SUBJ. [1st per. pl. exclusive] we (excluding the hearer). G. mwongo. We are eating.

gai2 (gai). SUBJ. [2nd per. pl.] you (pl.), you guys. G. mwongo! You guys, eat!

gai3 (gai). N. penis, male genital. sefash g., a penis.


gilaat (ga-ilata). VI. to lean against, rest (against). Shoabut we ye g. tog woai. The woman leaned against me. SYN. ilaat.

gailang (gailanga). N. clan, tribe, tribal division. Bel mele yaai g. Bel is my clan.

Gailengaliweleya (gailangali-weleyaa). N. name of a clan in Woleai.
gailetab (ga-ila-tabo). VI. to lie down here and there, lie randomly. Re sa g. fengan yarem at lan imw we. People are lying around in the house here and there.

gaileti (ga-iletii). VT. [causative] distribute it, ration it. CF. ilet.

gaimweimw (ga-imwa-imwa). N. sheltered area on a canoe which is used on a long voyage. CF. imweimw.

gaiingeing (gaingainga). VI., Adj. to compete, contest, rival, emulate, competing. sho a g., competing people. Re g. They are competing.

gaiingiingiyy (ga-ingiingii-a). VT. [causative] make the edge sharp or pointed. CF. ingiing.

gaiingiy (gaingiya). N. iron wood tree (pemphis acidula).

gaita (ga-itaal). VT. [causative] give a name to him. Re g. mwal we. They gave a name to him. CF. it1.

gaiti (ga-itii). VT. [causative] imply it, give the clue of it. I g. tag shag nge ye sa giula. I only implied it, and then he knew it. CF. it3.

gaiu (gaiu). N. state of coconut spathe growth. g. mangiush, prematurity of coconut spathe.

Gaiufar (gaiufara). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

gaiul (gaiula). VN. to sling, throw, boomerang.

gaiuleshimw (ga-ula-shimwa). 1. VI., Adj. to bend one’s head down, drop one’s head, lower one’s head. Ye g. shoabut we. The woman bent her head. Ye g. shoabut we bon ye sa ma. The woman is bending down her head because she is ashamed. 2. ADV. [post-verbal] with the head bent forward. matt g., to be in a sitting position with the head bent forward.

gaiuliung (gaiuliunga). VI. to wander about or go around hoping to find something (which he usually finds). Ye tau g. He always goes around intentionally so people will offer him something.

gaiumasow (gaiu-masowa). VI., Adj. (to be) overgrown, mature, well-done (in the process of making tuba). Ye sa g. yat we. The coconut stock is overgrown. ANT. gaiumengiush.

gaiumasowa (gaiu-masowaa). VT. let it mature, make it well-done.
gaiumengiush (gaiu-mangiu-sha). VI., ADJ. (to be) immature or premature (of coconut stocks, in the process of making tuba). Ye shiuwel g. yat we. The coconut stock is still immature. ANT. gaiumasow, gaitag.

gaiurang (gaiurang-a). VI. to stick up one’s neck. Ye g. tag mwal we me liugiul wa we. The man stuck up his neck from behind the canoe.


gaiureiura (gaiuraiuraa). VT. estimate it, calculate it, compute it, appraise it. Ye g. He estimated it. CF. iureiur.

gaiureoiura (ga-iuraiuraa). [alternate spelling of gaiureiura (q.v.)]

gaiuriu (gaiuriu). VT. mark it, leave a trace on it. CF. kaiur.

gaius (gaiusiu). N. mast of a canoe, tower, pole, school of navigational training. sefash g., a pole.

Gaius (gaiusiu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

gaiuseius (gaiusaiusa). VI., ADJ. to act like a big-shot, stride, give oneself airs, bear oneself haughtily. mwal g., big-shot. Ye g. gemas mwal we. The man is acting like a big-shot.

gaiutag (gaiu-tage). VI. to be overgrown, over-mature (of coconut stocks, in the process of making tuba). Ye sa g. yat we. The coconut stock is overgrown. ANT. gaiumengiush.

gaiuwefar (gaiu-wafara). VN. to carry on the shoulders. Ye g. tuutu. He is carrying bags. CF. yefar.


gaiyaag (ga-iyaagi). VN. [causative] to divide, separate, part, split, sever. Re g. pitegiir. They divided up their belongings. CF. iyaag₁, gaiyaagiil.

gaiyaagiil (ga-iyaagii-a). VT. [causative] divide it, separate it, part it, split it, sever it. CF. iyaag₁, gaiyaag.
gaiyemweiuw (ga-iyemweiu-a). VT. [causative] separate it, partition it, restrict it. CF. iyemwoi.

gaiyemwesiuw (ga-iyemwesiu-a). VT. [causative] separate it, detach it, break it. CF. iyemwes.

gak (gaka). VN. to carry, convey, transport, take. Re lag g. tuutuul sho. They went to carry bags of copra.


gaker (ga-kere). VN. [causative] to make happy, satisfy, delight. CF. ker, gakere.


gaki (ga-kii). VT. [causative] pour it (as in pouring water from a bottle into a cup). G. gashi la. Pour that tuba. CF. ki3.

gakiti (ga-kitii). VT. [causative] make them small, diminish it, reduce it. CF. kit.

gakiula (gakiulaa). VI. to be obedient, generous. Sar we ye g. ngali melewe sin. That child is obedient to his mother.

gakiungiu (ga-kiungiu). VT. [causative] ring it, make it clang, make it sound. G. paarang! Ring the bell!

gakiutiw (gakiutiwa). VN. to make even, make two things meet each other. Ye g. ngashel giyegiy we. He pulled down the edge of the mat to make it even.

gako (gakoo). JAP. 1. N. a haircut style (a kind of crewcut). 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) cut (of hair) in gako style. Ye g. shimwel mwal we. The man’s hair is cut according to gako style.

gal (gala). ADV. [pre-verbal, pre-nominal] usually, habitually; only. Ye g. masiur. He habitually sleeps. G. gaang shag mele i mwongo. It was only I who ate.

gale- (gala-). N. [possessive classifier for food] gan, his food. galemam ig, our (excl.) food.

galebaas (galebaasi). SPANISH N. squash, pumpkin.
galengaay (galengaaya). N. a kind of fish.

galeoleo (ga-leoleo). vi. to urinate, spurt out. Ye g. sar we. The child is urinating. Ye siuri g. He stepped on it (a stone) to urinate.

galesebiun (gala-se-biuniu). vi., adj. (to be) short. mai g., short breadfruit. Ye g. pesheel. His legs are short.

galesemmwit (gala-se-mmwiti). vi. to be small, tiny, little. Ye g. ngetal. Its hole is too small.

galewa1 (galewaa). N. eighteenth day of the month.


galifa (ga-lifaa). vt. [causative] steal it, pilfer it. Yaretam we mele ye g. selaapiy we lai. The person was the one who stole my money. cf. lif.


galimelim (ga-lima-lima). vi. to beautify oneself, take care of one’s body. Ye tau g. gemas shoabut we. The woman is always taking good care of her body.

Galimeranel yengaang (ga-lima-raneli yengaanga). N. Friday (lit. fifth day of work).


galinga (ga-lingaa). vt. [causative] watch it, spot it, locate it. Re sa g. faliuw me wel gaius. They have spotted the island from the mast. cf. ling.

Galingaafang (galinga-afangi). N. name of a place on Falalus.
Galingaleo (*galinga-leo*). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Galingegar (*galinga -gara*). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Galingegiuw (*galinga-giuwa*). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Galingelamw (*galinga-lamwo*). N. name of a place on Tagailap.

Galingelifes (*galinga-lifasiu*). N. name of a place on Falalap.

galingeling (*ga-linga-linga*). VN. [causative] to watch expectantly. *Re sa g. lag shag waafaliuw.* They kept watching, expecting a ship. CF. ling, galinga.

galingeringeriiy (*ga-lingaringarii-a*). VT. [causative] make her angry, make her mad. CF. lingeringerer.

Galingesat (*galinga-sati*). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Galingewa (*galinga- waa*). N. name of a place on Falalap.

Galingeyaur (*galinga-yauru*). N. name of a place on Falalus.

galishouw (*ga-lishou-a*). VT. [causative] make him learn things easily. CF. lishou.

galiuf (*galiufa*). N. a kind of lizard (big ones).

galiugiuliug (*ga-liugiuliugiu*). VN. [causative] to make sure, convince. *Ye tau g.* He always makes sure. CF. liugiuliug1.

Galiugiuliugi (*ga-liugiuliugi*). VT. [causative] make it sure, make it certain, convince someone of it. CF. liugiuliug1.


galiutiu (*ga-liutiu*). [=ganiutiu (q.v.)]

Galiuw (*galiuwa*). N. a kind of hard-land tree (*cordia subcordata*). Originally from the sea.


galiuyeliuy (galiuyaliuya). N. a kind of fish (promecrops lanceolatus, etc.).

galiweliyi (ga-liweli-a). VT. [causative] change it, replace it, substitute it. CF. liiweil.

galiiyi (galiya). N. a kind of fish.


galiyechimweliyi (galiye-chimwali-yalo). N. a kind of fish (gymnocirrhites arcatus, etc.).

galiyechosh (galiye-chosho). N. a kind of fish (epinephelus elongatus, etc.).

galiyelyi (ga-liya-liya). VN. [causative] to pour, spill. Re g. gashi. They are pouring tuba.

galiyemaama (ga-liyemaamaa). VT. [causative] make her feel sad, make her feel lonely. CF. liyemaam.

galiyeshal (galiye-shalo). N. a kind of fish (epirephelus merra, etc.).

galiyourema (ga-liyouramaa). VT. [causative] make her feel lonely. CF. liyouram.

galo (galoo). VT. make it (into) sennit. Go be g. mena. You must make that into sennit.

galobulob (galobulobu). VI. to masturbate. Ye g. sarimwal we. Teh boy is masturbating. SYN. sir.

galogal (galo-galo). N. sennit.

galong (galonga). N. body, shell, tree-trunk. Ye sa nngaw galongai. My body is not in good condition.

galongal (galongali). N. absolutely, completely (lit. body of), really. Ye g. nngaw gemas lag tipei. I was really upset.
galoosh (galoosho). N. copper. Ye toulap g. woal Mariiken. There is much copper in America.

galoso (ga-losoo). VT. [causative] cause him to have boils. CF. los.


galuuw (ga-luu-a). VT. [causative] go beyond it, pass it. Wa we ye g. lag faliuw we. The canoe went beyond the island. CF. lu.

gamegela (ga-magala). VT. break it, split it. CF. megal.

gamelaat (gamelaati). N. native belt made out of turtle shell and seashell. Ye mwaremwar g. She is wearing a local belt.

gamelang (gamelangi). VI. to look, peep, watch, gaze at, spy on. Ye g. tag. He looked up.

gamelangi (gamelangii). VT. look at it, spy on him, watch him, gaze at him, peep at him, observe him. Mwal we ye g. shoabut we. The man spied on the woman. CF. kamelangileng.


gameot (ga-meta). [alternate spelling of gamet (q.v.)]

gameota (ga-metaa). [alternate spelling of gameta (q.v.)]

gameott (ga-metta). [alternate spelling of gamett (q.v.)]

gameotta (ga-mettaa). [alternate spelling of gametta (q.v.)]

gameragi (gameragii). VT. massage it, rub it. CF. gammerag.

gameremer (gameremere). VI. to be associated (with), make friends (with). Sar we ye sa bal g. ngali yaremat we. The child is now again making friend with the person.

gamesaash (gamesaashi). N. a kind of sea crab.

gamet (ga-meta). [=gamett] VN. [causative] to cook, prepare food. Re g. mwongo. They are cooking food. CF. mett.

gameta1 (ga-mataa). VT. [causative] stick it, thrust it, put it into. Ye g. tag bau we yaal. He stuck his fishing-pole up (on the wall). CF. mat4.


gamett (ga-metta). [=gamet (q.v.)]

gametta (ga-mettaa). [=gameta2 (q.v.)]


-gami (-gamii). [-gemi after a high vowel] [2nd per. pl. ob. suffix] you (pl.). giulaagami, know you people. werigemi, see you people.

gamis (gamisi). 1. N. paint, anointment. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) painted, anointed, drawn. imw g., painted house. Ye sa g. lag imw we. The house is painted.

gamisi (ga-misii). VT. [causative] make it slippery, make it greasy, make it smooth. CF. mmis.

gamisiliy (gamisisi-a). VT. paint it, anoint it. CF. gamis.

gammelang (gammelangi). VN. to look at, gaze at, observe.


gammerag (gammeragi). VI. to be massaged, rubbed. Ye be g. segai fegafeiy. My stomach will be massaged this evening.

gammoesaig (ga-mmesaiga). VI., ADJ. (to be) interesting, fabulous, entertaining, happy. mal m., happy person. Ye g. gemas Waikiki. Waikiki is a fabulous place. CF. mesaig.
gammesheog (gammesheogiu). vi. to frown, make a long face. Ye g. lag shoabut we. The woman frowned.


gammish (gammishi). vi. to make a sucking sound (as one made after eating or expressing praise). Ye g. lag mwal we. The man made a sucking sound.

gammwe (ga-mmwee). vt. [causative] make him sleep well, get him to bed. Shoabut we ye g. sar we laiul. The woman put her baby to sleep. Cf. mmwe.


gammwega (ga-mmwagaa). vt. [causative] suspect it, guess it. Ye g. be yoor mas. He suspects that there is someone who died. Cf. mmwag.


gammwera (gammwaraa). vt. carry it on the shoulders with a stick. Ye g. seuw shiug. He carried a basket on his shoulders with a carrying stick.


gammwit (gammwiti). vi. to make a mouth signal with sound for calling a female (normally in darkness), make a sound with one’s lips. Ye g. mwal we. The man made a sound with his lips.


gammwoorag (gammwooragi). vi. to sit (down) very slowly and passively. Ye sa g. tiw shoabut we. The woman sat down very slowly and sadly.


gamwe (gamwee). N. sea clam, sea shell (a large kind).


gamwesau (gamwesau). vi. to sneak out at night, commit adultery. Ye tau g. mwal we. The man always sneaks around at night trying to get girls.


gamwiri (gamwirii). VT. marry him or her (widower or widow of one’s relative). Mwal we ye g. melewe bisil. The man married his brother’s widow.

gamwitiyoayoali (ga-mwitiyoayoalii). VT. [causative] make it gluey, make it viscous. CF. mwitiyoayoa.

gamwiuchiu (ga-mwiuchiu). VT. [causative] visit every place. CF. mwiuch.


gamwuutiyyi (gamwuutiya). N. sweet potato. sefaiu g., a potato. sheol g., potato leaves.

gan (galala). N. his food, his sex organ. g. mwongo, his food.

ganeey (ganee-a). VT. [Requires a direct and an indirect object.] give him, send something to him. I g. mai we. I gave him the breadfruit.

ganefiris (gana-firi-si). ADV. [sentential exclamation] oh!, boy!, my goodness!, man alive! Ganefiris! Man alive!


ganesiu (ga-nesiu). VT. [causative] bend it, curl it, twist it. CF. nes.


ganger (gangere). VI. to clear one’s throat (by a cough-like action). Ye g. mwal we. The man cleared his throat.
gangi (gangii). VT. [Corresponding neutral verb is mwongo.] eat it. Ye g. mai we. He ate the breadfruit.

ganglingiy (ga-ngiingii-a). VT. [causative] sound it, cause it to make a sound. Ye g. tawil wa we waal. He sounded the siren of his ship.

gangiti (ga-ngitii). [=ganngiti (q.v.)]

gangiungiuw (ga-ngiungiu-a). VT. [causative] make a humming sound, make it produce a heavy sound. CF. ngiungiu3.


gangiushiungiusiu (ga-ngiushiu-ngiushiu). VN. [causative] to make people mad, make people tired. Ye tau g. He always makes people mad. CF. ngiush.

gangiut (ga-ngiutiu). VN. [causative] to mix preserved breadfruit with all ingredients and then pound and squeeze it, mix (e.g., flour with yeast). Re g. mar. They are mixing preserved breadfruit. CF. ngiut.


gangolongol (ga-ngolo-ngolo). VI., ADJ. (to be) jealous, show off, be admirable physically but unadmirable mentally. mal g., show-off person. Ye g. gemas sar we. The child really shows off. CF. ngol.

Ganigesh (ganigeshi). N. name of a place on Falalus.

ganigoou (galali-goou). N. copra given as payment for people’s contribution to one’s dead relatives. Ye toulap yaar g. They have a lot of copra-gifts.

ganimeshang (gani-meshangiu). [=gaalimeshang] VI., ADJ. (to be) restricted, forbidden, limited. biuleiu g., restricted area. Ye sa g. faliuw we. The island is being restricted. CF. meshang.
ganimeshangiuw (gani-meshangiu-a). [=gaalimeshangiuw] VT. restrict it, forbid it, limit it. Re sa g. lag faliuw we. They have restricted the island. CF. meshangiuw.

ganipiungiuw (ga-nipiungiu-a). VT. [causative] throw it, hurl it, fling it, cast it, pitch it. CF. nipiungiu-.

ganiur (ga-niuriu). N. hat. CF. niur.


ganngesa (ga-nngasaa). VT. [causative] revive him, restore him to life, resuscitate him. Ye g. sar we. He revived the child.

ganngewa (ga-nngawaa). VT. [causative] dislike him, hate him. Re g. shoabut we. They don’t like the woman. I g. skuul. I don’t like school. CF. nngaw.

ganngiti (ga-nngitii). [=gangiti] VT. [causative] make it tight, (make it) compact. Ye g. geogeol shiug we. He tied the basket very tightly.

ganngo (gannngoo). JAP. N. rice-cooker. Ye gamet peraaslan g. She cooks rice in a rice-cooker pot.

ganngonngo (ga-nngonngoo). VT. [causative] shake it, cause it to twitch. CF. nngonng.

ganog (ganogo). N. a kind of tree with sour fruits.

ganoog (ganee-go). VT. give to you. Ye log seliuw buk la i be g. I have three books to give to you. CF. ganeey.

gap1 (gapa). N. a kind of lavalava which has only two or three stripes and is not well woven.

gap2 (gapi). N. keel or bottom of a canoe, hip of a person. gapil wa, the bottom of a canoe.


gapeigiigiiy (ga-peigiigii-a). VT. [causative] tilt it, twist it. CF. peigiig.

gapeitaagiiy (ga-peitaagii-a). VT. [causative] let it hang down, droop it down. CF. peitaag.
gapeka (ga-pakaa). VT. [causative] make him hurry up, hasten it (a happening, etc.). Ye g. yaremat we. He made the person hurry up. Cf. pak1.

gapela (ga-pala). VT. [causative] dry it, desiccate it, drain it. Cf. pal1, palepal.

gapela- (gapala-). N. clothes, lavalava. gapelami, your (pl.) clothes. Bugosi fenganiy tabol gapelami. Tie the ends of your (pl.) clothes together.

gapelenng (gapelenngiu). VI. to blink, wink, twinkle. Ye g. metal. He blinks.


gapepepeo (ga-peopeo). N. going-away present, cloth or lavalava given to a person who is going on a journey. Ye toar yaal g. She does not have any going-away present to give.


gapeta (gapataa). VT. say it, talk about it. Gapeta! Say it!

gapetaag (gapetaagi). VN. to disclose, reveal, betray. Mwal we ye g. be yoor yaliuslan imw we. The man reveals that there is a ghost in the house.


Gapewel (gapeweli). N. name of a place on Wottagai.


gapeyas (gapeyasa). N. a kind of basket.

gapiche (gapili-shee). N. outrigger connective tie-brace (outside).

gapigep (gapi-gapi). N. coconut oil. gapitei g., my coconut oil for anointing.

Gapiileeirub (gapiileeirubu). N. ocean between Ifaluk and Elato.

gapilamw (gapi-lamwo). N. village, hamlet, rural community.

Gapilibel (gapili-beliu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

gapilifeshaiulap (gapili-feshaiulapa). VI. to elbow-smash. Re g. fengan. They elbow-smash each other.


gapiligat (gapili-gato). N. thatch rafter batten of a house.

gapiligiu (gapiligiu). N. back of the head. Ye was gapiligiu. The back of my head is wounded.

Gapilimogol (gapili-mogola). N. ocean between Woleai and Fais (traditionally considered a dangerous sea).

gapilipiing (gapili-piinga). N. end-wall eave purlin of a house.

gapilipinipeiu (gapilipili-paiu). N. elbow.

gapilipinipeshe (gapilipili-ipeshee). N. heel.

gapilitibelitettar (gapili-tibali-tattara). N. eave oblique rod batten of a house.

gapiliweiu (gapili-waiu). N. eave purlin of a house.

gapiliweuiulinipiing (gapili-waiuli-ni-piinga). N. end-wall eave batten of a house.
gapingeping (gapingapinga). N. hymn, song. gapinge pingel yalius, hymns.

gapit (gapiti). VN. to rub with the hands, oil the body, anoint. Re g. sho. They are anointing themselves with coconut oil.

gapita- (gapita-). N. [possessive classifier for anointing oil] gapitash, our (incl.) oil.

gapite- (gapita-). [alternant of *gapita-. Occurs before a high or low vowel.] N. [possessive classifier for anointing oil] Yoor gapitei poomaato. I have pomade.

gapiteg (ga-pitegi). N. property, belonging, thing. Ye tou lap g. shiul waafaliuw we. There were many things on the ship. SYN. piteg.

gapitegi (ga-pitegii). N. my sex organ (lit. my belonging). Ye nag waiu g. My sex organ is exposed.

gapiteli (gapita-lii). VT. own it as one’s anointment.

gapiti (gapitii). VT. apply lubricant to it, rub it with the hands, anoint it. G. sar la ngali sho. Anoint that child with copra oil.

gapiun (ga-piuniu). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) plugged up, constipated. Ye sa g. wa we. The hole in the canoe has been plugged up. 2. N. artificial hole. Yoor gapuniul wa we. There is a man-made hole in the canoe. SYN. piun.

gapiungiu (ga-piungiu). VT. [causative] make it fall. CF. ppiung1.

gapiungiupiung1 (ga-piungiupiungiu). VI. to make noise by beating something. Re g. They are making noise by beating on things. SYN. piungiupiung.

gapiungiupiung2 (ga-piungiupiungiu). VI. to do a kind of fishing in which people form a circle and splash water so that fish may hide. Re lag g. mwal. Men went splash-water fishing.

gapiuniu (ga-piuniu). VT. [causative] plug it up, stop it up, block it up. CF. piun.

gapiuniuw (ga-piuniu-a). VT. [causative] plug it up, block it up, stop it up. Ye g. ngat we. He plugged up the hole. CF. piun.

Gapiweiu (gapi-waiu). N. name of a place on Falalus.
gaporou (gaporou). N. a kind of basket. G. we ila ye chengag faal mwaluumw. The basket is hanging in the cooking house. SYN. gat3.

gapoupou (ga-pou-pou). VN. [causative] to dump, spill. Re lag g. lag pes. They went dumping garbage. CF. pou.

gapouw (ga-pou-a). VT. [causative] spill it, dump it (a solid thing). Re g. mwongo kawe. They dumped the food. CF. pou.

gapp (gappa). N. baby animal, baby bird.

gappela (ga-ppala). VT. [causative] go to the toilet, relieve oneself (lit. make oneself light). Mwal we ye lag g. The man went to the bathroom. CF. ppal.

gappelali (gappala-lii). VT. have it as one’s lavalava.


gappeshig (gappashigi). N. a very young bird of any kind, earliest stage of bird development. Ye shiuwel g. mal we. The bird is still in its earliest stage of growth and development.

gappey (gappeya). VI. to lean, incline. Ye sa g. lag liu we. The coconut tree is now leaning away.

gappeyal (gappa-yali). 1. N. bird of the stage just before it becomes an adult. 2. VI. to be at the stage at which a bird is learning to fly. Ye sa g. mal we. The baby bird is at the stage of growth and development where it is learning to fly.

gappiyo (gappiyoo). JAP. VN. to announce, declare.

gar1 (gara). VI., ADJ. (to) dry (of throat), thirsty. iuw g., dry throat.

gar2 (gari). VI., ADJ. to be tired of, sick of, fearful of unwanted past experiences, scary. mal g., scary animate. Ye sa g. gemas mwal we reel yengaang. The man is tired of working.

gare (garee). 1. ADV. [pre-sentential or post-sentential] by any chance, if; is that so?, right? G. go be mwongo, ila nge i be mwongo. If you eat, then I will eat. Ye sa lag, gare? He left, right? 2. CONJ. or, whether, if; about, as to, concerning. gaang g. iiy, he or I. I gal niuniuwan lag shag g. meta mele ye foori melekaal iyang. I often wonder about why he does these things.
garebal (garebaliiu). N. a kind of strand plant (*ipomoea pes-caprae subsp. brasiliensis*).

gareere (gareeree). VN. to wonder, be uncertain about, guess, assume. *Re sa g. fetal gare iteiu mele ye pira selaaapiy we.* They have not been certain about who stole the money.

Garegaimwow (garegaimwowa). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

garegalinimal (garaga-li-mi-mala). N. a kind of hard-land plant (*centella asiatica*).

garegar (garagar). N. gray-backed tern. *I weri semal g.* I saw a gray-backed tern.

garengaap1 (garengaapa). N. bonito (aku).

garengaap2 (garengaapa). N. a kind of bottle with a short neck.

gareota (ga-retaa). [alternate spelling of gareta (q.v.)]

garep (ga-repa). VI., ADJ. to be near, come close, close-by, neighboring.
*imw g.*, neighboring house. *Ye sa g. faliuw.* The island is near. SYN. rep.

garepa (ga-repaa). VT. be close to it, near it, approach it. *Iulitiw ye g.* Yap. Ulithi is close to Yap. CF. rep, garep.

garepaayai (garepaa-yai). VT. approach me, come close to me.

gareperep (ga-repa-repa). VI. to get closer, be approaching. *Wa we ye sa g. ngali faliuw.* The canoe is getting closer to the shore.

gareta1 (garataa). VT. visit it, go to it. *Ye g. paangal faliuw.* He went to every island.

gareta2 (ga-retaa). VT. [causative] finish it, complete it, accomplish it. CF. ret.

gareta- (gareta-). N. end, tip, extremity. garetal sar, the smallest child.

gariffeeiu (gari-ffeeiu). VI., ADJ. (to be) cold, chilly. *faliuw g.*, cold island. CF. feoiu.

gariffeeoiu (gari-ffeeiu). [alternate spelling of gariffeeiu (q.v.)]
garigirig \((\text{garigirigi})\). N. block used on the canoe sail.

garip \((\text{garipi})\). N. beach crab.

garis \((\text{garisi})\). vi. to make oneself look good, show off, look sexy. Ye \textit{g. shoabut we}. The woman always makes herself look good.

garisi \((\text{garisii})\). vt. make him look sexy, make him look good.

gariug \((\text{ga-riugiu})\). vi. [Occurs with a directional.] to bend, bow. Ye \textit{g. tiw}. He bent down. SYN. \textit{riugiu-}.

gariugiu \((\text{ga-riugiu})\). vt. [causative] wait until it passes. CF. \textit{riug}.

\textit{Gariugiutiw} \((\text{gariugi-tiwe})\). N. name of a place on Falalus.

gariusiu \((\text{ga-riusii})\). vt. [causative] frighten him, scare him. CF. \textit{rius1}.

gariuweiga \((\text{ga-riuwa-igaa})\). vt. [causative] make it twenty. Ye \textit{sa g}. He has made it twenty. CF. \textit{riuweig}.

\textit{Gariuweranel yengaang} \((\text{ga-riuwa-raneli yengaanga})\). N. Tuesday (lit. second day of work).

gariyaali \((\text{ga-riyaalii})\). vt. [causative] make him suffer, trouble him. CF. \textit{riya}.

garousa \((\text{ga-rousaa})\). vt. [causative] hurt him, give pain to him. CF. \textit{rous}.

garup\textsubscript{1} \((\text{garupa})\). vi. to climb awkwardly. Ye \textit{g. tag shiul mai}. He climbed up the breadfruit tree awkwardly.

garup\textsubscript{2} \((\text{garupa})\). vi. to finger the female sex organ. Ye \textit{giula g. mwal we}. The man knows how to finger the female sex organ.

garus \((\text{garusu})\). vn. to mix, blend, fuse.

garuwouw \((\text{ga-riuwa-uwa})\). 1. N. polygamy type of marriage. 2. vi. to have two wives. Ye \textit{g. mwal we}. The man has two wives.

gaseiga \((\text{ga-se-igaa})\). vt. [causative] make it ten. CF. \textit{seig}.

gaseiule (ga-seiulee). VT. [causative] swing it, sway it. CF. seiul.
gaseuleiule (ga-seiuleiulee). VT. [causative] be swinging it. CF. seiul.
gaselaab (gaselaabu). VI. to splash, pound, hit. Pagow we ye sa g. woal tat. The shark is splashing in the water.
gaselimelu (ga-seli-maliu-a). VT. make it three (animate objects).
Gaseliranel yengaang (ga-seli-raneli yengaanga). N. Wednesday (lit. third day of work).
Gasemattiw (gasemattiwe). N. name of a place on Falalap.
gaseoseo (gaseoseo). VI. to rest, relax. Re g. yaremat kawe. Those people are resting.
gasere (ga-seree). VT. [causative] make it hit, cause it to bump (against), pour it, spill it. Ye g. wa we ngali wosh we. He made the canoe hit the reef. CF. ser1.
gasesser (ga-sessere). VN. [causative] to pour, spill. Ye g. shal. He is pouring water.
gash1 (gasha). N. tack (sailing term). Ye sa g. wa we. The canoe is making a tack.
gash2 (gashi). 1. VI., ADJ. to decay, be stale, decaying, rotten. Ye sa g. ira yeel. This wood is decaying. 2. N. saw-dust-like substance found in rotten or decaying wood. Ye toulap g. lan ira yeel. There is much saw-dust-like substance in this wood.
gasheey (ga-shee-a). VT. [causative] throw it, pitch it, cast it, hurl it, make him escape. Ye g. lag faiu we. He threw away the rock. CF. che2.

gashemwoal (gashemwoalo). VI. to tap one’s palm on one’s elbow. Ye g. mwal we. The man is tapping his palm on his elbow.

gasheppaaiu (gashe-ppaaiu). VI. to swim swiftly by using arm strokes. Ye g. fetal. He is swimming around very swiftly.

gashetag (gashetage). VI., ADJ. (to be) exhausted, tired, worn out. ig g., exhausted fish. Ye sa g. ig we. The fish is exhausted.

gashi (gashii). N. tuba, liquor, alcoholic beverage.

gashigera (ga-shigeraa). VT. [causative] let it be calm, make it peaceful. Gashigera nge go mwaash lag! Wait till it becomes calm and then go.

gashigeshig (ga-shigashiga). ULITHIAN. VI., ADJ. (to get) tired, take trouble. Ye sa g. gemas mwal we. The man is very tired. Go sa g. Thank you.

gashimem (gashii-mami). N. sweet tuba. Yoor yaai g. I have sweet tuba.

gashiregiiy (ga-shiiragii-a). VT. [causative] wet it, moisten it. CF. shiireg.

gashimwe (ga-shimwee). VT. [causative] make it move up and down. CF. shimweshimw.

gashingaag (gashingaago). VI. to be noisy, make a loud noise. Ye tau g. shoabut we. The woman always makes loud noises.


gashingal (gashingala). N. a kind of fish.

gashipeship (ga-shipe-shipe). VN. [causative] to comfort, apologize, persuade, console. Ye toulap matemetal g. le si gal foori ngali yaremats. There are various kinds of systems which we follow to comfort people. CF. ship₁.

gashiwa (ga-shiwa). VT. [causative] make it move away, chase it away, remove it, get rid of it, fire him. G. molofitimem. Forgive us (lit. remove) our sins. CF. shiw₁, kashiw.

gashiwefaiu (ga-shiuwa-faiu). VI. to be pulled by a rope which is tied to a rock, warp. Ye g. wa we. The canoe is pulled by a rope which is tied to a rock.

gashiweshiuw (ga-shiuwa-shiuw). VI. to sing a song (over a dead person). Ye g. woal mas we. She was singing some chants over the dead person. (gefaamash).

gashiyeshiy (ga-shiya-shiya). VI. to be of help, be helpful, be of service. Ye sa bal g. ngaliyeyi. He is now again trying to side up with me. CF. shiyel.

gashiyou (gashiyou). N. a kind of tree with red bushy flowers (ixora casei).

gashoosho (gashoooshoo). VI. to try desperately, try hard. Ye g. gemas tarimwal we. The young man is trying desperately.

gashooyag (gashooyagi). VI. to try hard, sacrifice. Ye g. gemas sar we. The child is trying very hard.

gashorong (ga-shorongo). [alternant of gachorong (q.v.)]

gashu₁ (gashuu). 1. N. news, information, message. Ye sa buutog waal g. The canoe carrying the news has come. 2. VI. to go out on an official trip and announce that certain things such as meeting or fighting will take place at a certain time and place.

gashu₂ (ga-shuu). VT. [causative] add it, collect it. Ruwouw nge go be g. ngali ruwouw ila nge ye bel faauw. Two and two equal four. CF. shu.


gasi (gasii). VT. carry it, take it, convey it, transport it.

gasiiga (gasiigaa). 1. N. salt. Your g. lan leo we. There is salt in the bottle. 2. vi., adj. (to be) salty. Ye g. gemas ig kaal. These fish are very salty.


gasirisiri (ga-siri-sirii). move it up and down (as in masturbation). Ye g. paiul. He is moving his hand up and down.

gasiubiugiuu (ga-siu-biugiwa). vi., adj. to kneel down, fall on one’s knees, kneeling. shoa g., kneeling people. gasiubiugiwa, make him kneel. Ye g. shoabut we lan geleisiya. The woman knelt down in the church.

gasiungeriu (ga-siungeriu). vt. [causative] crunch it, crush it, grind (it) up. cf. siungeriunger.

gasiureg (gasiuregi). n. tree branch placed outside the house for hanging purposes. Shug we ila ye chengag shiul g. The basket is hanging on the tree branch.

gasiuw (ga-siu-a). vt. [causative] build it, make it stand, erect it. Ye g. imw we. He built the house. cf. siu.

gasiyemwaaiuw (ga-siyemwaaiu-a). vt. [causative] make him have a big stomach. cf. siyemwaaiu.

gaskuul (ga-skuula). vn. [causative] to teach, instruct. cf. skuul, gaskuula.


gasongasiiyi (ga-songasii-a). vt. cause him to be busy. cf. soongasi.

gasosomal (gasosomaliu). vi. to mimic others, imitate somebody either verbally or nonverbally. Ye tau g. He always imitates people.

gasousou (ga-sou-sou). VN. [causative] to throw straight, pitch straight. CF. sou, gasouw.

gasouw1 (ga-sou-a). vt. [causative] say goodbye to him, see him off on a trip. Ye g. lag sar we. He said goodbye to the child who was going on a trip. CF. sou.

gasouw2 (ga-sou-a). vt. [causative] throw it straight, pitch it straight. Ye g. piisega we. He threw the spear. CF. sou.


gassemmwiti (ga-sse-mmwiti). vi., adj. very small, tiny. mal g., tiny animal.


gassit (ga-ssita). VN. [causative] to make strong, make hard. CF. ssit, gassita.


gassiu (ga-ssiu). VN. [causative] to build, erect. Re g. imw. They are building a house. CF. gasiuw, siu.

gassiung (gassiungiiu). vi., adj. (to be) indifferent, pretend to have no interest. Ye g. sar we. The child pretends that he has no interest in whatever is being offered to him.

gassiuyelaiiy (ga-ssiuyelaii-a). vt. [causative] make it last longer. CF. ssiuyelai.

gassiy (gassiya). 1. n. question, interrogation. Yoor yaai g. I have a question. 2. VN. to ask, question, interrogate. Ye tau g. He is always asking (questions).

gassobu (ga-ssobuu). vt. [causative] let it drop, make it drip, make it drizzle. CF. ssob.

gassoong (ga-ssoonga). vn. [causative] to tease, make angry. Ye tau g. He is always teasing people. CF. ssoong.

gassoonga (ga-ssoongaa). vt. [causative] tease him, make him angry or mad. CF. ssoong.

gassorou (ga-ssorou). vi. to show esteem, honor, revere or respect. Ye g. woar tamwel. He shows respect to chiefs. CF. sorou.

gassou (ga-ssou). vn. [causative] to say goodbye to, see on a trip. CF. gasouw1.


Gasurolamw (gasuro-lamwo). n. name of a place on Falalus.

Gasuroleo (gasuro-leo). n. name of a place on Wottagai.

gasuusu (ga-suu-su). vn. [causative] to spill, pour. CF. su, gasuuw.

gasuuw (ga-suu-a). vt. [causative] pour it, spill it, bottom it up. Ye g. shal we. He poured the water. CF. su.

gasuuweliy (ga-suuweli-a). vt. [causative] exchange it, change it. CF. suuwel.

gat1 (gata). n. child, infant. Ye sa tang g. we. The infant is crying.

gat2 (gato). n. thatch rafter of a house. Ye toulap gatol imw we. That house has many thatch rafters.

gat3 (gato). n. a kind of small basket for food.
gatecha *(ga-tachaa)*. **VT. [causative]** rip it, tear it, rend it, destroy it. **SYN. gatera. CF. tach, getach.**

gatefaali *(ga-tefaalii)*. **VT. [causative]** make him go back, return him, send him back. **CF. tefaal.**

gatefati *(ga-tefattii)*. **VT. [causative]** deceive him, cheat him, trap him.  **CF. ttefat.**

gategariuwaali *(ga-tegariuwaa-lli)*. **VT. [causative]** let the liquid run down. **CF. tegariuwa.**

gatel *(gateliu)*. **VI.** to be sleepy, drowsy.

Gatemaang *(gatemaanga)*. **N.** name of a clan in Lamotrek and Satawal.

gatemaliboot *(gatamali-booti)*. **N.** nostril (lit. door of nose). **Ye ngaw gatemalibootil his nostrils are ugly.**

gatemwaauiuw *(ga-temwaiiu-a)*. **VT. [causative]** make him sick. **Ye sa g. sar yeel. It has made this child sick. CF. temwaiiu.**

gateo *(ga-teo)*. **VT., VN.** [As a **VT.**, it occurs before a non-particle adverb.] to make (him) climb, make (him) crawl. **Ye sa g. fenganiir. He made them crawl to each other. CF. gateow1.**

gateol *(gateliu)*. [alternate spelling of gatel (q.v.)]

gateoreong *(ga-terengiu)*. [alternate spelling of gatereng (q.v.)]

gateoreonng *(ga-terenngiu)*. [alternate spelling of gaterenng (q.v.)]

gateoteo *(ga-teo-teo)*. **VN.** [causative] to move things around (as in a chess game), remove, transfer. **Re tau g. kepat. They always carry news around. Ye g. tiw sar we. He put down the child. CF. gateow1.**

gateow1 *(ga-teo-a)*. **VT.** [causative] remove it, move it, transfer it, put it. **G. laniyel leo la. Remove the bottle from its position. Ye g. tiw sar we. He put down the child. CF. teo1, kateoteo.**

gateow2 *(ga-teo-a)*. **VT.** pay his fare. **Ye g. Mary. He paid Mary’s way (fare).**
gateow\textsubscript{3} (ga-teo-a). VT. [causative] interpret it, translate it. John mele ye g. mwaliyeer. John was the one who interpreted their speeches. CF. teo\textsubscript{4}, kateo.

gatera (ga-taraa). VT. [causative] rip it, tear it, rend it, destroy it, break it. Ye g. lag imw we. He destroyed the house. SYN. gatecha. CF. tar\textsubscript{1}.

gateragi (ga-teragii). VT. (causative) drive it, steer it. G. stoosa la. Drive that car. CF. terag.

Gateralima (gateralimaa). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

gaterenng (ga-terenngiu). VI., VN. [causative] to talk loud, make a loud noise. Re g. yaremat. People make too much noise. Re g. lag shag lugol bong. They were noisy at midnight. SYN. terenng.

gatetag (ga-tatage). VI. to move up, rise, come up. Ye g. sekiut. She moves up a little.

gatettar (ga-tattara). VN., VI. [causative] to rip, tear, rend, destroy, be breaking, destroyed. Re g. kaagool. They are taking the boxes apart. Ye sa g. lag imw we. The house is being destroyed. CF. tar\textsubscript{1}, gatera.

Gaterwaali (ga-tewaalii). VT. [causative] hatch it, incubate it. Maliug we ye g. siugiun we. The chicken caused the eggs to hatch. CF. tewa.

Gaterwasiyi (ga-tewasii-a). VT. [causative] break it, destroy it. Ye g. piletou we. He broke the window.

Gatibetib (ga-tibatiba). VN. to imply, hint, suggest, make an indirect request. Ye sa g. shag be re be gak tog gashi. He is repeatedly implying that they bring some liquor to drink.

Gatige (ga-tige). VT. [causative] tilt it, slant it. CF. tig\textsubscript{1}, gatigetig.

Gatigetig (ga-tige-tige). VI., ADJ. (to be) slanted, decline, set in a 45 degree position. Ye g. wa we. The canoe is slanted. SYN. tig\textsubscript{1}.

Gatigitig (ga-tigi-tigi). VI. to be whistling, making a sound. Re g. They are whistling.
gatiig (gatiigo). VI., ADJ. to show off, boast, give oneself airs, talk big, pride oneself upon, boastful. *sar g.*, a show-off child. *Ye g. gemas mwal we.* The man showed off a great deal.

gatiipaiuw (ga-tii-paiu-a). VT. point it, direct it.

gatiipeiu (ga-tii-paiu). VN. to point, direct. *Ye g. tag.* He pointed eastward.

gatiiti (ga-tii-tii). 1. VN. [causative] to point, make stick out. *Ye g. fetal.* He is pointing around. 2. N. index finger. CF. Ti1.

gatiyy (ga-tii-a). VT. [causative] stick it up, thrust it, push it, point it. *Ye g. tag melewe galiul.* He sticks up his finger. CF. Ti1.

Gatiiyal (gatiiyala). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

gatik (gatika). VN. to cut something (with a knife) and lift it up. *Re g. sho.* They are making copra.

gatilipeiu (gatili-paiu). VN. to wear around the arms. *Ye g. ubut.* He is wearing young coconut leaves around his arms.

gatinap (gatinapa). VI., ADJ. to show off, (be) boastful. *mal g.*, show-off person. *Ye g. gemas mwal we.* The man is quite boastful.

gatiri (ga-tirii). VT. [causative] make it fast or swift. CF. ttir.

gatiuttiul1 (ga-tiuttiula). VN. [causative] to lead the chorus, take the lead (in). *Mwal we mele ye g. yaar gashiweshiuw.* The man is the one who led the mourners in the chanting ceremony. CF. tiuttiul.

gatiuttiul2 (ga-tiuttiula). VN. [causative] to announce to the relatives of a dead person the number of lavalavas and clothes that are brought for the dead. *Re sa g. yaar tiugitiug.* They are now announcing the number of lavalavas and clothes. CF. tiuttiul.

gatiuw (gatiu-a). VT. dye it, put color on it. *Ye sa g. mengaag we.* She dyed the cloth. CF. katiu.

gatiwe (ga-tiwee). VT. [causative] strip it off, remove it. *Ye g. tiw melewe mengaagul.* He removed his clothes. CF. katiw, tiw.

gatiweli (gatiwelii). VT. prevent it, block it, hinder it, obstruct it, stop it. *Ye g.* He blocked it.
gatiya (ga-tiyaa). vt. [causative] make it compact, compress it, squeeze it, push it. kekatiya, be compacting it. Cf. tiy.

Gatiyefal (gatiya-fala). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Gatiyefash (gatiya-fasha). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Gatiyegarig (gatiya-garigi). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Gatiyegul (gatiya-gulu). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Gatiyeis (gatiya-isa). N. name of a place on Falalap.

Gatiyeliug (gatiya-liugi). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Gatiyemaaw (gatiya-maawa). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Gatiyemaliug (gatiya-maliuga). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Gatiyemaw (gatiya-mawa). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Gatiyemerat (gatiya-marata). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Gatiyemeshar (gatiya-mesharo). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Gatiyemweg (gatiya-mwegiu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Gatiyeporou (gatiya-porou). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Gatiyeppiy (gatiya-ppiya). N. name of a place on Falalus and Sulywap.

Gatiyerang (gatiya-rango). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Gatiyeshal (gatiya-shaliu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Gatiyewa (gatiya-waa). N. name of a place on Falalap.

Gatiyewosh (gatiya-wosha). N. name of a place on Falalap.

Gatiyeyal (gatiya-yala). N. name of a place on Falalus.


gatogobei (gatogobei). N. a kind of hard-land plant (piper fragile).
Gatogobei (gatogobei). N. Tobi in Palau District.

gatolo (ga-toloo). VT. [causative] watch it till it disappears. CF. tol.

gatoolang (gatoolangi). N. a kind of tree.


gatorofagiyy (ga-torofagii-a). VT. [causative] make him dive into the water. CF. torofag.

gatou (gatou). VI., ADJ. (to be) hewed, chopped, hollowed (out). wa g. we, the hollowed canoe. Ye sa g. wa we. The canoe has been hewed.

gatoura (ga-touraa). VT. [causative] help him survive, have him escape. CF. tour1.

gatt (gattiu). N. finger, toe. segatt g., a finger, a toe. CF. -gatt.

-gatt (-gattiu). [-gett after a high vowel] N. [numeral classifier for finger lengths] segatt, one finger length. riuwegatt bulag, two finger lengths of taro. seligatt yat, a three finger length spathe. CF. gatt.

gatutfas (gatutfasho). VI. to sit with one’s legs outstretched, out-stretch one’s legs. Ye g. shoabut we. The woman’s legs are out-stretched.

gatteiuy (ga-tteiuya). VN. [causative] to collect, pick up, gather. Re g. sho. They are collecting copra. CF. tteiuy2.

gatteoo (ga-tteo). 1. N. fare, payment of fare. 2. VN. to pay the fare. Ye toar gatteo shoabut we. The woman does not have enough money to pay her fare. CF. gateow2.

gattepaa (ga-ttapaa). VT. [causative] touch it, put a hand on it, reach it, get ready for it. Mwal we ye g. pesheel shoabut we. The man touched the legs of the woman. CF. tap3, gettap.

gattewaa (ga-ttewaa). VI., ADJ. (to be) hatched, incubated. Ye sa g. siugiun we. The egg has been hatched. CF. tewa, gatewaali.
gattig1 (gattiga). vi. to lie, tell a lie. yaal g., his lying.

gattig2 (ga-ttigi). vn. [causative] to make noise, whistle with the mouth using the fingers, play (a musical instrument). cf. ttig.

gattiga (gattigaa). vt. tell him a lie.

gattigi (ga-ttigi). vt. [causative] make it sound, play it (a musical instrument). I tipeli Bill be ye be g. piano we. I want Bill to play the piano. cf. ttig.

gattittig (ga-ttittigi). vn. [progressive form of gattig] to be playing (a musical instrument), making noises. Ye g. gita. He is playint the guitar.

ättiugeo (gattiugeo). vn. to question, investigate, search for the truth. Ye tau g. He always questions people.

ättiugeow (gattiugeo-a). vt. question him, investigate it, search it. Ye g. shoabut we. He questioned the woman.

ättiulap (gatti-ulapa). n. the thumb, the big finger.

ättiuliyal (gattiuli-yalo). n. star fish.

ättiununug (gattiuli-luugo). n. the middle finger.

ättiushig (gatti-ushi). n. a little finger.

ättiutug (gatti-utu). n. the ring finger.

ättiuyereer (gatti-uyereere). n. the index finger.

gatub1 (ga-tubu). vn. [causative] to watch something going down. Re g. yal. They are watching the sun going down. cf. tub.

gatub2 (ga-tubu). vn. [causative] to make a deep hole (in a board), carve. Ye ngaw gatubul ira we. The carving on the board is not done properly.

gatubu (ga-tubuu). vt. [causative] sink it, let it sink, let it go down. Ye g. tiw leo we. He put down the bottle in the water. cf. tub.
gatubufius (ga-tubu-fiusiu). 1. N. setting stars. 2. vi. to learn about setting stars (navigational stars). 
Re g. They are watching and learning about the setting (navigational) stars. ANT. getagefius.

Gatubuyal (ga-tubu-yalo). N. name of a place on Falalus.

gatumwulo (ga-tumwuloo). VT. [causative] raise it, grow it, rear it. Ye g. mai we. She grew the breadfruit tree properly. CF. tumwul.

gauwmulepa (ga-umwu-lapa). VT. add more to it.

gauroura (gaurouraa). N. a kind of sea shell.

gauru1 (gauruu). VT. [Appears with a directional.] move it, remove it, shift it. G. tag teramw. Move your belt upward.


gaurumeta (ga-uru-mataa). VT. [causative] wash (someone’s) face. CF. urumat.


gauwhel (ga-uu-a). VT. [causative] make it overflow, cause it to be overloaded. CF. uu-.

gauwa (gauwaa). VI. to whistle with the lips. kekauwa, to be whistling.

gauwaali (gauwaa-lii). VT. whistle to him. CF. gauwa.

gauwele (ga-uwlee). VT. [causative] make it straight. CF. uwel.

gauweliuw (gauweliuwa). 1. VN. to decorate, ornament, adorn, embellish. 
Re g. imw. They are decorating houses. 2. N. decoration, adornment, ornamentation. Ye toulap g. There are lots of decorations.
gaw \((gawa)\). VI., ADJ. to flee, run away, escape, fly (away), escaping, avoid. \(mal\ g\), run-away person. \(Re\ sa\ g.\ tangi\ faliuw\). They have run away from the island.

-gaw \((-gawa)\). N. [numeral classifier for the arms of an octopus or a squid] \(seligaw\), three arms of an octopus. CF. gaw.

gawe \((ga-wee)\). VT. [causative. Occurs with the preposition \(ngali\ ‘to’\).] compare him to, liken him to, think him to resemble. \(I\ g.\ ngali\ John\). From my judgement, I would say that he resembles John. CF. weewe.

gaweeewe \((gaweewee)\). VI. to discuss, decide, make a long discussion of a simple matter. \(Ye\ toulap\ yaar\ g.\) They discussed it at a considerable length, but actually it was a very simple matter.

gawegaw \((gawagawa)\). N. a kind of fish \((chlorurus\ pulchellus,\ etc.)\).

gawelewele \((ga-wele-welee)\). VT. [causative] make it straight or steady. CF. welewel.

gawelibuuwa \((ga-welibuuwaa)\). VT. [causative] to wish him good luck. CF. welibuuw.

-aweligel \((gaweligaliga)\). VI., ADJ. (to be) colorful, extraordinary. \(Ye\ bal\ g. mwo\ mengaag\ yeel!\) How extraordinary this cloth is!

gaweri \((ga-werii)\). VT. [causative] show it, demonstrate it. \(Ye\ g.\ ngali\ John.\) He showed it to John. CF. weri.

gawolootiw \((ga-woloo-tiwe)\). VT. [causative] put him down. CF. wolotiw.

gawotag \((gawotagi)\). VI. to leave secretly, sneak off. \(Mwal\ we\ ye\ sa\ g.\ me\ lan\ giubul.\) The man left the partly secretly.

gayeemeta \((ga-yeemataa)\). VT. [causative] cook it prematurely. CF. yemat.

-ayeiyewela \((ga-yeiyewalaa)\). ULITHIAN. VT. to be uncertain about it. CF. yeiyewal.

gayeor\ ngali \((ga-yeori\ ngalii)\). VT. [causative compound] familiarize him with it. CF. yeori.

gayeow \((ga-yeo-a)\). VT. [causative] make him accustomed to it. CF. yeo1.


gayogo (ga-yogoo). VT. [causative] capture it, catch it. CF. yog2.


-ge (-ga). [alternant of -ga (q.v.)]

ge- (ga-). [alternant of ga- (q.v.)]

geba (ga-baa). VN. [causative] to pick, dig, make something to come up. Shoabut we ye g. bulag. The woman is digging taro. CF. ba1.

gebaass (ga-baassiu). VN. [causative] to catch by contaminating with smoke. Re lag g. yaff wool Piyal. They went coconut crabbing with torches on Piyal. CF. baass.

gebabb (ga-babba). 1. VN. to pound (taro) mixing boiled coconut milk. Re g. bulag. They are pounding taro. 2. ADJ. pounded. bulag g., pounded taro.

gebagiul₁ (gebagiula). N. a kind of dance.

gebagiul₂ (gebagiula). N. a kind of lavalava.

gebang (ga-bangi). VI. to wrestle, learn wrestling techniques. Re g. They are wrestling. Ye giula matemetal g. He knows all kinds of wrestling tactics.


gebasiuw (ga-basiu-a). VT. [causative] make him tired, bore him. Ye g. mwal we. He made the man tired. CF. bas. to bark, shout.

gebat (ga-bata). 1. VI. to yell, shout, bark. gabetal gelaag, barking of dogs. Ye g. He yelled. 2. N. yelling, shouting. seuw g., a yell.

gebatting (gebattinga). VI. to frown, knit one’s brows, make a wry face. Ye g. metal shoabut we. The woman is frowning.
**gebbar** (*ga-bbaro*). VN. [causative] to bend, make something curved. *Re g. paarang.* They are bending steel. CF. **bbar.**

**gebbaro** (*ga-bbaroo*). VT. [causative] bend it, curve it. *Ye g. paarang we.* He bent the steel. CF. **bbar.**

**gebbarog** (*gebbarogo*). VI. to walk with one’s body stooped, bow, stoop. *Ye g. shoabut we.* The woman walks with her body stooped.

**gebbarotefaliy** (*ga-bbaro-tefalii-a*). VT. [causative] bend it backward. *Ye g. paarang we.* He bent the steel backward.

**gechaali** (*ga-chaa-lii*). VT. [causative] make it red. CF. **cha.**

**gechabu** (*ga-chabuu*). VT. [causative] hit it. CF. **chab.**

**gechau** (*ga-chau*). VN. [causative] to weigh, make heavy. *Re g. sho.* They are weighing copra. CF. **chau2.**

**gechauw1** (*ga-chau-a*). VT. [causative] make him reluctant. CF. **chau1.**

**gechauw2** (*ga-chau-a*). VT. [causative] weigh it, make it heavy. *G. sho we.* Weigh that copra. CF. **chau2.**

**gechauw metal** (*ga-chau-a matala*). VT. [compound] make him sleepy (lit. make his eyes heavy). CF. **chaumat.**

**geel** (*geela*). PRON. [2nd per. sing.] you. *G. mele go sa weri.* You are the one who saw it.

**gefaaiul** (*gefaaiula*). N. spoiled food. *Shoabut re gal mwongo g.* Women often eat spoiled food.

**gefaaliyel** (*ga-faali-yali*). VI. to circle, come frequently. *Ye sa g. shag skooki.* The plan comes frequently.

**gefaaliyeliy** (*ga-faali-yali-a*). VT. to come near it frequently.

**gefaaman** (*ga-faa-maliu-li*). [ordinal numeral compound] fourth animate object. *g. yaremat,* the fourth person.

**gefaamash** (*gefaamasha*). N. white morning-glory (*ipomoea tuba*).

**gefaani** (*ga-faanii*). VT. [causative] turn it. CF. **faaliyel.**
gefaaragiyy (ga-faaragii-a). VT. [causative] make him walk. Re sa g. tag sar we. They let the child walk up.

Gefaaranel yengaang (ga-faa-raneli yengaanga). N. Thursday (lit. fourth day of work).

gefach (gefacha). N. rope or sennit connecting the canoe sail to the sail frame. Ye sa nngaw gefechal wa we. The sennits connecting the sail and its frame need repair.

gefai (gefai). vi. to be in love, make love. Re g. shoa kawe. Those people are in love with each other.

gefailek (ga-failekiu). vi. to pass each other. Mwal we me shoabut we re g. The man and the woman pass each other. CF. failek.

gefaileok (ga-failekiu). [alternate spelling of gefailek (q.v.)]

gefaili (ga-failii). VT. [causative] exchange them, make them pass each other. CF. fail.

gefailiil (ga-faili-ilii). vi. to go back and forth frequently. Ye sa g. sheg. It is going back and forth.

gefailliweiu (ga-failii-waiu). VT. [causative] make him go out further. CF. failliweiu.


gefaiyebutoow (ga-faiya-butoo-a). VT. [causative] cause him to have bad luck. Re g. melewe temaar. They caused their father to have bad luck.


gefal (ga-faliu). N. dangerous things such as spines, blades, thorns. Ye toulap gefan ig la. That fish has many dangerous parts. CF. fal1.

gefalefal1 (ga- falafala). N. coffee senna (fleurya ruderalis).
gefalefal₂ (ga-falafala). vi. to make preparations, wait cautiously. Ye sa g. long lettaw wa we. The vessel is making preparations to enter the channel.

gefalefal₃ (ga-fala-fala). 1. vn. [causative] to make steps on (a tree, etc.). 2. n. steps on a coconut tree. Ye siu lan g. He is standing in the steps on the coconut tree. cf. falefal.

gefalefela₁ (ga-fala-falaa). vt. [causative] make steps on it. Ye g. liu we. He is making steps on the trunk of the coconut tree. cf. falefal.

gefalefela₂ (gafalafala). vt. tell him off, make nasty remarks to him. Re g. nngewa mwal we. They were making nasty remarks to the man.

gefali (ga-falii). vt. [causative] restrict him, limit it. Ye g. She is restricting him by not making herself available.

gefaliu (ga-faliuu). vt. hit him, scratch him.

gefangefang (ga-fanga-fanga). n. gift, present. yaai g., my gift for someone.

gefaniyi (ga-fanii-a). vt. [causative] take care of him, look after him. Shoabut we ye g. sar we laiul. The woman took care of her child. cf. fanily.

gefarefar (ga-fara-fara). vn. [causative] to attach (a sail to its frame). cf. far₃.

gefarefera (ga-fara-faraa). vt. [causative] attach it (a sail to its frame). Re g. iuw we. They attached the sail to its frame. cf. far₃.

gefarigitiyi (ga-fari-gitii-a). vt. [causative] make it more numberous, large, big, enlarge it, make it bigger. Re sa g. lag getam we. They have enlarged the door. cf. farigiti.


gefat₁ (gefata). n. reef where fishes usually stay.

gefat₂ (gefata). n. fiancee, bethrothed husband or wife.

gefati fetiiy (ga-fatifatii-a). VT. [causative] make it angular, let it have corners. Ye g. lag melewe segal. He made its belly angular.


geffaalipeshe (ga-ffaali-peshee). VN. [causative] to beg, bow, entreat, solicit. Re g. be re tewai pakiir resepaal kawe. They beg them not to kill those Japanese. CF. faalipeshe.

geffaalipesheey (ga-ffaali-peshee-a). VT. [causative] ask him for a favor. I be geffaalipesheeg. I will ask you for a favor. CF. faalipeshe.

geffaa yag (ga-ffaayagi). VI., ADJ. (to be) well-known, famous. mal g., famous person. Ye g. yaremat we. The person is quite famous.

geffaa yagi liy (ga-ffaayagii-a). VT. make him known, make him famous.

geffageo (ga-ffaageo). VI., ADJ. (to be) poor, needy, destitute. mal g., poor person. Ye sa g. gemas mwal tugofaiy. The old man is in need of help.

geffail (ga-ffaili). VN. [causative] to pass each other. CF. fail.

geffas (ga-ffaasa). VI. to make a joke, jest. Ye tau g. yaremat we. That person always makes jokes. CF. ffas1.


gegabu (ga-gabuu). VT. [causative] cause it to be infected. CF. gab.


gegashi (ga-gashii). VT. [causative] cause it to decay, cause it to become rotten. CF. gash2.

geigash (geigasha). N. basket or purse made up of pandanus leaves.

geigei (geigei). VN. to bite with teeth, husk coconut husks into smaller layers. Ye g. yaal fafiy. She is husking coconut husks into smaller layers for firewood.

geitei (geitai). JAP. N. soldier, army, corps, troops. SYN. siuliutaaw.
**geiushamw** *(geiushamwa)*. N. tie-beam of a house. *Ye matt woal g.* He is sitting on the tie-beam of the house.

**gekabu** *(ga-kabuu)*. VT. [causative] cause it to become dull. CF. **kab**.

**gekaila** *(ga-kailaa)*. VT. [causative] strengthen it, make it strong. *Ye g. misiil we.* He caused the machine to be stronger.

**gela-** *(gala-)*. N. [possessive classifier for food] *gelai ig*, my fish to eat. *gan*, his food.

**gelaag** *(gelaagu)*. N. dog, hound.

**gelaalaaiy** *(ga-laalaaii-a)*. VT. [causative] make it long, lengthen it, extend it. CF. **yenai, yelai**.

**gelaas** *(gelaasi)*. ENG. N. glass.

**gelaloilengiiy** *(ga-laloilengii-a)*. VT. [causative] make her worry. CF. **laloileng**.

**gelalomweiuw** *(ga-lalomweiu-a)*. VT. [causative] make him feel sad. Go *tewai gelalomweiug lag me wel mwiril.* Don’t feel so sad about him.

**gelangi** *(ga-langii)*. VT. [causative] cause a typhoon to occur on it. CF. **lang2**.

**gelangitaali** *(ga-langitaalii)*. VT. [causative] cause it to have a famine. *Lang we ye sa g. lag Weleya* the typhoon has caused Woleai to have a famine.

**gelawelaw** *(ga-lawa-lawa)*. VN. [causative] to scare, frighten. CF. **law, galewa**.

**geleisiya** *(geleisiyaa)*. SPANISH. N. church.

**gelingi** *(gelingii)*. VT. dig it, delve it, core it, excavate it. *Re g. lib we.* They dug the hole. CF. **kel2**.

**geloaw** *(ga-loa-a)*. VT. [causative] make it wavy. CF. **loa**.

**gemaafi** *(ga-maafii)*. VT. [causative] wait till it becomes low-tide. CF. **maaf**.
gemaagiufa \((ga-maagiufaa)\). VT. [causative] encourage him, animate him, inspire him. *Shoabut we ye g. mwal we*. The woman inspired the man. CF. *maagiuf, gemmaagiuf*.

gemaaliu \((ga-maaliu)\). VT. [causative] let it drift away. CF. *maal1*.

gemaaluuw \((ga-maaluu-a)\). VT. [causative] make him weak, make him tired, make him exhausted. CF. *maalu*.

gemaarag \((gamaaraga)\). N. a kind of fern with alternating leaves \((nephrolepis biserrata)\).

gemaaro \((ga-maaroo)\). VT. [causative] make him starve. CF. *maar*.

gemaay \((ga-maa-a)\). VT. [causative] make him ashamed, make him feel disgraceful. CF. *maar*.

gemacho \((ga-macho)\). VT. [causative] chop it down, make it fall, fell it. CF. *mach2*.

gemagelagela \((ga-magalagala)\). VT. [causative] scatter it, crack it up. CF. *megalegal*.

gemagola \((ga-magolaa)\). VT. [causative] make it murky, make it obscure, make it impure. CF. *megol*.

gemaina \((ga-maina)\). VT. [causative] pull it tightly, draw it taut. CF. *main*.

gemaiu \((gemaiu)\). VN. to rape, ravish, violate.

gemaiya \((ga-maiyaa)\). VT. [causative] pull the rope controlling the sail. CF. *maiy*.

gemak \((ga-makiu)\). VN. [causative] to distribute, cause someone to deliver a baby. *Re g. mwongo*. They are distributing food. CF. *mak2*.

gemalemal \((ga-malamala)\). VI., VN. [causative] to get ready (for something). *Shoabut we ye sa fasiul g. me welimwel mwal we*. The woman got ready before the man came. CF. *malemal2*.

gemalemela1 \((ga-malamalaa)\). VT. [causative] clear it. CF. *malemal1*.

gemalemela2 \((ga-malamalaa)\). VT. [causative] have it ready, prepare it. CF. *malemal2*.
gemalo (ga-maloo). VT. [causative] protect it, save it. CF. mal3.

-gemam (-gemami). [1st per. exclusive pl. ob. suffix] us (excluding you). giulaagemam, know us. tebeegemam, follow us. werigemam, see us.

geman1 (ga-mana). VI. to predict the weather; look at the eastern sky before sunrise or at dawn. Re giula g. They know how to predict the weather. Re g. loosor we. They looked at the dawn this morning. CF. man1.

geman2 (ga-mano). VN. [causative] to prepare, test, look for, finish, complete. Re sa g. mwongo. They are now preparing food. CF. man3.

gemano (ga-manoo). VT. [causative] finish it up, finalize it, complete it. CF. man3.

Gemar (gamaro). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

gemarema (ga-maramaa). VT. [causative] wait till the moon rises. CF. meram.

gemaromar (ga-maro-maro). VN. [causative] to be making (water, etc.) decrease. Ye g. shal. He is making water decrease. CF. mar2.

gemarup (gamarupa). VI. to blink, wink. Ye g. mwal we. The man blinks. Ye toulap yaal g. He blinks many times.

gemaruperup (gamarupa-rupa). VI. [progressive form of gemarup] to be blinking. Ye g. metal. His eyes are blinking.

gemas (gamase). ADV. [post-verbal] very, extremely, exceedingly, indeed. Ye nngaw g. metal. His face is very ugly.

gemase (ga-masee). VT. witness his death. CF. mas1.


gemasiuriusiur (ga-masiuriu-siuriu). VI., ADJ. to blink, wink, blinking. mat g., blinking eyes. Ye tau g. mwal we. The man always blinks.
gemasowasow (ga-masowasowa). N. food to give strength. Re ffoor gemasowasowal mwal we. They prepared food for the man (to eat) during his work. Cf. masowasow.

gemassi (gemassii). VT. pretend it (something). Ye g. be ye tai mwashog. He pretends that he is not a thief.

gemassigachiwu (ga-massigachiu-a). VT. [causative. Used with the directional lag.] pretend it. Ye g. lag be ye tai pira selaapiy we. He pretends that he didn’t steal the money. Cf. masigach.

gemasugul (gemasuguli). N. parrot fish.

gematefa (ga-matafaa). VT. [causative] explain it, account for it, clarify it. Ye g. melewe mwaliyal. He explained what he said. Cf. metaf.


-gemi (-gamii). [alternant of -gami (q.v.)]

gemmaagiuf (ga-mmaagiufa). VN. [causative] to encourage, animate, compete with. Re g. fengan lan yengaang. They are competing with each other while they are working. Cf. maagiuf, gemaagiufa.


gemmagiu (ga-mmagiu). VI. to be competing, contest, rival. Re g. fengan. They are competing in their work. Cf. maagiuf.


gemmaisiur1 (ga-mmasiuriu). VI. to wink, blink. Ye g. ngali shoabut we. He winked at the woman.
gemmasiur₂ (ga-mmasiiuriu). VN. to make someone sleep. CF. masiur₂.

gemmat₁ (ga-mmata). 1. VN. [causative] to bail, pump out. Ye g. He is bailing. 2. N. bailer (an object). Yoor g. shiul wa we. There is a bailer on the canoe. CF. mmat₁.

gemmat₂ (ga-mmata). VN. [causative] to wake up (someone), awake, arouse. CF. mmat₁, gammeta.

gemmetagiu (ga-mmatagiu). VT. make him afraid, scare him, frighten him. CF. metag₁.

gemmwar (gammwara). 1. N. bar or stick used for carrying things. Ye biun g. we yaal. His carrying stick is broken. 2. VN. to carry with a carrying stick. Ye g. tag sho. He is carrying copra with his carrying stick.

gemmwashi (ga-mmwashi). VT. [causative] hold it tight, grasp it, grab it. CF. mmwash.

gemoa (gemoa). N. booby bird.

gemoamo (ga-mo-mo). VN. [causative] to cure, heal, treat (sickness). Ye giula gemoamoal was. He knows how to treat a wound. CF. moa.

Gemoaseuw (gamoaseuwa). N. name of a place on Sulywap.


gemwaiu (ga-mwaiu-a). VT. [causative] love her, like her, be fond of him. I g. shoabut we. I love the woman. CF. mwaaiu.

gemwaliyel (ga-mwaliyel). VT. [causative] move it, shake it. CF. mwaaliyel.

gemwati (ga-mwati). VT. [causative] move it, shake it. CF. mwagiut.

gemwaiuchi (ga-mwaiuchi). VT. [causative] shake it, jerk it. CF. mwaiushiush.
gemwaliuw (ga-mwaliu-a). VT. [causative] bend it, make it move inwardly. CF. mwaliu.

gemwaliya (ga-mwaliyaa). VT. [causative] sound it. CF. mwaliya-.

gemwalo1 (ga-mwaloo). VT. [causative] hide it, conceal it. CF. mwal2.

gemwalo2 (gemwaloo). N. twenty-fifth day of the month.

gemwalofal (gemwalofali). N. twenty-sixth day of the month.

gemwan (gamwano). N. food set aside especially for the sick.

gemwangiul (gemwangiuli). VI. to whisper, speak softly.


gemwar (ga-mwara). N. sweetheart, lover. gamwerai, my sweetheart.

gemwashiu (gemwashiu). VT. hold it, catch it, grab it. G. sar la. Hold that child.

gemwashiumwesh (ga-mwashiumwashiu). VI. to paddle slowly. Ye g. lag wa we. The canoe is paddling away slowly.

gemwashiuw (gemwashiu-a). VT. hold it, catch it, grab it.

gemwateliu (ga-mwateliu). VT. [causative] break it (tooth, etc.).

gemwatiyetiy (gemwatiyatiya). [=kemwatiyetiy] VI., ADJ. (to be) pretty, good, beautiful. Ye g. metal shoabut we. The woman’s face is pretty.

genang (ga-nanga). VN. [causative] to lift, elevate, hoist, hold up. Ye nngaw ganengal imw we. The lifting (up) of the house is not properly done. CF. nang.

gengaangaay (ga-ngaanga-a). VT. [causative] cause him to cry. Ye g. sar we laiul. He made his child cry.

genngaw (ga-ningwe). VN. [causative] to hate, dislike.

go1 (geo). N. fish hook. Ye be ifa lepal cheral g. yeel? How straight is this fish hook going to be?
geo2 (geo). ADV. [sentential] please, will you?, for goodness’ sake. 
Toolong niimw, geo. Come inside the house, will you?

geo3 (geo). 1. N. formal system of political ties which exist between 
islands and which is symbolized by exchanges of food and goods. 
2. VI. to deliver food (mainly copra) as a means of expressing po-

titical ties. Resatewal re biitiw g. woal Lamwocheg. The Satawalese 
people came to Lamotrek to deliver some food.

Geofaliuw (geo-faliuwa). N. name of a clan in Wottagai.

geogeo (geogeo). VN. to fasten (with straps), wrap, bind. Ye belagiuleg 
lag geogeo1 shiug yeel. The wrapping of this basket is loosened.

geolaasi (geolaasi). N. chancellor or emissary of a chief. Gaang mele g. 
woal faliuweiy. I am the chancellor of this island.

geolag (geolagi). VI. to be patient, control oneself, be able to bear 
something. Ye g. reel metagil melewe ubal. He was able to control 
himself despite the severe pain in his chest.

gcoli (geolii). VT. keep it, be responsible for it. Gaang mele i g. yaai ni-
uniuwan. I am the one who is responsible for my own will.

geoliruukuyo (geoli-ruukuyoo). N. a kind of hook or fish hook.

gcoliug (geoliugiu). N. protector, supporter. Iiy mele yaash g. He is our 
protector.

He protects us (incl.).

geoliugiu- (geoliugiu-). [possessive classifier for spare things] Si be 
gak geoliugiush mwongo. We will be bringing along food with us in 
case of need.

goreo (gereo). [alternate spelling of gereo (q.v.)]

goriugeor (geriu-geriu). [alternate spelling of geriuger (q.v.)]


geosi (geosii). VT. hook it, connect it by a fish hook, pierce it with a 
hook. CF. geo1.
**geotag** *(geotagi)*. vi. [passive] to be hooked, connected, pierced with a hook. Ye sa g. ig we. The fish is hooked. Cf. **geo1, geosi**.

**geott** *(gettiu)*. [alternate spelling of getti (q.v.)]


**gepaafishiiy** *(ga-paa-fishii-a)*. vt. [causative] wish him good luck. Ant. **gepaabuta**. Cf. **paafish**.

**gepaapa** *(ga-paa-paa)*. 1. n. bait, lure, something used in luring fish. 2. vn. [causative] to put bait on a hook. Cf. **paapa2**.

**gepaapaali** *(ga-paa-paa-lii)*. vt. [causative] put bait on it. Ye g. **geo we yaal**. He put bait on his hook. Cf. **gepaapa, paapa2**.

**gepaar1** *(gepaara)*. vi. to consist of many kinds, be mixed with different things. Ye g. **fetal mwongo kawe**. Those foods consist of many kinds.

**gepaar2** *(gepaara)*. 1. vi. to give away one’s valuable things during a dance ceremony, give away dancing presents. Ye sa g. **mwal we**. The man has given away dancing presents. 2. n. dancing present to give away. Ye **toulap yaai g**. I have a lot of dancing gifts to give away.

**gepaiupeiu1** *(ga-paiu-paiu)*. [=kepaiupeiu] vn. to guide, lead, locate, direct. Ye g. **long lan taw we**. He guided them into the channel. Ye **nngaw gepaiupeiuul wa we**. The guidance of the canoe is bad.

**gepaiupeiu2** *(ga-paiu-paiu)*. vi. to prove one’s capability by means of showing-off, do a daring thing. Ye g. **gemas sar we**. The child is brave enough to (try to) do things which are beyond his strength and capability.

**gepaiuw** *(ga-paiu-a)*. vt. guide it, lead it, locate it, direct it (a canoe). Ye g. **wa we**. He guided the canoe. **John mele ye g. wa we**. John was the one who guided the canoe.

**gepak** *(ga-paka)*. vi. to hurry, be in a hurry, hasten. Re g. **gemas mwal kawe**. Those men are in a hurry. Syn. **pak1**.
gepalepal (gapalapala). 1. N. lavalava, clothes, anything used for covering the pubic area, loincloth. 2. vi. to wear a lavalava or loincloth. Ye g. shoabut we. The woman is wearing a lavalava.

gepaliuweliy (ga-paliuwali-a). vt. [causative] oppose it, object to it, respond to it. Ye tewai fil le re be g. mwaliyal. It will not be proper to oppose his words. Cf. paliuwell.


gepashepash (ga-pashapasha). vn. to figure out, compute, calculate. Ye g. nepal yarem at. He figured out how many people there were. Ye guila g. He knows mathematics.


geppal1 (ga-ppala). vn. [causative] to dry, drink up. Re g. sho. They are drying copra. Cf. pal1.

geppal2 (ga-ppala). vi. to be light (not heavy), decrease (as a load), be unloaded. Ye be g. tuutu la be ye chau gemas. That bag must be unloaded because it is too heavy. Syn. ppal.


geraamwo (geraamwoo). conj. [Frequently followed by the conjunction me forming a compound conjunction.] even though, even if. I be lag g. me re sig. I will go even though they get mad.

geraaraay (ga-raa-raa-a). vt. [causative] cause it to have many brancees, make it branchy. Cf. raara.

geraashig (geraashigi). vi. to be calm, mild (of weather). Ye sa g. gemas. It is very calm.

geraat (geraatiu). vi., adj. (to be) smoky, foggy, black or dark due to smoke, smoked, sooty. mwongo g., smoky food. Ye sa g. lan imweiy. This house is turning black due to smoke.

geraatiu (geraatiu). vt. smoke it up, make it foggy.
geraatiuyet (geraatiu-yatiu). [alternate spelling of geraatiuyet (q.v.)]

1. N. mist, dust, fog, cloud. 2. vi. to be misty, dusty, foggy, cloudy. Ye g. lan lang. It is cloudy in the sky.

geraf (gerafa). N. a kind of fish.

gerag1 (garaga). VI., ADJ. to crawl, creep, grovel, crawling. geragewaiu, to crawl out. Ye g. tog sar we. The child crawls this way.

gerag2 (garaga). N. a kind of vine on the ground (triumfetta procumbens).

geragerag (ga-ragaraga). vi. to crawl around. Ragum we ye g. fetal. The crab crawls around.


geraiu (geraiu). VI., ADJ. to long for food, (be) hungry for fish or meat. sar g., a child who longs for meat.

geramey (gerameya). N. a kind of fish (siganus spinus, etc.).

gerangi (ga-rangii). VT. broil it, grill it, cook it by direct exposure to heat. Ye g. ig we. He broiled the fish.

gereo (gereo). N. a kind of bird with a long neck.

gereoti (gereotii). VT. scrape it, sweep it. Ye g. wish we. She scraped the banana fiber. Cf. kereo.

geretaliyafelag (garetali-yafelagi). N. twenty-second day of the month.

geriger (gerigeri). VN. to scratch, rub. Ye g. tagiuriul. He is scratching his back.

geriu (geriu). VT. grind it, shave it, crush it, cut it. Ye g. sho we. She ground the copra.
geriuger1 (geri-geriu). VN., VI. to grind, be ground, shave, crush. Ye sa g. It is ground. I g. sho. I ground copras. Ye g. sho shoabut we. The woman is grinding copra.

geriuger2 (geri-geriu). N. a kind of oyster.

gesaap (gesaapa). N. flying shuttle of the loom.

gesaaau (gesaau). N. food which is given to the members of a sailing journey. Ye toulap yaar g. They brought a lot of food for the visitors.

gesabo (ga-saboo). VT. [causative] complete it, finish it. CF. sab.

gesail (gesaili). VI. to make a round-and-round waist movement, do a hula dance. Ye g. shoabut we. The woman is doing a hula dance.

gesailiiil (gesaili-ilii). VI. [progressive form of gesail] to be twisting (as in a dance). Ye g. She is doing a hula dance.

gesangesang (ga-sanga-sanga). VI. to walk, stride in a sexy manner. Ye g. lag shoabut we. The woman walked away in a very sexy manner.

gesawepar (gesawepariu). N. long rope-like fat on both sides of the turtle shell, turtle fat. sematip g., a cut piece of turtle fat.

gesh (geshi). N. rat, mouse.

geshab (geshabu). 1. N. fish-chasing. seuw g., a fish-chasing. 2. VI. to do fish-chasing. Mwal re lag g. The men went fish-chasing.

geshabulap (geshabu-lapa). VI. to be thick (in diameter). Ye g. gemas pen we yaal. His pen is quite thick.

geshangisheng (ga-shangi-shangi). VN. [causative] to be loving, cherishing. CF. shang.

geshap (gashapa). 1. N. bilge area of a canoe. seuw g., one section which is cut off the bilge area of a canoe. 2. VN. to cut the bilge area of. Re g. wa we. They are cutting the bilge area of the canoe.

geshapishep (ga-shapi-shapi). VI. to trace back to the origin of a clan, a family, an individual, or a problem in a form of argument, trace the origin in terms of quarreling, tell off. Re g. shoa kawe. Those people are quarreling by tracing the source of the problem. CF. shap.
geshaweshaw (gashawashawa). N. big flat rock at seaside. Shoabut we ye matt woal g. The woman is sitting on big flat stones.

geshawit (geshawiti). VI. to splash (water), scatter a liquid substance. Ye g. fetal. He is splashing water around. Faal seuw yaal g. He splashed the water once.


gessabol (gassaboli). [slightly archaic] VI. not to worry about, not to blame oneself. Si be g. mwo be sar nge re sa bal iul gashi. Why should we blame them for their drinking; even the children are drunk.

gessapewel (gessapeweli). VI. to say something in order to spoil what one wants to talk about. Ye tau g. He always says the opposite of someone else’s comments.

geta (getaa). N. side of a canoe opposite the outrigger, projecting canoe platform.

getaa- (getaa-). N. [locational] near, side of, by. Si be chang getaal yaf. We will get warm near the fireplace.

Getaachal (getaachaliu). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

getaata (getaataa). VI., ADJ. to come side by side, move together side by side (as of ships, canoes), long-sided. wa g., long-sided ship. Re sa g. fengan wa kawe. Those canoes have come together side by side.

getaatal (getaatali). 1. N. wrestling, wrestling match. 2. VI. to wrestle.

getab (ga-tabo). VI. to make use of something before it disappears, enjoy oneself for the last time. Mwal we me shoabut we re g. The man and the woman are enjoying themselves for the last time. CF. tab1.

getabu (ga-tabuu). VT. [causative] forbid it, restrict it, ban it, make it taboo. CF. tab3.


getag1 (getaga). N. a kind of bird.

getag2 (getaga). vi. to stretch out one’s arms. Ye g. shoabut we. The woman is stretching out her arms.

getagefius (ga-tage-fiusiu). 1. N. rising stars (navigational). 2. vi. to learn about rising stars (navigational stars). Re g. They are learning about rising stars. ANT. gatubufius.

getagesha (ga-tagashaa). VT. [causative] throw it. CF. tegash.


getal (ga-tali). vi. to walk in line, form a procession. Re g. tiw semweiu yaremat. Some people walked down. CF. tal1.

getaletagiyy (ga-talatagii-a). VT. [causative] make it free, untangle it. CF. taletag.

getaliiba (ga-taliibaa). VT. [causative] foul it up. CF. taliib.


getalishii (ga-talishi-i). VT. [causative] let it go, free it, liberate it. CF. ttalish.

getaluutu (ga-taluutuu). VT. make it wet, moisten it. CF. taluut.

getam (gatama). N. door, doorway, gate.


getapetap (ga-tapa-tapa). vi. to help, support, assist, give assistance. Si be geffageo nge si ya fflag fengan be si be g. fetal woash. When we are in trouble, we should get together and see what kind of assistance each of us can offer. CF. tepangi.

getarooperop (ga-taroparopa). VN. [causative] to spoil, ruin, destroy, frustrate, bring to naught, wreak havoc with, bungle, cause confusion to. Ye tau g. faiuriumil. He always destroys things. CF. taroperop.
getauw (ga-tau-a). VT. [causative] make it enough or sufficient. CF. tau2.


getoalepa (ga-toalapaa). VT. [causative] waste it, abuse it, squander it. CF. toalap.

getoatoa (ga-toatoa). 1. N. assistant, helper, counselor. Tamwel we ye gasi semal mwal be g. The chief asked a man to come along as his assistant. 2. VN. to support, help, assist. CF. toatoa2.


gett (gettiu). VI. to be itchy. Ye sa g. reel wot kawe. She felt itchy because of those taro.

-gett (-gattiu). [alternant of -gatt (q.v.)]

gettofi (ga-ttafii). VT. [causative] pull it apart very tightly. CF. ttaf.

gettolish (ga-ttalishi). VN. [causative] to strike (a match), snap. Ye g. maasiyes. He is striking matches. CF. ttalish.

gettoap (ga-ttapa). VN. [causative] to touch, take, reach for, get ready for. Ye tau g. tiutiu. He always reaches down for the breasts. CF. tap3, gattepa.

gettoar (gettara). VN. to rip, break, destroy. SYN. gatetar.

gettoaur (gattaura). VN. to eat (honorable expression of a male referring to his elders). Ye g. mwal we. The man is eating. CF. mwongo.

gettoawe (gettawee). VN. hunt around for, look for (a narrow escape). Ye g. fetal biuleiu le ye be toowai me iyang. He is hunting around for a place from which he could escape.


gewaaawap (ga-waa-waa-a). VT. [causative] open it up, disclose it, uncover it. CF. waawa2.
gewaiiy (ga-waii-a). VT. urge him, press him, tempt him, make him hurry up. Re sa g. shag John be ye be ttir lag. They tempted John to leave early. CF. gewaiwei.

gewairesiiy (ga-wairesii-a). VT. [causative] make it difficult or hard. CF. waires.

gewaiish (gewaishi). VI. to wink, blink. Ye g. ngali shoabut we. He winked to the girl.

gewaiwei (ga-waiwai). VI., VN. to hurry, press, urge, tempt. Ye g. mwal we. The man is in a hurry.

gewal (gawale). N. octopus arm.

 gewaliu (ga-waliu). VT. [causative] cover it up, lock it up, keep it secret, hamper it, stop it up. Ye sa g. lag melewe kapetal. He has covered up the story about himself. Ye g. lag mwaliyel melewe laiul. He stopped his child’s conversation. CF. wal3.

gewaliuweliu (ga-waliu-waliu). VT. [causative] let the plants grow in the place. CF. waliuwel.

 gewan (gewaniu). N. a kind of hard-land plant (ficus tinctoria).


gewoatelagiyi (ga-woatalagii-a). VT. [causative] make them one after another. CF. woatelag.

 geyagiunngewa (ga-yagiu-nngawaa). VT. [causative] make it (stomach, etc.) feel bad, get it upset. CF. yagiunngaw.


geyangita (ga-yangitaa). VT. [causative] cause it to be in a difficult position. CF. yangit.

geyangoyango (ga-yango-yango). VT. [causative] make it yellow, dye it in yellow dye. CF. yangoyang.


-gi (-gii). [transitive formative] bisigi, open it. shepegi, kick it. shougi, capture it. felagi, cut it. fatigi, pinch it. fatogi, plant, write it. firegi, weave it. lewega, lick it. mwalogi, hide behind it.

gib (giba). N. footprint (as in sand).

giish (giisha). PRON. [1st per. pl. inclusive] we (including the hearer). G. si ya lag. As for us, let’s go.

gil1 (gila). VI. to be clear, seen clearly, recognized. Ye tai g. yaremat we ye matt lan imw we. It was not easy to identify the person who is sitting in the house.

gil2 (gili). VN. to pick, pluck with hands. Re g. filooras. They are picking flowers.

gil3 (gili). N. bark, skin. gin, his skin.

gil4 (gili). N. local belt (usually a six-line belt worn by women only).

gilat (gilata). VI. to be wounded, injured. Ye g. pesheei. My leg is wounded.

gileiy (gilaiya). N. seventeenth day of the month.

Gilibat (gilibata). N. Gilbert Islands.

gilifeo1 (gilifeo). N. a kind of lavalava worn by females only.
gilifeo₂ (gilifeo). N. hibiscus (any of a genus of plants, shrubs, and small trees of the mallow family, with large colorful flowers).

gilifeolima (gilifeo-limaa). N. a kind of hibiscus (*hibiscus tiliacelus* var.).

giligil₁ (giligili). N. woman’s cutter for banana or lavalava fibers.

giligil₂ (giligili). VN. to divide into small pieces, slice, apportion. *Re sa g. bugotaar.* They are dividing up their property.

gilli₁ (gillii-a). VT. cut it, slice it, apportion it. *G. ig la.* Cut that fish.

gilli₂ (gillii-a). VT. pick it, pluck it (as in picking fruits or flowers). *Ye g. filooras we.* He picked the flower.

gili (giliya). N. outdoor mat, coconut leaves used as outdoor mats.

giliya- (giliya-). N. [possessive classifier for mats] *giliyash giliyepeopeo,* my coconut-leaf mat.

giliyaw (giliyawa). N. a kind of hard-land tree (*figus prolixa*).

giliyecho (giliyali-shoo). N. woven coconut leaves for storing dry copra, copra basket, mat for drying copra. *Ye matt lan g. we.* He sat in the copra basket.

giliyeli (giliya-lii). VT. have it as one’s mat.

giliyepeopeo (giliya-peopeo). N. a kind of outdoor mat made of coconut leaves, woven coconut leaves used for sitting on.

giliyetaiuteiu (giliya-taiutaiu). N. a kind of mat like basket, woven coconut leaves.

gin₁ (gina). N. mark, visible symbol. *Yoor yaai g. woal shoabut we.* I left a mark on the woman.

gin₂ (gili-la, gili-li). N. his skin, skin of. *gin yaremat we,* skin of the man.

ginisebau (giliili-sebau). N. skin fungus.

ginomaru (ginomaruu). JAP. N. the Japanese flag.

girakena (girakanaa). JAP. N. cursive writing of Japanese syllabary.
giri (girii). vt. unload it by hand, take it by hand. Ye g. raw we. She unloaded the pot (by hand).

-gish (-gisha). [1st per. inclusive pl. ob. suffix] us (including you). we-rigish, see us. tabeegish, follow us.

git1 (gita). N. chewed food spit out of the mouth. Ye toulap gitel sar we. The child spit out some of his food.

git2 (giti). 1. vi., adj. (to be) small, little, scanty, scarce (in size or quantity). sar g., little children. Ye g. galemam. The amount of food we received is terribly small. 2. adv. [post-verbal] little, not much. mwongo g., to eat little. cf. farigit.


gita (gitaa). eng. n. guitar.

giteiyap (giteiyapa). n. bead-like prominences on the skin which are hard and rough on the surface. Ye toulap g. woal yaremat we. The person has lots of bead-like prominences on his skin.

gitigiit (gitigiiti). vi., adj. (to be) small, little. shal g., small water-well. Ye g. mwal we faal shoabut we. The man is younger than the woman.

giu1 (giu). vi. to be closed, shut, clogged (as a result of the two adjacent lands being connected). Ye sa g. mweiu we. The channel is closed.

giu2 (giu). vi., adj. (to be) burning, glowing, burn. mal g., burning thing. Ye g. yaf we. The fire is glowing.

-giu (-giu). [transitive formative] riugu, find it by chance. siugu, pound it. iushiugiu, shake it.

giubul (giubulo). n. party, dinner, banquet.

giuch (giuchi). n. a kind of fish.

giuchiufaaigu (giuchiu-faaigu). n. a kind of fish.

giuchiutei (giuchi-tai). n. a kind of fish (holocentrus sammara, etc.).
giugiu (giugiui). VN. to bite, hold, chew, squeeze. Ye tau g. sar we. The child always bites. CF. giuw₁, kiuk.

giugiufegiyy (ga-iugi-fagii-a). VT. [causative] put a stop to it. CF. iugiuufeg.

giula (giulaa). VT. know it, be aware of it, be able to tell. Ye g. kepat. He knows how to talk.

giuliut (giuliuta). N. female lover, beloved.

gium (giuma). N. a kind of fish with a long snout.

-giumwiush (-giumwiushiu). N. numeral classifier for wrist-lengths (from wrist to finger-tips). segiumwiush mengaag, one wrist-length cloth.

giun (giuna). VI. to get to be high tide. Ye sa g. It is getting to be high tide.

giureey (giuree-a). VT. pull back the foreskin of it, circumcise it. Ye g. gail. He pulled back the foreskin of his penis. CF. kiur.

giureog (giureogiu). VI. to move around in a sitting position. Ye g. lag shoabut we. The woman moved away.

giurer (giurere). VI. to burp, belch.

giuriugaag (giuriugaagiu). N. sea-gull, blackbird, tern.

giuriugiur (giuriugiuriu). VI., ADJ. (to be) coarse, full of scars, bumpy. gagiuriugiuriu, make it have scars. Ye g. metal. His face is full of scars.

gius₁ (giusa). N. a kind of sickness.

gius₂ (giusa). N. octopus. Gabool g.! God damn it! (lit. smell of octopus)

gius₃ (giusiu). N. louse, vermin.

giushel (giusheliu). N. hernandia.

giutal (giutala). N. period of time, generation, era. seuw g., one generation.
giutapp (giutappa). vi. to move (up), get (up), rise. Ye sa g. tag mwal we. The man tried to get up.

giutt (giutta). VN. to search hard for, look for desperately, try hard. Ye g. fetal gan mwongo. He is searching around desperately for food.


giuw2 (giuwa). N. porpoise, porpoise-like tattoo.

Giuw (giuwa). N. Cetus (star).

giwaat (giuwaata). vi. to move violently after being quiet for a long time, make a big movement. gagiwaata, make it move violently. Ye sa g. fetal temwaiiu we. The sick person has moved around violently.

giuwam (giuwama). N. long basket used for storing preserved breadfruit.

giweel (giuweeli). N. a kind of lizard.

giwelab (giuwelabu). N. a kind of tree whose branches are used for ax handles.

Giwelab (giuwelabu). N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.

giyaaku (giyaakuu). JAP. N. [enumerative counter] one hundred.

giyeb (giyebu). N. a kind of hard-land plant (crinum sp.).

giyegiy1 (giyagiya). N. pandanus leaves used for mats, mat. selipeo g., three sheets of mats.

giyegiy2 (giyagiya). N. white or fairy tern.

giyegiy3 (giyagiya). N. a kind of fish.

giyoa (giyoa). N. outrigger boom, rafter.

giyob (giyobu). N. broad-leafed spider lily, white lily.

Go1 (go). SUBJ. [2nd per. sing.] you. G. bel lag iiya? Where are you going?
go2 (go). ADV. [sentential (vocative)] you! Go! You please!

goal (goalo). ENG. N. gold.

goapoop (goapoopo). N. part of the loom.

gobb (gobbu). N. a kind of hard-land plant (portulaca somoensis).


gobur (goburo). N. lower part of the sail frame (bottom part of the front stick). Ye biun g. we. The lower part of the sail frame is broken.

Gobutog (gobutogo). N. name of a school of canoe building. SYN. Tanigesh.

gofag (gofagi). VI. to be saved, neatly assembled. Ye g. paangal baabiyor kawe. All the books are saved.

gofet (gofeti). VI., ADJ. to break, be chipped off, broken. Ye g. leo we. The bottle broke. CF. -gofet.

-gofet (-gofeti). N. [numeral classifier for broken or torn parts or pieces] segofet mai, a piece of breadfruit. riuwegofet mar, two parts of preserved breadfruit. seligofet filoowa, three pieces of bread. CF. gofet.

gofetifet (gofeti-feti). VI., ADJ., VN. to break into pieces, be chipped off, broken. mai g., broken breadfruit. Ye g. lag leo we. The bottle is broken into many pieces.

gofetiyy (gofetii-a). VT. break it off, chip it off. Ye g. mai we. He broke off the breadfruit.

gofo (gofoo). N. thigh, lap.

gola1 (golaa). VT. catch it, grab it, capture it, seize it. Ye g. semal pagow. He caught a shark.

gola2 (golaa). VI. to arrive, reach, land. Re sa g. faliuw. They have reached the shore.

golaaya- (golaaya-). N. [possessive classifier for caught objects. Derived from golaa- + -ya.] Yoor golaayai ig. I caught some fish.

golali (gola-lii). VT. have it as one’s catch (as in fish).
gommw (gommw). vi. to go first, lead, guide. Gommw! You go first!

gommwal (gommmwala, gommmwali). n. the state of being beforehand, its being first; first one of, to be the first one. Gaang mele i g. lag Hawaii. I was the first one to go to Hawaii. Machelan mele ye g. sheengi long lan Pacific Ocean. Magellan is the first person who got through the Pacific.

gomw (gomwa). n. point on the bow of a canoe where the keel and outwater meet.

gomwaliyaw (gomwali-yawa). n. mustache.

goofag (goofagi). vi. to subside, decrease, become milder. Ye sa g. tag yang. The wind has subsided.

googo (goo-goo). vn. to use, be a temporary owner, employ. Ye g. pen we yaai. He is using my pen.

gooiul1 (gooiuli). n. a kind of swamp plant (ludwigia octovalvis).

gooiul2 (gooiuli). vi. to pick leaves by hand. Re g. They are picking leaves.

gooli (goolii). vt. use it, become the owner of it, employ it. John ye sa g. saar we. John has become the owner of the knife.

gooluuw (goooluwa). n. a kind of strand plant (vigna marina).

goop (goopi). n. room, partition, compartment. Ye toulap g. lan imw we. There are many rooms in the house.

goos (gooso). n. a kind of grasshopper.

goosuka (goosukaa). jap. n. intermediate grades (after six-year elementary grades).

gootaai (gootaai). jap. n. bandage, dressing.

gootou (gootou). n. problem, thing to be concerned about, issue; blockage of a plan. Ye sa toulap tog g. There are now a lot of things to be concerned about.

gootuw (gootuwa). n. east.
gootuwaafang (gootuwa-afangi). N. east-northeast (halfway between east and northeast).

gootuwaar (gootuwa-ara). N. east-southeast (halfway between east and southeast).

gootuwemaiy (gootuwa-maiya). N. east. SYN. gootuw.

gopigop (gopi-gopi). VN. to cut, chop. Re g. fengan. They are cutting together.

gopiyy (gopii-a). VT. cut it, chop it. G. lag! Cut it off! CF. gopiteg, gopigop.

gopiteg (gopitagi). VI., ADJ. [passive] (to be) cut, chopped, injured. pau g., injured hand. Ye sa g. lag ira we. The wood was cut off. CF. gopiyy, gopigop.

gor (goro). N. pubic hair.

gorolifaalipeiu (goroli-faali-paiu). N. armpit hair.

gos1 (goso). N. poisonous stringer, spine. Ye kang gemas gosol faiy we. The spine of the ray-fish is very sharp.

gos2 (goso). N. a kind of moth.

gosh1 (goshe). VN. to cut (a tuba tap). Ye g. mwal we. The man is cutting tuba.

gosh2 (gosho). N. dry coconut fiber used for making sennit or ropes. Ye taai yoor g. I have no more coconut fibers.

gosh3 (gosho). VI. to endure, be resistant, last long. Ye g. shoabut tu- gofaiy we. The old woman is still alive and can last for quite a long time.

goshaa- (goshaa-). N. [possessive classifier for raw food such as eggs, fish, meat, apples, oranges, papayas, bananas, ghosts] Yoor goshaamw wong? Do you have turtle meat for your consumption?

goshaap (goshaapa). N. dragonfly.

goshal1 (goshali). N. a kind of fish.
**goshal** (goshali). N. a kind of hard-land tree (*hernandia sonora*).

**gosheey** (goshee-a). VT. cut it (as in cutting of tuba). Ye g. *gashi we*. He cut the tuba.

**goshoash** (goshoasha). N. lowest part of a wall of a house.

**goshoash** (goshoasha). VN. to eat raw (fish, meat, etc.). Re g. *ig*. They are eating sashimi (raw fish). CF. **goshaa**.

**goshou** (goshou). N. rain, rainfall, shower, down-pour.

**goshoulibong** (goshouli-bongi). N. upper-most horizontal part on top of canoe sides, which protect water from coming in.

**goshoum** (goshouma). VI. to name the positions of the stars in terms of their place of rising and setting (navigational term). Ye g. *mwal we*. The man names the positions of the stars.

**gosofa** (gosofagi). VI. [passive] to be counted, computed, figured out. Ye sa g. *lepal selapi* we. The amount of the money has been figured out correctly. CF. **gosofi**, **gosogos**.

**gosofi** (gosofii). VT. count it, compute it, figure it out. CF. **gosofa**, **gosogos**.

**gosogos** (goso-goso). VN. to count, compute, figure out. Ye g. *lepal yaremat*. He is counting the number of people. CF. **gosofa**, **gosofi**.

**gosolang** (gosolangi). N. twenty-first day of the month.

**gota** (gotaa). VT. crack it, knock it, split it. Ye g. *sho we*. He cracked the copra. CF. **gotoa**.

**gotel** (gotela). ENG. N. hotel, establishment that provides lodging and meals.

**gotoa** (gotoata). VN. to crack, knock, split. Ye g. *sho*. He is cracking copras. CF. **gota**.

**gotongi** (gotongii). VT. husk it, skin it.

**Gotongi** (gotongii). N. name of a place on Wottagai.
gous (gouse). N. lavalava that covers a dead person, covering. Ye toulap yaar g. They have many lavalavas brought for the dead person.

gouse- (gousa-). N. [possessive classifier for coverings such as sheets, mosquito-nets and raincoats] gousei kappa, my raincoat.

gouseey (gousee-a). VT. cover him up with sheets. Re g. lag temwaaiu we. They covered up the sick person. CF. gous, gousous.

gouseli (gouselli). VT. have or use it as covering such as sheets, blankets, or mosquito nets. I bel g. skiif yeel. I will have this sheet as my covering.

gouseus (gouse-use). [alternate spelling of gousous (q.v.)]

gousous (gouse-use). VN. to cover up one’s body (with sheets). Ye g. mengaag. He is covering himself with clothes. CF. gous, gouseey.

gu1 (guu). VI. to be tired of, have an aversion to, be sick of. gaguuw, make him fed up with it. Ye sa g. mwal we reel mwongo peraas. The man is tired of eating rice.

gu2 (guu). VI., ADJ. (to be) dull, not sharp. gaguuw, cause it to be dull. Ye sa g. saar we. The knife is dull.

guch (guchu). N. diarrhea.

gul1 (gulu). VI. to take freely and greedily (as of leftovers), gobble, usurp, take away someone’s property by order of the chief. Re sa g. woal mwongo kawe. They took the food hurriedly and greedily.

gul2 (gulu). VI. to be extinguished, blotted out, destroyed. Ye sa g. yaf we. The fire is extinguished.

gul3 (gulu). N. fish poison tree, barringtonia.

gulugul1 (gulu-gulu). VN. to destroy, extinguish. Re g. yaf. They are extinguishing a fire.

gulugul2 (gulugulu). N. cone-shaped thing, such as a piece of bamboo or a pipe, used for keeping soft and old hibiscus inside (This is used for stoking a fire.). Ye ban lag g. we yaal. His bamboo is cracked.

gulugul3 (gulugulu). N. calabash, bottle gourd.
gulung (gulungo). N. golden plover.

guluuw (guluu-a). VT. destroy it, extinguish it; take it away. Re sa g. mwongo kawe. They have taken away the food greedily. CF. gul1, gul2, guluugul1.

gumit (gumiti). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) spoiled, rotten, stale. bulag g., spoiled taro. Ye g. mai we. The breadfruit is spoiled. 2. N. spoiled food.

-gumw (-gumwu). N. [numeral classifier for the amount of liquid placed in a cup or for mouthfuls] segumw shal, a mouthful of water. faagumw kooft, four mouthfuls of coffee. seligumw melik, three mouthfuls of milk. CF. gumwuuw, gumwugumw.

gumwashel (gumwashele). N. a kind of small lizard.

gumwer (gumweri). N. clitoris.

gumwiush (gumwiushiu). N. wrist.

-gumwiushiuw (gumwiushiu-a). VT. grip it by hand, hold it in one’s hand. Ye g. semweiu faiul selaapiy. He is holding some coins in his hand.

gumwugumw (gumwu-gumwu). VN. to put (water) in one’s mouth, suck, gobble, slurp. Ye g. shal. He is slurping some water in his mouth. CF. gumwuuw.

-gumwush (-gumwushiu). N. [numeral classifier for lengths from the wrist to the end of the fingers] segumwush, one wrist length.

gumwuuw (gumwu-a). VT. suck it, draw it up (of liquid), swallow it. Ye g. shal we lan leo we. He sucked up the water in the bottle. CF. gumwugumw, kumw.

gun (gulu-li). N. barringtonia of. CF. gul3.

gur (guru). N. fence, barrier.

gurub (gurubu). N. young coconut. sefaiu g., a young coconut.

gurubul paiu (gurubuli paiu). N. wrist cap.

gurubul peshe (gurubuli peshee). N. ankle.
guruffa (guruffaa). VI. to kick (as in swimming). Ye g. lag. He kicked away.

gurugur (guruguru). N. orange, trifoliate orange, citrus fruit. sefaiu g., an orange.

gurumeshal (guru-meshali). VI., ADJ. (to be) slippery, smooth, velvety, slimy. Ye sa g. gemas lan yenap. It has become very slippery on the road.

guruwel (guruweli). N. a kind of hard-land plant.

gusufi (gusufii). VT. blow it out (with the mouth), spit it out. Ye g. weiu shaniuyewal. He spit out his saliva.

gutufi (gutufii). VT. spit on it. CF. kut.

guwal (guwala). N. ground copra. sefiy g., a handful of ground copra. Yemwongo g. siilo we. The pig ate ground copra.
I

i (i). SUBJ. [1st per. sing.] I. I sa weri mal we. I saw the bird.


-i₂ (-i). [archaic] [3rd per. sing. defective possessive suffix. Appears only in fossilised compounds.] of. faaileng, the world (=faa- under + -i of + lang sky). Faaishug, area to the west of Truk. faailiu, under coconut trees. (=faa- + -i + liu). CF. -I₅.

i- (-i). PRON. [defective] that (thing), the thing. iyeel, this here. imwu, that near you. ifa, which, where, what. ilal, its inside. igela, now, this time. Ila mele semal galuuf. That’s a lizard.

ib (iba). N. handle of a scooping net used to catch flying fish with.

Ich (ichi). N. Hydra (star).

ichi (ichii). JAP. N. [enumerative counter] one.

ichibang (ichi-banga). JAP. N. number one, first place.

ichineeng (ichi-neenga). JAP. N. first grade in school, freshman.

ifa (i-faa). [demonstrative compound (i-+ fa)] where?, which?, what? I. iiy Tony? Where’s Tony? I. itemw? What’s your name?

ifag (ifaga). N. certain fibers of the lavalava, weft, yarn.

Ifaliug (ifaliugi). N. Ifaluk, which is located in the vicinity of Woleai.

ifet (ifeti). VI. to go clam-fishing. Re lag i. They went clam-fishing.

ifetiyy (ifetii-a). VT. scoop it out, dig it out, take it out. CF. ifet.

ig (iga). N. fish (general term). SYN. igal.

-ig (-iga). N. [numeral classifier for the tenth digit] seig, ten. tiweig, ninety. seig me seuw, eleven (general) objects.
iga₁ (i-gaa). [demonstrative compound, locative word] here, this place. Ye sa log i. He has been here. CF. -ga.

iga₂ (i-gaa). [demonstrative compound, time word] at the time when, if. I be lag i. ye tewai ppiung goshou. I will go only if there is no rain.

igaal (i-gaa-la). [demonstrative compound] here, this place (The speaker is located within the area.).

igal (igala). N. fish. Yoor igelal ira la? Are there any fish with that floating piece of log? SYN. ig.

igawe (i-ga-wee). [demonstrative compound] before (in time), long time ago, there (invisible).

igefalefal (iga-falafala). N. a kind of fish.

igely (i-ga-iya). [demonstrative compound, close to speaker] this area here (The speaker is located in the area.).

igela (i-ga-la). [demonstrative compound, time word] now, today, (at) this time. Gafitabongil wiik i.? What day of the week is it today?

igelaal (i-ga-la-la). [demonstrative compound, singular, away from speaker and hearer] over there, that place over there.

igelibong (igali-bongi). N. any fish caught at night.

igelifaalimaailap (igali-ffaali-maai-lapa). N. a kind of fish (pempheris ounalensis, etc.).

igemwu (i-ga-mwuu). [demonstrative compound, singular, near hearer] there near you (pointing).

igemwuul (i-ga-mwuu-la). [demonstrative compound, singular, near hearer, location-specifying] there near you (pointing).

igeol (igeoliu). N. school of fish (non-reef fish) which are caught. Yoor i. There is a school of fish which have just been caught.

igesiu (iga-siu). N. a term which identifies a barracuda which is seen swimming close to the surface of the water.

igessor (iga-ssoro). N. any fish caught in the morning.
igeta (*igetaa*). N. leeward or non-outrigger side of a canoe, measurement used in constructing this side. ANT. **itam**.

igiig (*igi-igi*). VN. to edge (a basket or a mat). Ye *i. betaup*. She is making the edge of a basket. CF. **igiti**.

igiti (*igitii*). VT. edge it. Ye *i. betaup we*. She wove the edge of the basket. CF.

ii (ii). ENG. N. letter E.

iinch (*iinchii*). ENG. N. inch (measurement).

iincho (*iinchooo*). JAP. N. head of a hospital, medical doctor in charge of a hospital.

iir (iire). PRON. [3rd per. pl.] they. *Ii. mele senseii*. They are teachers.

iiteiu (*iiteiu*). [alternant of iteiu (q.v.)]

iiy (iinya). PRON. [3rd per. sing.] he, she, it. *Ii. mele ye pira*. He was the one who stole it.

iinya (iinya). PRON. [question, locational] where?, which place? *Go bel lag ii.?* Where are you going? *Ii. mele ye buutog me iyang*? Where did he come from?

iiye (ii-yee). [demonstrative compound, singular, close to speaker] this here.

ika (i-kaa). [demonstrative compound, plural, close to speaker] these here.

ikaaal (i-kaa-la). [demonstrative compound, close to speaker, plural, location-specifying] these here. *I. senseii kawe yaar*. Here are their teachers.

ikawe (i-kaa-wee). [demonstrative compound, invisible, plural] those (we are talking about). *Siilo kawe ruwouw i. re log lan shimwan ila re tai betaip*. Those two pigs which are in the pen are not fat.

ikefa (i-kaa-faa). [demonstrative compound, question plural] which?, where?, what? *I. imweer*? Where are their houses?

ikela (i-kaa-la). [demonstrative compound, plural, close to hearer] those there.
ikelaal (i-ka-laa-la). [demonstrative compound, plural, away from speaker and hearer] those over there.

ikemwu (i-ka-mwuu). [demonstrative compound, plural, close to hearer] those near you (pointing).

ikemwuul (i-ka-mwuu-la). [demonstrative compound, plural, close to hearer, location-specifying] those there near you (pointing).

il₁ (ila). vi. to arrive, reach, land. Ye sa i. wa we. The canoe has arrived.

il₂ (ila). vi. to be exhausted, get tired, be worn out. Ye sa i. yasel. He is exhausted.

il₃ (ili). vi. to dive, swim underwater. Ye i. lag. He dived away.

il₄ (ili). N. young shoots surrounding an old plant, young plant. Ye tumwul i. we. The young plant is growing.

-il (-ili). N. [numeral classifier for layers of a canoe sail] riuweil iuw, two layers of sail. Ye sa tthewas seil me reel iuwel wa we waai. One layer of the sail of my canoe was broken.

ila₁ (i-lla). [demonstrative compound, singular, close to hearer. Often used as a topic marker] that there, that thing. Yaremat laal i. semal toagota. As for that person, he is a doctor.

ila₂ (i-lla). ADV. [Derived from ila.] OK, that’s right!, that’s it, correct!

ila nge (ilaa nge). ADV. [sentential. Derived from ila ‘that’ and nge ‘and’] I. i be lag. Then I will go.

ilaal (i-lla-la). [demonstrative compound, singular, away from speaker and hearer] that over there.

ilaalifat (ilaalifato). N. maternal side of oneself.

ilaamwo (ilaa-mwo). ADV. [pre-clausal] even though, even if. i. me re ssoong, even if they get mad.

ilaat (ilaata). vi. to lean (against, on), rest (against). Ye i. tog woai. She leaned on me. SYN. gailaat.

ilaf (ilafa). N. flat basket used for covering preserved breadfruit.
Ilagoomal (*ilagoomala*). N. name of a male divination spirit.

*ilal* (*i-lalo*). N. ocean bottom, underwater. CF. *lal*.<sup>1</sup>

*Ilebai* (*ilebai*). N. name of a male divination spirit.

*ileet* (*ileeete*). N. [question time word] when? *I. mele ye sa mas?* When did he die?

*Ilefaauw* (*ilefaauwa*). N. name of a male divination spirit.

*ielen* (*ileeni*). N. [Occurrences with a possessive suffix.] all, every, very. Ye ilegen *kail*. It is very strong. SYN. *paanga*.<sup>-</sup>

*ileiul* (*ileiula*). N. cradle, hammock, swinging couch or bed.

*ileiuwat* (*ileiuwata*). 1. N. pounded coconut husk, its juice. 2. VI., ADJ. to be mixed with pounded coconut husk or with its juice. Ye *sa i besh we*. The lime has been mixed with the juice of pounded coconut husk.

*Ileliugawe* (*ileliugawee*). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

*ilemes* (*ilemesi*). 1. N. a kind of magic for attracting girls. Ye *giula i*. He knows the magic for attracting girls. 2. VI. to conduct a magic to attract girls. Ye *i*. He is conducting the magic which can attract girls.

*Ilemmail* (*ilemmaila*). N. name of a male divination spirit.

*ileng* (*ilengi*). N. perspective sun-dial shell.

*ilepaat* (*ilepaata*). N. a kind of lavalava.

*ielt* (*ilet*). VN. to distribute, divide, ration, deal out. *Re i. mwongo*. They are distributing food.

*ieltiiyi* (*iletii-a*). VT. distribute it, divide it, ration it, deal it out. CF. *ilet*.

*ileetow* (*iletowa*). N. west.

*iliil* (*iliili*). N. plover (smaller than *gulung*).

*iliug* (*iliugiu*). N. [Locational] outside the village, ocean-side of an island, opposite side of a village. *Re lag i*. They went outside the village. CF. *liuglu*.
iliul (iliuli). 1. N. pillow. 2. VN. to use as one’s pillow. Ye i. ira. He is using wood as his pillow.

iliung (iliungga). N. pillow, support for the head of a sleeping person. il-iungei, my pillow.

iliuniug (iliuniugiu). N. a kind of hard-land plant (asplenium nidus).

ilou (ilou). VN. to change the feathers on the lures. Re i. par. They are changing the feathers on their lures.

iloulimwaaiu (iloulimwaaiu). N. a kind of sickness.

iloumaaw (iloumaawa). VI., ADJ. (to be) disobedient, mischievous, indulge in bad behavior. Ye i. sar we. The child is disobedient.

imw (imwa). N. house, dwelling, room, shelter. imwemw i., your house.

imwa- (imwa-). N. [possessive classifier for dwellings or sleeping places] imwei skuul, my school to sleep in. imwal imw, his house.

Imwebbul (imwabula). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

imweimw (imwa-imwa). VI. to live in a house, use a house temporarily. Re i. imw we. They are staying in the house temporarily. CF. imweli.

imweli (imwa-ii). VT. have it as one’s house, acquire it as a shelter. Ye sa i. imw we. He has acquired the house as his.


imweligabitag (imwali-ga-bii-tage). N. small menstrual house where girls go at the time of their first menstruation.

imwelingeol (imwali-ngeoliu). N. center of the chest.

imwelipeopeo (imwali-peopeo). N. special house used after birth, second birth house which is used for a while after leaving the birth place (i.e., imwelitemwaaiu).

imweliyalius (imwali-yaliusiu). N. ghost house, house of spirits.

imwepaarang (imwa-paaranga). N. iron house, house made up of steel, etc.
Imwepengag (*imwa-pengagi*). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

imwepipi (*imwa-piipii*). N. glass house, cabin.

imwepoa (*imwa-poa*). N. floored house.

imwesheoiu (*imwa-sheoiu*). VI. to go around to houses for playing, gos-siping, etc. *Ye i. sar we*. The child always goes around people’s houses.

imwesimeel (*imwa-simeeli*). N. concrete house.

imwetaamponing (*imwa-taamponingi*). N. tent, tent house.

imweteing (*imwa-teinga*). N. regular menstrual house, small men-strual house which is found near a dwelling.

imwetemwaiiu (*imwa-temwaiiu*). N. main birth house used for baby delivery, menstrual house.

imwettal (*imwa-ttali*). N. row of houses.

imwiri- (*imwiri-*) N. [locational] after, behind, back. **CF.** mwiri-.

imwowa- (*imwowa-*) N. [locational] before, front, than. *Iiy ye gach me i*. He is better than I. **CF.** mmwa-.

imwu (*i-mwuu*). [demonstrative compound, singular, close to hearer] that near you (pointing).

imwuuul (*i-mwuu-l*) [demonstrative compound, singular, close to hearer, location-specifying] that there near you (pointing).

ing (*ingi*). N. fin of a fish. *ingil ig we*, fin of the fish.

ingiing (*ingi-ingi*). VI., ADJ. (to be) sharp (of edges), have many corners. *kaagool i. we*, the box with many corners. *Ye i. ira we*. The wood has many corners.

ingki (*ingkii*). **ENG.** N. ink.

Inifar (*inifara*). N. name of a male divination spirit.

Inngeres (*inngeresi*). **ENG.** N. England.

ipat (*ipata*). VI. to be lucky, be fortunate, benefit. *Re i*. They are lucky.
ippai (ippai). JAP. VI. to be full, cup-full.

ira (iraal). N. tree, wood, log.

iraal (iraali). N. sticks (five altogether) of (the lavalava loom). Ye sa nngaw i. biisol we. The sticks for the loom are not good any longer.

iraalap (iraal-lapa). N. main-plate (longitudinal tie-beam) of a house.

ireey (iree-a). VT. cover it (a hole) up, fill it (a hole) up. I. lib la. Fill up that hole with dirt. CF. ireir1, iretag.

ireir1 (ire-ire). VN. fill up, cover up. Re i. lib. They are filling up the holes on the ground. CF. ireey.

ireir2 (ireire). N. parts of one’s body (generalized). ireirel galongai, parts of my body.

ireiut (ireiuta). N. home village, (in the) village.

iretag (iretagi). VI. to be buried, filled up, covered up. Ye sa i. lag lib we. The hole on the ground has been filled up (by the process of nature). CF. itei1, ireey.

iriir (iriiri). VN. to rub, scrub, daub. Ye i. fetal poomaato woal shimwel. He put pomade on his head and rubbed it around.

-is (-isi). N. [numeral classifier for a cluster of banana hands. Appears only with se- ‘one’.] seis, a cluster of banana hands.

isal (isalo). ADV. [sentential] to keep it, retain it. Isal! Keep it!

iseis (isa-isa). VN. to put, keep, store. Re i. mwongo lan imw we. They kept food in the house. CF. iseli.

iseli (isalii). VT. put it, keep it, store it. CF. iseis.

ish (ishi). N. letter of the alphabet, numeral.

ishiish (ishiishi). N. part of a fish trap.

isongasi (isongasii). JAP. VI. to be busy, tied up, occupied. I i. gemos. I am extremely busy.

Ister (istere). ENG. N. Easter.
it₁ (ita). N. name, personal name. itei, my name. itemam, our (excl.) names. ital, his name.

it₂ (ita). vi. [Appears with a directional.] to lean on the arms, lean over, depend upon. Ye i. lag. He leaned over.

it₃ (iti). vi. to be aware (of), informed, have knowledge of. Ye sa i. iyang. He is already aware of it.

ital (i-talo). N. (on the) ground, below. Ye log i. It is on the ground.

itam (i-tama). N. outrigger side (or windward side) of a canoe, measurement used in constructing the outrigger side. ANT. igeta.

itebut (itebuto). N. diagonal struts of a house, oblique brace across rafters of a canoe.

iteer (ita-re). N. their names. Ye sa iutiut lag melekawe iteer. Their names have been erased.


iteli (ita-lii). vt. adopt it as one’s name. I bel i. Tony. I will adopt Tony as my name. CF. it₁.

itifi (itifii). vt. scoop it out, dip it, draw it (water), take it out or up with or as if with a scoop. Ye i. shal we. He scooped the water. CF. itiiit₁, itiiit₂.

itiiit₁ (iti-iti). 1. N. spoon, scooper. 2. VN. to scoop, dip, draw, take out or up with scoop, fill with liquid. Ye lag i. shal. He went to draw water. CF. itifi.

itiiit₂ (itiiti). N. destiny, doom, mortality.

ittettam (itali-tama). N. [compound] (in) the name of the Father.

itto (ittoo). JAP. VI. to be in first place, win. Ye i. He won.

iuf₁ (iufa). N. leaves used for covering an underground oven. Ye toulap iufel umw we. There are lots of leaves used in the underground oven.
**iuf₂** *(iufa).* VN. to ascribe something (erroneous) to someone, pretend. 

**iufa** *(iufaa).* VT. ascribe it (erroneously) to someone, pretend that it belongs to someone. *Re sa iu. ngali mwal we bariug we.* They pretend that the song belongs to the man.

**iug₁** *(iugiu).* VI. to be finalized, finished, completed, come to an end. *Ye sa iu. fiyang we.* The story has come to an end.

**iug₂** *(iugiu).* N. tail of a bird.

**iugiufeg** *(iugiufagi).* VI. to stop, cease, halt, pause. *

**iugiug** *(iugiugiu).* VN. to construct, make, build (a fish-trap). *Re iu. u.* They are constructing a fish-trap.

**Iugiuliig** *(iugiuliiga).* N. Cassiopeia (star).

**iul₁** *(iula).* N. body hair, feather (of a bird), scale (of a fish). *

**iul₂** *(iula).* 1. N. maggot, larva (of a dipterous insect). 2. VI. to be contaminated with maggots. *

**iul₃** *(iuliu).* N. coconut screen, coconut husk, leaf (of a tree). *

**iul₄** *(iuliu).* VN. to drink, smoke a cigarette. *

**-iul** *(iuliu).* N. [numeral classifier for handfuls of leaves (except for coconut leaves) and hair] *

**iulef** *(iulefi).* N. a kind of fish.

**iulefi** *(iulafii).* VT. remove or pull off its scales or feathers. *

**iuleiul** *(iula-iula).* VN. to remove or pull off feathers or scales. *Re iu. maliug.* They are pulling out the feathers of the chickens.
Iulitiw (iulitiwe). N. Ulithi atoll.

Iululi1 (iuliliu). VN. to pull, draw, pull something from a group. Ye iu. He pulled.

Iululi2 (iuliu-iuliu). VN. [progressive form of iul] to be drinking.

Iuliuma- (iuliuma-). N. [possessive classifier for drinkable objects] iuliume shal, my water. iuliumal koofi, his coffee.

Iuliumeli (iuliuma-lii). VT. have it as one’s drink. CF. iuliuma-.

Iuliumi (iuliumii). VT. drink it, smoke it (a cigarette). CF. iul4.

Iun (iuliuli). N. coconut screen of, coconut husk of, tree leaf of. iun wal-iuwel, tree leaves. CF. iul3.

Iupeiu (iupaiupa). VI. to double-cross (between a male and a female), blackmail, betray. Ye tau iu. He always blackmails people.

Iupeoiup (iupaiupa). [alternate spelling of iupeiu (q.v.)]

Iur1 (iura). N. fifteenth day of the month.

Iur2 (iura). N. lobster.

Iureiur (iuraiura). 1. VI. to be proportionate, in proportion to. Ye sa iu. ngali. It is in proportion to it. 2. N. size, proportion.

Iureoiur (iuraiura). [alternate spelling of iureiur (q.v.)]

Iureoshap (iura-shapa). [alternate spelling of iureshap (q.v.)]

Iureshap (iura-shapa). N. a kind of lobster.

Iuru (iuriu). VT. pull it, drag it, launch it, strike it (as to strike a flint with a file in order to catch fire from sparks). CF. iuriur.

Iuriur (iuriu-iuriu). 1. VN. to drag, pull, launch, strike, push. Ye iu. tag riyaaka we waal. He is pushing his cart. Re iu. ira. They are pulling a wood. 2. VI. to slip under a heavy load, be raped. CF. iuriu.

Iuriutag (iuriu-tage). VI. to be put up (as of a sail), raised, hoisted. Ye sa iu. wa we. The sail of the canoe has been hoisted.
iuriutapp (iuriu-tappa). VN. to drag along, draw slowly or heavily. Ye iu. tag tuutu we yaal lan yenap. He drags his bag along on the road.

ius (iusiu). N. pandanus root above the ground.

iuseius (iuseiuse). 1. vi. to sit on one’s feet. 2. ADV. [post-verbal] in a half-sitting position. Ye matt iu. He is sitting on his feet.

iushiugiu (iushiugiu). VT. shake it, collect it. Cf. iushiush, iushi-ungeg.

iushiungeg (iushiungagi). vi. [passive] to be shaken, collected (of fruit). Ye iu. faliuw. The island was shaken. Cf. iushiugiu.

iushiupeiu (iushiu-paiu). vi. to shake hands. Re iu. They shook hands.

iushiush (iushiuiu-iushiu). VN. to shake, collect fruit. Re iu. wish. They are shaking bananas.

iusiupeoiu (iusiu-paiu). [alternate spelling of iusiupeiu (q.v.)]

iutal (iutala). N. load, burden, pack, cargo, freight. Ye toulap iutelal wa we. The canoe carries a heavy load.

iuteiu (iuteiu). [alternant of iiteiu (q.v.)]

iuteoiu (iuteiu). [alternant of iuteiu (q.v.)]

iutiut (iutiutiu). vi. to be erased, wiped out, effaced. Ye sa iu. lag melekawe iteer. Their names have been erased.

iuw1 (iuwa). N. canoe sail. seil iu., a layer of sail. iuvel wa we waai, the sail of my canoe.

iuw2 (iuwa). N. neck. iuwei, my neck. iuwal, his neck.

iuwang (iuwanga). N. either a breadfruit or a coconut tree to which the owner gives a great deal of care, process of caring for a breadfruit or a coconut tree. Yaai iuwang mai we. The breadfruit tree is mine because I was the one who cared for it.

iuwefaaib (iuwa-faiba). N. schooner, fore-and-aft rigged ship having two masts with a smaller sail on the foremast and with the mainmast stepped nearly amidships.
iuweiuw (iuwa-iuwa). N. boundary, partition. iuweiuwel felang, partition of the fireplace.

iuweiuwellifang (iuwa-iuwali-fangi). N. outrigger platform stringer of a canoe.

Iuweligereoo (iuweligereoo). N. name of a place on Falalus.

iuwenga (iuwengaa). VT. care for it (a tree), take care of it. Ye iu. mai we. He takes a good care of the breadfruit tree.

iuweoiuw (iuwa-iuwa). [alternate spelling of iuweiuw (q.v.)]

iuweoiuwellifang (iuwa-iuwali-fangi). [alternate spelling of iuweiuwellifang (q.v.)]

iuwet (iuweti). VI. to suffer (from), have trouble, have a hard time. Ye iu. reel gamwelel sar we. He suffers a lot for taking care of the child.

iuweyaf (iuwa-yafi). N. schooner, steamship.

iuyeiuy (iuye-iuye). VN. to collect, assemble, get together. Re iu. sho. They are collecting copra.

iuyelag (iuyelagi). VI. [passive] to get together, gather together, be assembled. Re sa iu. tamwel woal Weleya. The chiefs have been assembled on Woleai. CF. iuyeli.

iuyeli (iuyelii). VT. gather them, assemble them, collect them. Iu. sho kela. Put those copras together.

iuyelifenganiiy (iuyeli-fanganii-a). VT. [compound verb (iuyeli + fanganiyi)] gather them together, put them together, collect them together.

iwe1 (i-wee). [demonstrative compound, singular, old information to speaker and hearer] that (we are talking about), that thing.

iwe2 (i-wee). ADV. [pre-clausal] then. I. ye sa tabeeyai. Then he followed me.

iwe nge (i-wee nge). ADV. [pre-clausal] and then. I. ye sa mas. And then he died.
**iy** (iya). vi. to sprout, grow. *Ye sa i. waliuwel kawe.* The plants are growing.

**-iy** (-iya). [demonstrative suffix. Indicates that the speaker is in or on the object or time frame referred to. Attached only to the demonstratives ye ‘this’ and ka ‘these’.] *imw yeiy,* this house (in which I am). *faliuw kaiy,* these islands (I am in). *rag kaiy,* nowadays, these years.

**iyaag1** (iyaagi). VN. to separate, set apart, sever. *Ye i. bugotaar.* They separated the properties.

**iyaag2** (iyaagi). vi. to give birth to a baby, deliver a baby. *Ye sa i. shoabut we.* The woman has just given birth to a baby.

**iyaap** (iyaapi). vi. to turn, be bent, be twisted. *Ye sa i. lag paiul sar we.* The child’s arms were twisted.

**iyaapii** (iyaapii-a). VT. twist it, turn it, bend it. **CF. iyaap.**

**iyaasai** (iyaasai). JAP. N. vegetables.

**iyang** (iyanga). PRON. [locative, anaphoric] by it, of it, for it, there. *Meta ye mas i.* What did he die of? *Iiya mele ye sa lag i.?* Where did he go?

**iyat1** (i-yata). N. [locative word.] above, upside. *Ye log i.* It is located above.

**iyat2** (iyata). N. bamboo stick, stick for picking breadfruit. *Ye biun lag i. we yaai.* My bamboo for picking breadfruit is broken.

**iyeel** (i-yeel-ai). [demonstrative compound, singular, close to speaker, location-specifying] this here.

**iyeefang** (iyefangi). N. north.

**Iyefang** (iyefangi). N. one of the five villages on Falalap.

**iyeiur** (iyeiuriu). N. south.

**Iyeiur** (iyeiuriu). N. one of the five villages on Falalap.

**iyeiy1** (iya-iya). VN. to pick fruit with a stick. **Re i. mai.** They are picking breadfruits with sticks.
iyel2 (iye-iya). [demonstrative compound, singular, close to speaker] this here (The speaker is in that place).

iyemwei (iyemweiu). [=iyemwoi (q.v.)]

iyemweoiu (iyemweiu). [alternate spelling of iyemwei (q.v.)]

iyemweos (iyemwesiu). [alternate spelling of iyemwes (q.v.)]

iyemwes (iyemwesiu). VI. to be separated, detached, drawn apart, broken away. gaiyemwesiuw, separate it.

iyemwoi (iyemwoi). VI., ADJ. (to be) separated, partitioned, restricted. Ye i. bugotaar. They separated their land property. Ye sa i. lag bugot we. The piece of land is restricted to tresspassers.

iyepou (iyepou). N. asthma.

iyu (iyuu). ENG. N. letter U.
ka (kaa). DEM. [plural, close to the speaker] these. imw k., these houses.


ka-1 (ka-). [alternant of ga- (q.v.)] [causative prefix]

ka-2 (ka-). [ke- before the vowel a] [plural prefix. Appears always in a demonstrative.] kela, those near you. kelaal, those over there. kawe, those we are talking about. kefa, which ones?

kaagool (kaagoola). JAP. kago. 1. N. box. 2. VI. to be put in a box. Ye sa k. lag mas we. The dead man has been put in a box.

kaagoola (kaagoolaa). VT. put it in a box. Re sa k. lag mas we. They have put the dead man in the box. CF. kaagool.

kaal (kaa-la). DEM. [plural, close to speaker] these here. liu k., these coconuts here. CF. ka-2, -l2.

kaalebuus (kaalebuusa). 1. N. prison, jail. 2. VI. to be arrested, be put in jail. Ye k. mwal we. The man has been arrested.


kaaleich (kaaleichi). [=kaaleish]

kaaleish (kaaleishi). ENG. N. college.

kaama1 (kaamaa). JAP. N. sickle, grain sickle, scythe. Ye kang k. we. The sickle is sharp.

kaama2 (kaamaa). JAP. N. cooking pot, kettle. Ye bbug mai lan k. we. She boiled breadfruit in the cooking pot.

kaaminiis (kaaminiisi). ENG. 1. N. communist. 2. VI. to become a communist. Ye sa k. lag John. John has turned into a communist.
kaampeek (kaampeeki). JAP. N. dock, wharf.

kaantiin (kaantiina). GERMAN. N. store, shop, booth.

kaantooku (kaantookuu). JAP. N. foreman, supervisor.

kaantookuuw (kaantookuu-a). VT. supervise him, direct him. *Iiy mele ye k. yengaang we yaar.* He is the one who supervised their work. CF. kaantooku.

kaapil (kaapila). ENG. 1. N. captain of a ship. 2. VI. to become a captain. *Ye sa k. John.* John has become a captain.

kaapila (kaapilaa). VT. become the captain of it (a ship, etc.). *John ye sa k. wa we.* John has become the captain of the ship.

kaarisiiil (kaarisiiila). ENG. N. kerosene.

kaariyer (kaariyari). VI., ADJ. to have stripes (on a fish-body), striped. *ig k.*, striped fish. *Ye k. ig we.* The fish has stripes on its body.

kaaro (kaaroo). ENG. cart (?). N. hand-driven cart used on rails. *Ye tage tiw k. we.* He rode the cart down.

kaat (kaati). ENG. 1. N. cards (used in games). 2. VI. to play cards. *Re sa k. sar kawe.* The children have been playing cards.

Kaatoooliik (kaatoooliki). ENG. N. Catholic.

kab (kabu). VI., ADJ. (to be) dull, not sharp. *saar k. we,* the dull knife. *gekabu,* make it dull. *Ye k. saar we.* The knife is dull. ANT. kang.

kabiung (kabiungiu). VI. to learn, study. kabiungiul paliuw, learning of navigation. *Ye k.* He is learning.

kachito (kachitoo). JAP. N. movie, motion-picture.

kagil (kagila). 1. VI. to try, guess, make an effort. 2. N. chance. *Ye nngaw kagilel temwaaiu we.* The chances for the patient to survive are very bad.

kagiul (ka-giu). VN. to set a fire. kagiul yaf, setting of a fire. CF. giu2, gagiuw.

kaigiung (kaigiungiu). JAP. N. navy.

kaisa (kaisaa). jap. n. company, corporation.

kaiser (kisere). German. n. emperor.

kaiur (kaiuriu). 1. n. line, trace, row, mark. Ye weey kaiuriul waaliish. It looks like the traces of a pencil. 2. vi. to make a mark. Ye k. fetal sar we welippy. The child is making marks on the sand. cf. gaiuriu.

kaiureiru (kaiuraiura). [=gaiureiur] 1. vn. to estimate. 2. n. amount, estimate.

kaie (ka-iya). dem. [plural, including the speaker] these in which I am. rag k., these years. cf. -iy.

kaiyaku (kaiyakuu). jap. n. gun powder.

kakeeru (kakeeruu). jap. 1. n. mark (normally with an x sign). Ye fatogi seuw k. lan baabiyor we yaai. He made a mark on my paper. 2. vi. to be marked. Ye sa k. baabiyor we. The paper has already been marked.

kakeeruuf (kakeeruu-a). jap. vt. mark it. John ye k. baabiyor we. John marked the paper.

kakesang (kakesanga). jap. n. multiplication, multiplication table.

kaleoleo (kaleoleo). 1. n. urine. 2. vi. to urinate. John ye k. John is urinating.


kamelangileng (kama-langilangi). vn. to look at, spy on, peep. kamelangilengil metal, looking at his eyes. cf. gamelangi.

kameo (kameo). Satawalese. vn. to buy.

kameoli (kameolii). Satawalese. vt. buy it.
kamwooniyoon (kamwooniyoono). ENG. 1. N. communion, communion food. I gangi seuw k. I ate a bit of communion food. 2. vi. to receive communion. Re sa k. temwaaiu kawe. Those patients have received communion.

kamwu (ka-mwu). DEM. [plural, close to hearer] those near you (pointing). faiu k., those stones near you. CF. -mwu.

kamwuul (ka-mwuu-la). DEM. [plural, close to hearer] those there near you (pointing). buk k., those books there near you.

kang (kangi). vi., ADJ. (to be) sharp. saar k. we, the sharp knife. Ye sa k. saar we. The knife has become sharp. ANT. kab.

kangekang (kangakanga). vi. to chip off rust. Re k. seela kawe. Those sailors are chipping off rust (from the ship). Ye ttir kangekengal li-ugiul ppel wa we. The chipping off of rust from the side of the ship is faster.

kangkaito (kangkaitoo). JAP. (?) N. a kind of dynamite.

kangkootai (kangkootai). JAP. N. passengers, tourists.

kanngof (kanngofi). JAP. N. nurse.

kansi (kansii). JAP. N. Chinese characters.

kapeo (kapeo). 1. N. ruler, any kind of measurement devices. 2. VN. to measure. CF. gaepow1, peo3.

kapeopeo (kapeopeo). VN. to measure. CF. gaepow1.

kapetal Mariiken (kapatali mariikena). 1. N. the English language. 2. vi. to talk in English. Ye k. ngali John. He talked to John in English.

kapetaliwa (kapatali-waa). N. talk of the canoe, a gift made by travelers to their host at the time of their arrival.

kappa (kappaa). JAP. N. plastic raincoat. Yoor gousei k. I have a raincoat.

kar1 (kara). vi., ADJ., VN. (to be) broiled, cooked on the flame, heated in the sun, broil. mengar k., broiled flying fish. Ye k. It is being broiled. I k. ig. I broiled fish.
kar2 (kari). N. curved end of an island.

Kar (kari). N. name of an island in Elato.


kas (kasa). 1. N. foreign language. 2. vi. to speak in a foreign accent, change voice. Ye k. mwal we. The man spoke in a foreign accent.

kash (kasha). VN. to throw (as a ball, a dart, etc.). keshal boor we, the throwing of the ball. CF. gasheey.

kashiuw (kashiuwa). VI. to be removed, suspended, overhang. Ye sa k. wa we. The ship has been removed. CF. gashiua.

kasig (kasiga). 1. N. a special kind of traditional dance which is usually performed to honor the death of a chief or also when a girl is having menstruation for the first time. Yoor k. Weleya. There is a dance on Woleai. 2. VI. to dance. Re k. reweleya. The Woleai people are dancing.

kasigesig (kasigasiga). VN. to scold. Ye sa k. shoabut we. The woman has scolded.

kat (kati). VI., ADJ., VN. (to be) tied, tie, bind. shiug k., tied basket. katiu ira we, the tying of the log. Ye sa k. ira we. The log has been tied.

kateo (kateo). VN. to interpret. John ye k. kepap. John is an interpreter. CF. gateow3.

kateoteo (kateoteo). VN. to move (things) around, as in a chess game. CF. gateow1.

kati (katii). VT. tie it, bind it. CF. kat.

katiyi (kati-a). VT. tie it, bind it. CF. kat.

katiu (katiu). VN. to dye. Ye be k. mengaag. She will dye cloth. CF. gatiuw.

katiw (katiwe). VN. to strip off, remove. CF. gatiwe.

kaumw (kaumwu). ENG. comb. 1. N. comb. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) combed. shimw k., combed hair. Ye k. shimwel. His hair is combed.
kaumwuuw (kaumwuu-a). VT. comb it. John ye k. shimwel Mary. John combed Mary’s hair. CF. kaumw.

to watch closely, stare. Re k. skooki. They are watching airplanes. Si be lag k. yaar baaiu. Let’s go and watch their dance.

kawe (ka-wee). DEM. [plural, invisible, known to the speaker and hearer] those we are talking about. buk k., those books (we know). Illegil maliug k. tiweuw nge wenaumw? Are those nine chickens all yours?

ke- (ke-). [verbal prefix] temporarily, playfully. CF. kelaiuleiu, ke-waawa.

keel (keele). N. a kind of tree. SYN. gaasaas.


kei (kei). ENG. N. letter K.

kekaali (kaka-alii). VT. [progressive form of gaali] be flying it, sling it.

kekagila (kakagila). VT. [progressive form of gagila] to be trying it.

kekamwongoow (kakamwongoow). VT. [causative progressive form of mwongo] to be feeding it. Ye k. siilo we. He is feeding that pig.

kekangiiy (kakangii-a). VT. [progressive form of gangi] be eating it.

kekapeta (kakapataa). VT. talk about it. Re k. kofal fiteg we. They are talking about the war.

kekar (kakara). VI., VN. [progressive form of kar] to be broiling.

kekatepa (kakatapaa). VT. [progressive form of gattepa] be touching it.

kekatinap (kakatinapa). VI. [progressive form of gatinap] to be showing off, be boastful. Ye k. ngali shoabut we. He is trying to show off to the woman.

kekatiya (kaka-tiyaa). VT. [progressive form of gatiya] be compacting it, compressing it, squeezing it. CF. gatiya.
kekattewa (kaka-ttewaa). VT. [progressive form of gattewa] to be cracking slowly, being hatched. Ye sa k. It is cracking slowly.

kekauwa (kakauwaa). VI. [progressive form of gauwa] to be whistling. Ye k. faar ag lag. He was whistling as he walked away.

kekebat (kekebata). VI., ADJ. [progressive form of gebat] (to be) barking. gelaaag k., barking dog. CF. gebat.

kekematefa (kaka-matafaa). VT. [progressive form of gematefa] to be explaining it.

kekepal (kekepali). 1. N. promise, swear. 2. VN. to promise, swear. Ye k. sar we. The child swore. I k. be i be gak tog selaapiy. I promise to bring money.

kekepat (kakapata). [=kepatepat] VI. to talk, be talking. Re k. They are talking.

kekerag (kakaraga). VI., ADJ. [progressive form of gerag] to be crawling, to have started crawling. Ye sa k. sar we. The child has started crawling.

kel1 (kela). N. a kind of hard-land tree (terminalia catappa). The seeds are said originally to have come from the sea.

kel2 (keli). 1. N. hole. Ye matt lan kel we. He is sitting in the hole in the ground. 2. VI. to be dug. Ye sa k. lib we. The hole has already been dug. CF. gelingi.

kela (ka-laa). DEM. [plural, close to the hearer] those near you. ig k., those fish near you.

kelaal (ka-laal-a). DEM. [plural, away from the speaker and hearer] those over there. imw k., those houses over there.

kelaisal (kelaisala). N. rail, track.

kelaisiis (kelaisiisi). N. toilet, restroom. SYN. bencho.

kelaiuleiu (ke-laiu-laiu). VI. to take care of a child playfully, pretend to be a parent. Re k. fetal. They are pretending to be their mothers.
kemal (kamala). 1. N. miracle, power. Ye kail kamelal yalius we. The miraculous power of the ghost is great. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) powerful. gekamela, make him powerful. yalius k., powerful ghost. Ye k. yalius we. The ghost is powerful.

kemoaru (kemoaruu). JAP. kumoru ‘cloudy’ (?) or komaru ‘to be troubled’ (?). VI. to feel bad, to be sick. Ye sa k. lag mwal we. The man has been feeling bad.

kemwash (ka-mwashi). VN. [causative (The causative prefix ge- is changed to ke-)] to hold, catch, grasp. kemwashiel, his holding. Ye k. It is being held. Cf. mwash1, gemwashiu.

kemwatiyetiy (kamwatiyatiya). VI., ADJ. (to be) beautiful, pretty. shoabut k., a beautiful girl. Ye k. faliuwei. This island is beautiful. Ye bal gach mwo kemwatiyetiyel faliuwei! Oh! What a beautiful island this is!

kenaaka (kenaakaa). N. native islanders.


keokeo (keokeo). [=keo (q.v.)]

keoreo (kereo). [alternate spelling of kereo (q.v.)]

keot (keotiu). VI. to be itchy from eating raw, special kind of non-swamp taro, hot (from such a taro). Ye sa k. sar we. The child has been affected by the heat of the non-swamp taro. Ye kail keotiu file. The heat of non-swamp taro is considerable.


kepaliupeiu2 (kapaliupaiu). VI. to be brave, dare. Ye k. gemas sar we. The child is very brave.

kepal (kapala). VI., ADJ. to sail away from the wind, without using a sail. wa k., moving canoe without sail. Ye sa k. tiw wa we. The canoe has come westward without using the sail.
**kepat** (kapata). 1. N. word, language, speech, rule, regulation. *ri-uwepat k.*, two fragments of speech. *Ye sa giula k. sar we*. The child has learned how to talk. 2. vi. to talk, speak, be talkative. *Re k. tamweol kawe*. The chiefs are talking. *Ye tou k. shoabut we*. The woman is talkative.

**kepatepat** (kapapatapata). [=kekepat] vi. to talk, be talking. *Re k.* They are talking.

**ker** (kere). vi. to be happy, glad, rejoice, delightful, pleasant. *gakere*, make him happy. *Ye sa k. mwal we*. The man is happy. *Ye kerel gan*. He is happy because of his food.

**kereeta** (kereetaa). JAP. karada. N. muscle, body.

**kereo** (kere). vi., adj. (to be) scraped, swept. *mal k.*, scraped thing. *Ye sa k. wish we*. The banana has been scraped. Cf. *gereoti*.

**kesagili** (kasagilii). vt. [compound verb] speak it (the words) in a foreign accent.

**ketakena** (katakana). JAP. N. Japanese characters, katakana.


**kewaawa** (kewaawaa). vi. to sail around, use a canoe to wander around. *Re k. fetal sar kawe*. Those kids are sailing around in their canoe.

**key** (keya). vi. to travel far, fly (by the force of some agent). *gakeya*, make it travel. *Ye k. boor we*. The ball traveled far.

**ki1** (ki). [The vowel -i is voiceless.] vi. to happen, occur, show up, come. *Ye sa bal k. tog yaai temwaauiu*. My sickness has come again.

**ki2** (ki). [The vowel -i is voiceless.] vi. to be extreme, strong, hot. *Ye k. gemas gashi yeel*. This tuba is very strong.

**ki3** (ki). [The vowel -i is voiceless.] vi. to be poured, rushed out, discharged. *gaki*, cause it to be poured. *Ye sa k. gasi we*. The tuba has been poured.

**kif** (kifa). vi., adj. (to be) erected, be stiff. *gakifa*, make it stiff. *gai k.*, stiff penis. *Sa k. gail mwal we*. The man’s penis has become erect.
kiimchi (kimchii). KOREAN. N. Korean pickles, kimchi.

kiino (kiinoo). 1. N. scale for weighing copra. 2. VN. to weigh (copra). Re k. They are weighing copra.


kiiy (kiiya). ENG. 1. N. key. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) unlocked, locked. bar k., locked box, unlocked box. Ye sa k. bwar we. The box has already been unlocked.

kiiya (kiiya-a). VT. unlock it with a key. Kiiya! Unlock it by using the key! CF. kiiy.

kiiyaach (kiiyaachiu). ENG. catcher. 1. N. catcher in baseball. 2. VI. to be a catcher. Ye k. mwal we. The man is a catcher.

kil1 (kili). VI. to be suspicious, skeptical. Ye sa k. yaremat we. The man is suspicious.

kil2 (kili). N. a kind of hard-land tree (terminalia catappa). The seeds are said originally to have come from the sea.

kilag (kilago). VI., ADJ. (to be) hungry. gakilagoow, make him go hungry. Ye sa k. sar we. The child is hungry.

kiliil (kiliili). VI., ADJ., VN. (to be) clean, cleaned, to clean. paiu k., clean hands. Ye sa k. imw we. The house has been cleaned.

kiliiliiy (kiliili-a). VT. clean it. Re k. imw we. They cleaned the house.

kiliiy (kili-a). VT. suspect it, doubt it, be skeptical about it. I k. shag nge ye sa yoor mas. I suspect that someone died.

kimooiu (kimooiu). N. a kind of banana.


kinoow (kinoo-a). VT. weigh it. Re sa k. sho kawe. They have weighed the copra. CF. kiino.

kintama (kintamaa). JAP. N. testicle.

kinupakutang (kinu-pakutanga). JAP. N. atomic bomb.
**kir** (kiri). VI., ADJ. (to be) swift, be rapid, flow fast. gakiri, make it go fast. fangosh k., rapid current. Ye k. gemas fangosh. The current is very swift.

**kiraai** (kiraai). JAP. N. underwater bomb, mine.

**kiriis** (kiriisi). ENG. 1. N. grease, oil, human fat. kiriisimw, your fat. 2. VI. to be greasy. Ye sa k. lag melewe. The thing has turned into grease.

**kit** (kiti). VI., ADJ. (to be) tiny, little, small. gakiti sekiut, make it a little smaller. sar k. kawe, those little children. Ye kit mai kawe. Those breadfruits are tiny.

**kitenai** (kitenai). JAP. VI., ADJ. (to be) dirty, filthy. kitenail pesheemw, dirtiness of your leg. sar k., dirty child. Ye sa k. lag mwongo kawe. Those foods have become dirty.

**kiu1** (kiu). [The vowel iu is voiceless.] N. fingernail, toenail, claw.

**kiu2** (kiu). VI. to be given away, be taken. Ye sa k. lag mwongo kawe reel waal yemwaamw we. Those foods were given away to the visiting canoe.

**kiu3** (kiu). VI. to be even, balanced. Ye sa k. It is even. SYN. ffeiy.

**kiu4** (kiu-i). [The suffix -i ‘my’ is assimilated to the preceding high vowel iu.] N. my finger nail, my toe nail.

**kiuk** (kiukiu). VI., VN. to bite (as of mosquitos), sting. I meyafi kiukiul lamw. I feel the biting of a mosquito. CF. giuw1.

**kiukiuw** (kiukiu-a). VT. [progressive form of giuw] be biting it, chewing it.

**kiuleo** (kiuleo). VN. to order (someone to do something). yaal k., his order.

**kiuleow** (kiuleo-a). VT. order him. Ye k. sar we fatiuwal. He ordered his nephew (to do something).

**kiung1** (kiungi). 1. N. bell-ring, ringing. I rongorong kiungiul paarang we. I heard the bell ring. 2. VI. to ring. gakiungi, ring it. Ye sa k. paarang. The bell has rung.
kiung2 (kiungiu). N. dusk, darkness.

kiungiulag (kiungiu-lago). VI. to become dark, be dusky. Ye sa k. It has become dusky.

kiungkang (kiungkanga). JAP. N. warship, battleship.

kiur (kiura). VI., ADJ. (to be) pulled back (as of the foreskin), circumcised. Ye sa k. gail mwal we. The foreskin of the man’s penis has been pulled back. CF. giureey.

-kiut (-kiuta). N. [numeral classifier for a small amount. Appears only after se-'one'.] sekiut baabiyor, a few books. sekiut peraas, a little rice. sekiut temaag, some tobacco. sekiut shal, a little water.

kiyu (kiyuu). ENG. N. letter Q.

klas (klasa). ENG. N. class, classroom. Yoor sar mwal lan k. yeel. There are boys in this class.


koakoa (koakoa). N. male child of a few months old. SYN. saugaaw.

kofa- (kofa-). N. situation, happening, thing, condition, status. I giula kofal. I know about it. Ye ila ssengal kofal faliuweiy. That is the way people do things on this island. Ye bel baatag tag melekawe kofaar. Their secret will be disclosed.

kofalifaliuw (kofali-faliuwa). N. custom, tradition.

Kokaito (kokaitoo). JAP. kookaidoo ‘a public house’. N. a place where a Japanese house was located on Woleai.

kokobaang (kokobaanga). JAP. N. blackboard.

kokobokang (kokobokanga). JAP. N. carrier, warship, submarine.

kokol (kokoli). VI., ADJ. (to be) kinky (as of hair). gakokoliiy, make it kinky. shimw k., kinky hair.

kol (kola). N. food for men working on a canoe.

komaaru (komaaruu). JAP. VI. to feel bad, be in trouble. I sa k. I have some trouble.

komattena (komattanaa). JAP. ADV. [sentential. exclamatory] i am in some sort of trouble!

Kongkong (kong-kongo). CHINESE. N. Hong Kong.

konsuwa (konsuwaa). JAP. konnichiwa. VI. to bow (bend), to be broken. Ye sa k. lag wa we. The canoe has been broken.

koobre (koobree). ENG. copper. N. tin.

koocho1 (koochoo). 1. N. arm-wrestling. 2. VI. to arm-wrestle. Re k. sar kawe. Those kids are arm-wrestling.

koocho2 (koochoo). JAP. N. superintendent of a school.

koofi (koofii). ENG. N. coffee. segumw k., a mouthful of coffee.

kook (kooku). ENG. N. Coke (cola), Coca Cola. k. gari feeoiu, cold Coke. I bel fang be go be iul k. I will let you drink Coke.

kookang (kookanga). JAP. VN. to exchange, interchange, barter.

kooma (koomaa). ENG. gum. N. rubber, rubber eraser.

koomach (koomachiu). N. married couple (used in songs and romantic situations). Re sa ker iir k. be re sa kaliugibesh nge mauwesh giish kopag si ya kaliug yangiyeng be toar le si ragomiiy. The married couple are happy, for they have someone to keep them warm at night, but for us poor bachelors and spinsters we feel empty, for we have no one to hug.

koome (koomee). JAP. N. rice. SYN. peraas.

koori (koorii). JAP. N. ice.

koosang (koosanga). JAP. VI. to surrender. Re sa k. resepaal. The Japanese have surrendered.

koostaang (koostaanga). VI. to move backward. Ye k. wa we. The ship moves backward. ANT. kooyei.
kootai (kootai). JAP. VI. to change, shift, take one’s turn, alternate. Re k. shoal yengaang. The workers take turns.

kootip (kootipi). VI. to paddle with two paddles. Ye k. tag mwal we. The man paddled eastward.

kootipiil (kootipi-il). VT. paddle it.

kootiya (kootiya). 1. N. small wrapping of preserved breadfruit cooked in an underground oven. 2. VI. to make wrapping of cooked preserved breadfruit. Re k. shoabut kawe. Those women make kootiya.

kootiyaali (kootiya-alii). VT. make it (wrapping of cooked preserved breadfruit). CF. kootiya.

kooyei (kooyei). VI. to move forward. Ye sa k. wa we. The ship has moved forward. ANT. koostang.

koriyo (koriyoo). N. venereal disease.

koyaas (koyaasi). JAP. 1. N. fertilizer, manure, human waste. 2. VI. to be fertilized. Ye sa k. It is being fertilized.

koyaasiil (koyaasi-il). VT. add fertilizer to it. CF. koyaas.

koyaaya (koyaayaa). VI. to be undecided, feel undecided. Ye k. fetal mwal we. The man is left undecided.

koyeeng (ko-yennege). JAP. N. five dollars.

ku (kuu). JAP. N. [enumerative counter] nine.

kuchusita (kuchusita). JAP. N. socks, stockings.

kumi (kumii). JAP. N. team, class, squad.

kumw (kumwu). N. mouthful. seuw kumwul shal, one mouthful of water. CF. gumwuuw.

kuniyooro (kuniyooroo). JAP. konoyaroo. N. bastard!

kunsoori (kunsoorii). JAP. (?) N. four-engine plane.

kuraanto (kuraantoo). ENG. ground. N. playground.
**kuruuma** (*kuruumaal*). JAP. N. big two-wheel cart.

**kuruumaali** (*kuruumaalii*). VT. transport it on *kuruuma*. CF. **kuruuma**.

**kus** (*kusu*). 1. N. a person’s sperm. 2. VI. to eject sperm, spout, emit. *gakusu*, make him eject. Ye sa *k. mwal we*. The man has ejected.

**kut** (*kutu*). 1. N. spit, spittle. 2. VI. to spit. *gutufi*, spit on it. Ye *k. sar we*. The child spits.

**kuuli** (*kuulii*). 1. N. needy people, poor people. 2. VI., ADJ. to be poor. *mwal k. we*, the poor man. Ye sa *k. mwal we*. The man has become poor.

**kuwa** (*kuwaa*). JAP. 1. N. hoe, mattock. 2. VI. to hoe, hoe up the soil, plough, break ground. Ye *k. fetal*. He is digging around with a hoe.

**kuwaali** (*kuwaalii*). VT. hoe it, plough it, break it (the ground). CF. **kuwa**.
-l₁ (-la). [noun formative] bongil we, that night (cf. bong we that feast). sorol we, that morning. fegaaf₁, evening (cf. fegaaf). igal, fish (cf. ig).

-₁₂ (-la). [location-specifying suffix attached to a demonstrative] here, there. yeel, this here. laal, that over there. imw laal, that house over there. yaremat kaal, these people here. I be gasi iyeel. I will take this one here.


-₁₄ (-le). [aspectual suffix. Attached only to be ‘will’, indicating immediateness.] Cf. bel₃.


la₁ (la). [contraction of lag] VI. [Occurs as the first verb of a compound verb expression.] to go. I be la fita. I will go for fishing.

la₂ (laa). DEM. [close to the hearer] that near you. imw l., that house near you.

la₁ (la-). [alternant of laiu- (q.v.). Occurs before -i ‘my’.] lai, my child.

la₂ (la-). [nominal prefix. Attached to women’s names, which is the major sign distinguishing women’s names from those of men.]

laabuw (laabuwa). N. stand for the mast of a canoe.

laal₁ (laa-la). DEM. [close to the hearer] that there near you. mengaag l., those clothes there near you.

laal₂ (laala). 1. N. pus. 2. VI. to have pus, be contaminated with pus. Ye sa l. melemwu paumw. Your hand has been contaminated with pus.

laaligereoi (laali-gereoi). [alternate spelling of laaligereoi (q.v.)]
laaligereo (laaligereo). N. lion fish which has poisonous spines.

Laalimwar (laali-mwar). N. name of a place on Tagailap.

laamwaar (laamwaara). N. a kind of fish with black, white and yellow stripes.

laat (laata). 1. N. man-made ditch in the taro-patch, used for a boundary marker. 2. vi. to be dug, be ditched. Ye sa l. bel we. The taro-patch is ditched.

laata (laataa). vt. change it into a ditch. CF. laat.

Laatalileyaiutal (laatali-leyaiutala). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

laaw (laawa). vi. to have the throat stuck with something. laawal ig, fish-bone getting stuck in the throat. Ye l. sar we. The child’s throat is stuck with something.

Laaworo (laaworoo). N. Nauru Island.

labis (labisi). N. a kind of sea clam.

labut (labuto). N. snake, worm, eel.

labutobesh (labuto-beshe). N. a kind of white eel.

labutoshol (labuto-shola). N. a kind of black eel.

lachiuw (lachiuwa). N. copra with two sprouts, twin-copra.

lag1 (laga). N. bracelet, wrist ornament. CF. lagelag, legali.

lag2 (lago). vi. to go. lagol mwal we, going of the man. Re l. me John. He went with John.


Lag (laga). N. Pegasus star.

lagelag (laga-laga). VN. to use as a bracelet, wear as a wrist ornament. Ye l. shoabut we. The woman is wearing a bracelet.

lagolipil (lagoli-pila). VI., ADJ. (to be) famous, well-known, notorious. mwal l. we, the famous man. Ye l. mwal we. The man is famous.


laigeriug (laigariugiu). N. female whale seen along the navigational course line.

laiu1 (laiu). N. tomorrow. Ye be lag Yap laiu. He will go to Yap tomorrow.

laiu2 (laiu). N. child, offspring. laiumi, your (pl.) children.

laiu- (laiu-). N. [possessive classifier for children, domestic animals, toys, tools, etc.] lai sar skuul, my student. laiul gelaag, his dog. Cf. la-1.

laiuleiu (laiu-laiu). VI. to deliver a baby, have a child, grow. Ye sa l. shoabet we. The woman has delivered a baby.

laiuli (laiu-lii). VT. own it (a child) as one’s child, deliver him. I be l. John. I will have John as my child.

laiuliyar (laiuli-yara). N. rainbow.

laiuneiu- (laiuli-laiu-). N. grandchild.

laiunipish (laiuli-lipishi). N. illegitimate child.

laiura (laiuraa). 1. N. stick-dance. 2. VI. to do a stick-dance.

laiuwemwaauiu (laiuwa-mwaaiu). N. an area of many sharks (derived from a name of a group of sharks). Cf. lawiyelimwar.

Lakitigiit (lakitigiiti). N. name of an island in Eauripik.

lal1 (lalo). VI., ADJ. (to be) deep. lalol lan taw we, deepness of the channel. biuleiu l., deep place. Ye l. gemas lan taw we. The channel is very deep.

laloileng (laloilangi). VI. to be worried, frightened, insecure. Ye sa l. shoabut we. The woman has been worried.

lalomweiu (lalomweiu). VI., ADJ. (to feel) sad, feel lonely. mal l., lonely person. gelalomweiuw, make him sad. Ye sa l. She feels so sad.

laloolai (laloolai). VI., ADJ. [lal + yelaai] (to be) patient, lenient, of loose temper, generous. gelaloolaig, be patient yourself. mwal l. we, the patient man. Ye l. mwal we. The man is lenient.

laloow (laloo-a). VT. concentrate on it. John ye l. yaal yengaang. John is concentrating on his work.

lalow (lalowa). N. yesterday. I weri sensei l. I saw the teacher yesterday.

lam (lama). ENG. N. lamp, lamp-oil container, lamp light.

lamelam (lama-lama). VN. to be responsible for. CF. lemai.

lamelap (lama-lapa). VI., ADJ. (to be) careless, not carefully done, sloppy. mal l., sloppy person. Ye l. mwal we. The man’s work is not that good.

lamewa (lamawaa). N. huge transparent bottle.

lamw1 (lamwo). N. lagoon, sea, lake.

lamw2 (lamwu). 1. N. mosquito. 2. VI. to have plenty of mosquitoes. Ye l. gemas. There are plenty of mosquitos here.

Lamw (lamwo). N. name of an island in Ulithi.

lamw metaw (lamwo matawa). N. deep lagoon.

Lamwocheg (lamwoli-ragi). N. Lamotrek (an island in the vicinity of Woleai).

Lamwocheg Lapelap (lamwoli-ragi lapa-lapa). N. Greater Lamotrek, i.e., Lamotrek, Elato and Satawal.

Lamwolaital (lamwo-laitalo). N. Western Lagoon of Woleai Atoll.
Lamwolaiyat (lamwo-laiyata). N. Eastern Lagoon of Woleai Atoll.

Lamwoliiyer (lamwoli-yeoriu). N. name of an island in Elato.

Lamwotag (lamwo-tage). N. name of a place on Falalus.

lan 1 (lalola). N. [lal ‘inside’ + -l ‘its’] its inside, the inside of it. Ye log l. It is located inside of it.

lan 2 (laloli). N. [lal ‘inside’ + -l ‘of’] inside of. Liu we ye log l. imw we. The coconut is inside the house. Ye log l. ruumw we. He is inside the room. Ye bbug ig we lan raw. The fish boiled in the pot. Ye tabeey lag Mary l. giubul. He went with Mary to the party.

lang 1 (langi). N. sky.

lang 2 (langi). 1. N. typhoon, rain-storm, wind. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) struck by a typhoon. faliuw l., island struck by a typhoon. Ye l. Weleya. Woleai is being struck by a typhoon.

lang 3 (langi). N. compass.


lang 5 (lango). 1. N. canoe roller, fulcrum. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) rolled, raised with supporters. wa l., raised canoe with a supporter. Ye l. wa we. The canoe was raised by putting something under it.

Langeperal (langeparala). N. name of a male divination spirit.

langilipi (langili-piya). N. a kind of dance.

langimaal (langi-maliu). N. cloud, heaven.

langita (langitaa). 1. N. famine, a period of time when food is scarce. 2. VI. to have famine. gelangitaali, cause it to have a famine. Re sa l. They have a famine.

langiuw (langiuwa). N. a kind of fish.

langol iuw (langoli iuwa). N. canoe sail supporter.

langol yepeep (langoli yepeepa). N. canoe platform supporter.
langoow (langoo-a). VT. put something under it. L. wa la! Put something under the keel of that canoe.

langotamwel (lango-tamweliu). N. bee-like fly.

Lanilamw (laloli-lamwo). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Lanimaat (laloli-maata). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Lanipaan (laloli-paaniu). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

laniy (laniya). N. palce to stay.

laniya- (laniya-). N. [possessive classifier for places to stay] laniyash, our place to stay. Laniyei meelel. This is my place (a place for me to stay).

laniyeli (laniya-lii). VT. have it as one’s seat.

lanoworong (laloli-woronga). N. inside of the throat.


lap2 (lapa). ULITHIAN. 1. N. red dirt used for painting, red clay, red paint. 2. VI. to be painted red. Ye sa l. paap we. The plank has been painted with red paint.


lapelap (lapa-lapa). VI., ADJ. (to be) greater, larger, bigger. Lamwocheg l., Greater Lamotrek, i.e., Lamotrek, Elato, and Satawal.

lapp (lappa). 1. N. partition, boundary. 2. VN. to partition. CF. leppa.

lar (lariu). N. spiny sea-urchin.

lash (lashi). N. pine tree.

laumw (laiu-mwu). N. your child.

law (lawa). VI. to be scared, frightened, astonished, startled. Ye sa l. ig kawe. Those fish were scared.
lawiyelimwar (lawiyali-mwara). N. an area of many sharks (derived from a group of sharks). CF. laiwemwaaiu.


le2 (le). CONJ. [relative marker] that, who, which, he who, those who. *I tipeli semal yaremat l. ye gach. I want someone who is good. Ye toar rebugotal l. ye giula kapetal Mariiken. He doesn’t have any relatives who can speak English. Ye toar l. ye buutog reel tteiuy we lalow. No one came to the meeting yesterday.*

le- (le-). [A single consonant is normally doubled after this prefix.] [nominal prefix. Occurs before certain place or time words.] in. CF. lecheg, lettet, lenamw, lechal, lebe-, lettabo-.

lebe- (le-be-). [=libe-] N. time, age, era. *lebel saril, at the time of his childhood.*

lechal (le-shaliu). N. inside of the water; in the water-well. *Ye tiutiu l. He is taking a bath in the water-well. I weriir semweiu me l. I saw some (living) things in the water. CF. shal.*

lecheg (le-ragi). N. summer season, breadfruit season, summer. ANT. yefang2.

Lechib (le-shiba). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Leebaas (leebaasi). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Leegawe (leegawee). N. name of a place on Tagailap.

leeligu (leeliguu). N. a kind of taro.

Leemweg (leemwegiu). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Leeterang (leetaranga). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Leetiwi (leetiwii). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

lega- (laga-). N. [possessive classifier for bracelets] *legai, my bracelet.* CF. lag1.
legag (legagi). VI. to settle down mentally, be patient. Ye tai l. tiw mwal we. The man is impatient.

legali (laga-lii). VT. own it as one’s bracelet. I be l. mena. I will have that as my bracelet. CF. lag1, lagelag, lega-.  

legiuleg (legiul-legi). VN. to pull to make tight, tie. legiulegiul tal we, the tying of the rope.

legiulegiuw (legiu-legiu-a). VT. pull it, make it tight, be pulling it.

legiuw (legiu-a). VT. make it tight, pull it to make it tight.

leip (leipa). N. a kind of small basket.

leipa (leipaa). VT. put it in the basket. CF. leip.

lel (leli). N. morinda.

lelaai (lelaai). VI., ADJ. (to be) long, tall. mwal l., tall man. Ye l. pesheemw. Your leg is long.

lemali (lemalii). VT. be responsible for it. Ye sa l. lag mwongo kawe. He is responsible for the food.

lemasi (lemasii). VT. make knots in (rope, etc.) it (without pulling it tight). Ye mwaash l. tal we. He was just making the knot in the rope.

lenamw (le-lamwo). N. inside of the lagoon. Wa we ye lag l. The canoe is inside of the lagoon.

leng (leni). [alternate spelling of leong (q.v.)] N. ant. semal l., an ant.

Lenumw (leli-lumwu). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

leo1 (leo). N. dug-out well on the seaside of an island used for bathing.

leo2 (leo). VI. to suffer from indigestion, get food stuck in the esophagus due to the lack of water. Ye l. shoabut we. The woman suffers from indigestion.

leo3 (leo). N. bottle.

leogiuleog (legiul-legi). [alternate spelling of legiuleg (q.v.)]
leoleo (leo-leo). VI. to be filled with water or liquid, produce plenty of liquid. Ye l. shal we. The well is filled with water. Ye l. gashi we. The tuba tree produces plenty of juice. Ye ttir leoleol lib we. The well is filled with water very easily.

leolimelaw (leoli-malawa). N. source of life (a hypothetical place in our body from which life originates). Lai l. ye tilifeg be metag temail ffageowamw. From the source of my life, it becomes a pain and turns into a sickness as a result of my love for you.

leolingas (leoli-ngasa). N. perfume.

Leolipelig (leoli-paliga). N. name of a village on Falalap.

leong (lengiu). [alternate spelling of leng (q.v.)]

leopeingiingi (leo-peingiingii). N. bottle with sharp corners.

leoriy (leoriya). N. lake.

leosh (leshiu). [alternate spelling of lesh (q.v.)]

leoshaapaap (leo-shaapaapa). N. a flat kind of bottle.

leotaling (leo-talinga). N. big round bottle with a handle.

leouluul (leo-ululuu). N. bottle with a round cylinder side.

leoyefar (leoyafa). N. bottle with a broad shoulder.

lepa (lapaa). VT. apply red paint on it (a surface). CF. lap2.

leppa (leppaa). VT. partition it, set a boundary for it. CF. lapp.

lesh (leshiu). N. a kind of fish. SYN. wat.

lessiyaa- (le-siyya-). N. boundary, boundary line, until.

lessiyaali (le-siyyaali). VT. draw a boundary of it. Go be l. You draw its boundary.

let (leti). N. a kind of red snapper.

letow (letowa). N. west. CF. iletow.

Letow (letowa). N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.
letowaafang (letowa-afangi). N. west-northwest (halfway between west and northwest).

letowaar (letowa-ara). N. west-southwest (halfway between west and southwest).

letowelap (letowa-lapa). N. west. SYN. iletow.

lettabo- (le-tabo-). N. (in) the end (of).

lettabol yal (le-tabo-li yalo). N. (in) the afternoon. lettabol yal, in the afternoon.

lettet (le-teti). N. [le-‘in’ + tat ‘sea’] (in) the sea. Re lag fita l. They went fishing in the sea.

lew (lewe). N. tongue. lewemw, your tongue.

lewegi (lewegii). VT. lick it. Go be l. You will lick it.

lewelew (lewe-lewe). VN. to lick, eat. Ye l. mai. He ate breadfruit.

leyang (leyanga). N. a kind of seashell.

-li1 (-lii). [transitive formative] bbooli, pound it. fangiuli, wake it. fagili, hunt, look for it. fitiyeli, marry him. libeli, bury it. peoli, hit it.

-li2 (-lii). [transitive verb suffix] to own, have, possess (permanently). imweli, own it as shelter. waali, have it as vehicle. laiuliyei, have me as child. Re bel imweli skuul we. They will have the school as their shelter. Ye bel imwelin imw kawe. He will own those houses.

li- (li-). [nominal prefix. Indicates the actor or doer of the action indicated by the cooccurring verb, appearing very frequently with a reduplicated stem.] ligaatangiteng, one who cries often. ligamwe-limwel, liar. ligesuburaara, spider. limetameram, ribbed turbine shell.

lib (liba). N. hole, opening, hollow place, burrow.

libaagili (liba-agilii). VT. [compound verb] hide it, conceal it. CF. nibaag.

libbaig (li-bbaigi). N. a kind of fish.

libbeyaaliu (libbeya-aliu). 1. N. twin of different sex. 2. VI. to be twins of different sex. Re l. They are twins of a different sex. ANT. libbeyeyaremata.

libbeyeyaremata (libbeya-yaremata). 1. N. twin of same sex. 2. VI. to be twins of same sex. Re l. They are twins of the same sex. ANT. libbeyaaliu.

libbigil (libbigili). 1. N. small rounded preserved breadfruit which is cooked in coconut milk. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) made into rounded shapes. mar l., preserved breadfruit made into rounded shapes.

libbigiliy (libbigili-a). VT. make it libbigil. Ye l. mar we. He made the preserved breadfruit into libbigil.

Libbul (libbulo). N. name of a male divination spirit.

libe- (libe-). [=lebe-] N. (at) the time, time span, age, era, during. libel yaal sar, in his childhood. I rigirig libel yaai sar. I was a fast runner when i was a boy.

libegibeg (li-begibegi). N. butterfly, caterpillar.

libeisiis (liba-isiisi). N. corner, space between meeting lines, walls, or borders close to the vertex of the angles. libeisiisil imw, corner of a house.

libeitiugiutiug (li-bai-tiugiutiugiu). N. a kind of fish (suurisa gracilis).

libel sar (libeli sari). N. childhood, time of one’s childhood.

libeli (libalii). VT. bury it, inhume it, inter it. CF. lib, libelib.

libelib (liba-liba). VN., VI., ADJ. to bury, have funeral, (be) buried. mal l., buried stuff. Ye sa l. It is buried.

Libelinyaat (libali-yato). N. name of a place on Falalap.

libetag (libatagi). VI. [passive] to be buried, placed in the ground. CF. libell.

lichog (li-chogi). N. a kind of bird. SYN. litter.
lifaliyap (li-faliyapa). N. a kind of fish.
lifeofeo (lifeofeo). N. breadfruit flower.
lifouresh (lifoureshe). N. sea snail (nerita neglecta).
ligaaaffish (ligaaffishi). 1. N. arrow-like spear. 2. vi. to spear-fish. Re l. They are spear-fishing.
ligaaaffishiyy (ligaaffishii-a). vt. spear it (fish, etc.), lance it.
ligaapilaai (ligaapilaai). N. a kind of bird.
ligaaw (ligaawa). N. baby girl, female of a few months old. Syn. likoa.
ligarou (ligarou). N. a kind of fish.
ligeriger (ligarigari). N. a kind of fish.
ligeshibbil (ligashibbili). N. a kind of sea creature.
ligessiushimw (ligassiu-shimwe). vi. to stand on one’s head. Re l. They are standing on their heads.
ligesuburaara (ligasubu-raaraa). N. spider, cobweb.
ligetar (ligatari). N. a kind of hard-land plant (callicarpa sp.).
liligilig (ligiligii). vn. to put (things) down, set aside, leave. CF. ligiti₁.
ligiti₁ (ligitii). vt. leave it, put it, let it be there, place it.
ligiti₂ (ligitii). VT. depart from it, leave it (place), start from it (place), set out from it. Re l. Weleya. They departed from Woleai.

ligitibe (ligiti-be). CONJ. [compound (ligiti + be)] in spite of the fact that, although.

ligos₁ (ligoso). N. a kind of fish.

ligos₂ (ligoso). N. a kind of lavalava. Ye l. It is a ligos lavalava.

ligosoow (ligoso-o-a). VT. make it a ligos lavalava. Go be l. ter yeel. You will make this lavalava as a ligos.


liili (liiili). VN. to kill, beat. Re l. mal. They are killing animals.

liimwei (liimwei). N. baby shark.

liipaau (liipaau). N. a kind of fish.

liiwel (liiweli). VI. to be changed, replaced. Ye sa l. It has been changed.

liiwelliibly (liiwelli-ibly). VT. change it, replace it. Ye l. gepan. He changed his thu.

liiwen (liiwelli-la). N. its replacement, its substitute. Si ya foori l. Let’s make its replacements. CF. liiwelliibly.


likaa- (likaa-). [nominal or verbal prefix] game-like, game. likaamwu-somwusomwu, game of jumping. likaarigirigirig, running game.

likaaaiut (likaaaiuta). VI. to play in the current, do a game-like action. Re l. They are playing in the current.

likaamwusomwus (likaa-mwusomwuso). 1. N. game of jumping. 2. VI. to jump (as a game). Re l. They are jumping around.

likaarigirigirig (likaa-ri-riigi). 1. N. game of running. 2. VI. to run (as a game). Re l. They are running as a game.
likaashif (likaashifa). 1. N. show-off type woman. 2. vi. to show off, be of show-off type. Ye l. shoabut we. The woman is of a show-off type.


likageogeo (lika-geogeo). 1. N. game with curved legs. 2. vi. to play a game with curved legs. Re l. They are playing a game with curved legs.

likangiyaang (likangiyaangi). N. a kind of bird.

likel (likeli). N. small toy-canoe.

likikirimw (likikirimwa). vi. to race. Re l. sar kawe. Those children are racing.

likoa (likoa). N. female child of a few months of age. SYN. ligaaw.


lima-1 (lima-). [The final a normally drops before m in the word following.] NUM. five. limmal yaremat, five persons. limefash wa, five canoes.

lima-2 (lima-). [archaic] N. instrument, weapon, hand. limei, my weapon.


limasefelang (limase-falanga). N. a kind of fish.

limasherefaiu (limas herefaiu). N. sea snail (nerita plica ta).

limatemeram (limata-marama). N. ribbed turbine shell (turbo intercostalis).


limegach (lima-gachiu). 1. N. being good, success. limegachiul John, John’s success. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) careful, skillful.


limelap (lima-lapa). VI., ADJ. (to be) sloppy, careless. mal l., sloppy person. ANT. limefish.

limen (limeni). N. a kind of fish. SYN. ligeolaw.


limeon (limeni). [alternate spelling of limen (q.v.)]


limet (limeti). VN. to make really good. CF. limetiiy.

limetiiy (limeti-a). VT. make it really good. Ye l. geigash we yaal. She made her woven purse very nicely. CF. limet.

limi (limii). VT. cover it up, fold it. Ye l. giyegiy we. He folded the mat.

limilim1 (limilimi). N. taro leaf. Go tai gasi sefiy l. yeel be gelami? Won’t you take a handful of these taro leaves for your food?

limilim2 (limi-limi). 1. N. cover, folding. 2. VN. to cover, fold.

limilimitaulomw (limilimi-taulomwu). N. a kind of sea creature.

limingeg (limingagi). VI. [passive] to be flooded, covered. CF. limi.

limmis (limmisi). N. a kind of fish.

limmwareut (limmwareutu). 1. VI. to begin to have flying feathers (as of a bird). Ye sa l. mal we. The bird is beginning to have feathers. 2. N. bird of the stage when it begins to have flying feathers.
limoulaang (limoulaangi). N. a kind of fish (sergent-major).


limwaal (limwaali). N. a kind of fish.

limwaremwarebuus (limwara-mwara-buuso). N. a kind of eel.

limwelat (limwelati). VI., ADJ. (to be) inconsiderate, disobedient, touch things without permission. sar l., disobedient child. Ye l. sar we. The child is inconsiderate.

limwelatiyi (limwelatii-a). VT. touch it inconsiderately (without permission).


lingeringer (lingaringari). VI. to get mad, build up anger. Ye l. shoabut we. The woman was angry.

linnger (linngari). N. baby louse (second stage of louse development).

lipaapa (li-paapaa). N. a kind of fish.

lipeiubaar (lipaiubaara). N. a kind of fish. SYN. liwaaseola.

lipeomwashing (lipeomwashingi). N. young skinny person.

lipish (lipishi). N. unmarried person, bachelor, spinster. Ye sa bal l. lag Mary. Mary is now once again a single person.

lipishish (lipishi-shi). VI., ADJ. (to be) unmarried. mwal l., unmarried man.

lippar (lippiari). N. a kind of fish.

lippiraf (lippirafa). N. long-horned grasshopper.

lippirag (lippirago). N. a kind of insect.

lisaf (lisafa). 1. N. talkative woman, woman who talks big. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) talkative. Ye l. Mary. Mary is talkative.

liselipesang (lisalipasanga). N. a kind of fish.
lish (lishi). VI. to miss someone or something very much, miss a person who has recently died, be sad for. Ye lishil sar we laiul. She is sad because of the disappearance of her child. Ye sa 1. piung me mwiril sar we laiul. She misses her child who has just died.

lishar (lishara). N. a kind of sea creature.

lisheg1 (lishegiu). N. a kind of fish.

lisheg2 (li-shagiu). N. a kind of fish.

lisheileil (li-shailaila). N. a kind of fish.

lisheog (lishegiu). [alternate spelling of lisheg (q.v.)]

lisheolifaaliyap (lisheoli-faaliyapa). N. a kind of fish.

Lisheoliwel (li-sheoliwaliu). N. name of a male divination spirit.

lishou (lishou). VI., ADJ. to learn fast, have quick memory, fast learning. sar l., fast learning child. Ye l. gemas Mary. Mary learns much faster.

lisoroneiu (lisoroli-laiu). N. tomorrow morning.

lissiya (lissiyaa). VI., ADJ. to have a boundary, having a boundary. bugot l., properties with boundaries.

littroat (littroato). N. photograph.

litoufish (litoufishi). YAPESE. N. pocket knife.

littaiuwat (littaiuwata). N. (in) the daytime.

litter (litteri). N. a kind of bird. SYN. lichog.

lituung (lituungo). N. monkey.

liu (liu). N. coconut, coconut tree.

liuga- (liuga-). [=luga-] N. fish eggs (sand-like things).

liugiul-1 (liugiul-). N. [locational] outside, backside (of). Ye log liugiul faliuw. He is in the backside of the island.
liugi-2 (liugi-). [verbal prefix] superficially, slightly. Ye liugiunngaw ngali Mary. He likes Mary superficially.

liugiuffeeiu (liugi-ffeeiu). VI. to be a bit chilly, cool. niuniugiuffeeiu, being chilly. galiugiuffeeiuw, make it chilly.

liugiuffeoiu (liugi-ffeeiu). [alternate spelling of liugiuffeeiu (q.v.)]

liugiulap (liugi-lapa). N. the side of the island opposite the village side.

Liugiulap (liugi-lapa). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Liugiulibel (liugi-li-beliu). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Liugiulibeol (liugi-li-beliu). [alternate spelling of Liugiulibel (q.v.)]

liugiuligeshap (liugi-li-gashapa). N. a point on the hull of a canoe.

liugiulimat (liugi-li-mata). N. a kind of shark (a slow swimming shark which is said to have only one-half of a dorsal fin).

liugiuliug1 (liugiuliugiu). VI. to be confident, feel secure, feel dependable. Ye l. tipei be yoor lai selaapiy. I feel secure because I have money.

liugiuliug2 (liugiuliugiu). VN. to expect, anticipate, look to.

liugiuliug3 (liugiuliugiu). [=niugiuling] VN. to cover the head and body with a sheet or cloth. Ye l. shoabut we. The man is covering her body with a sheet.

liugiuliugiumentiy (liugiuliugiu-maiya). VI., ADJ. (to be) careless, indifferent, not to care about coming back to one’s own people and island. mal l., indifferent person. Ye l. mwal we. The man is careless about his home.

Liugiuliuwang (liugiuliuwanga). N. name of a place on Falalus.

liugiummet (liugiummeta). VI. to feel guilty. Ye l. shoabut we. The woman feels guilty.

Liugiuneriy (liugiunariya). N. name of a place on Falalus.
liugiunngaw (liugiunngawe). VI., ADJ. to neglect, (be) uncooperative, evil-minded, be not satisfied with. *mal l.*, evil-minded person.

liugiunngaweeti (liugiunngaweetii). VT. neglect it, do not cooperate with him.

liugiupalepal (liugiupalepal). VI. to be dry, warm. *Ye l. gilimw.* Your skin is warm.

Liugiuttabegap (liugiuttabegap). N. name of a place on Falalus.

liugiuw (liugiuw). VI. expect it, depend upon it, let it. *Ye l. lag.* She depends on it.


Liuligashoopei (liuligashoopei). N. name of a place on Sulywap.


liuli2 (liuli). VN. to chew, masticate. *Ye l. mai.* He chews breadfruit.

liuliw (liuliw). VT. chew it, masticate it. *Ye l. mai we.* He chewed the breadfruit.

liumwul (liumwul). N. citrus sp.

Liusega (liusega). N. name of an island in Woleai.

liut (liut). [=niut] VI. to jump, leap, spring.

liutiungi (liutiungi). VT. jump on it, leap on it. *Ye l.* He jumps on it.

liuw (liuw). VI. to be scared, afraid, frightened. *galiuwa,* scare him. *Ye sa l. mwal we.* The man got scared.

liuwa (liuwa). 1. N. calm, silence. *I fatiul long lan l. we.* I paddled into the calm. 2. VT., ADJ. (to be) calm. *Ye sa l. igela.* It is calm now.

liuwaagili (liuwaagili). VT. [compound] be afraid of him, fear it, be scared at it, be frightened at it. *John ye l. Mary.* John was afraid of Mary. SYN. *liuweeti.*

liuwaneey (liuwaneey). VT. think it, think about it, consider it, reflect on it. *John ye l. Mary.* John thinks about Mary.
liuweeta (liuweetaa). VI., ADJ. (to be) a coward, timid, cowardly, scary. sar l., scary child. Ye l. John. John is a coward.

liuweeti (liuweetii). VT. fear it, be afraid of it. John ye l. Mary. John is afraid of Mary. SYN. liuwaagili.

liuwek (liuwekiu). 1. N. a slight head-turn. 2. VI. to turn one’s head. galiuwekiuw, make him turn his head. Ye l. sar we. The child turned his head.

liuweliu- (liuwaliu-). N. [locational] among, between. CF. liuwen.

liuwen (liuwaliuli). N. [locational (liuwaliu- + -l ‘of’)] among, between (them). Re log l. waliuwel. They stay among trees.

liuweok (liuwekiu). [alternate spelling of liuwek (q.v.)]

liuweon (liuwaniu). [alternate spelling of liuwen (q.v.)]

liuwetag (liuwetagi). VI. [passive] to be snapped, thrown quickly, shaken, toss. CF. liuweti.

liuweti (liuwetii). VT. throw it quickly, shake it off, snap it off, toss it. Ye l. lag paiul. He shook his hands.

liwaaseola (liwaaseolaa). N. a kind of fish. SYN. lipeiubaar.

liwess (liwesse). N. a kind of swamp taro.

liy (liya). VI. to be spilled. Ye l. tiw shal we. The water is spilled.

liyak (liyaka). N. a kind of bird (bristle-thighed curlew).

liyap (liyapa). 1. N. load of catch. 2. VI. (to be) loaded with fish or animals, to catch a lot of fish or animals, lucky. Re l. mwal kawe. Those men caught a lot of fish.

liyemaam (liyemaame). VI. to long for something, be love-sick, pine with love, be lonely. Ye sa l. shoabut we. The woman is love-sick. SYN. liyouram.

liyemaameyagili (liyamaamw-yagili). VT. long for it. SYN. liyoureemagili.

liyepali (liyapalii). VT. take it as your catch. Go be l. iyeel. Take this one as your catch.
liyetag (liyetagi). VI., ADJ. (to be) safe, secure, ready. galiyetagiiy, make it safe, make it ready. mal l., things which are ready. Ye l. It is safe.

liyoamwashing (liyoamwashingi). 1. N. skinny person. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) skinny.

liyooma (liyoomaa). N. a kind of fish.

liyoos (liyoosa). N. stature, toy, shape, image.

liyoosali (liyoosalii). VT. resemble him, take after him. Ye l. shag melewememal. He resembles his father.

liyouram (liyourama). VI. to long for something, be love-sick, pine with love, be lonely. SYN. liyemaam.

liyouremagili (liyouramagilii). VT. long for him. Ye sa l. lag sar we. She is longing for the child. SYN. liyemaameyagili.

lo (loo). VI., ADJ. (to be) stuck, hooked. yoa l. we, the line which is stuck. Ye sa l. yoa we yaai. My fish-line is stuck.

loa (loa). 1. N. waves. 2. VI. to be wavy. Ye l. It is wavy.

loalapelap (loa-lapalapa). N. big waves (a navigational term).

loaloa (loa-loa). VI., ADJ. (to be) wavy, have too many waves. lamw l., wavy lagoon. Ye l. It is wavy.


Loarob (loarobu). N. name of a person, who is the first inhabitant of Fais Island in the Western Caroline Islands.

loayefang (loa-yafangi). N. northern waves (a navigational term).

loayeiru (loa-yeiiru). N. southern waves (a navigational term).

-lob (-loba). N. [numeral classifier for the digit of hundred thousand] selob, one hundred thousand. walilob ig, eight hundred thousand fish.

lokaa- (lokaa-). N. [possessive classifier for shoes] I chuwaaiiy looka kela be lookaal. I bought those slippers for him.

lomwolomw (lomwolomwo). VI., ADJ. to gurgle, make a bubbling sound. $liu\ l.\ we$, the coconut which makes bubbling sounds. Ye $l.\ liu\ we$. The coconut is making a bubbling sound.

long (longo). DIR. into, to the inland, inward. Ye $rig\ l.\ niimw$. They ran into the house.


Looboiuw (looboiuwa). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

look (looka). ENG. 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) locked. $bar\ l.\ we$, the locked box. Ye $sa\ l.\ bar\ we$. The box has been locked. 2. N. lock.

looka₁ (lookaa₁). 1. N. shoes of any kind. 2. VI. to wear shoes. Ye $l.\ mwal\ we$. The man is wearing a pair of shoes.

looka₂ (lookaa₂). VT. lock it. Ye $l.\ bar\ we$. He locked the box.

lookaali (lookaali). VI. have them as one’s shoes. I be $l.\ iyeel$. I will have them as my shoes.

loomwul (loomwula). N. lemon.

loosor (loosoro). N. morning. $l.\ we$, this morning.

lor (loro). N. pimple, papule, pastule. Ye $sa\ l.\ metal\ be\ min\ faisong$. His face has pimples (which are) due to kissing.

los (losoro). 1. N. boils. 2. VI., ADJ. to have boils. $mal\ l.$, person with a boil. Ye $l.\ pesheei$. My leg has a boil on it.

lot (loto). N. a kind of fish.

lou (lou). N. stone fish.

Lousiyap (lousiyapa). N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.

lu (luu). VI. to be passed. Ye $sa\ l.\ lag\ faliuw\ we$. The island has been passed.
lug (lugo). VN. to pull, tug, draw, drag, trail. Ye l. tag. He pulls up.

luga- (luga-). [l=liuga-] N. fish eggs (sand-like things).

lugo- (lugo-). N. [locational] middle, in the middle of.

lugolibong (lugoli-bongi). N. midnight. Re gaterang lag shag l. They were being noisy at midnight.

Lugoliyal (lugoli-yala). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

lugolug (lugolugo). N. gnat.

lugoshol (lugoshola). N. black color of lavalava.

lugosi (lugosisi). VT. pull it up, tug (on) it. Ye l. tag wa we. He pulled up the canoe.

lumw (lumwu). 1. N. moss, seaweed. 2. VI., ADJ. to be covered with moss, having moss. ira l., wood with moss. Ye sa l. wa we. The canoe is covered with moss.

lup (lupa). VI. to paddle with great force. Re l. tag. They paddled eastward.

lush (lusho). 1. N. coconut syrup. 2. VI. to make coconut syrup. Re l. They make coconut syrup.

luug (luuga). 1. N. center, central point, a unit of hand circumference measurement, the central point on the keel of a canoe. 2. VI. to be centered, centralized. Ye sa l. wa we. The canoe has already been centralized.

luuga (luugaa). VT. finish the central point by measurement.

Luugofaliuw (luugo-faliuwa). N. name of a clan in Woleai.

Luugoileng (luugoi-langi). N. name of the person who was a legendary king in the folklore of the Trukic continuum.

Luugolap1 (luugo-lapa). N. name of a village on Falalap (one of the five villages).

Luugolap2 (luugo-lapa). N. name of a place on Wottagai.
Luugolifaliuw (luugoli-faliuwa). N. name of a district on Sulywap (one of the three districts).

luugoligapengag (luugoli-gapangagi). N. mid purlin of a house.

luugolimwaarepiy (luugoli-mwara-piya). N. middle of the fourth finger length in hand circumference measurement.

luugolimwaaretiw (luugoli-mwaara-tiw). N. body part below the mwaaretiw.

luugolipeig (luugoli-paigi). N. middle of one part of an object, measurement of the mid-side.
ma1 (maa). N. floating piece of log, lava.

ma2 (maa). vi. to be ashamed, disgraceful, feel shameful. Re sa m. iyang. They are ashamed of it.

maabbut (maabbuto). 1. N. a kind of sickness. 2. vi. to suffer from such a sickness. Ye m. shoabut we. The woman suffers from maabut.

maaf (maafi). 1. VI., ADJ. (to become) low-tide. Ye sa m. It is getting (to be) low-tide. 2. N. low-tide.

maag (maago). N. playground, field, court for basketball, etc.

maagiuf (maagiufa). VI., ADJ. (to be) active, encouraged, animated. Re m. mwal kawe. Those men are active.

maagoileefal (maagoileefala). N. a fighting technique, a kind of wrestling technique in which knives are used for self-defense.

maailap (maailapa). N. body part about three inches below imwelingel.

Maailap (maailapa). N. Altair star (the most prominent star in Carolinian navigation).

maaileoleo (maaileoleo). 1. N. sea-sickness, nausea. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) sea-sick, dizzy. sar m., sea-sick child. gemaileoleow, make him dizzy.

maailepa (maailapaa). VT. be guided by the Altair star. Go be m. tag. You will be guided by the Altair star. CF. Maailap.

Maaillepalefang (maailapalafanga). N. Kochab star.

maak (maaki). N. half-dollar.

maal1 (maaliu). VI. to drift, be adrift. gemaaliu, make it drift. Ye m. lag melewe waai. My canoe drifted away.

maal2 (maaliu). VI. to have eye-sickness due to staying too long in the sun. Ye m. sar la lai. My child is having an eye problem.
maaliuyel *(maaliuyaliu).* VI., ADJ. (to be) thick, close-packed, dense. *paap m.*, thick board. *gemealiuyeliuw*, make it thick. *Ye m. paap yeel.* The board is thick. *Ye m. mengaag yeel.* This cloth is thick. ANT. *malifilil.*

maaliuyelo *(maaliuyaliu).* [alternate spelling of *maaliuyel* (q.v.)]

maalu *(maaluu).* VI., ADJ. to (become) fatigued, (become) tired, (be) exhausted. *mal m.*, exhausted person.

maamaaw *(maamaawa).* VI. to be strong, powerful. *Ye m.* He is strong. SYN. *maaw.*

maanag *(maaliu-lago).* VI., ADJ. to drift away, drifting. *wa m.*, drifting canoe.

maar *(maaro).* VI., ADJ. to starve, suffer from hunger, starving. *Re sa m. mwal kawe.* Those men have starved.

maarasoon *maarasongo.* ENG. 1. N. marathon, long-distance race. 2. VI. to run long-distance. *Re m. sar kawe.* Those kids are running long-distance.

maaraw1 *(maarawa).* VI., ADJ. (to be) raw, unripe, uncooked (with regard to fruit). *wish m.*, unripe banana. *gemearewa*, make it unripe. *Ye sa memmaaraw lag* it is slowly ripening.

maaraw2 *(maarawa).* N. center or middle of a place.

maareta *(maarataa).* N. a kind of pine tree.

Maariiya *(maariyaa).* N. name of a woman, Mary.

maariss *(maarissi).* VI., ADJ. (to be) smooth, have an even or level surface. *gil m.*, smooth skin. *gemearissiyy*, make it smooth. *Ye m. paap yeel.* The board is smooth. ANT. *mengaringer.*

maas *(maasi).* 1. N. a kind of dance. 2. VI. to dance the *maas* dance. *Re be m. yaremat.* People will dance.

Maas *(maasi).* N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.

maasiyes *(maasiyesi).* ENG. N. matches. *Ye gettalish m.* He is striking matches.
maat (maata). 1. N. farm, garden, cultivated area. 2. vi. to work in the garden. Re m. fetal mwale kawe. Those men are working in the garden.

maata (maataa). vt. change it into a garden or farm. Cf. maat.

maataaniya (maataaniyaa). N. medallion or medal that Catholic people hang around their neck.

maatali (maaatalii). vt. have it as one’s garden.

Maatalifelaal (maatali-felaala). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Maataligul (maatali-guli). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Maataligulung (maatali-gulunga). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Maataliliupat (maatali-liupata). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Maatalimai (maatali-mai). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Maatalimwaaleiy (maatali-mwaaleiya). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Maatalipaarang (maatali-paaranga). N. name of a place on Falalap.

Maataliwaash (maatali-waashu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Maategitigiiit (maata-gitigiiiti). N. name of a place on Wottagai and Falalus.

Maateyaiulap (maata-yaiulapa). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

maaul (maaulu). 1. N. native war, fight, battle. 2. vi., vn. to fight, contend in battle. Re m. yarem kelaal. Those people over there are fighting.

mauluuw (mauluu-a). vt. fight it, contend against him (a foe) in battle.

maaw (maawa). vi. to be strong, ready to eat, ripe, mature, mellow. Ye sa m. wish we. The banana fruit is ready (to eat). Syn. maamaaw.

mab (mabu). vii., Adj. to drown, drowning, drowned. gemabu, cause him to drown. memmabu lag, to be drowning. Ye m. sar we. The child has drowned. Syn. malemw.
mabuul (mabuulo). N. bolt of clothes.

mach1 (machi). VI., ADJ. (to be) lukewarm, not hot, become cool, be in the state of reducing warmth. gemachi, reduce the heat from it. Ye sa m. mwongo we. The food is not hot any longer.

mach2 (macho). VI., ADJ. to fall (as of trees, but not of fruits), fallen. mai m., fallen breadfruit tree.

Machemeital (machemeital). N. alpha Centauri (a star on meridian).

Machemeiyat (machemeiyat). N. rising alpha Centauri star.

macheolap (macheolapa). N. cockroach.

machochor (machochora). VI., ADJ. (to be) muddy, dirty, filthy. bel m., muddy taro-patch. gemachochora, make it muddy. CF. meshor.

mafil (mafili). VN. to listen to, give consideration to.

mag (magi). VI., ADJ. (to become) wilted, grow weak. gemagi, make it lose color. Ye sa m. mwar kawe. Those leis are wilted.

magi- (magi-). VI. [Appears with a directional.] to move, migrate. Si bel magitag. We will be going up.

mago (magoo). N. curve, joint. magooshig, one finger joint length.

magoolap (magoo-lapa). N. two finger joint length. CF. magooshig.

Magoomweiu (magoomweiu). N. name of a male divination spirit.

magooshig (magooshigi). N. one-finger-joint length in measurement.

mai (mai). N. breadfruit, breadfruit tree (artocarpus altidis and arto-carpus mariannensis). sepaliy m., a side of breadfruit.

maichaaiur (maili-raaiuriu). N. a kind of breadfruit.

maifaay (mai-faaya). N. a kind of breadfruit with nuts inside.

maifeiuw (mai-faiuwa). N. a kind of breadfruit without nuts.

Maigaresh (mai-garesha). N. name of a place on Falalus.
Maigiuriugaag (mai-giuriugaagiu). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

maiis (maiisi). ENG. N. corn, maize.

maileor (maileoriu). N. bottle, jar.

Mailibel (maili-beliu). N. name of a clan in Woleai.

Mailibeol (mailibeliu). [alternate spelling of Mailibel (q.v.)]

mailifeshaiulap (mai-li-feshaiulapa). N. a kind of breadfruit.

Maimwaal (mai-mwaale). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

maimwashey (mai-mwasheya). N. a kind of breadfruit with bumpy-surfaced fruit and orange flesh.

main (maina). VI., ADJ. (to be) taut, not slack, tightly drawn. Ye m. gemas yoa we. The line is very taut.

maipil (maipila). YAPese. 1. N. prayer, chant, religious offering. 2. VI. to pray.

maipila (maipilaa). VT. pray for him, worship him. CF. maipil.

mairaaw (mai-raawa). N. a kind of breadfruit with big fruit.

maiselag (mai-selaga). N. a kind of breadfruit.

maisheosheo (mai-sheosheo). N. a kind of breadfruit.

Maisheosheo (mai-sheosheo). N. name of a place on Sulywap and Falalus.

maisiis (maisiisi). VI., ADJ. (to be) smooth (like baby skin). gil m., smooth skin. gemaisiisi, make it smooth.

Maitab (mai-tabu). N. name of a place on Wottagai and Sulywap.

Maiteng (mai-tangi). N. name of a place on Falalus.

maiur (maiuriu). VI., ADJ. (to be) fresh, green, alive (as of plants). ira m., green wood. gemaiuriu, make it green.

maiuriur (maiuriu-riu). VI. to be very green, fresh. Ye m. ira we. The wood is green.
maiy (maiya). VI., ADJ. to sail against the wind. wa m., canoe sail against the wind. Ye m. tag wa we. The canoe sails against the wind.

maiyenai (mai-yenai). N. a kind of breadfruit.

mak1 (make). 1. N. tattoo. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) tattooed. mwal m., tattooed man. Ye m. pesheel. His legs are tattooed.

mak2 (makiu). VI. to give birth, deliver a baby, break away from the whole. Ye sa m. shoabut we. The woman has given birth to a baby.

makeey (makee-a). VT. put a tattoo on it. CF. mak1.

mal1 (mala). N. Royal-palm tree.

mal2 (male). N. thing, inanimate object. M. mwaash kel gamwuutiy kela? Are these potatoes new? Yoor semweow tog m. biitag me Yap. There are some yams coming from Yap. M. buutog me iiya? Where did it come from? ANT. mal4.

mal3 (malo). VI. to be waterproof, be safe, not leaking. Ye m. gemas mele imwei. My house is not leaking.

mal4 (maliu). N. animal, bird, animate object. semal m., one bird or animal. m. gassemmwit, a tiny animal. ANT. mal2. CF. -mal.

mal5 (maliu). VI. to do sitting-dance (where two people standing at both ends outstretch their arms). Re m. sar kawe. Those children did sitting-dance. Shoal m. mele kelaal. Those people over there are dancers.

Mal (maliu). N. Sirius or Procyon-sirus-canopus star.

-mal (-maliu). [-mel after a high vowel] N. [numeral classifier for animate beings such as animals, human beings, ghosts, insects. Clams, crabs, turtles, snails, etc., are not counted by -mal unless the shells are removed. The general classifier -uw is commonly used for them. Yas ‘roof’ is used with -mal.] semal yaremat, a person. faamal mal, four birds. semal yas, one roof. CF. mal4.

maleg (malegiu). N. a kind of fish.
malemal₁ (malamala). 1. N. cleared ground, court or field for football, baseball, etc. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) cleared, clear. Ye sa m. lag lan maag we. The playground has been cleared. CF. melati.

malemal₂ (malamala). VI. to be ready. Gai sa m.? Are you guys ready?

malemw (malemwu). VI., ADJ. to drown, drowning, drowned. sar m., drowning child. gemalemwu, cause him to drown. Ye sa m. sar we. The child has drowned. SYN. mab.

maleog (malegiu). [alternate spelling of maleg (q.v.)]

maleomw (malemwu). [alternate spelling of malemw (q.v.)]

mali (malii). ADV. [sentential] perhaps, maybe, probably. M. re sa lag Mariiken yaremat kawe. Perhaps those people have gone to America.


malif (malifi). VI., ADJ. (to be) thin, lack thickness. mal m., thin thing. gemalifi, make it thin. SYN. malifilifi.

malifilif (malifi-lifi). VI., ADJ. (to be) thin, lack thickness. gemalifilifiy, make it thin. Ye m. gemas mengaag yeel. This cloth is very thin. SYN. malif. ANT. maaliuyel.

maliigach (maliigache). N. sacrifice, contribution to the church.

maliil (maliila). N. mangrove tree.


maliug (maliuga). N. chicken, hen, rooster.

maliugach (maliu-gachiu). N. good person. ANT. maliunngaw.

maliumel (maliumaliu). 1. N. storm, typhoon. 2. VI., ADJ. to have a storm, having typhoon. Ye m. Weleya. Woleai is having a storm.

maliumewol (maliumaliu). [alternate spelling of maliumel (q.v.)]

maliumwashog (maliu-mwashogo). N. thief, robber (lit. stealing person).
maliumwesh (maliu-mwashiu). N. married person.

maliunngaw (maliu-nngawa). N. ugly person, bad person. ANT. mali-ugach.

maliuw (maliuwa). vi. to be loose (as a rope that is not taut).
   gemaliuwa, make it loose. Ye m. tal la. That rope is loose.

maliuwegili (maliuwagili). vt. forget it, have it slip one’s mind.

maliuweliuw1 (maliuja-liuwa). vi., adj. (to be) quiet, silent (as in water), gentle (as in a good personality). lamw m., calm sea. gemaliuweliuwa, make it calm. Ye m. John. John is quiet.

maliuweliuw2 (maliuwa-liuwa). vi. to be loosened. Ye m. tal we. The rope is loosened.

mam (mami). vi., adj. (to be) sweet, sugary. gemami, make it sweet. Ye m. gashi yeel. This tuba is sweet.

-mam (-mami). [-mem after a high vowel] [1st per. exclusive pl. possessive suffix] our (excluding you). imwemam, our house. bootimem, our noses.


mamwushig (mamwushigi). N. a kind of fish (mackerel scad).

mamwuush (mamwuusho). vi. to decorate one’s body. Re sa m. They have decorated themselves.

man1 (mana). N. dawn, first appearance of light in the morning. geman, to look at the dawn.

man2 (maliu-li). N. bird of, animal of.

man3 (mano). vi. (to be) finished, completed, ready. imw m., completed house. Ye sa m. yengaang we yaal. His work is finished.

maneeng (maneengi). JAP. N. pen, fountain-pen.

manelap (mana-lapa). N. dawn, pre-dawn. Ye sa m. It is at dawn.
maneshig (mana-shigi). N. dawn, daylight, post-dawn. Ye sa m. lag. It is becoming daylight.

mang1 (mango). N. forehead.

mang2 (mangiu). N. pandanus leaf.

mangiiy (mangii-a). VT. think it, think about it, expect it, remember it. Cf. mangimeng.

mangimeng (mangimangi). VN. to think, remember, consider, ponder, expect. Cf. mangiiy.

Mangippeg (mangi-ppagi). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Mangippeog (mangippagiu). [alternate spelling of Mangippeg (q.v.)]

mangitog (mangi-togo). vi. to be recalled, occur to one’s mind.

mangiungiu (mangiungiu). 1. N. sound, noise, thunder, rumble, thud. I rongorong mangiungiul skooki. I heard the rumble of the plane. 2. vi. to make a deep, heavy, rolling sound, as thunder.

mangiush (mangiusha). vi., adj. (to be) immature, not old enough, young. gemangiusha, make it young. Ye m. ira yeel. This wood is not good enough to use.

mangoshongosh (mangoshongosho). vi., adj. (to be) taken off (of the natural wrapper of a coconut tuba, etc.), uncovered, unwrapped, removed. yat m., unwrapped coconut stock. Ye sa m. gashi we yaal. His tuba has been unwrapped.

mangoshongoshoo (mangoshongoshoo-a). vt. uncover it, unwrap it, take it off, remove it (the natural wrapper of a coconut tuba, etc.).

maniubil (maniubili). N. a three-man fishing canoe.

maniubong (maliuli-bongi). N. centipede.

maniutalegaaraw (maniutala-gaara). N. a kind of shell-bait used for bonito fishing.

maniyel (maniyali). N. loom for making lavalava.
**mar1** (mara). 1. N. preserved breadfruit. *segofet m.*, a piece of preserved breadfruit. 2. vi. to make preserved breadfruit. *Re m. shoa kawe.* Those people are making preserved breadfruit.

**mar2** (maro). vi. to be lowtide, diminish, decrease. *gemaro,* make it low-tide.

**mareyar** (mara-yara). 1. N. friend. 2. vi. to be friends, be intimate. *Re m.* They are friends.

**mareyerali** (mara-yaralii). vt. have him as a friend. *I be m. John.* I will have John as my friend. CF. **mareyar.**


**marip** (maripi). vi., adj. to break, (be) shattered, broken. *leo m.*, broken bottle. *gemaripi,* break it. *Ye m. lag peor we.* The tuba container was broken.

**maripiisa** (maripiisaa). N. a kind of flower.

**maripirip** (maripi-ripi). vi. to be broken into many pieces. *Ye m. lag leo we.* The bottle has been broken into many pieces.

**mariweriw** (mariwariwa). vi., adj. to shine, be bright by reflection of light, shining. *shimw m.*, shining head. *gemariweriwa,* make it shine. *Ye m. shimwel mwal we.* The head of the man is shining.

**mariwesh** (mariweshi). vi. to be shining, shine, glitter, gleam.

**mariwesheesh** (mariwesheeshe). vi. to be shining, glittering, gleaming. *Ye m. shimwel.* His head is shining.

**mariyaalas** (mariyaalasi). N. [Derived from Mariyaalas.] big and wide knife used for cutting copra.

**Mariyaalas** (mariyaalasi). N. Mariana Islands.

**Mariyang** (mariyango). N. name of an island in Woleai.

**maro-** (maro-). N. [locational. Usually refers to the area around a taro-patch] near. *marol bel we,* near the taro-patch.

**Marolibel** (maroli-beliu). N. name of a place on Falalus.
marub (marubu). N. a kind of lavalava (a ceremonial white woven skirt), a type of tribute consisting of woven skirts.

mas1 (mase). 1. N. death, dead person. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) dead, die. mal m., dead body. Ye m. semal yaremat. One person died.

mas2 (mase). N. disease, ailment, sickness.


maselimetaw (maseli-matawa). 1. N. sea starvation, sea-sickness. 2. VI. to be sea-sick. Ye m. shoabut we. The woman is sea-sick.

maseligach (masigachiu). VI. [Usually used in a sarcastic manner.] to be good, wonderful, fantastic. Ye te m. mwo ila faiuriumil! How good that thing is! (implying that it is bad)

masiur1 (masiuriu). N. blossom, flower.

masiur2 (masiuriu). VI. to sleep. Ye m. sar we. The child is sleeping.

masow1 (masowa). N. a kind of turtle.
masow₂ (masowa). VI., ADJ. (to be) strong, hard. ira m., hard wood. mwal masowasow, strong man. gemasowa, make it strong. Ye m. ira yeel. The wood here is hard.

masow₃ (masowa). VI., ADJ. (to be) ready to be picked (as of breadfruit), ripe. mai m., ready breadfruit. gemasowa, make it ready. Ye sa m. mai we. That breadfruit is ready to pick.

masowasow₁ (masowasowa). N. small knife used for making copra meat.

masowasow₂ (masowa-sowa). 1. N. strong man. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) strong. mwal m., strong man. gemasowasowa, make him strong. Ye m. John. John is strong. CF. masow₂.

mat₁ (mata). N. eye, face. metai, my eyes. matemam, our (excl.) eyes. metal John, John’s face.

mat₂ (mata). N. pointed end prow of a canoe, point, cutting edge, projection, representative.

mat₃ (mata). N. turtle shell used for a hook.

mat₄ (mata). VI. to stick (to), be attached (to). Ye m. ngali. It is attached to it.

mat₅ (matiu). VI. to be full (after eating), satiated. gematiu, make him full. Ye sa m. sar laal. That child over there is satiated.

-mat (-mata). N. [numeral classifier for kinds of things, usually inorganic things] semat yengaang, a kind of work. riuwemat faiu, two kinds of stones. SYN. -tap.

matefaaib (mata-faaiba). N. hammerhead shark.

matefas (mata-fasiu). VI., ADJ. (to be) courageous, bold, have courage to confront people. mal m., brave person. gematefasiuw, make him brave. Ye m. He is brave.

matemangemang (mata-mangamanga). 1. N. crazy person, mentally retarded person. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) scattered brained, crazy, easily confused. gematemangemenga, make him confused. Ye m. shoabut we. The woman is somewhat crazy.
matemasiur (mata-masiuriu). VI., ADJ. (to be) blind. mwal m., blind man. gematemasiuriuw, make him blind. CF. mat1, masiur2.

matemat1 (mata-mata). VN. to use as eyes. CF. mat1.

matemat2 (mata-mata). N. kind, variety. matemetal yaremat, various people.

matemetal (mata-matali). N. kind of, variety of, various. Ye toulap m. waliuwel woal Hawaii. There are many kinds of plants in Hawaii.

matengoar (mata-ngoaro). N. second thwart of a canoe.

mateor (materiu). [alternate spelling of mater (q.v.)]

matepaalap (mata-paalapa). N. a kind of fish.

matepash (mata-pasha). 1. N. blind person. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) blind. mal m., blind person. gematepesha, make him blind. Ye m. He is blind.

matepengag (mata-pengagi). VI. to be busy (with), obligated to, engaged in. I m. reel yaai skuul. I am busy with my study.

mater (materiu). 1. N. hiccough. 2. VI. to hiccough. Ye m. sar we. The child hiccoughs.

materefang (materefanga). N. outrigger platform-beam of a canoe.

materelimat (matereli-mata). N. eyelashes.

Mateshol (mata-shola). N. name of a place on Falalus.

matewairuwepal (matewa-i-ruwepala). a kind of dance.

Matewairuwepal (matawa-i-ruwepala). N. ocean between Ulithi and Yap.

Matewal Woal (matawali woala). [alternate spelling of Matewaliwoal (q.v.)]

Matewalibul (matawali-bulo). N. ocean between Woleai and Eauripik.

Matewaligilimwar (matawali-gilimwara). N. ocean between Soral and Eauripik.
Matewalimwarefash (matawali-mwara-fasha). N. ocean between Fais and Ulithi.

Matewaliwoal (matawali-woala). N. ocean between Faraulep and Guam.

matiil (mattiila). N. heroic sweetheart (man).

-matip (-matipi). [-metip after a high vowel] N. [numeral classifier for cut pieces, usually of vegetables, fruits, etc.] sematip bulag, a piece of taro. sematip paapa, a cut piece of board. faamatip filoowa, four cut pieces of bread. riuwematip gesawepar, two pieces of turtle fat. selimetip mai, three cut pieces of breadfruit.

matol (matola). N. channel between two islands.

Matol (matola). N. ocean between Elato and Lamotrek.


mattip (mattipi). VN. to spit out.

mattipiiy (mattipii-a). VT. spit it out.

maugoyang (maugoyangi). N. a kind of breadfruit.

Maugoyang (maugoyangi). N. name of a place on Wottagai, Falalus, and Sulywap.

Mauulaamw (mauulaamwu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

mauuliy (mauuliya). N. a kind of breadfruit.

mauwesh (mauweshe). 1. N. common person, commoner. 2. ADV. [sentential, vocative] sir!

me1 (me). CONJ. and, with. Re yangaang fengan mwal laal m. shoabut yeel. The man over there and this lady work together. Gai bisibis shag m. iiy. He and i are brothers. Semal m. semal ila re sa ker. Everybody is happy. Seliig m. faamal gelaag re mas. Thirty-four dogs have died.

me2 (me). PREP. [Appears only before a noun or noun phrase that indicates location, pinpointing the source of an event.] from, at, to, than. Go buutog m. iiy. Where did you come from? I kabiung
m. skuul. I study at school. Ye gach m. reer semweiu. That was amusing to some people. liy ye gach m. imwowai. He is better than I.

me₃ (me). [contraction of metta. Used in casual speech.] PRON. what.

me₄ (me). CONJ. that. Ye far gabel m. your waai skooki. I wish (that) I had an airplane. I gabeleey m. your waai waafaliuw. I wish (that) I had a ship of my own.

Meeriyer (meeriyeri). N. name of an island in Palau District.

meeteto (meetetoo). JAP. ometetoo ‘happy New Year’. N. New Year.

megaag (megaagu). [Eastern Lagoon dialect. mengaag for Western dialect]

megal (magala). vi. to split, cut, divide, break, be dispersed, be over. Re sa m. shoal giubul. The party is over.

megalegal (magala-gala). vi. to scatter, disperse, be cracked up, break up, be broken into pieces. gemagelagela, break it, scatter it. Ye m. fetal melekawe. Those things are scattered. Ye sa m. leo we. The bottle is broken into many pieces.

megoal (magola). [alternate spelling of megol (q.v.])

megoalogoal (magola-gola). [alternate spelling of megolagol (q.v.)]

megol (magola). 1. N. silt, a deposit of sediment. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) murky, impure, unclear, gloomy, obscure, dark. lamw m., murky lagoon. gemagola, make it murky. Ye m. igaal. This place is murky.

megolagol (magola-gola). vi. to be very murky, dark, gloomy, obscure, impure. Ye m. It is very murky.

meimei (meimei). N. a kind of mosquito.

Meireiut (meireiuta). N. name of a place on Falalus.

meita (meitaα). ENG. meter. 1. N. ruler. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) measured with a ruler.

meitaali (meitaalii). VT. measure it with a ruler. CF. meita.

mekaat (mekaati). YAPESE. VN. to blackmail, cheat, swindle, defraud.
mekaatiiy (mekaatii-a). VT. blackmail him, cheat him, swindle him, defraud him. CF. mekaat.

Mel (meliu). N. name of a star (Vega, a very bright star in the constellation Lyra).

-mel (-mliu). [alternant of -mal (q.v.)]

mel- (mele-). PRON. [defective. Followed by a demonstrative, forming a demonstrative compound] something, thing. mele, this thing. melewe, that thing (we are talking about).

mela- (mela-). N. [Occurs with the defective possessive suffix -i.] tool, instrument, means, device, measure. melal faisong, (by) means of kissing.

melaag (melaagiu). N. field.

melaiul (me-laiula). [compound (me ‘and’ + laiul ‘his son’)] and the son (in prayer, cross or the sign of the cross).

melaiuliul (melaiuliuliui). N. river, water-ditch, stream.

melal (mela-li). [alternant of min2 (q.v.)]

melang1 (melangiu). VI., ADJ. (to be) restricted, limited, forbidden. imw m., restricted house. Ye m. It is restricted.

melang2 (melangiu). N. romantic memory such as flowers.

melangileng (melangilangi). 1. N. tiny hole. 2. VI., ADJ. to have tiny holes, having holes. imw m., house with holes. Ye m. It has holes.

melangiuw (melangiu-a). VT. restrict it, limit it, set a limit to it, forbid it.

melangow (melangowa). N. a kind of fish.

melati (malatii). VT. clear it (ground, court, etc.), get rid of obstructions or entanglements from it. CF. malemal1.

melaw (malawa). VI. to be alive, give birth to a baby. Ye shiuwel m. mwal we. The woman is still alive. Ye sa m. shoabut we. The woman has given birth to a baby.
Melawes (melawesi). N. name of a place on Falalap.

mele (mele-e). [demonstrative compound (mel- ‘something’ + ye ‘this’). Frequently used as an emphasis or focus marker.] this one, this thing. M. ila seuw baabiyor. This is a book. Gaang m. i tewai lag. I am the one who will not go.

meelel (mele-e-la). [demonstrative compound (mel- ‘something’ + ye ‘this’ + -l ‘here’)] this one here, this thing here. M. ila semal worm. This is a worm.

meleka (mele-kaa). [demonstrative compound (mel- ‘something’ + ka ‘these’) ] these ones, these things.

melekaal (mele-kaa-la). [demonstrative compound (mel- ‘something’ + ka (plural) + -l ‘there’)] those things over there, those ones over there. Webisimw m.? Are those people over there your brothers?

melekawe (mele-kae-wee). [demonstrative compound (mel- ‘something’ + ka (plural) + we ‘that’) ] those ones we know, those things we know. Ye pira m. He stole those things.

melew (mele-wee). [demonstrative compound (mel- ‘something’ + we ‘that’) ] that one, that thing (we know). m. temal, that father of his.

meloash (meloasho). N. reindeer.

meloufeiu (melou-faiu). N. auxiliary tie-beam (only in a men’s house).

meloufeiuw (melou-faiu-a). VT. put the auxiliary tie-beam up.

-mem (-mami). [alternant of -mam (q.v.)]

memmach (mammachi). VI. [progressive form of mach] to be reducing temperature, becoming cool. Ye sa m. lag mwongo kawe. Those foods are reducing temperature.

memmain (mammaina). VI. to be elastic. Ye m. yoa yeel. This line is elastic.

memmak (mammake). VI. [progressive form of mak] to be tattooing. Re m. shoabut kawe. Those women are tattooing each other.

memmam (mammami). VI. to be too sweet, too sugary. CF. mam.
memman (mammano). VI. [progressive form of man] to be getting nearer to completion. Ye sa m. lag. It is getting nearer and nearer to completion.

memmasherag (mammasheragi). VI. [progressive form of masherag] to be easier, become easy. Ye sa m. lag shoabut we. The woman is easier and easier to seduce.

memmasiur (mammasiuriu). VI., ADJ. [progressive form of masiur] (to be) sleeping. sar m., sleeping child.

memmengaag (memmengaagu). [alternate spelling of mmem-mengaag (q.v.)]

memmetaf (mammatafa). VI. [progressive form of metaf] to become clear, be enlightened.

mena (mele-laa). [demonstrative compound (mel- ‘something’ + la ‘that’)] that one, that thing. m. faliuwei, that island of mine.

menaigaag (menaigaagu). YAPESE. 1. N. tour, picnic, sightseeing. 2. VI. to go on a picnic. Re lag m. They went on a picnic.

menal (mena-li). [alternant of min2 (q.v.)]

menaru (menaruu). JAP. jamaninaru (?). VI. to be bothered, disturbed. Ye m. John. John is being bothered.

mengaag (mengaagu). [megaag in Eastern dialect] 1. N. cloth, clothes. m. cha, red cloth. 2. VI. to wear cloth or clothes. gamengaaguuw, put clothes on him. Ye m. sar yeel. This child is wearing clothes.

mengaaguli (mengaagu-lii). VT. have it as an article of one’s clothes. CF. mengaag.

mengaaguliu (mengaaguliu-i). [The suffix -i ‘my’ is assimilated to the preceding high vowel iu.] N. my clothes.

mengaaguuw (mengaaguu-a). VT. wear it (cloth or clothes), put it on. CF. mengaag.

mengar (mengariu). N. flying-fish. Ye shougi semal m. He caught a flying-fish.
mengarengar (*mangarangara*). VI. to have a sore feeling in the throat, as when one drinks water with too much sugar; have a dry throat. *Ye m. sar we.* The child is having a dry throat.

mengaringer (*mengaringari*). VI., ADJ. (to be) coarse, not smooth, rough. *paiu m.*, coarse hands. *gamelaringer*, make it coarse. *Ye m. paumw.* Your hands are not smooth. ANT. *maariss.*

Mengaulifash (*mengauli-fasha*). N. name of a clan in Woleai.

Meol (*mela*). [alternate spelling of *Mel* (q.v.)]

meott (*metta*). [alternate spelling of *mett* (q.v.)]

meraab (*meraabu*). N. a kind of fish.

meram (*marama*). N. moon, month.

merat1 (*marata*). N. a kind of hard-land tree (*souamea amara*).

merat2 (*merata*). VI., ADJ. (to be) bitter, sour, salty, indigestible. *mwongo m.*, bitter food. *gamerata*, make it bitter. *Ye m. mai yeel.* This breadfruit is bitter.

mesaal (*mesa-ali*). N. fourth day of the month.

mesaapaliy (*masaapaliya*). N. a kind of fish. SYN. *lippar*.

mesafius (*mesa-fiusiu*). N. fifth day of the month.

mesaig (*mesaige*). VI. to be happy, willing to do something. *Ye m.* He is happy.

mesaigeeti (*mesaigeetii*). VT. long for it, miss it, yearn after it, pine for it, be willing to do it, be attracted by it, be interested in it, enjoy it. *I m. gemaseey fiyang kaal.* These stories are interesting to me. CF. *mesaig*.

mesaling (*mesa-linga*). N. third day of the month.

mesapp (*masappa*). N. washstroke of a canoe.

mesatiw (*mesa-tiwa*). N. seventh day of the month.

meseeliug (*meseeliugi*). N. outside of an island, uninhabited side of an island.
Meseiug (meseiugi). N. name of a male divination spirit.

mesewal (mese-wali). N. eighth day of the month.

mesh (meshe). N. upper end of a pole.

meshagiusheg (meshagiusheg). VI., ADJ. (to be) soft, tender. mai m., soft breadfruit. gameshagiusheg, make it soft. Ye m. It is soft.

meshagiusheog (meshagiusheg). [alternate spelling of meshagiusheg (q.v.)]

meshang (meshang). 1. N. sign which forbids people from trespassing in certain areas. 2. VI., ADJ., VN. to put up a sign, forbid by putting up a sign, forbidden, restrict. faliuw m., forbidden island.

meshangiuw (meshangiu-a). VT. put up a sign on it, restrict it, forbid it.

meshar (masharo). [=meshor] 1. N. dirt, soil, mud, filth. Ye sa bilibil lag lan poa reel m. The floor is being plastered with dirt. 2. VI. to be dirty, muddy.

mesheliboot (mesheli-booti). N. nose tip.

meshor (mashora). [=meshar] 1. N. dirt, soil, mud, filth. 2. VI. to be dirty, muddy. CF. machochor.

mesuwa (mesuwa). N. human skull.

meta (metaa). [alternant of metta (q.v.)]

metaaiu (metaaiu). N. (romantic) village.

metaar (metaaro). N. (toward) the seaside, the beach-side.

Metaar (metaaro). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

metaf (matafa). VI. to understand, be clarified, be made clear. ge-matefa, understand it. I sa m. I understand.

metafetaf (matafa-tafa). VI., VN. to begin to understand. Ye sa m. lag. He is beginning to understand.

metag1 (metagi). 1. N. pain. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) painful, sick, hurt. ga-metagi, make it hurt. Ye m. pesheei. My leg has pain.
metag2 (metagiu). VN. to be afraid, fearful of, scared of. Ye m. He is afraid. I m. fairiyap. I am scared of rayfish.

metagisag (metagi-saga). to go to the toilet, move one’s bowels, ease oneself. Ye m. mwal we. The man eased himself.

metagiteg (metagi-tagí). VI. to be painful, sick, hurt. Ye m. niferaai. It is painful inside me.

metagiu (metagiu). VT. be scared of it, fear it. Ye toar mele go be m. be iiy metag mele go be m. There is nothing to fear but you are just scared.

metaigeo (metaigeo). N. a wooden hook used for hanging things.

metail (metaila). N. a kind of fish.

metaligiumwiush (matali-giumwiushiu). N. end-of-third-finger length in hand circumference measurement.

metaligusar (matali-gusara). N. end-of-fourth-finger length in hand circumference measurement.

Metalliig (matali-iga). N. name of a place on Falalap.

metaliuuw (matali-iuwa). N. back-part of the canoe sail.

metalittiu (matali-ttiu). N. nipple, teat.

metaliya (matali-yaa). N. soft part of a young coconut.

metaliyaloos (matali-yaloos-). N. representative, delegate. metaliyaloosh, our (incl.) representative.

metaluuub (matali-uba). N. tip of breast bone.

Metang (metanga). N. New Guinea, New Guinean; legendary people who were supposed to be giants.

Metariuw (metariuwa). N. Scorpio star.

metaw (matawa). N. sea, ocean, lagoon, a big body of sea water.

Metaw Mwal (matawa mwale). [alternate spelling of Metawemwal (q.v.)]
Metaw Pengag (matawa pengagi). [alternate spelling of Metawepengag (q.v.)]

Metawemwal (matawa-mwale). N. ocean between Yap and Palau.

Metawepengag (matawa-pengagi). N. ocean between Ifaluk and Farraylep.

-metip (-matipi). [alternant of -matip (q.v.)]

mett (metta). VI., ADJ. (to be) cooked. mwongo m. we, the cooked food. Ye sa m. mwongo we. The food is cooked.

metta (mettaa). [=meta] PRON. [question, non-human] what? Ye sa m. kofal temwaaiu we? What’s the condition of the patient?

meyaf₁ (meyafi). VI. to wake up, be awaken. Ye sa m. John. John has waken up.

meyaf₂ (meyafi). VI. to feel, perceive by physical sensation. CF. meyafi.

meyafi (meyafii). VT. feel it, perceive it by physical sensation.


miisa (miisaa). ENG. 1. N. (Christian) mass, Catholicism. 2. VI. to hold a Chrsitain mass. Re m. They are holding a Chrsitain mass.

miiso (miisoo). JAP. N. soysauce, soybean paste.


milaai (milaai). 1. N. garden, farm. 2. VI. to farm, cultivate lands. Re m. They are farming.

milaaiiy (milaaii-a). VT. turn it into a farmland, change it into a garden. Re sa m. lag melewe bugotai. They have turned my land into a farmland.

milik (miliki). ENG. N. milk. segumw m., a mouthful of milk.
mimmil (mimmila). vi. [progressive form of mil] to be staying.

min₁ (mini). n. [mel- ‘something’ + -l ‘of’] thing of, things for. m. mwongo, things for eating. Ye shiuwel ffeo gaapilalo kawe m. imwe. Those purlins of the house are still new.

min₂ (mini). [Less common forms are melal and menal.] n. [Derived from mela- ‘tool’ + -l ‘of’.] means of, tool of, instrument of. m. fatofat, tool of writing.

minag (mila-lago). vi. [compound (mil ‘to live’ + lag ‘away’)] to get along, have been living. Ye sa m. woal Yap. He has been living on Yap so far.

minet (minete). eng. n. minute. Go ser be 2,000 toowail lan 20 minet. Do you say that its result is 2,000 within 20 minutes.

mis (misi). vn. to fool, lie, cheat. Ye m. be your mas. He lies (when he says) that someone died. cf. misimis.

misiiil (misila). eng. 1. n. machine. 2. vi., adj. to use a machine. wa m., vehicle with machine. Ye m. tag. He rode up with his machine.

misiiila (misilaa). vt. run it (the engine), operate it. cf. misiiil.

misiiyi (misi-a). vt. tell him a lie.

misimis (misi-misi). 1. n. lie, falsehood. 2. vi., adj. to tell a lie, lying. mal m., liar. Ye m. He is lying.

misin (misi-ni). eng. n. machine. Yoor yaal m. He has a machine. syn. misiiil.

mitto (mittoo). eng. n. catcher’s mitt in baseball.

miul (miuliul). vi. to be closed, shut. Ye m. It is closed.

miuliuw (miuliu-a). vt. close it, shut it.

miyaari (miyaarii). jap. 1. n. binoculars. 2. vi. to watch the enemy, look through binoculars. Ye m. He is looking through the binoculars.

miyaarriiy (miyaarrii-a). jap. vt. look at him with binoculars.

mmal (mmali). vi. to laugh, smile, grin.
**mmang** (*mmanga*). VI., ADJ. (to be) crazy, foolish, mentally retarded. *Ye sa mm. mwal we.* The man is crazy.

**mmara** (*mmaraa*). VI., ADJ. (to be) fast, swift, speedy.

**mmas** (*mmasa*). VN. to watch, look at, guard, peep at (naked people). *Re mm. shoabut.* They are watching the women. CF. **mmesa**.

**mmash**₁ (*mmasha*). N. a kind of tree with small fruits.

**mmash**₂ (*mmasha*). N. fourteenth day of the month, the night immediately before the full moon.

**mmash**₃ (*mmasha*). VI., ADJ. (to be) ripe, fermented, soft, wet. to have pus in a scratch or wound. *wish mm.* ripe banana. *Ye sa mm. wish we.* The banana has ripened.

**mmat**₁ (*mmata*). VI. to awake, arise, open one’s eyes.

**mmat**₂ (*mmata*). 1. N. lowtide. 2. VI., ADJ. (to become) low-tide, bailed (of water), pumped. *tat mm.* low-tide water. *gammeta,* decrease the water.

**Mmat** (*mmata*). N. name of a small island in Woleai.

**mmemmengaag** (*memmengaagu*). VN. [progressive form of *mengaag*] to be wearing. *Ye mm. semweiu faiuriumil.* He is wearing something.

**mmeo** (*mmeo*). VI. to have nausea, vomit. *Ye sa mm. sar we.* The child vomited.

**mmesa** (*mmasa*). VT. watch it, peep at her. CF. **mmas**.

**mmetau** (*mmetau*). VI., ADJ. to enjoy oneself, sociable. *mal mm.* sociable person. *gammetauw,* make him enjoy it. *Ye mm. gemas.* He is enjoying himself.

**mmis** (*mmisi*). VI. to be slippery, greasy, smooth. *Ye mm. pesheel shoabut we.* The girl’s legs are smooth.

**mmit** (*mmiti*). VI. to slip.

**mmwa** (*mmwaa*). VT. go ahead of it (or someone), precede it. *Ye mmw.* He went ahead of her.
mmwa-(mmwa-). [locational] front, first, tip, before. Re log mmwal wa we. They stay in front of the canoe. Ye chau piloomw me mmwal ira. Lead is heavier than wood.

mmwag (mmwaga). vi. to be suspicious, paranoid, doubtful, dubious.

mmwai (mmwai). 1. vi. to be slow, late. gemmwaiy, make him late. Ye mmw. wa we. The canoe is slow. 2. adv. slowly. Ye niuniuwan mmw. He thinks slowly.

mmwal (mmwalo). vn. to care for (patients), take care of. Re mmw.

temwaiiu. They are taking care of sick persons.

mmwaloo (mmwaloo-a). vt. care for him (a patient), take care of him.

mmwar (mmwara). vi. to appear, show up, loom up, be barely seen. Ye sa mmw. lag melewe paiul. The thing on his arm is beginning to appear.


mmwe (mmwe). vi. to sleep well, sleep soundly. gammwe, make him sleep. Ye mmw. sar we. The child sleeps well.

mmweiu (mmweiu). vi., adj. (to be) broken off (as of a string), divorce, (be) disconnected. Ye mmw. yoa we. The line is broken off Ye sa mwemmmweiu lag yoa we. The line is gradually breaking away. Cf. mweiuti.

mmwel (mmwele). vi. to be possible, good, able. Ye be mmw. be i be lag. It is possible for me to go.


mmwiig1 (mmwiiga). n. hot red pepper.

**mmwit** *(mmwiti).* VI., ADJ. (to be) small, tiny, minute. *gammwiti*, make it small. *sar mmw*, tiny children. *Ye mmw. gemas.* It is very small.

**-mmwit** *(~mmwiti).* N. [numeral classifier for a small amount. Appears only with *se-* ‘one’.] *semmwit chiyya*, some chairs. *semmwit ig*, a few fish, some of the fish-food. *semmwit yengaang*, a little work.

**mmwor** *(mmworo).* VI. to be windy, strong (like the wind). *Ye mmw. gemas yang.* The wind is very strong.

**mmwosh** *(mmwoso).* VI., ADJ. (to be) short, brief. *gammwoso*, make it short. *Ye mmw. ira kaal.* These sticks are short.

**mmwus** *(mmwuso).* VI. to dive, plunge, jump. *Ye mmw. tiw.* He jumped down.

**mmwut** *(mmwuta).* VI. to vomit, throw up, disgorge contents of the stomach.

**mmwutaagili** *(mmwuta-agilii).* VT. [compound verb] vomit it up, throw it up. *Ye mmw. segofet faaliyep.* He vomited up a piece of apple. CF. *mmwut, agili.*

**moa** *(moa).* VI. to be healed, cured, extinguished (like a fire), erase. *Ye sa m.* It is healed.

**moal** *(moalo).* N. chest.

**moaligatel** *(moali-gateli).* 1. N. a yawn. 2. VI. to yawn.

**moaligateol** *(moali-gateliu).* [alternate spelling of *moaligatel* (q.v.)]

**moashoosh1** *(moashoosho).* N. ashes.

**moashoosh2** *(moashoosho).* N. cone shell.

**moasoos** *(moasooso).* N. a kind of porpoise or whale.

**molofit** *(molofiti).* N. sin, wrong-doing. *Gashiwa molofitimem!* Forgive us our sins!

**mongoungou** *(mongoungou).* VI. to be rotten, spoiled, broken into tiny pieces. *Ye sa m. lag mengaag we.* The cloth is rotten.

**Montaag** *(montaaga).* GERMAN. N. Monday.
mor (moru). N. testicle, balls. sefaiu m., a testicle.

moroligosh (moroligosho). N. one or more separate strings of coconut husk used for making rope.

Moroush (morousho). N. name of a place on Falalap.

mos (mosa). N. a kind of fish.

mous (mousu). 1. N. white hair, gray hair. 2. VI., ADJ. to have gray hair, with white hair. mwal m., man with white hair. gamousu, make him have white hair. Ye sa m. mwal we. The man has gray hair.

mousuus (mousu-usu). VI. to have a lot of white hair. Ye m. He has a lot of white hair.


mwaaiu (mwaaiu). VI., ADJ. (to be) good.

mwaauiweiu (mwaauiwaiu). N. dawn, daybreak. Ye sa mw. It is dawn now.

mwaal (mwaali). VI., ADJ. (to be) misleading, confused, get lost. gemwaali, mislead him. Ye sa mw. lag sar we. The child has lost his way.

mwaalenap (mwaale-napa). N. uncle (mother’s brother).

mwaalaletugofaiy (mwaale-tugofaiya). N. old man, male in his sixties (or over). Ye sa mw. He has become an old man.

mwaaliyas (mwaaliyasa). VI., ADJ. (to be) confused, absent-minded, stunned, stupefied. mal mw., confused person. gemwaaliyesa, make him confused. Ye tarofal mw. She looks around in confusion.

mwaaliyel (mwaaliyali). VI. to be dizzy, giddy, dazed. I mw. I am dizzy.

mwaamwa (mwaamwa). VI., ADJ. (to be) at the proper stage of development (as of coconut stocks), at the right time for harvesting, ready. yat mw., ready coconut stock. gemwaamwaay, let it reach the right stage. Ye sa mw. It is just the right time to harvest it.

mwaamwaaiu₂ (mwaamwaaiu). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) careful, cautious, slow, gentle. mal mw., slow thing. gemwaamwaaiuw, make it gentle. 2. ADV. carefully, cautiously. Wegiteg mw. Plan carefully.

mwaang (mwaangi). VI. to be twisted (as of arms or legs), sprained, dislocated. Ye sa mw. pai. My arms are twisted.

mwaar₁ (mwaara). VI. to be barely seen, vague. Ye mw. tag shag. It is just the outline that can be seen.

mwaar₂ (mwaariu). [Eastern dialect. Western dialect form is mwaash (q.v.).]

Mwaar (mwaara). N. name of a ghost or spirit.

mwaaral (mwaarali). N. continuation of, continually. mw. fatiulet, paddle everyday.

mwaaretiw (mwaara-tiwe). N. body part about two inches below the navel.

mwaari (mwaarii). [=yemwari] VT. look at him, look for it (object, place), visit it.


mwaataat (mwaataata). 1. N. active person, diligent person. Ifa iir mw. kawe yaash? Where are those active guys of ours? 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) active. Ye mw. mwal we. The man is active.

mwaataata (mwaataataa). VT. make him active.

mwaayou (mwaayou). VI. to be weary, tired. Ye sa mw. He is weary.

mwag (mwagi). N. young needle fish.

mwagiligil (mwagiligili). 1. N. feeling of pleasure (as in sexual intercourse), tickling feeling. 2. VI. to be ticklish, feel good. gemwagiligiliyi, make it feel good. Ye mw. pesheei. My leg is ticklish.

mwagiut (mwagiutiu). VI. to move, leave to another place. Ye mw. pesheemw. Your legs move.

mwagiutiugiut (mwagiutiu-giutiu). VI. to be moving, shaking. Ye mw. It is moving.
**mwaiushiush (mwaiushiushiui)** VI. to shake, move irregularly to and fro, quiver. *Ye mw. ira we*. The tree shakes.

**Mwaiutag (mwaiutogo)** N. name of a place on Wottagai.

**mwak (mwaki)** 1. N. pieces that are chipped off from the whole. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) chipped off, broken. *tapiy mw.,* broken bowl. *gemwaki,* break a piece off. *Ye mw. lag pesha we*. The flint is broken.

**mwakik (mwakiki)** VI. to be broken into pieces, chipped into pieces. *Ye sa mw. lag*. It is broken into pieces.

**mwal1 (mwale)** 1. N. man, male adult (from 40’s to 50’s), leader. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) manhood, male. *mal mw.,* male being. *Ye sa mw.* He has turned into manhood.

**mwal2 (mwalo)** VI., ADJ. to hide, hiding. *shoa mw.,* hiding people. *Ye mw. lenib.* He hides in the underground hole.

**mwalelap (mwale-lapa)** N. uncle. *mwalelepai,* my uncle.

**mwaliu (mwaliu)** 1. VI. to move inwardly, bend, be bent. *Ye mw. pesheei.* My legs are bent. 2. N. joint of arms or legs.

**-mwaliu (-mwaliu)** N. [numeral classifier for forearm lengths, from elbow to the end of forefinger. Appears usually with se- ‘one’.] *semwaliu,* one forearm length. *Gopiyy lag semwaliu me iyang!* Cut off one forearm length from there!

**mwaliya- (mwaliya-)** N. [Occurs with a possessive suffix.] word, speech, talk, conversation. *mwaliyal,* his words. *Ye teepiiy mwaliyal.* He recorded his conversation.

**mwaliyeliy (mwaliyaliya)** 1. N. speech, talk, voice. 2. VI., ADJ. to speak, talk, talking. *shoa mw.,* talking people. *Go mw.!* Talk! *Ye mw.* He is talking.

**mwalogi (mwalogii)** VI. hide behind it, conceal oneself behind it.

**mwaluumw (mwaluumwu)** N. cooking-house, kitchen.

**mwan1 (mwana)** VI., ADJ. (to be) sour. *Ye mw. gashi we.* The tuba is sour.

**mwan2 (mwano)** VN. to be fond of, like. *Ye mw. gan mwongo.* He is fond of food.
mwangerenger (mwangerengere). VI., ADJ. (to be) curly, kinky (of hair). shimu mw., curly hair. gemwangerengereey, make it curly. Ye mw. shimwel. His hair is curly.

mwangeya- (mwangeya-). N. cross-sibling (brother or sister). mwangeyel John, John’s sister. mwangeyel Mary, Mary’s brother. Mwangeyai John. John is my sibling.

mwangeyattam (mwangeyali-tama). N. aunt (father’s sister).

mwar1 (mwara). VI. to be undecided, neutral, confused. gamwera, confuse him. Ye mw. fetal. He is undecided.

mwar2 (mwara). N. lei, sweetheart, lei flowers. mwarei, my dear.

mware- (mware-). N. [possessive classifier for leis] mwarei filooras, my lei-flowers.

mwarefash (mware-fasha). N. a kind of fish.

mwarei (mwarei). ADV. [sentential, vocative] my dear (woman to woman)! (lit. my lei).

mwarelasho (mwarelashoo). N. marlin.

mwaremwaaiu (mwara-mwaaiu). N. breast bone.

mwaremwar (mwara-mwara). 1. N. lei, floral wreath, garland. sepa mw., a lei. 2. VN. to wear (a lei). Ye mw. filooras. He is wearing flowers. CF. mwerali.

mwas (mwasa). N. sperm.


mwash2 (mwashiu). 1. N. secret gift to a girl friend. 2. VN. to give as a secret gift. Ye mw. ngali temaag. He gave her tobacco as his secret gift.

mwashengattet (mwashangali-tati). N. seashore, near the shore.

mwashey1 (mwasheya). 1. N. error, mistake. 2. VI. to make mistakes. gemwasheya, cause it to be wrong. Ye mw. He made mistakes.
mwasheney2 (mwasheya). N. birthmark on the skin.

mwashing1 (mwashingi). VI., ADJ. (to be) breakable, easily broken, fragile. yoa mw., breakable line. gemwashingi, make it breakable. Ye mw. tappil saar yeel this kind of knife is easily broken.

mwashing2 (mwashingi). N. a kind of taro that grows in a field but not in a muddy place (alocasia macrorrhiza var.). CF. file.

mwashiulek (mwashiulekiu). VI., ADJ. (to be) busy, occupied. shoa mw., busy people. gemwashiulekiuw, cause him to be busy. Ye mw. shoa but we. The woman is busy. SYN. mwash1.


Mwashogoshoog (mwashogoshoogo). N. name of a legendary thief.

mwat (mwata). N. underground worm.

mwateli (mwateliu). VI., ADJ. (to be) broken. ngi mw., broken teeth. Ye mw. ngiil. His teeth are broken.

mwateliutel (mwateliu-teliu). VI. to be broken. Ye mw. ngiil. His teeth are broken.

mwateol (mwateliu). [alternate spelling of mwatel (q.v.)]

mwatiyetiy (mwatiyatiya). VI., ADJ. (to be) peaceful, calm, enjoy oneself with, good. yang mw., good breeze. Ye sa mw. ngali mwooragil yangiit. He is enjoying himself with this breeze.

mwatug (mwatugo). VI. to eat, graze. Re mw. fetal siilo kawe. Those pigs are eating.

mwatur (mwaturu). VI. to eat a light meal, eat for pleasure. Re mw. fetal woal shiu we. They are eating on the bone.

mwee- (mwee-). N. belly of non-reef fish, fish belly. mweel ig, belly of fish.

mweel (mweeli). N. rope used on a canoe to control the sail.

mweeli (mweelii). VT. cut the belly (of the fish) off. CF. mweemwe.
mweemwe (mwee-mwee). VN. to cut the belly of a fish. *Re mw. ig.* They are cutting fish bellies. *CF. mweeli.*

mweg (mwegiu). N. pisonia tree.

mwegar (mwagara). [=mwerag (q.v.)]

mwegariger (mwegarigari). VI. to be guided by the Pleiades (star). *Re mw. tiw.* They steered their course (guided their way) westward by the Pleiades star.

Mwegariger (mwegarigari). N. Pleiades (star).

mwegarigeriy (mwegarigarii-a). VT. go under the Pleiades star. *Mw. tag.* Go eastward under the Pleiades star.

mwegiumweg (mwegiumwegiu). N. arrow-root (*tacca leon-topetaloides*).

Mwegiumweg (mwegiumwegiu). N. Mogmog (an island in Ulithi Atoll).

mweir (mweira). VI. to shout (usually in a large group of people), yell. *Re mw.* They shouted.

mweiu (mweiu). N. era, period of time.

-mweiu (-mweiu). N. [numeral classifier for groups of countable things]  
*semweiu shal,* some water-wells. *semweiu peraas,* some bags of rice. *semweiu garengap,* a group of bonitos. *riuwemweiu ig,* two groups of fish.

mweiumweiu (mweiumweiu). VN. to break (away from), divorce, take a child away from mother for the first time.

mweius (mweiusiu). VI., ADJ. to sink down, sunken, set down. *Ye sa mw.* It has sunk.

mweiuteg (mweiutagi). VI. [passive] to be broken, taken away (as a child from its mother). *CF. mweiuti.*

mweiuti (mweiutii). VT. break it, disconnect it, take him (a child) away from his mother for the first time, cut it off, snap it off. *CF. mmweiu, mweiuteg.*

mweiuy (mweiuya). VI. to sit around, usually doing nothing important. *Re mw.* They are sitting around.
mwel₁ (mweli). VN. to tie, bind, fasten.

mwel₂ (mweliu). N. red snapper (general term).

mweliiy (mweli-a). VT. tie it (hair, etc.), bind it, bunch it, fasten them together. CF. mwelimwel.

mwelimwel (mweli-mweli). VN. to tie (hair), bind, bunch, fasten together. CF. mweliiy.

mweliuseram (mweliu-serama). N. a kind of red snapper.

mweliutemwiush (mweliu-tamwiushiu). N. a kind of red snapper (small and black).

mweliuw (mweliuwa). N. a kind of taro.

mwemmwag (mwammwaga). VI. [progressive form of mmwag] to be very suspicious. Ye shiuwel mw. shag shoabut we. The woman is still very suspicious.

mweog (mwegiu). [alternate spelling of mweg (q.v.)]

mweoiu₁ (mweiu). [alternate spelling of mweiu (q.v.)]

mweoiu₂ (mweoiu). N. group, assemblage.

mweoiu₃ (mweoiu). N. channel, strait.

-mweoiu (-mwei). [alternate spelling of -mwei (q.v.)]

mweol (mweliu). [alternate spelling of mwel (q.v.)]

mweoliuw (mweoliuwa). N. a kind of taro (alocasia macrorrhiza var.). CF. file.

mweoreo [alternate spelling of mwereo (q.v.)]

mwera- (mwar-). [alternant of mware-(q.v.)] mwerai mwaremwar, my lei.

mwerag (mwaraga). [=mwegar] VN. to be unsure, undecided, skeptical. Ye mw. be ye te temwaaiu. He is not sure whether he might get sick.
mwerali (mwara-lli). vi. wear it as one’s lei, have it as one’s flower or lei. cf. mwera-, mwaremwar.

mweraliebe (mwarali-bee). N. name of different combinations in the divination by the knot system.

mwereoo (mwereo). N. back-side (calf) of upper leg.

mweshal (mweshali). vi. to agree, be persuaded. gamweshali, make him agree. Ye sa mw. He agreed.

mweshaliya (mweshaliyaa). vii., adj. (to be) greedy, avaricious, covetous. sar mw., greedy child. Ye mw. gemas sar we. The child is very greedy.

mwet (mwete). vi. to run.


mwetangiteng (mwetangitangi). vi. to rustle, make a rustling sound (as when walking along an area full of gravel). Ye mw. It makes a rustling sound.

mwetar1 (mwetari). N. yellow fat on the intestine.

mwetar2 (mwetaro). vi. to be scattered, disassembled. gamwetaro, disassemble it. Ye sa mw. lag melekawe. Those things are scattered.

mwetarotar (mwetaro-taro). vi. to scatter around, disperse. Ye mw. It is scattered around.

mweyal (mwayala). N. helmet shell.

Mweyangeyang (mwayangayanga). N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.

mwil (mwila). vi. to walk (together, usually holding hands). Re mw. fengan. They walk together.

mwilly (mwiliya). N. a kind of black bird.

mwir (mwiri). N. guiding-point, anything (a tall tree or a whole island) which serves as a fixed point of departure in navigation.
mwiri- (mwiri-). N. [locational] (the) behind, after, backside, rear. mwirittub, after moon-set.

mwiriily (mwirii-a). VT. go after him, follow him.


mwitiyoayoa (mwitiyoayoa). VI., ADJ. (to be) viscous, gluey (thick but still drippable). mal mw., viscous thing.

mwiuch (mwiuchiu). VI. to go, visit, complete. Ye sa mw. ngali paangal faliuw. He has gone to every island.

mwiush (mwiushiu). N. firewood, big firewood which can last a long time.

mwiyaau (mwiyaau). N. a kind of spotted shell (strombus maculatus).

mwiyemwi (mwiyaami). 1. N. perspiration, sweat. 2. VI. to sweat, perspire. Ye sa mw. melewe fitiyei. My spouse has been perspiring.

mwo (mwo). ADV. [post-verbal] even, indeed, ever, for the moment, in the first place, first of all, keep on doing. I be tabeey mw. tipal. I will agree with him for the moment. Re tewai naamw tog mw. They don’t even care to come. Re ta niugiliu lag mw. be John ye be nngaw. It wasn’t indeed expected of John being so bad. Mwongo mw.! Keep on eating! Ye tai chaal mw. le ye melaw. No one even survived.

mwoch (mwocho). N. a kind of fish.

mwocholilal (mwocholi-lalo). N. a kind of fish.

mwochonagey (mwocho-nageya). N. a kind of fish.

mwochoshal (mwocho-shalo). N. a kind of fish.

mwommwongo (mwommwongoo). VN. [progressive form of mwongo] to be eating.

Mwomwotaro (mwomwotaroo). JAP. N. name of a legendary hero in Japan.

mwongo (mwongoo). 1. N. food. 2. VN. to eat, take or have (food). Re mw. bulag. They eat taro. CF. gangi.
mwoocha (mwoocha). N. fallen coconut leaf, coconut thatch, mat.

mwooniyaan (mwooniyana). YAPESE. N. devil, demon.

mwoorag₁ (mwooragi). 1. N. breeze, a light gentle wind. 2. vi. to blow gently. mwooragil yang, blowing of a breeze.

mwoorag₂ (mwooragi). vi. to get strengthened, become stronger (as of wind). gamwooragiyy, increase the strength. Ye sa mw. tog yang. The wind has come to blow strongly.

mwooy (mwooya). 1. N. scrofulous swelling, scabies, deep or chronic abscess. 2. vi. to have swelling, have scabies. Ye sa mw. sar we. The child has scabies.


mwor₂ (mworo). vi., ADJ. to fall (as of breadfruit or false teeth), fallen. gamworo, let it fall. Ye mw. mai we. The breadfruit fell.

mworalifiis (mworali-fiusiu). N. star used to forecast weather.

mworomwor (mworo-mworo). vi. to fall (as fruit), drop down, be falling. Ye sa mw. tiw uwaal mai. The fruits of the breadfruit trees are falling down.

mwos (mwosu). N. old days, a long time ago. CF. mwosuwe.

mwoshomwoossh (mwosho-mwoosho). vi., ADJ. (to be) short, severed, cut short. peshe mw., short legs.

gamwoshomwoosho, make it short. Ye mw. pehseei. My legs are short. CF. mmwosh.


mwosuwe (mwosu-wee). N. ancient time, old days, a long time ago. CF. mwos.

mwowa- (mwowa-). N. [locational] before, front. CF. imwowa-, mmwa-.

mwuko (mwukoo). N. cargo net.
mwukooli *(mwukoolii)*. VT. take it up in the net. CF. mwuko.

mwul₁ *(mwula)*. N. caterpillar, silkworm.

mwul₂ *(mwulo)*. N. spade fish.

mwulomwul *(mwulomwulo)*. VI., ADJ. to crumple, crumpled, wrinkle, rumple.

mwulotag *(mwulotagi)*. VI. [passive] to be crumpled, wrinkled, rumpled. CF. mwuloti.

mwuloti *(mwulotii)*. VT. crumple it, wrinkle it, rumple it. CF. mwulotag.

mwummwut *(mwummwuta)*. VI. [progressive form of mmwut] to be vomiting.

mwunosasi *(mwunosasii)*. JAP. N. a ruler (for measurement).

mwura *(mwuraa)*. N. a kind of rayfish *(manta alfredi)*.

mwuraag *(mwuraagi)*. VI. to spread out gracefully toward the water. Ye mw. weiu lettet waliwel we. The tree is spreading out into the water gracefully.

mwurolishimw *(mwuroli-shimwe)*. N. baldness, bald head.

mwus *(mwuso)*. VI. to jump, dive. Ye mw. tiw. He jumped down.

mwusoa *(mwusoa)*. N. hookworm, worm.

Mwutogosou *(mwutogosou)*. N. name of an island in Woleai.


Naamaiki (naamaikii). JAP. vi. to be impudent, conceited, pretentious, cocky.

Naamw (naamwa). vi. to appear, show up, come into sight, loom. Ye n. tag. He sticks up (out) his neck.

Naamwa- (naamwa-). N. ever, at all. I tei naamwal chepar ngali mwo High Com. I never believe High Commissioner.

Naamwebbereena (naamwebbereenaa). ENG. N. umbrella.

Naana (naanaa). N. mother, mom (for babies).

Naangkimmai (naangkimmai). JAP. nankin-mai ‘rice from Nankin’. N. huge bag of rice, long and large bag.

Naani (naanii). JAP. PRON. [question] what?

Nag1 (naga). vi. to turn out, appear, become clear, come into view. Ye sa n. waafaliuw. The ship has appeared.

Nag2 (nagiu). N. section of taro-patch.

Nagolog (nago-lago). [=nenag (q.v.])

Nam (nama). vi. to be common, likely, habitual, probable. Ye n. be ye be piraf. It is most likely that he will steal. Ye nenam ngali sheg be ye piraf. It looks very likely that he will continue stealing.

Nami (namii). JAP. 1. N. wave. 2. vi. to be wavy. Ye n. It is wavy.

Namwbbo (namwbboo). JAP. N. South Pacific Trading Company.
nan (nana). VN. to taste, try the taste of. Re n. mwongo. They are tasting food. Cf. nari.

nang (nanga). VI. to lift oneself up, rise, get up from a sitting position. Ye n. tag shoabut we. The woman got up from a sitting position.

nangiyacho (nangiychoo). JAP. N. Japanese High Commissioner during the Japanese occupation of the Trust Territory.

nanimwonai (nanimwonai). JAP. VI. there’s nothing, to be nothing.

nap1 (napa). N. size, magnitude. SYN. lap.

nap2 (napa). VI. to thrust (against), push against something, force one’s way. Ye n. tag. He thrusted up.

nari (narii). VT. taste it, try the taste of it. Cf. nan.

nat (natiu). N. a kind of strand plant (scaevola taccada).

natto (nattoo). ENG. 1. N. piece of iron used to hold screws. 2. VI. to be fastened with a natto. Ye sa n. melewe. The thing has already been fastened with a natto.

natooli (natoolii). VT. fasten it with a natto, screw it on with a natto, put a natto on it. Cf. natto.

neg1 (negi). N. a kind of fish.

neg2 (negiu). VN. to announce immediately (particularly one’s departure). Ye n. be ye be lag fita. He immediately announced that he was going fishing.

neg3 (negiu). VI., ADJ. (to be) tight, taut, drawn, muscular. mal n., muscular person. Ye n. tal we. The rope is tight. Cf. legiuleg.

negeiu (negeiu). VI., ADJ. (to be) likely, undoubted, true, obvious, certain. Ye sa n. be i bele lag. It is quite certain that I will go.

nelimat (neli-mata). VI. to take a quick glance, look suddenly and briefly, have a quick look, glance. Ye n. tag. He glances up.

nem (nema). VI., ADJ. (to be) tied, fastened. siilo n., tied pig. Ye n. siilo we. The pig is tied.

nenalooow (nanaloo-a). vt. [progressive form of laloow] to be concentrating on it.

nenangoow (nanangoo-a). vt. [progressive form of langoow] to be putting something under it.

nenap (nenapa). vi. to move the waist up and down. Ye n. mwanaal. That man over there is moving his waist up and down.

nenemasi (nenemasi). vt. [progressive form of lemasi] be making knots of it.

nences (nenesiu). vi. [progressive form of nes] to be curling, being twisted. Ye n. tag pesheel. His legs are curling up slowly.

neo (neo). vi., adj. (to be) sweet, taste good, delicious. ganeow, make it delicious. Ye n. mwongo kawe. Those foods taste good.

neog (negiu). [alternate spelling of neg2, neg3 (q.v.)]

neom (nema). [alternate spelling of nem (q.v.)]

neoneos (nenesiu). [alternate spelling of nenes (q.v.)]

neos (nesiu). [alternate spelling of nes (q.v.)]

neosh (neshiu). [alternate spelling of nesh (q.v.)]

nes (nesiu). vi., adj. to curl, (become) curled, (be) twisted. Ye n. tag pesheel sar we. The leg of the child is curled up.


net1 (neta). 1. vi., adj. (to be) true, sure, reliable, real. netal, its truth. kepat n., true story. Ye n. It is true. 2. n. truth, fact, reality. John mele ye giula mele netal. John is the one who knew the fact.

net2 (netiu). N. sixteenth day of the month.

ney (neya). vi. to stand out, be outstanding, be conspicuous. ganeya, let it be seen. Ye n. lag faliuw we. The island has shown up.
ngaanga1 (ngaangaa). VI. to cry, howl, hum. gengaangaay, make him cry. Ye ng. sar we. The child cries.

ngaanga2 (ngaangaa). N. duck.

ngaf (ngafa). N. fathom, the distance from one finger-tip to another when the arms are outstretched. seig ngefal tal we yaai, ten fathoms of my string.

-ngaf (-ngafa). N. [numeral classifier for stretched arm-lengths or fathoms] sengaf mengaag, one fathom (length of) clothes. Sengaf me woopaiu yelail bau we yaai woal Foalopei. The length of my fishing pole on Bonape is one and five sixths fathoms. CF. ngaf.

ngal (ngali). N. a kind of fish (wahoo or kinfish). I gachiuw ng. I like wahoo fish.

ngali (ngalii). PREP. [verbal] to it (direction), for it (causal), with it. John ye lag ng. yengaang we yaal. John went to his work.

ngar (ngari). VI. to be scratched, abraded. Ye ng. pesheei. my leg is scratched. Ye kail gema ngaril pesheei. The scratching of my legs is very bad. SYN. tatigeng.


ngarisi (ngarisii). VT. gnaw it. Gesh we ye ng. liu we. The rat gnawed the coconut. CF. ngaringer.

ngas (ngasa). 1. VI., ADJ. to smell good, have scent, fragrant, sweet (smell). boongas, good smell. 2. N. good smell, sweet smelling.

-ngas (-ngasa). [nominal or verbal suffix. Appears with boo ‘smell’.] good, nice. CF. boongas.

ngasengas (ngasa-ngasa). VI. to breathe rapidly, be exhausted.

ngash (ngashe). N. edge, margin, rim, brink. Ye kang ngashel teebol yee. The edge of this table is sharp. Ye chochoal ngashel ter we. The edge of the lavalava is black.

ngasheey (ngashee-a). VT. make the edge of it (an object). Ye ng. ter we yaal. She made the edge of her lavalava.
ngat (ngata). 1. N. hole, hollow, concavity. Ragumw we ye mwal lan ng. we. The crab is hiding in the hole. 2. vi. to have a hole, be pierced. Ye sa ng. wa we. The canoe has been dotted with holes. Ye ng. talingal. His ears are pierced.

ngatengat (ngata-ngata). VN. to pierce, make holes. ngatengetal mele talingei, piercing of my ears.

-ngaul (-ngaulu). N. [numeral classifier for the group of ten each of which includes eight or ten members. Appears only after se- ‘one’.] sengaul sho, ten groups of copra, with each group having eight pieces of copra.

nge (nge). CONJ. [Usually connects clauses and occasionally used as an emphasis marker.] and, then. Iwe ng. i be lag. Then I will go. Si be mwongo ng. si mwaash lag. We will eat and then go.

ngefa (ngafaa). VT. measure it by the length of both arms. Ye ng. He measured it in terms of fathoms.

ngeingei (ngei-ngei). VN. to peel (with bare hands), pare, skin, husk. ngeingeil sho we, peeling of the copra. CF. ngeisi.

ngeisi (ngeisii). VT. peel it (with bare hands), pare it, skin it, husk it. Mwal we ye ng. sho we. The man peeled the copra (without using any tool). CF. ngeingei.

ngel1 (ngeli). N. dye. Ye toulap ng. lan kaantiin. There are many kinds of dyes in the store.

ngel2 (ngeliu). N. picture, image, ghost. Yoor lai ng. I have pictures.

ngeliiy (ngelii-a). VT. dye it, put dye on it. Ye ng. melewe gepan. He put dye on his lavalava.

ngeliugach (ngeliu-gachiu). N. benevolent spirit, benevolent ghost. ANT. ngeliunngaw.

ngeliunngaw (ngeliu-ungawa). N. evil spirit, bad ghost. Ye toulap ng. woal faliweiy. There are many bad ghosts on this island. ANT. ngeliugach.

Ngeliuw (ngeliuwa). N. name of an island.
ngeliuweliuw (ngeliu-waliuwa). vi. to be shiny, shine, glitter, flash, sparkle. gangeliuweliuwa, make it shine. Ye ng. melewe shimwel. His bald head is shining.

ngeol (ngeliu). [alternate spelling of ngel2 (q.v.)]

ngeoliuweoliuw (ngeliuwaliuwa). [alternate spelling of ngeliuweliuw (q.v.)]

ngeongeoro (ngeongeoriu). N. pineapple. Ye toulap ng. woal Ifaluk. There are many pineapples on Ifaluk.

-ngerai (-ngerai). N. [numeral classifier for the digit of hundred million] sangerai, one hundred million. faangerai yaremat, four hundred million people.

-ngeraiu (-ngeraiu). [alternant of -ngerai (q.v.)]

-ngerasi (-ngeras). N. [numeral classifier for the digit of thousands] sangeras, one thousand.

ngetali (ngatalii). VT. make a hole in it, pierce it, dig a hole in it. Ye ng. lag wa we waal. He made a hole in his canoe.

ngetaliburiuw (ngatali-buriuwa). N. anus.

ngewa (ngawaa). ADV. [post-verbal. Appears after a transitive verb.] nastily, in a bad way, terribly. Re gefalefela ng. mwal we. They made nasty remarks to the man. CF. nngaw.

ngi (ngii). N. tooth. ngiimw, your teeth.


ngiicha (ngii-chaa). N. a kind of fish. I touuw semal ng. I speared a ngiicha fish.
ngiimalif (ngii-malifi). N. a kind of fish. I mwan gelai ng. I want to eat ngiimalif fish.

ngiingi (ngiingii). 1. N. humming sound made with the mouth, voice. I rongorong ngiingil John. I heard John’s voice. 2. vi. to make a sound, whine, make a low sound in the form of crying. gangiingiiy, cause it to make a sound. Ye ng. sar we. The child is making a sound.

ngiitaw (ngii-tawa). vi., Adj. to have a gap between teeth, having a gap in one’s teeth. sar ng., child with a gap in his teeth. gangiitewa, cause him to have a gap in his teeth. Ye ng. He has a gap in his teeth. Ye gangiitewa lag melewe fitiyal. He caused his spouse to have a gap in her teeth.

ngiriyy (ngirii-a). vt. bite it (as in a fish biting the bait). Semal ig mele ye ng. yoa ye yaai. A fish bit my line.

ngit (ngito). N. squid, squail. Ye farigit ng. yeel. This squid is big.


ngitiyy (ngitii-a). vt. compact it, fill it tightly, pack it firmly. Ye ng. tuutu we. He filled the bag very tightly.


ngiu-(ngiu-). VN. to chew. ngiuleweey, kiss him.


ngiuliungiul (ngiuliungiuliu). [=nngiuliungiul] vi. to whisper, talk under one’s breath. Re ng. fengan. They whisper to each other.

ngiung1 (ngiungiu). N. heddle (part of the loom), string used as heddle.

ngiung2 (ngiu-ngiu). VN. to chew (betel nut, etc.).

ngiungiu1 (ngiungiu). N. a kind of trigger fish.

nğuıntıug3 (nğuıntıu). 1. n. hum, sound (as of an airplane engine), grunt (as of a pig). I rongorong nğuıntıui skooki we. I heard the sound of the airplane. 2. vi. to make a heavy sound, roar. ganguıntıuiuw, make it produce sound. Ye sa ng. skooki. The airplane is roaring.

nğuirement (nğuiregi). vi. to cry out. Ye sa ng. tiw sar we. The child has cried out. I rongorong nğuirement yaal tang John. I heard the crying of John.

nğuüri (nɡüurii). vt. smell it, scent it, sniff it. John ye ng. pesheel Mary. John smelled Mary's legs. Go be foori be ye tewai yangiyeng lag me reesh be ye te ng. boosh. Don't let the wind blow from our side, lest he should smell us.

nгу四川省 (nɡuĩusa). vi., adj. (to be) dark red, (become) reddish, pinkish. Ye sa ng. melewe paiul. His arms become reddish.


nğuĩuseiri (nɡuĩuseiri). vt. sneeze at it, snort at it. Ye ng. sar we. He sneezed on the child.

nğuusty (nɡuĩutii). 1. vi. to be full, filled compactly, plugged up, stuffed up. ganguĩutiui, fill it tightly. Ye sa ng. tuutu we. The bag is filled compactly. 2. n. content. Ye sa gach lepal nɡuĩutiul tuutu we. The content of the bag is just about right.

nɡūti (nɡuĩitii). vt. chew it, masticate it. John ye ng. wou we. John chewed the sugar cane.

nɡūtiuppesos (nɡuĩtiu-ppesiu). [alternate spelling of nɡuĩtiuppes (q.v.)]

nɡuĩtiuppes (nɡuĩtiu-ppesiu). vi. to be filled up completely, firmly stuck inside. ganguĩuţiuppesiuw, fill it up completely. Ye sa ng. weiu imw we. The house has been filled up completely.

nɡuĩutiuiuw (nɡuĩutiui-a). vt. fill it compactly, stuff it full. syn. ganguĩutiuiu.

ngol (ngolo). vi. to be jealous. gango, make him jealous. I ng. reel John. I am jealous about John. Ye ganolo giish. He made us feel impressed, but we weren’t.

ni1 (n1). n. [locational] in, at, inner-side of. n. sor, in the morning. Ye be ttir lag n. bugoatal. He needs to go home early. Gai rongorong yaal rig tiw n. yal. We heard him running down the street. Ye ur n. getam. He danced outdoors.


ni3 (nii). [=liili] VN. to kill, hit. Re n. mal. They are killing animals.

ni- (ni-). [nominal prefix] in, at. niimw, in the house. nifegaaf, in the evening. nipat, in-between.

nibaag (nibaagi). 1. vi., adj. (to be) hidden, secret. Ye n. melewe. The thing is hidden. 2. VN. to hide, conceal. Re n. selaapiy. They are hiding some money. Re ninibaag mwongo. They always hide food.

nibeigiiig (ni-baiiggii). n. corner (usually of the mouth), in the corner.

nibol (ni-bola). n. (in) the interior part of the island, interior, middle, center.

nibolosapetag (ni-bola-sape-tage). n. the upper-side of a jungle, the upper fourth part.

nibolosapetiw (ni-bola-sape-tiwe). n. the lower-side of a jungle, the lower fourth part.

nifegaaf (ni-fegaafi). n. (in) the evening. Ye sa n. It has become dark.

nifegaaf mangiush (ni-fegaafi mangiusha). n. early evening, time right after sunset. Ye sa n. It is now early evening.

nifegaaf masow (ni-fegaafi masowa). n. late evening. Ye sa n. It is now late in the evening.

niferaa- (ni-feraa-). n. [compound noun] one’s feeling, one’s insides. Ye sa welinngaw lag n. I have suddenly felt terrible.

Nifetang (nifetanga). n. name of a place on Sulywap.

nifitiingeli (nifiti-ngali). vt. [compound verb (nifiti + ngali] strike it, hit it (with a thing).
nifitiy (nifitii-a). VT. throw it, sling it, hurl it, toss it.

nigaausap (ni-gaaus-sapa). N. area below the eyes.

nigepilamw (ni-gapi-lamwo). N. a kind of female dance.

Nigepilamw (ni-gapi-lamwo). N. name of one of the administrative districts on Wottagai.

niguiuliug (ni-guiuliug). [=liugiuliug] to be expected, convinced, confident, feel secure, trust. Ye taai n. He is never convinced at all.

niimpu (niimpuu). JAP. N. servant, laborer.

niimpuuli (niimpuulii). VT. serve for him, work for him as a laborer. CF. niimpu.

niimw (ni-imwa). N. inside the house, in the house, inner room.

niinyaaku (niinyaakuu). JAP. VI. to unload something.

nikemaaugoug (ni-kemaaugougo). N. very early in the morning.

nim (nima). N. lower-side of a canoe sail.

Nimaaraw (ni-maarawa). N. name of a place on Falalap.

Nimaat (ni-maatu). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

nimach (ni-macha). N. halfway point; northeast, southeast, eastwest, northwest.

Nimachochor (ni-machochola). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Nimelag (ni-melagiu). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

nimweiu (ni-mweiu). N. area fringing the boundary of a district.

Nimweiu (nimweiu). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

ning (ninga). VI., ADJ. (to be) beautiful, pretty, good-looking, fancy. ganinga, make it beautiful. Ye n. mwaremwar kawe. Those flowers are pretty.

ningerimes (ningerimesi). JAP. N. cooked rice which is compressed into a bunch.

nipat (ni-pata). N. in-between, between.

Nipat (ni-pata). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Nipetalibel (ni-patali-beliu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

nipiungiu- (nipiungiu-). VI. [Occurs with a verbal preposition (e.g. ngali).] to strike, hit, knock.

nipiungiungali (nipiungiu-ngalii). VT. [compound verb (nipiung+ ngali)] strike it, hit it, knock it off. Ye n. imw we. It hit the house.

nisor (ni-sora). N. in the morning.

niu (niu). VI. to break (as of waves), crush, split. Ye n. loa we. The wave breaks.

niuniur (niuniuriu). VI. [progressive form of niur] to become shady, be decreasing. Ye sa n. lag yal. The temperature of the sun is decreasing.

niuniuwan (niuniuwana). VI. to think, remember.

niuniuwaneey (niuniuwanee-a). VT. think about it, remember it.

niur (niuriu). 1. N. shade. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) shady, shaded, have shade. biuleiu n., shady place. ganiuriu, put it in the shade. Ye n. igaal. This place has shade.

niut (niutiu). [=liut] VI. to jump, jerk, spring up, start with surprise. Ye n. He jumps. CF. liutiungi.

niutag (niu-tage). 1. N. a sailing method in which the sail is being narrowed, so that there won’t be too much wind in the sail. 2. VI. to sail with the sail narrowed. Ye n. wa we. The canoe is sailing with its sail being narrowed.

niutiw (niu-tiwe). VI. to put down the sail, lower the sail. Ye n. wa we. The canoe’s sail is being lowered.

niuw (niuwa). N. a whole, the entire thing, the totality, integrated parts.
niuw2 (niuwa). VN. to clean, wipe, wash. Re n. raw. They are cleaning pots. CF. niuwa.

niuwa (niuwa). VT. wash it, clean it, wipe it. Faal seuw nge i tai n. I do not wash it once in a while. CF. niuw2.

niwatorii (niwatorii). JAP. N. chicken, hen, rooster.

Niworooro (ni-worooro). N. name of a place on Falalus.

niy (niya). VI. to get hit (with a round small thing). Ye n. mwal we. The man got hit.

Niyaleyal (ni-yala-yala). N. name of a place on Falalap.

niyarosh (niyarosho). VI. to become unconscious, faint, swoon. Ye n. sar skuul we. The student fainted.

niyefang (ni-yefangi). N. winter season.

niyefiyef1 (niyafiyafi). N. a part of a canoe.

niyefiyef2 (niyafiyafi). VI. to regret, miss, repent. Ye sa n. lag. He regrets.

Niyeram (niyarama). N. name of a place on Falalus.

nnga (nngaa). VI. to burst into crying or laughing. genngaali, cause him to cry. Ye nng. lag. He bursted out.

nngas (nngasa). VI. to breathe, revive, exhale. Ye sa nng. sar we. The child has revived. Ye sa shiuw yaal nng. His breath has gone.


nngawefengan (nngawe-fangani). VI. hate each other. Re nng. John me Mary. John and Mary hate each other.

ngenngas (ngenngasa). VI. to be breathing, alive.

ngeo (ngeo). N. a kind of tree (allphylus timorensis).

ngir (ngirir). 1. N. a slight anger, suspicion, light feeling of a fish biting the bait. I meyafi ngirir ig we. I felt the biting of the fish. 2. VI. to bite (as of fish). Ye ngirir. It (the fish) is biting. CF. ngirily.

ngit (ngiti). VI. to be compact, closely and firmly packed. Ye nng. It is compact. Ye gach nepal ngitil tuutu we yaai. My bag is well compacted.

ngiulew (ngiu-lewe). 1. N. kiss. 2. VN. to kiss. Re nng. They kissed.

ngiulingiul (ngiuliungiuli). [=ngiuliungiul] VI. to whisper. Re nng. fengan. They whisper to each other.

ngius (ngiisiu). 1. VI., VN. to sneeze, snivel, snort (at), blow the nose. Ye nng. He sneezed. 2. N. nasal mucus. Ye gatepa ngiisiul Mary. He touched Mary’s mucus.

ngiut (ngiuta). VI. to be durable, unbreakable, resistant, rigid. ganngiuta, make it durable. Ye nng. yoa we. The fishing line is durable.

ngonng (ngonngo). VI. to tremble, shake, shiver, twitch. gangonnggo, shake it. Ye nng. pesheel. His legs are trembling. Ye kail gemas ngonngol pesheei. My legs tremble very much.

noomi (noomii). JAP. N. chisel.

noomiyi (noomii-a). VT. use the chisel to cut it, chisel it. CF. noomi.


noori (nooiri). JAP. 1. N. glue. 2. VI. to be glued. Ye sa n. paap we. The board has been glued.

nooriyi (nooiri-a). VT. apply glue on it, glue it. CF. noori.

nou (nou). VI. to feel like vomiting, lose appetite, dislike. Ye n. reel mwongo nngaw kawe. He is losing his appetite because of those bad foods.

nuuta1 (nuutaa). N. a kind of breadfruit with round-shaped surface.
nuuta2 (nuutaa). N. a kind of pandanus tree.

nuuweleliyal (ni-uweleli-yalo). N. (at) noon time (lit. in the straight of the sun).
pa (paa). N. bait, food put on a hook or trap to lure fish, anything used as a lure.

-pa (-paa). N. [numeral classifier for chained or strung objects such as palm fronds, leis, shell belts] sepa mwaremwar, one lei. sepa paaniu, a string of coconut leaves. riwepa usous, two laces of beads. selipa yoal kiiy, three key chains. CF. pa.

paa-1 (paa-). N. [possessive classifier for bait] paai pel, my coconut-meat bait.

paa-2 (paa-). N. shape, condition, size. paashig, thin, thinness. paabut, bad luck, unfortunate.

paab (paabu). N. a kind of shark.

paabiyy (paabiiya). ULITHIAN. N. pig, hog, boar, sow, swine.

paabut (paa-buta). 1. N. bad luck, misery, misfortune. 2. vi. to be unlucky, unhappy, unfortunate. I sa p. I am unlucky. ANT. paafish.

paachingko (paachingkoo). JAP. N. slingshot (for catching birds).

paachingkooli (paachingkoolii). VT. shoot at it with a slingshot. CF. paachingko.

Paachiug (paachiugi). N. name of a place on Falalap.

paafish (paa-fishi). 1. N. good luck, good fortune. 2. vi. to be fortunate. Ye sa p. mwal we. The man is lucky. ANT. paabut.

paafius (paa-fiusiu). 1. N. early stage of learning about those stars used for navigation, arrangement of stars used in navigation, compass, counting of stars. 2. vi. to count stars. Re p. They are counting stars.

paaiushel (paaiu-shaliu). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

paaiy (paaiya). vi. to hurry, be anxious, be eager. gepaaiya, make him hurry up. Re sa p. They are in a hurry to leave.
Paakang (*paakangi*). N. name of a place on Falalap.

**paal** (paala). 1. N. patch, slices of coconut husk which are used to block up a long opening between two pieces of boards, especially in canoes. 2. vi., adj. (to be) patched. *wa p.*, patched canoe. *Ye sa p. wa we.* The canoe has been patched.

**paal2** (paali). N. a kind of fish.

**paala** (paalaa). vt. patch it, put a patch on it. CF. **paal1**.

**paalang** (paalangi). N. Yapese stone-money.

**paaley** (paaley) N. coconut leaf, coconut frond. SYN. **paaniu**.

**paali1** (paa-lii). vt. have it as bait. CF. **paap1**.

**paali2** (paali). vt. lead him, guide him, direct him.

**paanch** (paanchiu). ENG. N. pants, panties, briefs.

**paanga**- *(paanga-)*. N. [Occurs with a possessive suffix.] all, every. *paangal ran,* every day. *Paangal yaremat nge re weri.* All people saw it.

**paangag** (paangagi). vi. [passive] to be counted, numbered, calculated. CF. **paangi, paapa4**.

**paangi** (paangii). vt. count it, number it, calculate it. CF. **paangag**.

**paaniu** (paaniu) N. coconut leaf, coconut frond. SYN. **paaley**.

**paap1** (paapa). vn. to use as bait. Re *p. gius.* They use octopus as bait. CF. **paali1**.

**paap2** (paapa). 1. N. plank, strake, the planking (of a canoe). *sematip p.*, a cut piece of board. 2. vi. to be provided with plank. *Ye sa p. wa we.* The canoe has been provided with sides.

**paapa1** (paapaa). N. one of the two canoe categories, which includes *waaliwaiy, maniubil, waamar, waaffatiul,* and *shoasemal.* The other category is *gaawaliu* ‘chief’s canoe’.
**Paapa** (paapa). 1. N. bait, worm. 2. VN. to use as bait. Re p. *ig*. They use fish as bait.

**Paapa3** *(paapa)*. N. grandfather.

**Paapa4** *(paapa)*. VN. to count, number, calculate, take a count of. Re p. *ig*. They are counting fish.

**Paapa**( *paapaa*). N. Pope.

**Paar** *(paa-re)*. N. their lure, their bait. Re *ilou p*. They are changing the feathers on their lures.

**Paarang** *(paaranga)*. N. iron, wire, bell, metal. Ye *sakung p*. The bell has rung.

**Paasan** *(paasana)*. JAP. VI. to be overcounted.

**Paashig** *(paa-shigi)*. VI., ADJ. (to be) thin, slender, slim. *gepaashigii*, make it thin. Ye *p*. It is thin.

**Paashigishig** *(paa-shigi-shigi)*. VI., ADJ. (to be) small, thin, tiny. *mal p.*, a small animal. Ye *p*. It is tiny.


**Paaska** *(paaskaa)*. N. Easter, Lent.

**Paater** *(paateree)*. SPANISH. N. missionary, priest, Catholic father. Ye sa *p*. He has become a priest.

**Paatiul** *(paatiuliu)*. N. dried coconut leaf.

**Paawol1** *(paawola)*. N. pregnancy sickness.

**Paawol2** *(paawola)*. N. fallen coconut, stale coconut.

**Paboor** *(paboora)*. N. a kind of dance.

**Pach1** *(pacha)*. N. thunder, lightning, sound that follows a flash of lightning.

**Pach2** *(pachiu)*. N. end-piece of a canoe, prow.
**pachiutor (pachiutoro).** N. area below the voice-box in the throat.

**pag1 (paga).** 1. N. excrement, waste materials. 2. vi. to defecate. Re p. They are defecating.

**pag2 (pagi).** VI., ADJ. (to be) cut, split, cut off, broken, cracked open. *saar p.*, broken knife. *gepagi*, break it off.

**pageero (pageeroo).** [pakeero] JAP. VI. to be a fool, stupid, shut up. *Pageero!* Shut up!

**pagiul (pagiula).** N. cigarette butt.

**pagiulimweliuw (pagiuli-mweliuwa).** VI., ADJ. (to be) destroyed, get hit by waves (usually in a case where a canoe is hit by waves, with its parts being destroyed). *wa p.*, destroyed canoe. *gepagiulimweliuwa*, let it be destroyed by waves. *Ye sa p. wa we*. The canoe has been destroyed by waves.

**pagiupeg (pagiu-pagi).** VN. to cut, split (taro, etc.), cut off the end evenly; to chase fish or something to block their way. Re p. file. They are cutting taros.

**pagiupeog (pagiu-pagi).** [alternate spelling of *pagiupeg* (q.v.)]

**pagiuw (pagiu-a).** VT. resemble him, take after him, look like him, be similar to him. *John ye p. melewe temal*. John resembles his father.

**pagow (pagowa).** N. shark.

**pai (paii).** N. [paiu ‘hand’ + -i ‘my’] my hand.

**pail (paili).** N. comb. CF. *pailiiy*.

**pailiiy (pailii-a).** VT. comb it. *Ye p. shimwel shoabut we*. He combed the hair of the woman. CF. *pail*.

**paip (paipi).** ENG. N. pipe, tube.

**paitok (paitoku).** JAP. N. syphilis, venereal disease, social disease.

**paiu1 (paiu).** N. hand, arm, wing. *paiul*, his hands. *paiush*, our (incl.) hands. CF. *pai, paumw*.

**paiu2 (paiu).** N. four short vertical lines at both ends of the canoe keel.
paiu3 (paiu). N. provisions for a voyage, food supply or rations for a long trip.

-paiu (-paiu). N. [numeral classifier for an arm length. Appears only with se- ‘one’. For two arm lengths, sengaf is used.] CF. paiu1.

paiufel (paiu-fali). N. taboo arms, sacred arms.

paiukof (paiu-kofo). N. right hand, right hand side. ANT. paiutakof.

paiulimeliug (paiuli-maliuga). N. eave extention section of a house.

paiulimwal (paiuli-mwale). VI. to have each male bring his share of whatever has been assigned to him by a group of elders (Lit. provisions of man).

paiuliyamw (paiuli-yamwa). N. V-shaped parts of the outrigger supporter.

paiuppal (paiu-ppala). VI. to touch or take something without giving consideration to who owns it. Ye p. John. John takes anything regardless of who owns it.

 paiureo (paiureo). N. big oyster shell used for scraping the inside portions of banana layers.

paiurooro (paiu-rooroo). N. a kind of bird.

paiushapp (paiushappa). VI. to put down one’s hands, place hands upside down to cover up something. Ye p. He put down his hands.

paiusheoiu (paiu-sheoiu). N. flying fox, bat.

paiussap (paiu-ssapa). VI. to lift up the arms and get ready for action. Ye sa p. lag be ye be wauti. He lifted up his hands to hit him.

paiutakof (paiu-ta-kofo). N. left hand, left hand side. ANT. paiukof.

Paiuyefang (paiu-yefangi). N. an Aquila star.

paiuyefangiiy (paiu-yefangii-a). VT. use the star Paiuyefang as a guiding star in navigation.

Paiuyeiur (paiu-yaiuriu). N. an Aquila star.
paiuyeiuriuw (pau-yeiuriu-a). VT. use the star Paiuyeiur as a guiding star in navigation.
pak1 (pake). VI., VN. to be homesick, impatient, in a hurry, anxious. gapeka, make him homesick. Ye sa p. He is homesick. Ye sa p. be ye be weri shoabut we laiul. He is anxious to see his girl. CF. paketi.
pak2 (paki). 1. N. gun, rifle, musket, arms. 2. VN. to shoot, fire (a gun). Re p. mal. They are shooting birds.
pakeero (pakeero). [=pageero] JAP. VI. to be a fool, stupid, shut up.
paketi (paketii). VT. be homesick for it, miss it, envy it. Paangal yarem at nge re gal p. biuleiu la re melaw me iyang. Everybody misses the place where he was born. CF. pak1.
pakiy (pakii-a). VT. shoot it, fire at it. CF. pak2.
paking (pakinga). JAP. N. metal.
pakutang (pakutanga). JAP. N. bomb, bomb-shell.
pal1 (pala). VI., ADJ. (to be) dry, dried. Ye sa p. mengaag we. The cloth is dried.
pal2 (paliu). N. menstrual house.
palepal (pala-pala). VI. to dry, get dry, run dry, wither. gepalepela, make it dry. Ye sa sar p. lag woal ppiyeel. It is gradually drying on this sand.
paleyaw (pala-yawa). N. a kind of fish.
palig (paliga). [=pelig] N. grinder, any of various machines or tools for crushing and grinding.
paligiy (paligiya). 1. N. spirula shell (found on drifting wood). 2. VI. to be filled with spirula shells. Ye sa p. ira we. The wood has been filled with spirula shells.
paliuw (paliuwa). N. canoe navigator, powerful magico-religious functioning. Ye sa p. He has become a navigator.
paliuwa- (paliuwa-). N. [Occurs with a possessive suffix.] price, value. paliuwal, its price.

paliuwelli (paliuwalii). VT. answer him, reply to him, respond to him. Ye p. mwal we. He responded to the man.


paliy (paliya). N. side, flank. paliyel mai we, the side of the breadfruit.


Paliyaw (paliyawa). N. name of an island in Woleai.

paliyetam (paliya-tama). N. outrigger side (or windward-side) of a canoe. Ig we imwu ye sa ba me p. The school of fish there is now swarming to the windward-side of the canoe.

Paliyetiw (paliya-tiwe). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

pamuchi (pamuchii). JAP. N. preserved breadfruit, preservation of breadfruit. SYN. mar1.

pangku (pangkuu). ENG., JAP. 1. N. puncture, flat tire. 2. VI. to have a flat tire. Ye sa p. wa we. The vehicle has a flat tire.

pannomi (pannomii). JAP. N. breadfruit. SYN. mai.

pantuun (pantuuno). ENG. N. barge, fat person.

par1 (para). 1. N. remainder, extra, remnant. 2. VI. to have a remainder. Ye p. lag. It has a remainder.

par2 (para). N. a kind of tree with red flowers (erythrina variegata).

parepar (parapara). N. a kind of fish.

pari (parii). VT. cut it, slice it, chop it, hash it. CF. pariper.

pariper (pari-pari). VN. to cut, slice, chop, hash. Re p. ig. They are cutting fish. CF. pari.
pariul (pariula). N. back-shell of turtles, crabs, lobsters, etc.


pariungge (pariungagi). vi. [passive] to be carried on the head. Cf. pariungiu2.

pariungettumwur (pariungali-tumwuru). N. Scorpius (star).


pariungiu2 (pariungiu). vt. put it on the head, carry it on the head. Cf. pariuper2, pariungge.

pariupeor (pariu-pariu). [alternate spelling of pariuper (q.v.)]

pariuper1 (pariu-pariu). vn. to push forcibly, shove. Re p. fetal. They are pushing around.

pariuper2 (pariu-pariu). vn. carry on the head, put on the head. Ye p. raw. She is carrying a pot on her head.

pas (paso). N. male’s pubic area, male’s groin or private parts. Ant. pur.

pash1 (pasha). N. tail, tail of fish.

pash2 (pasha). vi. to be correct, accurate, exact. gapesha, calculate it. Ye p. It is correct.

pash3 (pasha). N. handle, that part of a utensil or tool which is to be held with the hand. peshanim, palm width (lit. handle of hand).


pashelap (pasha-lapa). N. front part of the tail (of a fish).

pashemach (pasha-macha). N. trigger fish.

pashepeshalipeshe (pasha-pashali-peshee). N. foot.
pasheppag (pasha-ppagiu). N. a kind of fish (immature adult of elon-gatus).

pasheshig (pasha-shigi). N. back part of the tail (of a fish).

pass (passo). vi. to be peaceful, calm, settle down. Ye sa p. It is peaceful.

pat₁ (pata). vi., vn. to land after drifting, be washed up on the beach, land on. Ye sa p. wa we. The canoe has finally landed after drifting. Cf. petangi.

pat₂ (pata). N. [Usually preceded by ni.] gap, space between two points, between. Ye faarag tiw ni petal skuuł me gelesiinya. He walked down (the gap) between the school and church.

pat₃ (pata). 1. vn. to mix (liquid), commingle, mingle. Re p. shal. They are mixing water. 2. adj. mixed, mingled. shal p., mixed water. Cf. peta.

pat₄ (pata). vn. to cut, hew with an adze. Cf. fela₃.

-pat (-pata). N. [numeral classifier for fragments of utterance] selipat kepat, three fragments of speech.

patepat (patapata). vi. to be warm, mild, genial. Ye sar p. shal we. The water is a little warm.

pati (patii). N. akule (a kind of fish).

patta (pattaa). Eng. N. baseball bat.

patto (pattoo). Eng. N. cigarette.

pau (paiu). [alternant of paiu (q.v.)] [This form occurs before a round vowel.] p. gopiteg, injured hand. paumw, your hand.

paumw (paiumwu). N. [paiu ‘hind’ + -mw ‘your’] your hand, your arm.


pechal maiuriutiw (pachali maiuriutiwe). N. thunder as an omen for the death of a sick person.
peegiyeg (peegiyegi). VI., ADJ. to lean on one side, (be) tilted, slanted. _wa p._, leaning canoe. _gapeegiyegi_, slant it. _Ye p._ It is not straight but leans on one side.

peei (peei). N. raised platform made up of rocks (for meeting places or houses).

peelamw (pee-lamwo). N. lagoon side. _peelamwol faliuw we_, lagoon side of the island.


peet (peeta). ENG. N. bed for sleeping.

peeyou (peeyou). VI. to be exhausted, tired. _Ye sa p. sar we_. The child is exhausted. SYN. _peyaagus_.

peeganang (pagali-lango). N. mole on skin (lit. excrement of house fly).

pegattaling (pagali-talinga). N. ear-wax (lit. excrement of ear).

peig1 (peigi). N. side, flank, position or space alongside one. CF. _-peig_.

peig2 (peigi). N. a kind of lavalava.

-peig (-peigi). N. [numeral classifier for sides] _sepeig imw_, one side of the house. _riuwepeig faaileng_, two sides of the earth. _selipeig mai_, one side of breadfruit. _faapeig yaremat_, four sides (groups) of people. CF. _peig1_.

peigiiig (peigiigi). VI., ADJ. (to be) twisted, deformed, have sharp corners, not straight. _imw p._, slanted houses. _Ye p. imw we_. The house is twisted.

peigissag (peigili-saga). N. side of the belly, waist.

Peilaau (peilaau). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

peiraag (peiraagi). N. property left by a deceased person, inheritance, legacy.

Peirang (peiranga). N. name of a place on Sulywap.
peitaag (peitaagi). VI., ADJ. to hang down, droop down, (be) long. *shimw p.*, long hair. *Ye p. tiw shimwel shoabut we.* The hair of the woman is hanging down.

peiteg (peitagi). VI. [passive] to hang down (as of hair or a mosquito net), droop down. *Ye p. shimwel.* Her hair is hanging down. CF. peiti.

peiti (peitii). VT. let it fall, drop it, throw it down. *John ye p. tiw baabiyor we.* John dropped the book. CF. peiteg.

peiy (peiya). N. grave, tomb, sepulcher.

pel (peli). N. white coconut meat.


pelang (pelangiu). 1. N. ashes falling from the main fire, sparks. 2. VI. to shake off ashes. *Ye p. tiw igaal mwal we.* The man shakes off some ashes here.

pelig (peliga). [=palig] N. grinder, any of various machines or tools for crushing and grinding.

pelipel (pelipeli). N. sea-cucumber.

-pely (-paliya). [alternant of -paliy (q.v.)]

pen (pene). ENG. N. pen. *p. we yaal,* his pen.

penchi (penchii). ENG. N. pliers, small pincers in any of various forms for gripping small objects or bending wire, etc.


pengagil (pengagila). N. white portion of sea clam.

pengkyo (penkyoo). JAP. VI. to study, work.

peniuwaaniul (peniuwaaniula). N. the white part of an egg.

peo1 (peo). VI., VN. to hit (a ball, etc.), strike. *Re p.* They are hitting. CF. peoli.
peo₂ (peo). VI. to be empty (as a container), vacant.

peo₃ (peo). 1. N. measurement. 2. VI. to be measured, match. Ye p. fengan melekawe. Those things match.

-peon (peon). N. [numeral classifier for flat objects] sepeo saar, a knife. riuwepeo teor, two sheets of lavalavas. selipeo reesa, three razor blades. walipeo tegag, eight cups. tiwepeo giygiy, nine mats. faapeo filooras, four hibiscus flowers.

peobesh (peo-besh). N. a kind of white flower.

peol (peliu). [alternate spelling of pel₂ (q.v.)]

Peolaatiw (peolaatiwe). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

peolang (peo-langi). N. a kind of yellow flower.

peoli (peolii). VT. hit it, sweep it (with a broom), scare it away. Cf. peo₁, peopeo₂.

peomas (peo-mase). 1. N. a kind of magic whereby people get together and shout to scare away the ghost of an epidemic. 2. VI. to scare away an epidemic by magic. Re p. They are making magic to scare away epidemic.

peopeo₁ (peo-peo). 1. N. mother-baby ceremonial situation. 2. VI. to celebrate the mother-baby moving from the menstrual house. Re p. They are celebrating a mother-baby moving.

peopeo₂ (peo-peo). 1. VN. to sweep (with a broom), dust, scare away a ghost, hit. 2. N. broom.

peopeo₃ (peopeo). VI. to blow gently (as of a breeze). Ye p. tog yang. The wind blows gently this way.

peopeo₄ (peopeo). N. a kind of lavalava design.

peopeo₅ (peopeo). N. a kind of plant.

Peopeoliwaayal (peopeoli-waayali). N. name of a place (taro-patch) on Sulywap.

peor (peora). N. coconut shell used as a tuba container.
peorang (peo-ranga). N. a kind of yellow flower.

peotag (peotagi). VI. [passive] to be swept off, hit. CF. peoli.

peoteopeot (petapeta). [alternate spelling of petepet (q.v.)]


peraf (parafa). N. platform on the outrigger boom of a canoe.

peraiy (peraiya). N. a kind of sea shell.

perangerang (perangaranga). VI., ADJ. (to be) yellow, burn brightly, burn with a flame. yaf p., bright fire. Ye p. It is burning brightly.

peras1 (parasa). N. woven coconut leaves used on sailing canoes.


peraseras (parasa-rasa). VI., ADJ. (to be) scattered, dispersed, dissipated. Ye p. fetal meleka. Those things are scattered around.

pereet (pereeti). ENG. bread. N. biscuit, cracker, cookie.

peremiyoo (peremiyoo). N. military or official rank emblem.

perett (perette). VI. to be scattered, dispersed. Ye sa p. lag selaapiy kawe. Those coins have been scattered around.

pes (lesi). JAP. N. garbage, dirt, rubbish, refuse.

pesha (pasha). N. flint, a kind of stone used for making a fire.

peshairel (peshaireli). N. cross arms, a special dance action in which an arm is stretched forward and at the same time sharply bent upward by a 90 degree angle at the elbow and another arm placed horizontally with the finger tips slightly touching the elbow of the upright arm.

peshalibulegaale (peshali-bulagaaleya). N. a kind of lavalava design.

peshangi (pashangii). VT. stick to it, attach to it, hold on it, cling to it, adhere to it. CF. ppash2.
**peshanim** *(pashali-lima)*. N. the hand from wrist to finger tip.


**peshe** *(peshee)*. N. leg, foot. *peshee*, my leg. *pesheel shoabut we*, the woman’s leg.

**pesheeli** *(peshee-lii)*. VT. have it as one’s foot. CF. peshe.

**pesheelifeolog** *(pesheeli-feolog)*. N. supporter of a raised platform on a big canoe.

**pesheeliyang** *(pesheeli-yango)*. N. a kind of taro.

**pesheesitiw** *(peshee-sitiwa)*. N. area from knee to ankle.


**peshugul** *(peshugulu)*. N. adze, axlike tool for trimming and smoothing wood, a tool with a curved blade at right angles to the handle.

**peshuguluuw** *(peshuguluu-a)*. VT. cut it with an adze. CF. peshugul.

**pet** *(pete)*. VI., ADJ. (to be) shallow, having little depth. *biuleiu p.*, shallow place. Ye p. *igaal*. This place is shallow.

**peta** *(petaa)*. VT. mix it, commingle it, mingle it. CF. pat3.

**petag** *(petagi)*. VI. to fall (as of rain), drop, come down. Ye p. *goshou*. The rain is falling (or It is raining).

**Petaima** *(petaimaa)*. N. name of a place on Falalap.

**petangi** *(patangii)*. VT. land on it, be washed up on it. CF. pat1.

**Petangoras** *(petangoraso)*. N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.


**pey** *(peya)*. VI., ADJ. to bend, bend over (as of trees bending over water), curve, (be) crooked. *liu p.*, slanted coconut tree. Ye p. *ira we*. The tree is slightly bent.
peyaagus (peyaagusu). VI., ADJ. (to be) exhausted, tired (as a result of hard physical work), weak. *mal p.*, weak person. SYN. peeyou.

peyaaya (peyaaya). VI., ADJ. (to be) weakened, weak, skinny. Ye *p. tugofoaiy we*. The elderly person is weak.


pi (pii). N. letter B or P.

picha (picha). ENG. N. baseball pitcher.

pig (piga). N. small island, islet.

Pigeeleo (pigeeleo). N. name of an island in Woleai.

Pigefas (piga-fasiu). N. name of an island in Eauripik.

Pigeyiat (piga-iyata). N. name of an island in Woleai.

Pigel (pigeliu). N. name of one of the three administrative districts in Wottagai.

Pigeluug (piga-liugo). N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.

Pigenoot (pigali-loota). N. name of an island in the eastern-most part of Yap District, i.e., near Satawal and Puluwat.

Pigeol (pigeliu). [alternate spelling of Pigel (q.v.)]

pigeram (pigerama). VN. to distribute food on the basis of individuals rather than households, divide (food), allot or share (food).

pigerema (pigeramaa). VT. distribute it (food), divide it, allot it, share it. CF. pigeram.

Pigeremaaalang (pigeremaaalangi). N. Kapingamarangri.

pigipig (pigi-pigi). VN. to slap, strike, hit, slam. Ye *p. lamw*. He is slapping mosquitoes. CF. pigiri.

pigiri (pigiri). VT. slap it, strike it, hit it, slam it. CF. pigipig.

piichoowaai (piichoowaai). N. strong and handsome man.

Piig (piiga). N. name of an island in Faraulep and in Ulithi.
piigu (piiguu). N. dregs or remnant of tuba.

piing (piinga). N. gable end-wall of a house.

piingaach (piingaacho). N. palate, gum, alveolar ridge.

piipi1 (piipii). N. glasses, glass. imw p., glass house.

piipi2 (piipii). VN. to look at, gaze, watch. Re p. skooki. They are watching airplanes.

piipi3 (piipii). [alternant of piipi (q.v.)]

piipiilifaaliyal (piipiili-faali-yalo). N. sun glasses (lit. glass of underside of sun).

piipi (piipi-a). [piipi before a non-particle adverb] VT. look at it, watch it, gaze at it, observe it. Piipi gachiuw look at it well.

piistoor (piistoori). ENG. N. pistol, shooter, revolver.

pil (pili). SATAWALESE. 1. N. taboo, restriction. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) taboo, socially and culturally unacceptable. mal p., taboo things. Ye p. It is taboo.

pila (pilaa). VN. to accompany, go after (a canoe, etc.).

pilaa- (pilaa-). N. [Occurs with a possessive suffix.] result, benefit, usage, worth, value. pilaal, its result. Ye toar pilaal. It does not have any value.

pilaaai (pilaaai). VN. to double (especially clothes or fishing nets), increase twofold, make double. CF. pilaaaiy.

pilaaaiiy (pilaaaii-a). VT. double it, increase it twofold, make it double. Ye p. gepan. She doubled her lavalavas. CF. pilaaai.

pilat (pilata). 1. N. hole, opening, slit, leak. 2. VN. to patch (a hole). CF. pileta2.

-pileg (-plegi). N. [numeral classifier for bundled or grouped objects] sepileg fafiy, a bundle of firewood. riuwepileg sar, two groups of children. selipileg pisega, three bundles of spears. faapileg baabiyor, four groups (rolls) of paper.
pilegiuw (pilagiu-a). VT. bundle it, bind it.

pileo (pileo). N. a kind of tree.

pileog (pilegiu). [alternate spelling of pileg (q.v.)]

-pileog (-pilegiu). [alternate spelling of -pileg (q.v.)]

pilepil (pile-pile). 1. N. stopper, bung, cork, cock, plug, spigot, tap. 2. VI. to be closed. Ye sa p. leo we. The bottle is closed.

pilesi (pilesii). VT. close it, shut it (off). SYN. pileta₁. CF. piletag.

pileta₁ (piletaa). VT. close it, shut it (off). SYN. pilesi. CF. piletag.

pileta₂ (pilataa). VT. patch it (a hole), plug it, tap it. CF. pilat.

piletag (piletagi). VI. [passive] to be closed, shut. CF. pilesi, pileta₁.

piletoa (piletoa). N. window, window-pane.

pili (pili). VT. twist it, fold it, lash it, make leis by tying it. CF. pilipil.

pilipil (pili-pili). VN. to tie, twist, fold, lash. Re p. tal. They are twisting ropes. CF. pili.

piloomw₁ (piloomwu). N. a kind of dance.

piloomw₂ (piloomwu). N. lead or weight for a fishing line.

pilung (pilungu). YAPESE. N. chief, head man of a clan, chieftain.


pin (pini). VI. to be tricked, deceived, cheated, blackmailed. I sa p. faar shoa kawe. I was deceived by those people.

pippira (pippiraa). [alternate spelling of ppippira (q.v.)]

pippiraf (pippirafa). [alternate spelling of ppippiraf (q.v.)]

pira (piraa). VT. rob someone of it (something), steal it. CF. piraf.

piraf (pirafa). VN. to steal, rob. Re p. They are stealing. CF. pira.

**Piseya** *(piseyaa)*. N. Philippines. SYN. Maliila.

**Pisigit** *(pisigiti)*. Eng. N. biscuit, cracker, cookie.

**Pisoof** *(pisofii)*. Eng. N. bishop.

**Piteg** *(pitegi)*. N. belonging, thing, article, goods, object.


**Pitiffas** *(piti-fasa)*. VI. smile, beam. Ye p. He smiles. SYN. *Pitimmel*.

**Pitimmel** *(piti-mmali)*. VI. smile, beam. Ye p. He smiles. SYN. *Pitiffas*.

**Pitissoong** *(piti-ssoonga)*. VI. slightly angry or mad, feel unpleasant. Ye p. He is slightly angry.

**Piun** *(piuniu)*. VI. to be plugged up, constipated, stopped up. Ye sa p. *Lag ngat we*. The hole has been plugged up.


**Piuppiung** *(piuppiungiu)*. VI. to be falling. *Re sa piuppiungiul mas tiw*. They have fallen down to their death.

**Piy** *(piyo)*. VI. to go on dating, date. Re p. They are dating.


**Piyal** *(piyala)*. N. name of an island in Woleai.

**Piyeireg** *(piyeiragi)*. N. name of an island in Woleai.

**Piyooing** *(piyoongi)*. Jap. N. hospital, infirmary, dispensary.

**Piyooki** *(piyookii)*. Jap. 1. N. sickness, illness, ailment, malady. 2. VI. to be sick, ill. Ye sa p. He is sick.

**Plaskit** *(plaskiti)*. Eng. N. plastic, any article made of plastic.
**poa** (*poa*). 1. N. floor, wooden floor, floor board, veranda. 2. vi. to be floored. Ye sa p. imw we. The house has been floored.

**pogu** (*poguwa*). N. a kind of pandanus tree.

**poguw** (*poguwa*). VT. wrap it with leaves of **pogu**. **CF. pogu**.

**pomw1** (*pomwo*). N. gesture (as in a dance), posture.

**pomw2** (*pomwu*). N. deep ocean bottom (where seaweed is found).

**pomwoli** (*pomwolii*). VT. act it, imitate it. Ye p. yaal faarag John Wayne. He imitated John Wayne’s walk.

**pomwopomw** (*pomwo-pomwo*). VN. to be acting, imitating.

**poomaato** (*poomaatoo*). **ENG.** N. pomade. Yoor gapitei p. I have pomade.

**poomw** (*poomwu*). **ENG.** 1. N. hose, pipe, pump. 2. VN. to pump (water, etc.). Re p. shal. They are pumping water.

**poomwuuw** (*poomwu-a*). VT. pump it, raise or move it (fluid) with a pump, apply force to it with a pumping, up-and-down motion. **CF. poomw.**

**poos** (*poosu*). **JAP.** 1. N. guard. 2. VN. to guard, protect, defend. **CF. poosuuw.**

**poosuuw** (*poosuu-a*). VT. to guard it, protect it, defend it. **CF. poos.**

**poro** (*porooto*). N. Polynesian or Melanesian type of canoe.

**poros** (*poroso*). N. a kind of fish.

**porou** (*porou*). N. beach rock, huge flat rock.

**porouchimw** (*porouli-shimwe*). N. dirt on baby’s head.

**pos** (*posu*). **ENG.** N. post office.

**pou** (*pou*). VI. to be spilled (of solid stuff), dumped.

**poulis** (*poulisi*). **ENG.** N. policeman.
ppag₁ (ppagiu). 1. vi. to be even, equal, at the same time. 2. ADV. [post-verbal] evenly, equally.

ppag₂ (ppagiu). vi. to be complete, agreed upon, set, fixed. Ye sa pp. It is all set. (It has been agreed upon.)

ppaiu (ppaiu). vi. to stop, halt, refrain, pause, be silent. Ye sa pp. lag wa we. The canoe has stopped.

ppal (ppala). vi. to be light, not heavy, lacking in weight. Ye pp. baabiyor we. The book is light. ANT. chau.

ppash₁ (ppasha). vi. to climb, move, go (up or down). Ye pp. tag. He climbed up.

ppash₂ (ppasha). vi. to stick, hold to something firmly, become fixed, adhere. Ye pp. It sticks. CF. peshangi.

ppat₁ (ppata). 1. N. piece that is cut out. 2. vi. to be cut. Ye sa pp. It has been cut.

ppat₂ (ppati). 1. N. impatience, eagerness. 2. vi. to be impatient, eager, anxious.

ppeo (ppeo). vi. to hit a ball (as in baseball), play baseball. Re pp. They are playing baseball.

ppeos (ppesiu). [alternate spelling of ppes₂ (q.v.)]

ppes₁ (ppesi). vi. to float, rise up, be afloat. Ye pp. It floated.

ppes₂ (ppesiu). vi. to be compact, stuck, packed closely, condensed. gappesiu, put it against something compactly. Ye sa pp. It is stuck.

ppeta (ppataa). VT. cut it. CF. ppat₁.

ppil (ppili). VN. make (leis, etc. by tying flowers together with a string). Re pp. mwaremwar. They are making leis.


ppileog (ppilegiu). [alternate spelling of ppileg (q.v.)]
ppippira (pippiraa). VT. [progressive form of pira] be stealing it.

ppippiraf (pippirafa). VN. [progressive form of piraf] to be stealing.

ppis (ppisi). vi. to be chipped off, broken off, cut off.


ppiung1 (ppiungiu). vi. to fall, drop, come down suddenly. gappiungiu, make him fall. CF. biungiuti.

ppiung2 (ppiungiu). vi. to boom, make a hollow deep sound, explode. Ye pp. toalemaach we. The dynamite exploded.


ppiy (ppiya). N. sand, sandbeach, beach. wel pp., on the beach.

Ppiyelimas (ppiyali-mase). N. name of an island in Woleai.

Ppiyelimwel (ppiyali-maliu). N. name of an island in Woleai.

Ppiyewaliuwel (ppiya-waliuwaliu). N. name of a sand-bar in Woleai.

prochooyog (prochooyogo). N. snake, serpent.

Proostaan (proostaana). ENG. N. Protestant (any Christian not belonging to the Roman Catholic or Orthodox Eastern Churches).

pruumw (pruumwu). ENG. N. broom.

pur (puru). N. female’s pubic area, female’s groin or private parts. ANT. pas.

puwaafaaai (puwaafaaai). N. confession, profession, admission.


ra (raa). N. branch (of a tree), bough, twig.

Raaiur (raaiuriu). N. name of an island in Woleai.

raakaasang (raakaasanga). JAP. N. parachute.

raakesang (raakasanga). JAP. N. parachute.

raal (raali). N. daytime, daylight. Ye sa r. It is daytime.

raaleiy (raale-iya). N. today (lit. the day in which I am). *Paangal yarem mat nge re sa ker r*. Everybody is happy today.

raalimwaaiu (raali-mwaaiu). 1. N. fair weather, mild day. 2. VI. to be calm, peaceful, mild (of weather). Ye r. The weather is calm.

raara (raa-raa). VI., ADJ. (to be) branchy, branching. *mai r.*, breadfruit tree with many branches. Ye r. *ira we*. The tree is branchy. CF. ra.

raasiwo (raasiwoo). ENG. N. radio.

raat (raata). GERMAN. N. bicycle, cycle.

Raawaiu (raawaiu). N. name of a village in Ifaluk.

rag₁ (ragi). VI. to be counted, kept track of, followed up, matched. Ye sa r. It has been counted. CF. geragi.

rag₂ (ragi). N. year; age; summer season. *ragiiy*, this year. r. we, last year. r. *ye tog*, next year. ragi, my age. ANT. yefang₂.
-rag (-ragi). N. [numeral classifier for years] sengeras me tiwebiugiuw me fisii me selirag, the year of 1973. CF. rang2.

ragerag (ragaraga). N. rib, costa. rageregali yaremaitwe, that person’s ribs.

Rageragepaaleya (ragaraga-paaleya). N. name of a place on Falalus.

ragiyy (ragii-a). VT. go through everyone of them. CF. ragireg2.

ragireg1 (ragi-ragi). VI. (to be) arranged, put in order, lined up. imw r., line of houses. Ye r. lag leo kawe. Those bottles are arranged.

ragireg2 (ragi-ragi). VI. [progressive form of rag] to be (in the process of) being counted, being followed.

ragish (ragishi). N. a kind of tree (calophyllum inophyllum).

ragiureg (ragiu-ragiu). VN. to take a handful, eat clumsily. CF. ragiuw.

ragiusiugius (ragiusiugiusiu). VI., ADJ. (to be) constant, consistent, persistent, changeless, frequent. yap r., frequent trips. geragiusiugiusiu, make one after another. Ye r. It is constant.

ragiuw (ragiu-a). VT. take a handful of it, eat it clumsily. CF. ragiureg.

Ragiyas (ragi-yaso). N. name of a place on Falalus.

ragomi (ragomii). VT. hug him, embrace him, wrap it up. CF. chag2.

ragumw (ragumwu). N. crab (any of various crustaceans with four pairs of legs, one pair of pincers, a flattish shell, and a short, broad abdomen folded under its thorax).

raikang (raikanga). JAP. N. tube attached to a stick of dynamite.

ran (rane). N. day, date. seran r., one day.

-ran (-rane). N. [numeral classifier for days] seran ran, one day. CF. ran.

rang1 (ranga). N. turmeric, yellow or orange-colored baby powder.

rang2 (rangeo). N. sacred place, taboo place where sacred affairs are performed.
rangerang (ranga-ranga). VI., ADJ. (to be) yellow, yellowish. gerangerenga, make it yellow.

ras (raso). N. whale, whale meat. seuw r., a whale. setip r., a piece of whale meat.

rasi (rasii). VT. remove it, eliminate it, get rid of it. CF. rasires.

rasires (rasi-rasi). VN. to remove (by using an instrument as in removing the meat of sea clams), get rid of, eliminate. CF. rasi.

rasium (rasiuma). N. vertical design on both sides of a canoe.

rat (rata). 1. N. field, clear section of the land. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) clear, free from obstacles. biuleiu r., clear place. Ye r. igaal. This place is clear.

raw (rawa). N. cookingpot, iron pot, kettle.

re (re). SUBJ. [3rd per. pl.] they. R. pira melekawe. They stole those things.

re- (re-). [nominal prefix. Indicates nationality of persons.] remarikeen, Americans. resaapaan, Japanese people. reiulitiw, Ulithians.

reb (reba). N. mustache, wiskers.

rebbba (rebbbaa). JAP. N. trumpet, bugle, horn.

rebeliyaw (rebeli-yawa). N. mustache (of the mouth), wiskers.

rebugota- (re-bugota-). N. [Appears with a possessive suffix.] relatives, kinsmen or kinswomen. rebugotai, my relatives.

rechooseeng (re-chooseenge). N. Koreans. Sohn mele semal r. Sohn is a Korean. CF. Chooseeng.

ree- (ree-). N. [locational] at, in, with, for, to, upon, on. Ye liugiuliug tipash reel. He can be depended upon. Go be lag reel iiteiu? To whom will you go? Iiy ye gach reel skuul? Is he good at study? Ye gaffeyag reel yaal tai tau yewal mwashog. He is well-known for his not telling lies. Ye gal ur reel mena bisil paangal yat. He plays with his brother often.

reemangiush (ree-mangiusha). N. small yellow turtle egg.
**WOLEAIAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY**

**reamasow** *(ree-masowa)*. N. white mature turtle egg.

**reepiy** *(reepiya)*. VI., ADJ. (to be) smart, clever, have know-how. *mwal r., knowledgeable man. gareepiya, feed him with knowledge. Ye r. sar we*. The child is smart.

**reere** *(ree-ree)*. 1. N. saw, saw-like tattoo. 2. VN. to saw, cut, sever. *Ye r. paap*. He cuts boards.

**reesa** *(reesaa)*. ENG. N. razor blade. *sepeo r., a razor blade.*

**reey** *(ree-a)*. VT. saw it, cut it, sever it, amputate it, use a saw to cut it.

**reikateo** *(rei-kateo)*. N. interpreter, translator. CF. *kateo, re-.*

**Reiut** *(reiuta)*. N. name of a place on Wottagai.

**rekooto** *(rekootoo)*. ENG. N. disk, record, stereo, phonograph.

**rel** *(reli)*. N. chub (a kind of fish).

**remag** *(remagi)*. N. a kind of tree (usually growing on the coast).

**remasiul** *(remasiuliu)*. VI. to be unconscious (when referring to the whole body), numb (when referring to parts of the body). *Ye sa r. lag sar we*. The child has been unconscious.

**remwosuwe** *(re-mwosu-wee)*. N. ancient people, people of long time ago.


**renigiiy** *(renigiiya)*. N. a kind of fish.

**renima** *(renimaa)*. N. a kind of fish.

**rensu** *(rensuu)*. JAP. 1. N. practice, exercise, training, drill, rehearsal. 2. VI. to take exercise, to practice, train, drill.

**reo** *(reo)*. VN. to scrape off (the inside part of banana layers, etc.), rub against. *Ye r. wish*. She is scraping banana fibers.

**reoreo** *(reo-reo)*. [=cheoreo] VN. [progressive form of reo] to be scraping off, rubbing against.
reot (reta). [alternate spelling of ret (q.v.)]

rep (repa). VI. to be close by, near, a short distance from, near at hand.

rereepy (rerepiya). VI. [progressive form of reepiy] to be beginning to be clever or smart. Ye sa r. lag. He is beginning to know how.


resaliwis (re-saliwisii). N. Marshallese people. CF. Saliwis.

resefash (re-safasha). YAPESE. N. low-caste people.

resepaal (re-sepaala). N. Japanese people. SYN. resaapaan. CF. Sepaal.

resh1 (reshe). N. fin located at the bottom of a fish.

resh2 (reshe). N. white capped noddy.

reshepagow (reshe-pagowa). N. a kind of fish.

ret (reta). VI., ADJ. (to be) finished, completed, ended, concluded, consumed. mal r., thing to be finished. Ye sa r. ig we. The fish has been consumed.

rewa (rewaa). N. wooden native comb (men’s comb only).

rewes (rewesi). N. a kind of fish.

reyapishash (re-yapishasha). N. white men, foreigners. CF. yapishash.

-ri (-rii). [transitive formative] ngiuri, smell it. mwari, look at it. sheeri, attack it. shiiri, moisten it. nari, taste it. pari, cut it.

rig (rigi). VI. to run, hurry, rush. Re r. lag. They ran away.


rigoat (rigoata). 1. N. female of puberty to post puberty; menstruation. 2. VI., ADJ. to menstruate for the first time; with first menstruation. mal r., girl with first menstruation. garigoata, cause her to menstruate for the first time.
riiri (riirii). 1. N. marriage, matrimony, wedding. 2. vi. to get married, marry, be united, wed.

riit (riiti). ENG. VN. to read, recite. Ye r. baabiyor. He reads books.

rikugung (rikungungu). JAP. N. Army (referring to Japanese Army).

ring (ringi). ENG. N. ring. shiuwei r., my earring.

rip (ripi). vi. to move the legs around as in dancing. Ye r. He moves his legs around.

ripiiy (ripii-a). VT. break it, destroy it, crush it, smash it. CF. ripingeg.

ripingeg (ripingagi). vi. [passive] to be broken, destroyed, crushed, smashed. Ye sa r. lag leo we. The bottle has been broken.

ripirip (ripi-ripi). VN. to break, destroy, crush, smash. CF. ripiiy.


ririyo2 (ririyoo). 1. vi. to make love between a man and somebody else’s wife. 2. ADV. [sentential] adultry. Ririyo! A man is sleeping with someone else’s wife! CF. riiri.

rish (rish). N. ti tree (any of several Pacific trees or shrubs of the lily family with leaves in terminal tufts).

rishing1 (rishinga). N. wall of a house.

rishing2 (rishinga). N. a kind of fish.

riug (riugi). vi. to undergo, be a past event, be past. Ye sa r. lag yali- uwelang. The moon has undergone another rotation.

riugi (riugi). vt. find it by chance, come upon it.

riugi- (riugi-). vi. [Appears with a directional suffix.] to bow, stoop, enter with one’s head bowing. Ye riugiutiw. He stooped.

riugiuriug (riugiuriugi). vi., adj. (to be) deceptive, crooked, tricky. Ye r. mwal laal. That man over there is crooked.
riur (riuriu). VN., ADJ. to fish by chance, hunt for, collect (fruits), found by chance. mal r., things found by chance. Re r. mai. They are collecting breadfruit.

rius1 (riusiu). VI. to be frightened, scared. Ye r. John. John is scared.

rius2 (riusiu). N. a kind of sickness.


riuwa- (riuwa-). NUM. two. riuwemal yaremat, two persons. riuwefash wa, two canoes. riuwefaiu faiu, two stones.

riuwaal (riuwa-ali). [numeral compound] two thin objects such as papers, leaves, and cigarettes. r. baabiyor, two sheets of paper. CF. -yal.


riuwapeo (riuwa-peo). [numeral compound] two flat objects such as mats, lavalavas, and knives. r. saar, two knives. CF. -peo.


riuwefash (riuwa-fahso). [numeral compound] two long objects such as pencils, coconut trees, and all trees. r. wa, two canoes. r. liu, two coconut trees. CF. -fash.


riuweig (riuwa-iga). [numeral compound] twenty. r. baabiyor, twenty books. r. ig, twenty fish. CF. -ig.

riuwemal (riuwa-maliu). [numeral compound] two animate objects. r. yaremat, two persons. r. mal, two birds. CF. -mal.

riya (riyaa). VI., ADJ. to get in trouble (as a result of doing things socially not acceptable), to suffer the consequences, convicted, troubled. shoa r., convicted people. Ye r. He is suffering the consequences.

riyaka (riyakaa). JAP. N. two-wheeled cart, small four-wheeled cart.

rogo- (rogo-). VI. [Appears with a directional suffix.] bend, curve. rogotiw, to bend down.

roku (rokuu). JAP. N. [enumerator counter] six.

rong (rongo). N. tradition, knowledge that passes down from the father to son, heritage in terms of wisdom.

rongiiy (rongii-a). VT. sing it, recite it, relate it, verbalize it.

rongirong (rongi-rongi). VN. to sing, recite, relate, verbalize. Ye r. bariug. He is singing songs.

rongit (rongiti). N. Yapese betel nut.

rongolap (rongo-lapa). N. superficial information, superficial knowledge.

rongorong (rongo-rongo). VI. to hear, listen to. Ye r. kepat we. He heard the talk.

rongoshig (rongo-shigi). N. detailed information, detailed knowledge.

roogi (roogii). VT. carry it, transport it, convey it. CF. rooro.

roomw (roomwu). ENG. rum. N. whisky, strong Western alcoholic liquor.

roop (roopi). VN. to slaughter, kill (animals) for food, conquer, get possession of. CF. roopiyy.

roopiyy (roopi-a). VT. slaughter it, kill it, conquer it, get possession of it. CF. roop.

rooro (roo-roo). VN. to carry, pick up and move, transport. Re r. shoasemal. They are carrying small canoes. CF. roogi.
roosaariyo (roosaariyoo). ENG. 1. N. rosary (a string of beads used in saying prayers, especially of the Roman Catholic rosary. 2. VI. to pray with a rosary. Re r. They are praying with a rosary.

rosh (rosha). 1. N. night, darkness. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) dark, black, obscure. bong r., dark night. garosho, make it dark. Ye r. It is dark.

roshopiugiupiung (rosohi-piungi-piungi). VI. to be very dark, very black. Ye sa r. It is awfully dark.

roshoppiung (rosho-piungi). VI., ADJ. (to be) black, very black, very dark. biuleiu r., dark place. garoshoppiungiuw, make it dark. Ye r. It is very black.

rosi (rosii). VI. decorate it, furnish it with an ornament. SYN. choow. CF. choch.

rosi- (rosi-). N. decoration. SYN. choch.

rourou1 (rourou). N. area where (animal) slaughtering takes place.


rous (rousə). VI. to be painful, hurting. Ye r. sar we. The child is hurting.

rouwetag (rouwetage). N. area between the eyebrows.

rouwetiw (rouwetiwe). N. area slightly below the tip of nose.

rowaas (rowaasi). VI. to be red. Ye r. pesheemw. Your leg is red.

rowaf (rowafi). N. young octopus.

rowarow (rowarowa). VI., ADJ. to be red, pink, pinkish. ngat r., pinkish hole. Ye r. It is very pink.


rumw (rumwu). N. sharp point of a spear.

rumwuweeg (rumwuuweegi). N. a kind of dance.

rut (rutu). VI. to lie, tell a lie.
rutuffoor (rutu-ffoori). VI., ADJ. to lie (lit. make a lie). mal r., liar. Ye r. He is lying.

rutuuw (rutuu-a). VT. lie to him. Ye rutuuwei he lied to me.

ruume (ruumee). N. huge bottle used for storing water.

ruumw (ruumwu). ENG. N. room (of a house, etc.).

Ruusiya (ruusiyaa). N. Russia.

ruw (ruwa). VI. to sneak back and forth, move quietly and stealthily. Ye r. tag. He sneaks up.

Ruwelimeitiit (ruwelimeitiiti). N. name of a legendary hero who was a fast runner as well as a guardian of his empire.


sa (sa). [ya after the subjective si ‘we (inclusive)’] ASP. [perfective] to have been, have done. Ye s. lag. He has gone. Si ya lag. Let’s go. Gare re tai buutog ila nge re s. lag. If they don’t come here, then they must have gone.

sa- (sa-). [alternant of se- ‘one’] NUM. sangeras, one thousand. sangerai, one hundred million.

saagi (saagii). VT. stab it, slash it, gash it, cut it, chop it, peel it off. CF. saasa.

saaif (saaifa). JAP. N. wallet, moneybag.

saain (saaina). ENG. VI. to register, sign up.

saaina (saainaa). VT. register him, sign up for him. CF. saain.

saakana (saakanaa). JAP. N. fish.

saakuru (saakuruu). ENG. 1. N. screw. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) screwed, tightened, fastened. mal s., secured thing. Ye sa s. It has been screwed on.

saakuruteraiba (saakuruteraiba). ENG. N. screwdriver.

saakuruuw (saakuruu-a). VT. screw it, tighten it, fasten it. CF. saakuru.

Saamwar (saamwara). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Saan (saani). ENG. N. John.

Saangi (saangii). N. name of a place on Falalap.


saar2 (saariu). N. oyster shell.

saar masowasow (saariu masowasowa). N. a special kind of knife.
saari (saarii). [alternant of sar₁, sar₂ (q.v.)]


saariulibel (saariuli-baliu). N. oyster shell used by women for scraping or cutting out Hawaiian taros.

saariuligosh (saariuli-goshi). N. small sharp knife used for cutting tuba.

saariuliyepisash (saariuli-yapisasha). N. a kind of oyster shell, a kind of shell bait used in bonito fishing.

saariunukil (saariu-nukili). N. a kind of shell bait used on bonito fishing, oyster shell from New Guinea.

saasa (saasaa). VN. to gash, slash, cut, split, chop, peel off. Re s. bulag. They are peeling off taro skin. CF. saagi.

saatiin (saatiina). ENG. N. sardines (canned).

saato (saatoo). ENG. N. third base in baseball.

sab (sabo). VI. to be finished, completed. Ye sa s. ur we. The dance is completed.

sag (saga). N. stomach, belly.

Sagelaiu (saga-laiu). N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.

sagemwosh (saga-mwosho). VI. to have a short temper, be impatient, hot-headed. Ye s. He has a short temper.

sagenngaw (saga-ngawa). VI. to be jealous, envious, selfish. gesagen-ngewa, make him jealous. Ye s. shoabut la. That woman is jealous.

sagenngewaagili (saga-ngawa-agilii). VT. [compound (sagenngaw + agili)] to be jealous of him.

sagiu (sagiuriu). VI. [honorific expression] to look.

Sagiur (sagiuriu). N. name of a branch of a navigational school.

sai (sai). 1. N. trip, tour, journey. 2. VI. to take a trip. Re s. tag. They took a trip eastward.
saipash (saipasha). VI. to sleep. Ye s. sar we. The child is sleeping.

Saipel (saipele). N. Saipan.


saitan (saitana). [alternant of saital (q.v.)]

saiyool (saiyoolo). N. nickname of male.

saiyoonara (saiyoonaraa). JAP. 1. N. goodbye. 2. ADV. [sentential] goodbye. Saiyoonara! See you again!, Goodbye!

sake (sakee). JAP. N. Japanese rice wine.

saketachi (sakatchii). JAP. 1. VI. to stand on one’s head. 2. N. act of standing on one’s head.

saki (sakii). JAP. N. glass bottle (for wine).

saku (sakuu). JAP. N. dipper (for food, beverages).

sakura (sakuraa). JAP. N. Japanese cherry-blossom tree.

sakurament (sakuramenti). ENG. N. sacrament.

sal (salo). [Modern form is tal.] N. west, downward. yefangilesal, northwest wind.


salop (salopa). N. earth, soil.

sampaan (sampaana). N. flat-bottomed boat.

sampaash (sampaashiu). JAP. N. a haircut style (a short haircut).

sangerai (sa-ngerai). [=sangeraniu] [numeral compound] one hundred million. s. yaremat, one hundred million people. CF. -ngerai, -ngeraiu.

sangeraiu (sa-ngeraiu). [=sangerai (q.v.)]
sangeras (sa-ngerasi). [numeral compound] one thousand. s. wa, one thousand canoes. CF. -ngeras.

saniiya (saniiyaa). N. watermelon.

sanken (sankene). JAP. N. scissors-paper-stone (a method with a hand to decide as to which side will win).

sanmwoon (sanmwoono). ENG. N. salmon.


Santei (santei). ENG. N. Sunday.

Santus (santusu). LATIN. N. Saint.

sap (sapa). VI. to turn (as of a sailing canoe), move around. gasepa, turn it. Re s. tiw. They faced down.

sapelaliig (sapelaliiga). N. a kind of taro.

sapet (sapeta). 1. N. ceremonial period when coconuts are accumulated for a funeral ceremony, funeral taboo. 2. VI. to be forbidden, prohibited.

sapeta (sapetaa). VT. forbid it, prohibit it (something) with regard to a funeral ceremony, etc.

sapetog (sapetogo). N. slow standing dance.

sapir (sapira). VI. to be misplaced, not properly attached. Ye s. ira we. The stick is not properly placed.

sar1 (sari). N. child, boy, girl, baby. sariskuul, student. s. mwal, boy. s. shoabut, girl.

sar2 (sari). N. a kind of swamp taro.

sar3 (saro). ADV. [post-verbal] a little, somewhat. Ye s. loaloa. It is a little wavy.

sar4 (sariu). [alternant of saar1 (q.v.)]

sar mwal (sari mwale). N. male of approximately nine to ten years of age, boy.
sar shoabut (sari shoabuto). N. female at puberty, girl.

sare- (sare-). vi. [Appears with a directional or the preposition ngali.] to be persuaded, convinced. Ye sarengali. He is persuaded.

Sarebel (sarebeliu). N. Corvus star.

Sarebeol (sarebeliu). [alternate spelling of Sarebel (q.v.)]

saremaaki (saramaaki). JAP. N. cloth belt for heating stomach.

saremaata (saremaataa). JAP. N. underwear, short pants.

sarish (sarisha). N. a kind of fish.

sarof (sarofa). N. eye. SYN. mat1.

sasheey (sashee-a). VT. look at it, scrutinize it, observe it. CF. sessash.

sasiing (sasiinga). JAP. N. magazine, picture, photograph.

sasimi (sasimii). JAP. 1. N. sliced raw fish, sliced raw meat. 2. vi., adj. to eat raw, raw. ig s., fish made into sasimi. Re s. ig. They are eating raw fish.

sassi (sassii). JAP. N. Japanese magazine.


satewal (satawala). N. a kind of lavalava.

Satewal (satawala). N. Satawal.

sato (satoo). JAP. N. sugar.

Saubulowat (saubulowata). N. name of a legendary chief who lived on an island in the eastern part of the Caroline Islands.

Saufelaashig (saufelaashigi). N. name of a clan in Woleai.

saufeliuw (sau-faliuwa). N. a kind of big eel.

saugaaw (saugaawa). N. a male of a few months old, baby boy. SYN. koakoa.
saulaal (saulaalo). N. god of the sea.

sauli (saulii). vt. wait for it, expect it.

saumweetir (saumweetiri). N. nickname of male (used by a third person).

saungeli (saungali). vt. [compound (sau- + ngali)] make black magic to him. CF. sausou.

Sauppes (sauppesi). N. name of a male divination spirit.

sausou (sausau). 1. N. black magic. 2. vi. to make black magic, cause someone to die, cause some physical handicaps or disabilities by magic. CF. saungeli.

Sautugopei (sautugopei). N. name of a clan in Woleai.

sauwefang (sauwefangi). N. small eel (general term).

Sauwefang (sauwefangi). N. name of a clan in Outer Islands (including Woleai).

Sauwel (sauwele). N. name of a clan in Outer Islands (including Woleai).

sawey (sawee-a). vt. go alongside of it. Ye s. faliuw. He went along the island. CF. ssaw.

sawey1 (saweya). YAPESE. N. Yapese chief, conqueror, tyrant.

sawey2 (saweya). YAPESE. N. a tribute system, a system linking Yap with outer islands and also representatives of the social groups of respective islands.

Sawiiyag (sawiiyaga). N. name of a male divination spirit.

se- (se-). [=sa-. pronounced as see- before -uw.] NUM. one. seuw, one general object. sefash wa, a canoe. seig imw, ten houses. sen, ten thousand.

Sebaato (sebaatoo). N. Saturday.

Sebau (sebau). N. name of a person who is known to be the first native to have fungus in Woleai.
sebis (se-bisi). [numeral compound] a few, some, a little. Ye log s. bulag. There are some taro. CF. -bis.

sebiugiuw (se-biugiuwa). [numeral compound] one hundred. s. wong, one hundred turtles. s. rag, one hundred years. s. me selimal, one hundred and three living things. CF. -biugiuw.


sebulog (se-bulogo). [numeral compound] one portion (of fish, wood, etc.) which is cut off and distributed. s. ig, a portion of fish. CF. -bulog.

seef (seefi). ENG. VI. to be safe, free from damage or loss. Ye s. laiul selaapiy. His money is safe.

seela (seelaa). ENG. N. sailor. Re kangekang s. kawe. Those sailors are chipping off rust.

seelaang (seelaangi). N. part of the prow of a canoe.


seeng (seenga). JAP. N. wire, line.

seer (seere). VI. to arrive, reach. Ye sa s. wa we. The canoe has arrived.

seet (seeti). VI. to flow, move, be dispersed, drip. gaseeti, let it drip. Ye s. lag shal we. The water flowed away.

seetiyet (seetiyeti). VI. to flow constantly, be dispersed. Ye s. gemas shan booti. My nose is very runny.

sefaiu (se-faiu). [numeral compound] one round object. s. taama, an electric bulb. s. faiu, one stone. CF. -faiu.

sefang (safanga). N. mahogani tree, kamani tree.

sefash (se-fasho). [numeral compound] one long object. s. liu, a coconut tree. s. wa, a canoe. CF. -fash.

sefingi (sefingii). VT. yank it, pull it, extract it with a quick vigorous movement. CF. sefingeg.

segali (sagalii). VT. remember it (in his stomach instead of his mind).

segaliuw (sagali-iuwa). N. body of a canoe sail.

segatt (se-gattiu). [numeral compound] one finger-length, one finger. CF. -gatt.


segofet (se-gofetii). [numeral compound] one piece from a whole. s. mai, a piece of breadfruit. CF. -gofet.

sei (sei). N. letter J.

seig (se-iga). [numeral compound (se-‘one’ + -ig ‘ten’)] ten. s. siilo, ten pigs. CF. -ig.

seigi (seigii). VT. push it, move it, shove it. Re sa s. wa we. They pushed the canoe.

seigool (seigoolo). N. rooster (sometimes used also as male’s nickname).

seineeng (seineengi). JAP. N. youth, adult with skills.

seiniyas (seiniyasa). 1. N. signal by hands. 2. VI. to signal by hands. Re s. fengan. They signaled by hands to each other.

seisei (sei-sei). VN. to move an object back and forth, push, shove. CF. seigi.

seito (seitoo). JAP. N. youth, student.

seil (seiula). VI. to swing, sway, move backward and forward. Ye s. lag. It swings away (from a fulcrum).

seiuuleiul (seiulaiula). VI. to swing, hang down loosely. Ye s. It is hanging down.

sekiit (se-kiita). [archaic. =sekiut] [numeral compound. This word appears only in songs.] one small portion, a little. CF. -kiit.

sekiut (se-kiuta). [numeral compound] one small portion, a little. CF. -kiut.

selaapei (selaapei). N. pile of garbage.

selaapiy (salaapiya). YAPESE. N. money.

selaik (selaiki). VI. to release little by little.

seleeng (seleengi). VI. to face up (toward the sky). Ye s. yaal wol. He is facing upward.

selesel (selasela). VI. to be rapid, quick, fast, unfit.

seli- (seli-). NUM. three. seliuw baabiyor, three books. selimel lang, three house flies. selibiugiuw, three hundred.


Seliuwap (seliuwapa). N. name of an island in Woleai, Sulywap.

selob (se-loba). [numeral compound] one hundred thousand. s. mal, one hundred thousand birds. CF. -lob.


semal1 (se-maliu). [numeral compound] one animate object. s. yaremat, one person. CF. -mal.

semat (se-mata). [numeral compound] one kind. s. teor, a kind of lavalava. s. saar, a kind of knife. CF. -mat.

semeel (seemeele). ENG. N. cement. Re piulepiul s. lan teppang we. They are mixing cement in the iron sheet.

semma (sammaa). JAP. N. Japanese fishing boat.

semmwit (se-mmwiti). [numeral compound] one small portion, a little. CF. -mmwit.


semweiu (se-mweiu). [numeral compound] one group, some. CF. -mweiu.

sen1 (seliula). N. a kind of fish.

sen2 (se-na). [numeral compound (se ‘one’ + -n ‘ten thousand’) ten thousand. s. ig, ten thousand fish. CF. -n1.

senap (senapa). N. canoe builder, master craftsman.

senchi (senchii). ENG. 1. N. change of sides in baseball. 2. VI. to change. Re sa s. They have changed.

senchu (senchuu). JAP. VI. to have sexual intercourse. Re s. They are having sexual intercourse.

senga- (sanga-). N. [Appears with a possessive suffix.] shape, manner, way, method, situation. Ifa sengal? How about him?

sengaf (se-ngafa). [numeral compound] one fathom (the length from fingertips to fingertips with arms outstretched). CF. -ngaf.


sengko (sengkoo). JAP. N. mosquito-coil.


seoiul (seoiula). N. a part of a female’s womb, afterbirth, placenta.

seoleoseol (selasela). [alternate spelling of selesel (q.v.)]

seon (sena). [alternate spelling of sen1 (q.v.)]

seor (seriu). [alternate spelling of ser3 (q.v.)]

seossor (sessoro). [alternate spelling of sessor (q.v.)]

Seota (seotaa). N. Aquarius star.

sep (sepa). N. a kind of yam.


sepaana (sepaanaa). ENG. N. wrench, spanner.


sepaiu (se-paiu). [numeral compound] one arm-length. CF. -paiu.

sepaiya (sepaiyaa). N. a kind of taro.

Sepaiyool (sepaiyoolo). SPANISH. N. Spain.

sepal (sepala). N. small canoe house.

sepasseilibil (sepassailibili). N. a kind of lavalava design.

sepeel (sepeela). ENG. vi. to spell, write. Ifa ssengal s. iyang? How do you spell it?

sepeela (sepeelaa). vt. spell it (word), write it. CF. sepeel.

sepeig (se-peigi). [numeral compound] one side. peig we s., the other side. CF. -peig.

sepeo (se-peo). [numeral compound] one flat object. s. tapetap, one big knife. CF. -peo.

sepiy (se-piya). [numeral compound] one million. s. yaremat, one million people. CF. -piy.

ser1 (sere). vi. to hit, approach, go aground. Ye sa s. wa we. The canoe has run aground.

ser2 (sere). vi. to be spilled, flow. Ye s. tiw shal we. The water has been spilled.

ser3 (seriu). VN. to say. Ye ser be re sa buutog toagota kawe. He said that the doctors had come.

sera1 (seraa). N. a kind of fish.

sera2 (se-raa). [numeral compound] one of the two sides of a pair. CF. -ra.

seraw (sarawa). N. barracuda.

sereibu (sereibuu). JAP. N. military officer, military headquarters.

seshaafiy (seshaafiya). VI., ADJ. (to be) popular, socially well accepted. Ye s. mwal we. The man is popular. ANT. seshaaul.

seshaaul (seshaaulo). VI., ADJ. (to be) unpopular, disliked, hated (especially of a titled person). Ye s. mwal we. The man is not popular. ANT. seshaafiy.

sesheo (se-sheo). [numeral compound] one flat object. s. paap, one board. CF. -sheo.

sesob (sesobu). VI. to drop, splash. Ye sa s. tiw shan fatiul mwu yaamw woai. The splash water from your paddle is dropping on me.

sessash (sassashe). VN. to look for, search, scrutinize. Re s. mai. They are looking for breadfruit. CF. sasheey.

sessor (sessoro). VI. to turn around, be turned (of the ends). Ye sa s. ira we. The log has been turned around.

seuw1 (se-uw). [Se- is pronounced with e lengthened.] [numeral compound] one general object. s. yoos, one horse. CF. -uw.
seuw2 (se-uw). [Se- is pronounced with e lengthened.] ADV. [post-verbal] together, all together. Re sa buutog s. They came all together.

sewaig (sewaigi). N. a kind of breadfruit belonging to maifeiuw.

seyang (se-yanga). [numeral compound] one hand-span (the length from the tip of the thumb to the tip of any of the remaining four fingers). CF. -yang.

seyefar (se-yafara). [numeral compound] one length from one shoulder to the finger tips on the opposite shoulder. CF. -yefar.


shaalaut (shaalautu). N. a kind of fish.

shaap (shaapa). VI. [Appears with a directional.] to become flat. Ye sh. lag. It has become flat.

shaapaap (shaapaapa). VI., ADJ. to become flat, (to be) flat. shaapaapal teebul, flatness of a table. Ye sa sh. lag taama kawe. The marbles have become flat. I matt woal teebul sh. we. I sat on the flat table.

shaff (shaffi). VI. to be twisted, tangled. shaffil yoa, tangling of a fish-line. geshaffi, cause it to be tangled. Ye sh. lag yoa we yaai. My fish-line is tangled.


shageey (shagee-a). VT. chase it, pursue it, follow him. Ye sh. maliug we. He chased the chicken. CF. chaq1.


shaiuweol (shaiu-waliu). [alternate spelling of shaiuwel (q.v.)]

shal (shaliu). N. liquid, fresh water, water-well, lake. iuliumei sh., my water to drink. semweiu sh., some water-wells.

shaliu1 (shaliu). VT. [Appears before ngali; otherwise shaliuw.] fill it with liquid, fuel it. Ye sh. ngali shal. He filled it with water.
shaliu₂ \textit{(shaliu-i)}. N. my water well.

\textbf{shaliu-} \textit{(shaliu-).} N. [possessive classifier for water wells (only for taking a shower)] \textit{Shaliumw shal yeel}. This well is yours.

\textbf{shaliugar} \textit{(shaliugara).} VI., ADJ. (to be) sweet, sugary. \textit{geshaliugera}, make it sweet. \textit{liu sh.}, sweet coconut. \textit{Ye sh. mwongol Weleya}. Woleai food is sweet.

\textbf{shaliukel} \textit{(shaliu-keli).} N. man-made well. \textit{Mena shal ila seuw sh.} That well is a man-made one.

\textbf{shaliuli} \textit{(shaliu-lii).} VT. have it as one's water-well.

\textbf{shaliuw} \textit{(shaliu-a).} \textit{[shaliu before ngali]} VT. fill it with liquid, fuel it. \textit{Sh. lameel!} Fuel this lamp! \textit{Chechaliuw! Fuel} it once in a while!

\textbf{shan} \textit{(shaniu).} VI., ADJ. (to be) calm, peaceful (as of a peaceful ocean), smooth. \textit{geshaniu}, make it peaceful. \textit{lamw sh.}, peaceful lagoon. \textit{Ye sh. gemas lenamwol Pigeremaalang}. The lagoon of Kapingamarrangi is peaceful. \textit{Ye gach shaniul peig yeel}. The calmness of this side is good.

\textbf{shan boot} \textit{(shaliuli booti).} N. mucus, nose drippings, nose runnings, snivel. \textit{shan booti}, my mucus.

\textbf{shan fash} \textit{(shaliuli fasha).} N. a kind of yellow or orange shell bait used for bonito fishing (lit. water of pandanus). \textit{paai sh.}, my shell bait.

\textbf{shan fatiul} \textit{(shaliuli fatiula).} 1. N. splash water made by a paddle in the process of paddling. \textit{Ye sa sossob tiw sh. muw yaamw woai}. The splash water of your paddle is dropping on me. 2. VI. to splash around with paddles. \textit{Re sh. fetal lenamwol Weleya}. They splash around in the Woleai lagoon.

\textbf{shan mat} \textit{(shaliuli mata).} N. tears. \textit{shan metai}, my tears.

\textbf{shan yaw} \textit{(shaliuli yawa).} N. saliva. \textit{shan yewai}, my saliva.

\textbf{shang} \textit{(shangi).} VI., ADJ. (to be) loved, precious, of high value, cherished, special. \textit{sar sh.}, beloved child. \textit{I sh. gemas me ni bugotai}. I am loved by my relatives.
shap (shapi). 1. N. beginning, origin, ancestor, base, bottom, foundation, back of a body. shapi, my ancestor. 2. vi. to begin, start. geshapi, trace the genealogy of it. Ye sa sh. tag ur we yaar. Their song has started.

shaperag1 (shaperagi). vi. to fall. geshaperagiyy, make it fall. shaperagil yaremat, falling of people. Ye sh. tiw me woal fang we. He fell down from the platform.

shaperag2 (shaperagi). vi. [passive] to be compressed, separated, flattened. Ye sa sh. lag mai kawe faal yanif we. Those breadfruit have been flattened under the board.

Shapifeliuw (shapi-faliuwa). N. name of a clan in Woleai.

shapiiy (shapii-a). vt. originate it, start it. CF. shap.

shapil paiu (shapili paiu). N. upper arm (lit. base of hand).

Shapilippiy (shapili-ppiya). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

shapiliyamw (shapili-yamwa). N. bottom of the outrigger boom support.

Shapiliyelang (shapili-yalanga). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

shapp (shappa). vi., adj. (to be) capsized, turned upside down. gashepa, capsize it. wa sh., capsized canoe. Ye sh. lag wa we. The canoe was capsized.

shariweriw (shariweriwa). vi. to be shiny, bright, glitter. geshariweriwa, make it shiny. Ye sh. mangol John. John’s forehead is shiny.


she1 (shee). N. outrigger float braces of a canoe.

she2 (shee). 1. vi. to compete in dancing. Re sh. fengan rewottegai me refelaalap. The Wottagai people and the Falalap people are competing in dancing. 2. N. competition.
she3 (shee). VI., VN. to spread (as of news), be announced (of something that had been lost for a long time and finally discovered), get through an object, discover. Ye sa sh. long kapetal fiteg we woal Vietnam. The news of the Vietnam War has come in.

sheefeo (shee-feo). N. stranger, newcomer, tourist.

Sheeliyeng (sheeli-yangi). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

sheemoa (sheemoa). VI., ADJ. (to become) extinct, disappear. shoa sh., extinct people. gasheemoaw, make it extinct. Re sa sh. lag resauwel me woal Felaalius. The Sawel clan has become extinct in Falalus.

sheengi (sheengii). VT. get through it, get to an unknown place for the first time, discover it. Pagow we ye sa sh. long yating we. The shark has gone through the net. Machelan mele ye gommwal sh. long lan Pacific Ocean. Magellan was the first to cross the Pacific Ocean. CF. sheeshe.

sheeri (sheerii). VT. attack it, assault it, charge it.

sheeshe (sheeshee). 1. N. hole, opening, orifice. 2. VN. to drill, to get through, discover. Re sh. yaar peor. They drilled coconut shells (for tuba containers). CF. sheengi.

sheeta (sheetaa). VI., ADJ. (to be) talkative, gossipy. sar sh., gossipy boy. Ye sh. gemas john. John is a newscarrier.

sheey (shee-a). VT. drill it, get through it, make a hole in it. CF. sheeshe.

sheg (shagiu). [alternant of shag (q.v.)] [This form appears when the preceding word ends in a high voiced or voiceless vowel.] Ye nenam ngali sh. be ye piraf. It is very likely that he will continue stealing.

shegau (shagau). VI. to be greedy, avaricious. shegaul piteg, greediness for things. Ye sh. gemas. He is very greedy.

shel (shele). 1. N. gruel, porridge, usually made from bananas or preserved or plain breadfruit. 2. VN. to grind. Re sh. wish. They ground bananas. CF. sheeleey.

sheeleey (shelee-a). VT. grind it, knead, mash, beat. Sh. wish kamwuul be gelami! Grind those bananas for your food!
shengagili (shangagili). vt. hang it up, hook it up. I sa sh. tag betaw niimw. I’ve hung up the basket in the house. CF. chengag.

sheo1 (sheo). N. leaf, foliage, leafage. sheol, its leaves. sheol waliuwel, leaves of trees. CF. -sheo.

sheo2 (sheo). VI. [Appears with some other form, as in tausheo, sheosheo, sheogi.] to massage, rub.

sheo3 (sheo). N. tobacco wrapper (including newspaper sheets). sheol temaag, tobacco wrapper. yaai sh., my wrapper.

-sheo (-sheo). N. [numeral classifier for thick objects such as boards, sides of canoe] faasheo paap, four boards. Ye gagola fenganiy riuwasheo paap. He patched two boards together. CF. sheo1, sheolap.

sheog (shagiu). [alternate spelling of sheg (q.v.)]

sheogi (sheogii). vt. massage it, rub it. CF. sheosheo.

sheogit (sheogiti). VI. to be narrow. SYN. sheomwit. ANT. sheolap.

sheoiu (sheoiu). VI. [Appears with a directional.] to spread, scatter all over an area. sheoiulagol kapetal, spreading of his news. gasheoiuw lag, spread it all over. Ye sa sh. lag kapetal shoabut we woal фaliuweiy. The news about the lady has spread all over this island.

sheolap1 (sheo-lapa). N. a kind of bird (noody tern).

sheolap2 (sheo-lapa). VI. to be wide, broad, spacious. gasheolepa, make it wide. Ye sh. paap yeel. This plank is wide. ANT. sheomwit, sheogit.

sheolifaiumwag (sheoli-faiumwaga). N. special kind of food (leftovers) after a feast:. This food is divided among the people of Woleai, a system of exchange and ties which links the villages between the two lagoons of Woleai. Fai sekiut nge re bel gemak sh. kawe. Very soon they will divide the feast food.

sheolifash1 (sheoli-fasha). N. point between bilge and keel of a canoe.

sheoliig (sheoli-iga). N. plate or leaf to put fish on.

Sheoliig (sheoli-iga). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Sheomal (sheo-malo). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

sheomwit (sheo-mwiti). VI. to be narrow, limited. sheomwiti faliuwei, narrowness of this island. Ye sh. faliuwei. This island is narrow. SYN. sheogit. ANT. sheolap.

sheonimebuut (sheol-lima-buuta). VI. to be unlucky (or unfortunate) because one is not present at the funeral of his relative. Ye sh. John. John is unfortunately not present at the time of his relative’s death.

sheonimefish (sheol-limafishi). VI. to be lucky (or fortunate) because one is present at the funeral of his relative.

sheoniug (sheol-liugiu). N. bird’s nest fern (This plant grows usually outside, on the windward side of the island.).

sheosheo (sheo-sheo). VN. to massage, rub. sheosheol yaremat, massaging for people. Tausheo ye ser be ye be mwaash sh. laiu. The masseur said that he would massage tomorrow. CF. sheogi.

Sheottil (sheoli-tili). N. name of a place on Falalus.


shep1 (shepe). 1. N. steering paddle. 2. VN. to paddle, pull an oar, row. Re sh. tag shiul wa we waar. They paddled in their canoe. Ye gashepeshep. He is paddling sideways.

shep2 (shepe). VN. to kick by feet (as in chicken fighting). Ye sh. yaliiy. He kicked it and fled. CF. shepegi.

shepar (shapara). [alternant of chepar (q.v.)] VI. to trust, believe, be convinced with. I tei sh. ngali mwo High Comm. I never believe High Commissioner.

shepegi (shepegii). VT. kick it. Ye sh. ira we. He kicked the wood. CF. shep2.
shepeshep (shepe-shepe). VN. [progressive form of shep] to be kicking with the feet.

shewar (shewara). VI. to move, migrate (a short distance). gachewera, make it move, carry it. Re sa sh. tiw lan fetattiul we. They moved down into the menstruation house.

shib1 (shiba). N. a kind of magic which foretells future events.

shib2 (shiba). 1. N. bay, inside curve (in an area of land). 2. VI. to be engulfed, curved inwardly. Ye sh. long melewe peelamwol faliuw we. The lagoon side of the island is engulfed. ANT. biugiuw.

shiba (shibad). VT. exercise magic or divination for it. Re gaaiu ngali mwal we be ye be sh. kofal temwaiiu we. They told the man to exercise magic (or divination) for the patient.

shibeiy (shibei-a). VT. take it up with a fork. CF. chib2, shibeti.


shibetag (shibetagi). VI. [passive] to be lifted up, taken up, raised. CF. shibeti.

shibeti (shibetii). VT. lift it with an instrument, raise it. CF. chib2, shibetag.

shifeshif (shife-shife). VN. to lift with the hands, raise. CF. shifeti.

shifeti (shifetii). VT. lift it with hands, raise it. CF. shibeti.

-shig (-shigi). [nominal suffix] small, little, detailed. yaiushig, skinny, thin or small shape. paashig, thin or small shape. rongoshig, detailed information. toashig, careful treatment, to consider. mwal yaiushig we, that skinny man. Ye yaushig. He is skinny.

shigar (shigar). VI., ADJ. (to be) calm, mild, decreased. gashigera, make it calm. shigeral yaiuttet, calmness of the sea. lamw sh., calm lagoon. Ye sh. lan lamwool. It is calm in this lagoon.

shigeshig (shigashiga). ULITHIAN. VI. to be tired, exhausted. CF. gashigeshig.

shiireg (shiragi). VI. [passive] to be wet, moistened. gashiiregiyi, wet it. CF. shiiri, shishi1.
shiiri (shiirii). VT. put it in water, moisten it, wet it. CF. shiishi1.

shiishi1 (shiishii). VN. to wet, moisten, wash. gashiishi, to dip. Re sh. bulag. They wetted taro. CF. shiiri.

shiishi2 (shiishii). N. polypodium (a kind of hard-land fern used for leis, love magic, and also grass skirts).

shiitag (shiitage). VI., VN. to begin, start. gashiitageey, begin it. Ye sa sh. yaar maipil. Their prayer has started.

shiitageey (shiitagee-a). VT. begin it, start it.

shilinig (shilinigi). 1. N. sliced portion. Iseli tog sekiut sh. we iuli-umemw be iuliumei. Give me a little bit of your tobacco for myself. 2. VN. to slice, cut into small pieces. Re sh. fitigol paabiyy. They sliced pork.

shilinigiiy (shilinigii-a). VT. slice it, cut it into small pieces.

shimw1 (shimwe). N. a bundle of lavalavas hanging down from the ceiling.

shimw2 (shimwe). N. head, convex shape. shimwei, my head.

-shimw (-shimwa). N. [numeral classifier for long and compact bundles (or strings or ropes)] seshimw galogal, one bundle of sennit. CF. shiwm1.

shimwan (shimwano). 1. N. pen for keeping animals. seuw sh., a pen. 2. VI. to be put in the pen. Ye sa sh. siilo we. The pig has been put in the pig pen.

shimwanooow (shimwanoo-a). VT. put it in the pen, encircle it. Sh. lag siilo mwu laumw! Put your pig in the pig pen.

Shimwelipat (shimweli-pata). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Shimwenigil (shimweli-gili). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

shimweshimw (shimweshimwe). [=chichimw] VI. to move up and down, be in imbalance. gashimwe, make it move up and down. shimweshimwel tabol wa, movement of the end of the canoe.
**shingaag** *(shingaago)*. 1. N. noise. *I sa chorong reel shingaagol yaar kepat.* I am bothered with the noise of their talking. 2. vi. to make noise. *gashingaagoow,* make him talk. *Re sh. tag sar kawe.* The children made noises as they walked up.

**shingaanga** *(shingaangaa).* vi. to be greedy for food, long for food. *Re sh. gemas saril Shug.* The Trukese children long for food.

**shingishing** *(shingishingi).* N. noise. *shingishingil taip,* the noise of typing.

**ship** *(shipe).* N. persuasion (by), appeasement (by).

**ship** *(shipe).* vi. to recover from crying or anger. *gashipe,* make him stop crying. *shipel yaal tang,* recovery from his crying. *Ye ship lag sar we.* The child has recovered from (his) crying.

**shiriweg** *(shiriwagi).* vi. [passive] to be dislocated, twisted, sprained (as of bones). *gashiriwegiily,* make him twisted. *Ye sh. tagiuriul.* His backbone is dislocated. *Ye kail gemas shiriwegil tagiuriul.* His backbone is badly dislocated.

**shiu** *(shiu).* N. bone, needle for lavalava design. *shiul pesheei,* the bone of my legs.

**shiu-** *(shiu-).* N. [locational] topside, on (canoe, tree, pole and any thin, long, inanimate objects that are raised above the ground). *shiul wa,* on canoe. *shiul mai we,* on the breadfruit tree.

**shiug** *(shiugiu).* N. basket.

**shiugiusaipel** *(shiugiu-saipaliu).* N. Saipanese basket. *Seuw sh. meleel.* This is a Saipanese basket.

**shiugiusaipel** *(shiugiu-saipaliu).* [alternate spelling of shiugiusaipel (q.v.)]

**shiugiushiug** *(shiugiu-shiugiu).* VN., vi. to bulge, swell outwards irregularly, extend (bag etc.) by stuffing it.

**shiugiuw** *(shiugiu-a).* VT. put it in the basket. *Re sa sh. lag mai kawe.* They put the breadfruit in the basket.

**shiulaaw** *(shiu-laawa).* vi. to get (something) stuck in the throat.

**shiulap** *(shiu-lapa).* N. lee-platform, outrigger beam brace; backbone.

Shiulifaaliyap (*shiuli-faaliyapa*). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Shiuligeshiyou (*shiuli-gashiyou*). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Shiuligiligeo (*shiuli-giligeo*). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

shiun (*shiuna*). N. house wall.

Shiunel (*shiuli-leli*). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

shiushi1 (*shiushi*). VI., ADJ. (to be) bony. *sar sh.*, bony child. Ye *sh.*
He is bony.

shiushi2 (*shiushi*). N. yard in a canoe.

Shiussep (*shiuli-sepa*). N. name of a place on Falalus and Wottagai.

shiuw1 (*shiuwa*). ADV. [sentential] exclamation of disapproval. *Shiuw!*
Oh, no!

shiuw2 (*shiuwa*). VN. to catch (a fish) in a net. *Re sh. yasiuneiu*. They caught Pacific mackerel in a net.

shiuw3 (*shiuwa*). 1. VI. to leave, depart, move away. *Ye sh. wa we raleiy.*
The ship departed today. 2. N. departure. *shiuwel wa we*, the departure of the ship.


shiwaabong (*shiuwaabongi*). N. tenth day of the month. *Sh. bongoiy.*
Tonight is the tenth of the month.

shiwe- (*shiwe-*) N. continuation, remaining. CF. *shiuwel*.

shiuwel (*shiuwali*). N. [This word consists of *shiuwe-* ‘continuation, remaining’ and -l ‘of’ and occurs always as the main verb.] still, yet, more. *Ye sh. mil.* He is still staying.

shiuweli (*shiuwali*). VT. wear it in the ears, have them as one’s earrings. *I be sh. filooras yeel.* I will wear this flower in my ears.
shiuwelimwar (shiuwali-mwara). N. part of the back corresponding to the navel. Ye was me yarol sh. His injury is near the corresponding part of the navel.

shiuweshiuw (shiuwa-shiuwa). VN. to have as earrings, wear in one’s ears. Ye sh. peol waliuwel. She is wearing flowers in her ears. CF. shiuweli.

shiya (shiiya). N. a variety of mangrove. sefash sh., a mangrove tree. Yaai sh. kela. These mangroves are mine.

shiyela- (shiyella-). N. companion, crew. Gaang shiyen Mary. I am Mary’s companion. I be lag be shiyen. I’ll go as his companion.

shiyelag (shiyelagi). VI. [passive] to be accompanied, helped. CF. shiyeli.


shiyor (shiyoro). VI., ADJ. (to be) stuck in the throat. mal sh., person with something stuck in his throat.

sho (shoo). N. copra, mature coconut. seuw sh., a piece of copra. senga piece oful sh., ten groups of copra, with each group having eight pieces of copra.

shoa (shoa). N. person, crew. shoal wa we, the crew of the canoe.

shoabut (shoabuto). N. woman, female, female ranging from fourty to fifty years of age.

shoabut tugofaiy (shoabuto tugofaiya). N. old woman, female of sixty years of age or above. Sh. we mele ye sa mas. The old woman died.

shoal (shoalo). VI., ADJ. (to be) dark, black. mengaag sh., black clothes. Ye sh. ppiung sar yeel. The child is very dark.

shoangag (shoangagi). VI. [passive] to be pressed, flattened, squeezed. Ye sa sh. lag mai we. The breadfruit is flattened. CF. shoangi, shoashoa2.

shoangi (shoangii). VT. press it, give massage to him. SYN. shoashoaw. CF. shoashoa.
shoapal (shoapala). N. axe, knife, stone adze, axe-like tattoo. *I be chi-umwong ngali paater yaai s.* I will order an axe for myself through the priest.

shoapela (shoapala). VT. cut it with an axe.

shoasemal (shoa-semaliu). N. a kind of small paddling canoe (which accommodates one to three persons).

shoashoa1 (shoa-shoa). 1. N. load, loading, burden, packs, cargo, freight. *Ye gach shoashoal wa we.* The load of the canoe is just right. 2. VI. to be loaded, packed, freighted. *geshoashoaw,* load it. *Ye sh. wa yeel me mawal wa we.* This canoe is more loaded than the other one. *Ye gach shoashoal wa yeel.* The loading of this canoe is just about right.

shoashoa2 (shoa-shoa). VN. to press, give a massage to. CF. shoangi.

shoashoaw (shoashoa-a). VT. give a massage to him, press it. *Ye sh. temwaii we.* He gave massage to the patient. SYN. shoangi. CF. shoashoaw.

shob1 (shoba). N. cigarette pack.

shob2 (shoba). N. map, navigation chart. *seuw sh., a map. yaai sh., my map.* *Ye log seuw sh. yaai.* I have a map.

shof (shofa). N. loose part. CF. shofettaling.

shofettaling (shofali-talinga). N. upper part of the ear (lit. loose part of ear).

shol (sholo). VI. to talk about girls. *Re sh.* They talk about girls.

sholoow (sholoo-a). VT. talk about her. CF. shol.


Shoofitilog (shoo-fiti-logo). N. name of a place on Falalus.

shoolilanigaiuweiuw (shooli-lani-ga-iuwaiuwa). N. copra set aside as a means of ritual exchange.
shoolima (shooli-maa). N. drifting copra. seuw sh., a piece of drifting copra.

shoomal (shoo-malo). N. naturally dried copra with no juice in it, thick copra. seuw sh., a thick copra.

shoonim (shoo-nima). N. two pieces of copra which are set aside for one’s good luck.

shoosh (shoosho). N. small rope attached to the canoe sail. I gasi seyal sh. I took one piece of rope.


shou2 (shou). VN. to weave, do the first stage of lavalava weaving. Ye be sh. laiu. She will weave tomorrow. CF. shouuuw.

shou3 (shou). N. fish set aside for a particular purpose. CF. shoulag.

shou4 (shou). 1. VN. to capture, scoop (with a scooping net). shoul mengar; catching of flying fish. Ye sh. mengar. He is catching flying fish. 2. N. scooping net. CF. shougi.

shougeg (shougagi). VI. [passive] to be captured, seized by force, scooped. CF. shougi.

shougi (shougii). VT. capture it, scoop it, seize it. Ye sh. mengar we. He scooped the flying fish. CF. shou4.

shoulag (shou-lago). 1. N. fish which are given to a woman and those with her at the delivery of her baby. 2. VI. to carry a number of fish to a menstrual house. Re la sh. They went to carry fish. CF. shoulagoow.

shoulagoow (shoulagoo-a). VT. carry it to a menstrual house. CF. shoulag.

shoushou (shou-shou). VN. [progressive form of shou] to be capturing, scooping up.

Shouu (shouu). N. name of a Corona Borealis star.
shouuw (shouu-a). vt. weave it, do the first stage of its weaving, start to weave it. Ye sh. tag teor we yaal lalow. She started her lavalava weaving yesterday. Cf. shou2.

shu (shuu). vn. to meet, encounter, come up with, agree (to). shuufen-ganil yaar kepat, agreement of their plans. Re sh. fengan lalow. They met yesterday. Cf. shungi.

shug (shugu). n. mountain, island, eminence.

Shug (shugu). n. Truk.

shuufeliuw (shuu-faliuwa). 1. n. celebration of a chief’s death after two or three months of the death, dance for such celebration (lit. island meeting). 2. vi. to celebrate, dance (for a chief’s death). Re be sh. laiu. They will dance tomorrow.

shuungi (shuungii). vt. meet him, encounter him, agree to it. Sar mwal we ye shuungiir me igei. The boy met them here. Cf. shu.

shuushu (shuushuu). n. glass pitcher.

si1 (si). subj. [1st per. pl. inclusive] we (including the hearer). S. ya lag. Let’s go.

si2 (sii). n. letters C, G and Z.

si3 (sii). jap. n. [enumerative counter] four.

-si (-sii). [transitive formative] bugosi, make knot of it, tie it. ngarisi, gnaw it. lemasi, make knot of it.

sich (sichi). n. a subfamily of bamboo.

sif (sifi). n. woman’s skirt, grass skirt.

sifi- (sifi-). n. [possessive classifier for skirts] Sifisif kawe ila sifiir sar shoabut kawe. Those grass skirts belong to those girls.

sifiligiuweel (sifiligiuweeli). n. a kind of hard-land plant (pteris tri-partita).

sifisif (sifi-sifi). 1. n. grass-skirt. 2. vi. to wear a grass-skirt.
sig (siga). vi. to be mad, angry, hostile. Ye s. yaremat we. That person was mad.

Sigaaloool (sigaaloolo). N. name of a legendary young man who was notorious for his ignorance and stupidity, which led him to get involved in sexual affairs with his own biological mother.

sigesig (sige-sige). vi. to get mad easily, be angry easily. Ye s. He gets mad easily.

sigouru (sigouruu). N. first day of the month.

siilo (siiloo). N. pig, hog, swine. seuw s., a pig.

sikaansu (sikaansuu). JAP. N. machine gun.

sikaanto (sikaantoo). ENG. N. second base in baseball.

sikang (sikanga). JAP. N. time, hour.

sikeeng (sikeenga). JAP. 1. N. exam, test. 2. vi. to take a test. Re s. igela. They are having a test now.

sikeero (sikeeroo). N. pig pen.

sikeeta (sikeetaa). N. raincoat.

sikooyang (sikooyangi). N. lever with water inside.

sila- (sila-). N. mother. silei, my mother. silash, our (incl.) mother. silel sar ka, these children’s mother.

silelap (sila-lapa). N. the eldest female of either the family of origin or the family of procreation, senior mother. ANT. tamelap.

silemas (sila-mase). N. orphan.

silooog (siloooga). N. trick, deception, mischievous act.


simpai (simpai). JAP. VI. to be worried, worry about, be concerned about, feel uneasy. Ye sa s. He is worried.

simpiung (simpiungiu). JAP. N. newspaper.


sinilipish (silali-lipishi). N. unmarried female, maiden, spinster. ANT. temanipish.

sinis (sinisi). ENG. N. one cent (in American currency). SYN. seen.

sinisila- (silali-sila-). N. maternal grandmother.

sinitema- (silali-tama-). N. paternal grandmother.

siniyangiletow (siniyangiletowa). N. jelly-fish (Portuguese man-of-war).

sintooki (sintookii). JAP. N. one-man airplane, fighter.

sipegil (sipagili). N. absoluteness (of), necessarily, absolutely. Ye sa s. foori. He absolutely did it.

sipitaal (sipitaali). ENG. N. hospital, dispensary.

siplees (sipleesi). ENG. 1. N. splice. 2. VN. to splice, fasten the ends of, join the ends of. Re s. tal. They are splicing ropes.

sipriing (sipriinga). ENG. N. spring (a device, as a coil or wire, that returns to its original form after being forced out of shape).

sir (siri). VI. to masturbate.

siro (siroo). ENG. VI. to slow down, go slow.


sishol (sishola). N. a kind of worm.

sit (siti). VI. to be straight, stick out. Ye s. lag. It sticks out.

siteiug (siteiugi). VI. to stand with hands on sides. Ye s. He is standing with both hands on his sides.
siteloub (sitelouba). N. length from sternum to the finger tips with arm stretched, yard.

Siting (sitinga). N. name of an island in Eauripik Atoll.

sitoong (sitoongo). JAP. futong. N. mattress.

sitoosa (sitoosaa). JAP. N. car, automobile. waai s., my car.

siu (siu). VI. to stand, take an upright position. Ye s. mwal we. He was standing. S. tag! Stand up!

siug (siugi). N. a white tropic bird with a long tail.

siugiligil (siugiligili). 1. N. pounded breadfruit mixed with boiled coconut milk. 2. VI. to make pounded breadfruit mixed with coconut milk.

siugi (siugi). VT. pound it, beat it, hit it, hammer it. CF. sius.

siugiuni (siugiuniu). 1. N. egg. 2. VI. to lay eggs. Ye sa s. mal kawe. Those birds have laid eggs.

siulium (siuliuma). N. food for returning fishermen.

siuliutaaw (siuliutaawa). ENG. N. soldier.

sium (siuma). N. giant clam.

siungeriunger (siungeriungeriu). VI. to crunch, be crunchy, chew with a noisy, crackling sound, press, grind, tread, etc. with a noisy sound.

siur (siura). N. supporting pole of a house, house post.

siura (siuraa). VT. put a post under it, give support to it.

Siurefaiu (siura-faiu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

siurelisheolifash1 (siurali-sheoli-fasha). N. marker on the canoe keel.

siurelisheolifash2 (siurali-sheoli-fasha). N. length from joint of thumb and palm around the tips of fingers.

Siureliu (siura-liu). N. name of a place on Tagailap.
siureporou (siureporou). N. a kind of dance.

siuri (siurii). VT. stand on it.

sius (siusiu). VN. to pound, beat, hit, hammer. Re s. mai. They are pounding breadfruit. CF. siugiu.

siussiul (siussiuliu). VN. to cut, snip. Re s. shimweer. They are cutting their hair. CF. suluuw.

siuyelai (siuyelai). [=ssiuyelai] VI. to have occurred a long time ago, take long, last.

siya (siyaa). N. boundary, division.

siyabo- (siyabo-). N. top (of trees, poles, masts, etc.), peak, crest. siyabol liu we, the top of the coconut tree.

siyal (siyala). VI. to be pregnant, conceive. Ye s. Mary. Mary is pregnant.

siyemwaaiu (siyemwaaiu). 1. N. a kind of sickness. 2. VI. to be sick with siyemwwaiu. Ye s. sar we. The child is sick with siyemwaaiu.

skiif (skiifa). N. sheet, covering. I bel gouseli s. yeel. I will have this sheet as my covering.

skooki (skookii). JAP. N. airplane, plane.

skooso (skoosoo). JAP. N. airport, airfield.

skuul (skuulo). ENG. 1. N. school. 2. VI. to learn, study. Re s. They are studying.

smonki (smonkii). N. small pox. SYN. smoolbogius.

smoolbogius (smoolbogiusiu). ENG. N. small pox. SYN. smonki.

soapash (soapasha). N. nineteenth day of the month.

soapashemeimwir (soapasha-me-imwira). N. twenty-third day of the month.

sog1 (sogo). VI. to be inhabited, lived in, have inhabitants. Ye s. faliuw we. The island is inhabited.
**sog2** (*sogo*). **VI.** to remain in the bottom (as *piigu* remains in the bottom of tuba). *Ye sa s. tiw melekawe shan lan raw yeel.* The water from it is filtered through and settled in this pot.

**sog3** (*sogo*). **N.** stick, cane. **CF.** *sogo-.*

**sogo-** (*sogo-*). **N.** [possessive classifier for long, slender objects such as sticks, canes and spears] *sogoi piisega,* my spear. *Ye sa bang weiu piisega we sogomw? Has your spear come up?*

**sogoli** (*sogo-lii*). **VT.** have it as one’s spear, own it as one’s stick.

**sogoram** (*sogorama*). **N.** upper ridgepole, thatch rafter ridgepole.

**sogosog1** (*sogo-sogo*). **VI.** walk with a cane. *Ye s.* He uses a cane to walk.

**sogosog2** (*sogosogo*). **N.** substitute, replacement. *Si be gasi pistoor yeel be s.* Let’s carry this gun as a substitute.

**song** (*songo*). **N.** a kind of swamp tree (*bruguiera gymnorrhiza*).

**songoong** (*songoonga*). **N.** a kind of fish.

**Songoshal** (*songoshalo*). **N.** Sonsorol in Palau District.

**Songoshigishig** (*songoshigishigi*). **N.** name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.

**soochu** (*soochuu*). **JAP.** **N.** a kind of strong liquor.

**Soogiligil** (*soogiligili*). **N.** name of a place on Falalus.

**sooiu** (*sooiu*). **JAP.** **N.** soy sauce.

**sooko** (*sookoo*). **JAP.** **N.** warehouse, storehouse.

**Soomar** (*soomara*). **N.** name of a place on Wottagai.

**Soomat** (*soomata*). **N.** name of a place on Falalus and Wottagai.

**soomw** (*soomwu*). **N.** a kind of seaweed, a kind of reed.

**soongasi** (*soongasii*). **JAP.** *isongasii.* **VI.** to be busy. *Ye sa s. gemas.* He is very busy.
soop (soopi). ENG. N. soap.

soori (soorii). JAP. N. zori, sandal, slipper.

sooruk (sooruku). JAP. jooriku ‘to land’. VI. to make trips repeatedly, carry things back and forth. Re s. weiu. They made a trip once again.

sooso (soo-soo). 1. VN. to tie, bind, connect. 2. N. stringer-float lashing of a canoe, stick connecting outrigger float and boom. CF. sooti.

sooti (sootii). VT. tie it, bind it, connect it (an object). CF. sooso.

sor (sora). N. [Does not appear without a modifier.] morning. ni sor, in the morning. losor we, this morning. lisoroneiu, tomorrow morning. CF. soral, sorasor.

soral (soralo). N. morning. soraloiy, this morning. soral we, that morning.

sorasor (sora-sora). VI. to become daylight, dawn. Ye sa s. lag. It is becoming daylight.

Soroal (soroala). N. Sorol.

soromi (soromii). VT. drink it, sip it, suck it. CF. sossor1.

soroow (soroo-a). VT. turn the two ends around, turn it. CF. sossor2.

sorou (sorou). 1. N. respect, humility toward a chief. 2. VI. to excuse. Ye s. nge ye sa siu tag. He excused himself before he stood up. Sorou! Excuse me!

sossor1 (sossoro). VN. to suck, drink, sip. Ye s. shal. He is sucking water. CF. soromi.

sossor2 (sossoro). VN. to turn around. CF. soroow.

sou (sou). VI. to depart, leave, set out, start out. Ye sa s. wa we. The ship has departed.

Soug (souga). N. Pulusuk Island.

sow1 (sowa). N. a kind of fish.
sow2 (sowa). N. edge, outside, backside, yonder.

sowaliboot (sowali-booti). N. nose ridge, nose top.

sowasow (sowa-sowa). vi. to be coarse, rough, crude. Ye s. igaal. This place is a tough joint (bar, etc.).

sowenal (sowali-lalo). N. a kind of fish.

spiritus (spiritusu). LATIN. N. spirit, holy spirit.

spitaal (spitaali). ENG. N. hospital, dispensary.

ssa (ssaa). vi. to be slipped, glide, move out of place by sliding. Ye ss. lag tapiy we. The bowl slipped off.

ssab1 (ssabu). N. fishing kit.

ssab2 (ssabu). N. a kind of fish.

ssang (ssanga). vi. to curl backward, be curved backward. Ye ss. tagiuriul. His back is curved backward.

ssaw (ssawe). vi., vn. to walk on the beach or along the beach, go alongside of. Ye ss. tag. He walks up along the beach. Cf. saweey.

sseb (ssebu). vi. to trickle, pour, drizzle.

sseeet (sseeet). vi. to slip around, move without attracting notice, slide. Ye ss. tiw. He slipped down.

ssef (ssefi) vi. to be pulled quickly, be surprised. Ye ss. lag yoa we. The line was pulled away.

sseg (ssegiu). vi. to be full, tight, jammed, overflowing. Ye sa ss. leo we. The bottle is full.

ssenga- (ssanga-). [=senga- (q.v.)] shape, manner, way, method.

sseeob (ssebu). [alternate spelling of sseb (q.v.)]

sseeog (ssegiu). [alternate spelling of sseg (q.v.)]

sseeor (sseriu). [alternate spelling of sser (q.v.)]
sser₁ (sseriu). N. tip of a canoe paddle.

sser₂ (sseriu). vi. to scold, yell, shout, make a loud sound. Ye ss. mwal we. The man scolded. Ye ss. fatiul we. The paddle makes a loud sound.

sseriuliubong (sseriuli-bongi). N. night-time uproar, night-time fighting, night-time emergency.

ssib (ssiba). vi. to step, tramp, tread. Ye ss. long nifeiumwag. He stepped into the pebble-yard.

ssig (ssigi). vi. to jump, whirl, chip up, pop up, skip. Ye ss. lag taama we. The marble skips away.

ssit (ssita). vi. to be strong, forceful, great, big, hard. Ye ss. gemas metagil pesheei. My leg is very painful.

ssiuuyelai (ssiuuyelai). [=siuyelai] vi. to have occurred a long time ago, take long, be of a long period of time, last. Ye ss. gemas. It takes a long time.

ssiyaa- (ssiyaa-). N. wall, boundary, shelter. ssiyaal imw la, the wall of the house. ssiyaal faliweiy, the boundary of this island.

ssoaal (ssoaalo). N. a kind of tree.

ssob (ssobu). vi. to drop, drip, trickle, pour, drizzle. Ye ss. tiw shani-umetai. The tears from my eyes fall down.

ssoonq (ssoonqa). 1. N. anger, indignation, rage, fury, wrath. 2. vi. to be angry, mad. Ye ss. gemas. He is really mad.

ssug (ssugu). vi. to suffocate, smother, choke. I sa ss. I am suffocating.


steraiq (steraiqi). ENG. N. strike (in baseball, one strike).


stoowa (stoowaa). ENG. N. store, shop.

su (suu). vi. to be spilled, scattered. Ye sa s. lag shal we. the water has been spilled off.
**sub** (subu). VI. to be born. Ye sa s. semal saar. A new child has been born.

**subuuyasi** (subuuyasii). N. onion.

**sukaato** (sukaatoo). ENG. N. skirt.

**sukar** (sukara). ENG. N. sugar.

**sukiyaaki** (sukiyaaakii). JAP. N. sukiyaki, a kind of Japanese food (dish).

**sukuul** (sukuula). [=skuul (q.v.)]

**suluuw** (suluu-a). VT. cut it (as in a haircut), snip it. CF. siussiul.

**sumi** (sumii). JAP. 1. N. crayon, a black ink drawing. 2. VI. to paint, draw. Re s. They are painting.

**sumw** (sumwu). N. coconut husk buried in the salt water. Ye sa bech s. we yaai. My buried coconut husks have been well decomposed.

**sung** (sunga). 1. N. a tiny kind of bug. s. cha, red bug. 2. VI. to have lots of bugs. Ye s. igely. This place has a lot of bugs.

**sunga** (sungaa). JAP. 1. N. crayon, drawing, picture. 2. VN. to draw (a picture), paint. Re s. mal. They are drawing animals.

**sup** (supa). N. poison, fish poison.

**supuun** (supuuno). ENG. N. spoon.

**sur** (suro). VI. to look, watch, glance. Ye s. long lan seuw imw kawe imwal. He glances into one of his houses.

**suugeg** (suugagi). VI. [passive] to be opened, disclosed. Ye sa s. tag bar we. The box has been opened up. CF. suugi.

**suugi** (suugii). VT. open it, disclose it. CF. suugeg.

**suusu** (suu-suu). VN. to open, disclose. Ye s. bar. He is opening boxes.

**suuwel** (suuweli). VI. to change, exchange, alternate. Re s. They alternate.

**suwa** (suwa). N. two main sticks supporting the small platform on the opposite side of the outrigger float.
ta (taa). N. intestine. taalap, large intestine.

ta- (ta-). [verbal prefix, making the verb negative] tammwel, to be incorrect, wrong. tamweshal, to disapprove.

taabi (taabii). JAP. N. a kind of rubber shoes.

taai (taai). ASP. [negative] no longer, not any longer, no more. Ye t. mwongo pagow. He no longer eats sharks.

taaiumeyaang (taaiumeyaangi). N. a special star course line along which a type of small porpoise is found (a navigational guidance).

taalap (taa-lapa). N. large intestine.

taaliyemaam (taaliyemaama). N. sweetheart, person who is pining with love.

taama (taamaa). JAP. N. marble, electric bulb. sefaiu t., a marble, an electric bulb.

taamit (taamiti). 1. N. liar, cheater. 2. vi. to tell a lie (jokingly).


taamwisii (taamwisi). JAP. 1. N. skin fungus. 2. vi. to be affected by skin fungus. Ye sata sar we. The child has been affected by skin fungus.

taaring (taaringa). vi. [Often refers to the condition of the vagina. This word is often used as a derogatory teasing remark among boys about girlfriends.] to be ripped, torn. Ye sata lag teor we. The lavalava has been torn. SYN. tach.

taaringa (taaringaa). vt. rip it, tear it.

taashig (taa-shigi). N. small intestine.

taat (taata). N. a kind of fish.

Taataar (taataara). N. name of a place on Wottagai.
tab₁ (tabo). N. division, district on an island, part, end. Go be beliuw tag me t. la. You will start it from that end. cf. -tab.

tab₂ (tabo). N. a kind of lavalava decoration or design.

tab₃ (tabu). 1. N. taboo, ban, ritual restriction protected by supernatural sanction (marked by a taboo sign). 2. vi. to be prohibited by taboo, restricted by taboo.

-tab (-tabo). N. [numeral classifier for halves of objects] setab waaliish, one half of a pencil. riujetab mai, two halves of breadfruit. setab faliuw, one half of the island. cf. tab₁.


tabochiulap (taboli-shiu-lapa). N. tip of the backbone. tabochiulepai, tip of my backbone.

tabogap (tabogapi). N. western end.

Tabogap₁ (tabo-gapi). N. name of a place on Falalus, Sulywap and Tagailap.

Tabogap₂ (tabo-gapi). N. one of the three administrative districts on Wottagai.

tabokutag (taboku-tage). N. the eastern end of Falalus.

Tabokutiw₁ (taboku-tiwe). N. the western end of Falalus.

Tabokutiw₂ (taboku-tiwe). N. one of the three districts on Sulywap.

tabokuweiu (taboku-waiu). N. western end of an island.

Tabokuweiu (taboku-waiu). N. name of a place on Falalus and Sulywap.

tabolobol₁ (tabolobolo). N. a kind of fish.

tabolobol₂ (tabolobolo). N. psychedelic or fancy design such as the calf or forearm tattoos of Fais women.

tabowat (tabowata). N. eastern end of an island.
Tabowat *(tabowata)*. N. name of a place on Sulywap and Wottagai.

tach *(tacha)*. vi. [Not polite to use in mixed company] to be ripped, torn. *Ye t. lag mengaag we*. The cloth has been ripped off. SYN. *taaring*.

tafelang *(tafa-langi)*. vi. to lie flat with face up, face upward (as a sign of defeat). *Ye t. shoabut we*. The woman lies flat with her face up. *Ye t. mwal we faal sar we*. The man was defeated by the child.

tafetaf *(tafatafa)*. vn. to cut, slice, write. *Ye t. siilo shoabut we*. The woman is cutting pork. *Ye t. yaal baabiyor*. He is writing his letter.

tafey *(tafeya)*. 1. n. medicine. *Yoor t. lan sipitaal*. There is medicine in the hospital. 2. vi. to be treated. *Ye sa t. pesheei*. My leg has been treated.

tafeyaa *(tafeyaa)*. vt. give medicine to him, treat him. *Togota we ye t. sar we*. The doctor treated the child. *Ye t. Mary*. He gave medicine to Mary.

tafiil *(tafiil)*. vt. open it with fingers (referring to vagina), pull it apart. *T. lag! Open it (the vagina) up.!*

tafish *(tafishi)*. 1. n. trap, snare. *Ye log seuw t. shiul gashi la yaai*. There is a trap on my tuba tree. 2. vn. to trap, snare.

tafishifish *(tafishifishi)*. vi. to sparkle. *Ye t. lag yaf we reel imw we ye bbul*. The burning house gives away sparkling fire.

tafishiiy *(tafishii-a)*. vt. trap it, set a trap for it, snare it. *T. gesh we!* Set a trap for the rat!

tafitef *(tafitafi)*. vn. to open (vagina), pull apart. *Mwal we ye tau t. tingiy*. The man habitually opens (vagina).

tafitef2 *(tafitafi)*. n. fishing kit. *Ifa t. we yaai? Where is my fishing kit?*

tafiusiuflus *(tafiusiuflusu)*. vi. to be spotted, have a small mark. *Ye t. pesheel*. His legs contain many marks. *Ye t. siilo we*. The pig is spotted.

tag1 *(tage)*. vi. to float in shallow water; sail in shallow water. *Ye t. wa we*. The canoe is able to sail in the shallow water.
tag2 (tage). DIR. upward, eastward, up. Ye sa rig t. sar we. The child ran eastward.

tag3 (tagiu). N. needle fish.

-tage (-tage). [directional suffix] upward, up, eastward. gabiitageyei, make me go up. CF. tag2.

tageey (tagee-a). VT. ride it, sail in it. Re t. wa we. They sailed on the canoe.

tageloa (tage-loa). VI. to surf. Re t. Waikiki. They are surfing in Waikiki.

tageshaliyal (tagashali-yalo). N. sunrise. SYN. tegaliyal.

tagiuliwosh (tagiuli-wosho). N. a kind of needle fish.

tagiunal (tagiuli-lalo). N. trumpet fish.

tagiur1 (tagiuriu). VI. to face, turn. Ye t. tangiyei. She faced away from me.

tagiur2 (tagiuriu). N. back (anatomical).

tagiuraar (tagiuraara). N. sword fish.


tagiuter (tagiuteriu). N. a kind of needle fish. seuw t., semal t., a needle fish.

tagiyat (tagiyata). VI., ADJ. (to be) high, tall, great, lofty. Ye t. wa we. The canoe is high.

tagiyetaat (tagiyataata). N. high place, raised place. Ye matt woal seuw t. He is sitting on a raised place.

tagomeliw (tagomeliwa). N. a kind of breadfruit with smooth surface and white flesh. Ye iyeri sefash t. He picked breadfruits from a tagomeliw tree
tagomwaaliyel *(tagomwaaliyali)*. vi. to be dizzy, go around in a circle. Ye *sa t. sar we*. The child is dizzy as a result of going around in a circle.

taguluugul *(taguluulu)*. vi. to spin (many times), rotate, turn. Ye *t. misiil we*. The machine is turning.

tagun *(tagunu)*. vi. to turn, return, shift (of wind). Ye *t. tangi*. He turned away from her.

tagutog *(tagu-tagu)*. vn. to chase, block. *Re t. ig*. They are chasing fish. cf. *taguuw*.

taguuw *(taguu-a)*. vt. chase it, block it. *Re t. ig we*. They chased the fish. cf. *tagutog*.

taguw *(taguwa)*. n. yellow-fin tuna-fish.

tai *(tai)*. asp. [negative] not. Ye *tai gaang*. It is not me. Ye *tai lag*. He did not go.

taig *(taigo)*. [rang in Faraulep dialect] 1. n. turmeric. Ye *lag tingar t. me reel melewe sin*. She went to ask for turmeric from her mother. 2. vi. to apply turmeric on one’s body. *Re t. sar kawe*. Those children are putting turmeric on their bodies.

taiif *(taiifa)*. n. platform of a house, stones around the house used to keep the gravel from spreading out. Ye *matt wetaiif*. He is sitting on the platform.

taiit *(taiita)*. n. mountain, hill. Ye *toulap t. woal Hawaii*. There are many mountains in Hawaii.

taikeil *(tai-kaila)*. vi., adj. (to be) weak, unhealthy. *mal t.*, weak person. cf. *kail*.

taiko *(taikoo)*. jap. n. drum. *Re sa gakiungiu t. we*. They have sounded the drum.

taikusang *(taikusanga)*. jap. n. carpenter.

taimi *(taimii)*. vt. sharpen it, make it sharper. *Ye t. saar we*. He sharpened the knife. cf. *taitei*.

taing *(taingga)*. vi. to menstruate, be in one’s menstrual period. Ye *sa t. shoabut we*. The woman is in her menstrual period.
taisob (taisobu). JAP. [sentential] Don’t worry! No trouble!

taitei (tai-tai). VN., VI. to sharpen, make sharper. Ye t. saar. He is sharpening a knife. Ye sa t. saar we. The knife is being sharpened. CF. taimi.

taiul (taiula). VI. to be speedy, leave a crowd unattended. Yet. gemas fetan. Its speed is extraordinary. Ye sa t. semal lag shoabut we. The woman has walked away by herself.

taius (taiusiu). N. a kind of fish (diodon hystrix, etc.). Ye weey ununul t. It is shaped like a diodon hystrix.

taiuteiu (taiu-taiu). VN. to pull, draw, tug, pluck. Re t. tal. They are pulling ropes. CF. taiuw.

taiuw (taiu-a). VT. pull it, draw it, pluck it, tug it, pull it out, take it to pieces, destroy it. Ye t. tal we. He pulled the rope. CF. taiuteiu.

taiuwaboot (taiuwabooti). N. a kind of dance. Iiy mele taubaaial t. She is in charge of the taiuwaboot dance.

taiuwat (taiuwata). N. daylight, day, sun. Ye sa t. It is daylight.

taiya (taiyaa). ENG. N. tire. Mwal we ye pira t. we. The man stole the tire.

taiyaash (taiyaashiu). JAP. N. big boat, ship. Ye terag long t. we lan tewal Weleya. The big boat sailed into the channel of Woleai.

taiyaaw (taiyaawa). N. a kind of fish (plectropomus). seuw t., one plectropomus.


tak1 (taka). 1. N. load, capacity. 2. VI. to carry a load. Ye t. wa we. The canoe carries a load which is its right capacity.

tak2 (tako). JAP. N. detour.

takelesh (takeleshiu). N. tin, copper, tin-pot. Ye gamett gan mai lan seuw t. She cooks her food in a tin-pot.

takiing (takiinga). JAP. N. stainless steel. Pisega la sogo ilo seuw t. My spear is a stainless steel.
takooma (takoomaa). JAP. take-uma. N. bamboo horse. Ye faarag woal t. He is walking on a bamboo horse.

tal1 (tali). 1. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope. 2. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

tal2 (tali). N. boy friend, girl friend. Yoor yaai t. I have a boy (or girl) friend.

G 1. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 2. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 3. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 4. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 5. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 6. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 7. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 8. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 9. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 10. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 11. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 12. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 13. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 14. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 15. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 16. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 17. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 18. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 19. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 20. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 21. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 22. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 23. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 24. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 25. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.

G 26. vi. to be tangled up with ropes. Ye sa t. lag imw we. The house has been tangled up with ropes.

G 27. N. rope, line. Yoor yaai t. I have a rope.
talingelap\textsubscript{1} (*talinga-lapa*). vi. hardly to hear. *Ye t. mwal we.* The man can hardly hear.

talingelap\textsubscript{2} (*talinga-lapa*). N. a kind of swamp taro. *Ye gebaali sefash t.* She dug up a *talingelap.*

talingelipach (*talingali-pacha*). N. mushroom. *Ye toulap t. igaal.* There are a lot of mushrooms here.

talingeliyol (*talingaliyolo*). N. first few leaves close to the coconut frond. *Ye tefing lag t. kawe.* He pulled off the first few leaves from the coconut frond.

talingeyaaya (*talinga-yaayaa*). vi. to be disobedient. *Ye t. sar we.* The child is disobedient.

talishilish (*talishi-lishi*). vi. to roll away, be freed. *Ye t. lag.* It rolled away. cf. *ttalish.*

*Talitegaw* (*talitegawa*). N. name of a place on Falalus.

taliweshig (*taliweshigi*). vn. to roll up, put into a roll. *Shoabut we ye t. yangetal.* The woman is rolling up her lavalava fibers.

talomi (*talomii*). vt. catch it in a container, take it, get it. *Ye t. shal we.* he caught the water. cf. *tetali\textsubscript{1}.*

taluut (*taluutu*). vi. to get wet (usually when the hair is completely wet). *Ye sa t. mwaamwaaiu lag mwal we.* The man got completely wet.

tam\textsubscript{1} (*tama*). N. outrigger float. *temal wa we,* outrigger of the canoe.

tam\textsubscript{2} (*tama*). N. father side, patrilineality. *Piteg kaal ila pitegiir t.* These things are for the patrilineal side.

tame- (*tama-*). N. father. *tamemam,* our (excl.) father.

tamelap (*tama-lapa*). N. the eldest male of either the family of origin or the family of procreation, senior father. *Iiy mele tamelepash.* He is our senior father. Ant. *silelap.*

tametam (*tama-tama*). vn. to be a father (to). cf. *tema\textsubscript{-1}, temali.*
tammwel (ta-mmwele). vi. to be impossible, incorrect, wrong, unable, inadequate. getammwele, foul it up. Ye t. yaai mwongo. I was unable to eat. ANT. mmwel.

tamwel (tamwelieu). 1. N. chief. mwal t., male chief. Iiy semal t. He is a chief. 2. vi. to have power as chief. getamwelieu, make him a chief. Ye t. mwal we me mmwal shoabut we. The man has more power as chief than the woman.

tamwelieuw (tamwelieu-a). vt. control over it (an area), etc. as the chief, administer it. Ye t. faliuw we. He administers the island.

tamweniuyepisash (tamweliumi-yapisasha). N. chief for foreigners, local mediator who is in charge of coordination between the local political organization and the administration of the trust government. Iiy mele t. He is the chief for foreigners.

tamweog (tamweogi). N. [Appears with a demonstrative.] person. Ye faiyemwai t. we. The person was lucky.

tamweol (tamwelieu). [alternate spelling of tamwel (q.v.)]

tamweshal (tamweshali). vi. to disapprove of, not allow, do not want, disagree to. Ye mwongo. He does not want to eat. ANT. mweshal.

tamwumw (tamwumwu). 1. vi. to be rough, wild (of an ocean or a person). getamwumwuw, make it rough. Ye t. tat. The sea is rough. 2. N. trouble, difficulty. I sa buulong lan seuw t. I am now in big trouble.

tamwur (tamwuru). N. residue of salt on skin left after evaporation.

tamwuut (tamwuuto). N. peninsula, small body of land sticking out into water. Ye siu woal t. we. He was standing on the peninsula.

tang (tangi). vi. to weep, cry, sob. Ye t. sar we. The baby cries. I be gasi yaal t. melewe bisi. I will take the place of my brother by crying for him.

tangi (tangii). PREP. [verbal] from it, away from it, than it. Ye ferag t. imw we. he walks away from the house. Waafaliuw we waash ye sa shiuw t. Yap lalow. Your ship left (from) Yap yesterday.

tangiteng (tangi-tangi). vi. to cry a lot, weep frequently. Ye t. sar we. the child cries a lot.

tangku (tangkuu). ENG. N. amphibious craft. Siuliutaaw kawe re tabee long t. welifaliuw. The soldiers came ashore via the amphibious craft.

tanifalefal (talili-falafala). N. edging line, measuring line in canoe construction. Re sa gabiitageey yaar t. They have put up the edging line.

tanifaliuw (talili-faliuwa). N. public (community) rope. sefash t., one public (community) rope.

tanigash (talili-gasha). N. tackling rope of a canoe. sefash t., one tackling rope.

Tanigesh (tanigashi). N. name of a school of canoe building. Ye mmera waar senepal T. The canoes made by expert canoe builders of the Tanigesh school are fast.

taniich (taniichi). N. sweetheart. yaamw t., your sweetheart. Iiy mele yaai t. She is my sweetheart.

tanitam (talili-tama). N. canoe rope, rope which runs from the upper side of the sail down to the outrigger float, rope which runs from the mast to the outrigger float. Ye mmweiu yaar t. Their canoe rope broke.

taniwaaliyool

(talili-waali-yoolo). N. a kind of sea creature which looks like a rope. Ye siuri seew t. He stepped on a t.

tanomw (tanomwu). JAP. N. memory. Yoor yaash t. We have memories.

tap1 (tapa). N. cheek, face. Ye pigiri tepai. He slapped my face.

tap2 (tapa). VN. to cut (usually leaves). Re t. sheol wish. They are cutting banana leaves. CF. tepagi.

tap3 (tapa). vi. to be ready, prepared. gatepa, let him get ready. Go sa t.? Are you ready? Re t. reel toalomach we. They were ready for the dynamite.
-tap (-tapi). [archaic. -tep after a high vowel. -mat is commonly used.]
N. [numeral classifier for kinds of things]

tapeg (tapegiu). VI., ADJ. to sprout, be overgrown, sprouting. sho t., sprouting copra. Ye sa t. sho kawe. That copra has sprouted.

tapegau (tapegau). N. coconut mat (inside use). Ye matt lan t. He sat on the coconut mat.

tapegauuw (tapegauu-a). VT. put a coconut mat in it (a house, etc.). Re sa t. lag imw we. They have put a coconut mat in the house.

tapetap1 (tapatapa). N. knife (big kind, commonly used by men). sepeo t., one knife.

tapetap2 (tapatapa). VN. to use. Ye t. wa we. He used the canoe.

tapilipil (tapilipili). VI. to spiral, be binding, be winding. getapilipili, be winding it. Ye t. melewe gepan. His thu (loincloth) is binding.

tapimeelal (tapimeelalo). N. corresponding part of mwaaratiw ‘two inches below the navel’.

tapiss (tapissi). VI. to slip, fall off, come off. getapissi, let it slip. Ye t. tiw sar we me woal tagiuril shoabut we. The child slipped from the woman’s back.

tapiung (tapiungiu). VI. to move, change places. getapiungiu, cause it to move. Ye t. wong we. The turtle moves.

tapiungiupiung (tapiungiupiungiu). VI. to move with a lot of noise, knock, tap. Ye t. fetal shoabut we. The woman moves around with a lot of noise.

tapiy (tapiya). N. bowl, dish. seuw t., one bowl. t. besh, white bowl.

Tapiy (tapiya). N. Delphinus star. Ye sa tub T. The Tapiy star has disappeared.

app1 (tappa). N. clan, clan member, tribe. Iir shoal seuw t. They are members of the same clan.

**tar₁** (tara). vi. to stop, be broken, ripped, torn, dismissed, destroyed. *gatera,* break it. *Ye sa t. tteoiy we.* The meeting has been dismissed. *Ye sa t. kaagool we yaai.* My box is broken.

**tar₂** (tara). N. belt. *Yoor terai.* I have a belt.


**tar₄** (tari). vi. to walk, walk along the shore. *Ye t. tag.* He walked eastward.

**tar₅** (tari). N. young taro, young taro plants surrounding the parent taro plant, young plant, young one. *Ye gachiuw taril bulag.* He likes young taro plants.

**tar₆** (taro). vi. to be disorganized, tangled up, not properly set, messed up, scattered. *getaro,* disorganize it. *Ye t. yangetal.* Her lava lava strings (fibers) are all tangled up. *Ye sa t. lag shimwei.* My hair is messed up.

**-tar (-tara).** N. [numeral classifier for generations, age groups, size groups, layers, etc.] *setar tar,* one generation. *setar shoabut,* one age group of women. *I sa teragi tag setar me iyang.* I lifted up one layer from it. Cf. **tar₃**.

**taregag** (taragagi). vi. [passive] to be pulled up, peeled back, raised up. *Ye sa t. tag piletal kaagool.* The top of the box has been pulled up. Cf. **teragi**.

**Taremat** (taramata). N. name of an island in Woleai.

**tareriuwaal** (tara-riuwa-ali). 1. N. a type of weaving in which two lines go on top of other two lines. 2. vi. to be woven by means of *tareriuwaal.* *Ye t. giliy we.* The coconut mat is woven by *tareriuwaal.*

**tareseyal** (tara-se-yali). 1. N. a type of weaving in which one line goes on top of another alternately. 2. vi. to be woven by *tareseyal.* *Ye t. giliy we.* The coconut mat is woven by *tareseyal.*

**taribaag** (taribaago). vi. to work. *Ye t. lag shag mwal we.* The man kept on working.
tarigaag (tarigaago). VI. to stumble, walk in an unsteady manner. Ye t. fetal mwaliyas. The man is stumbling around.

tarimwaalekit (tari-mwaale-kiti). N. earlier part of tarimwal, young man. Re shiuwel t. They are still young men.

tarimwaaleyaiunap (tari-mwaale-yaiuli-lapa). N. older part of tarimwal, teenager, youth. Re sa t. They are old enough.

tarimwal (tari-mwale). N. boy, young man, youth, male between puberty and twenties. Ye toulap t. woal Yap. There are many young men in Yap. Ye t. John me mwali George. John is younger than George.

tary (tariya). VI. to have a sacred ceremony. Re be t. laiul. They will have a sacred ceremony tomorrow.

tariyeg (tariyegi). N. sacred ceremony where people get together and get baptized by a magician (At the time of baptism, each person is given a black and white string with a special plant attached to it.).


tarof (tarofa). VI. to look around unconvincingly, crazily. Ye tarofalmwaliyas. She looks around like a crazy person.

tarofi (tarofii). VT. lift it up, elevate it, put it up. Ye t. tagtaulomwwe. He lifted up the mosquito net.

tarog (tarogo). 1. VN., VI., ADJ. to mix, mixed. bulag t., mixed taro. Ye t. bulag. She is pounding taro while mixing it with coconut meat. 2. N. taro mixed with coconut meat. I mwongot. I am eating mixed taro.

taroperop (taroperope). VI. to be destroyed, disassembled, scattered. getaroperope, destroy it. Ye t. lagwa we. The canoe was destroyed.

taruus (taruusu). N. a kind of squash. Ye mwongot. He ate squash.

tat1 (tata). N. a kind of yellow fish. Ye taiuteiut. He fished for tat.

tatigeng (*tatigengi*). vi. to have blisters, have scratches between the legs as a result of walking or wading in the water, abrade. *Ye sa t. mwal we*. The man has blisters between his legs. **SYN. ngar.**

tatiwegil (*tatiwegili*). 1. vi. to occur at random, do randomly, behave without discretion, be rough. 2. **ADV.** randomly, arbitrarily, haphazardly, hit-or-miss. *Ye tiiti t. fetal yaremat*. He pushed around anybody in his way.


tau2 (*tau*). vi. to be enough, sufficient. *Ye tai t. gelaar*. They don’t have enough food.

tau3 (*tau*). vi. to be saved, preserved, kept, have marginal saving, stored, hoarded. *Ye t. gelaar*. They have enough food.

tau- (*tau-*) (nominal prefix) person with a special knowledge or skill in a specific field, expert (in). *taufita*, fisherman. *tauyaf*, swimmer.

taube (*tau-bee*). N. soothsayer, fortune teller. *Ye t*. He is a soothsayer.

taubeng (*tau-bangi*). N. expert who is good at putting up an overturned house or at lashing a house against a storm. *Ye t*. He is an expert.

taufalewa (*tau-fala-waa*). N. canoe-builder. *Iiy semal t*. He is a canoe builder.

taufita (*tau-fitaa*). N. fisherman, person skillful in fishing. *John ila semal t*. John is a fisherman.

taufiteg (*tau-fitegi*). N. fighter, person who fights constantly. *semal t*, a fighter.

taukepat (*tau-kapata*). N. orator, good speaker, great talker. *Iiy semal t*. He is a great talker.

TAULOMW (*taulomwu*). N. sheet, mosquito net. *Ye wol faal t*. He is lying under the sheet.

**TAUSHEO (tau-sheo)**. N. masseur. *Gaang semal t*. I am a masseur.

**TAUTAFEY (tau-tafeya)**. N. druggist, medicine expert, medical specialist. *Iiy semal t*. He is a medical specialist.
tauul (tauula). 1. vi. to shout, to yell. Ye t. mwal we. The man shouts.
   2. N. a shout, yell. I rongorong seuw t. I heard a shout.

   John is a canoe-owner.

taw (tawa). N. channel, harbor. Ye yar long wa we me lan t. we. The
   canoe came in from the channel.

tawe (tawee). vi. to be able to get through, be possible. Ye t. yaar piy.
   They are able to go on their date.

Tawelap (tawa-lapa). N. name of the channel between Falalus and
   Piyal.

tawer (ta-beri). vt. not to see him. CF. weri.

Taweyong (tawa-yong). N. name of a place on Falalus.

tawi (tawi). N. conch shell, trumpet. Ye gangiu t. we. He sounded the
   conch shell.

tawilinaapialey (tawili-faali-paaleya). N. wavy periwinkle shell. Re-
   wottegai re mwommmwongo t. The Wottagai people eat periwinkle
   shells.

tei (te). [alternant of ta ‘not’, appearing between two high vowels] ASP.
   I t. giula. I don’t know.

te2 (te). ADV. [pre-verbal. Usually appears in an exclamatory sentence.]
   very, indeed. Ye t. gach mwo iyeel fairiumil! How good this thing
   is! (occasionally implying the opposite, i.e., that the thing is not
   good)

te3 (te). ASP. [Appears mostly in a subordinate clause and occasionally
   in a command sentence.] should not,

won’t, may not, ought not. Go be liir be re t. lag. You must hit them so
   that they may not go.

tebaaileole (tebaai-leole). 1. N. mud, small spring, muddy water. Re
   ur fetal lan t. They are playing around in the mud. 2. vi. to be wet,
   muddy. Ye sa t. lag lan giyegiy. The mat is completely wet.

tebaaikoo (tebaaikoo). N. pepper. Re mwongo t. They are eating
   pepper.
tebaasikooli (tebaasikoolii). VT. put pepper on it. Ye t. melewe gan. He put pepper on his food. CF. tebaasiko.

teebol (teebola). ENG. N. table, desk. Ye masiur we t. He is sleeping on a table.

teebo (teemboo). JAP. N. dispatch, radio, telegram, cablegram. Ye gach yaar t. Their radio is good. 2. vi. to send a dispatch, cable. Re t. long me Hawaii. They sent a dispatch from Hawaii.

teempura (teempuraa). JAP. 1. N. fried food. Ye mwongo t. He is eating fried food. 2. VN. to fry. Re t. mai. They are frying breadfruit.

teenchi (teenchii). JAP. N. battery, electric cell, storage battery. Ye chuwaaiiy semweiu t. He bought some batteries.

teeng1 (teenga). ENG. N. water tank, large container for liquid. Ye lesheey seuw t. He made a hole in the tank.

teeng2 (teenga). JAP. N. mark, score, points. Ye tagiyat yaal t. He has high scores.

teeengami (teengamii). JAP. 1. N. letter, note, message. Ye fatofat yaal t. He is writing his letter. 2. vi. to write a letter. Ye t. tog reei. He writes letters to me.

teengki (teengkii). JAP. N. flashlight, electricity. Yoor yaai t. I have a flashlight.

teengkiiiy (teengkii-a). VT. flash the flashlight on it. Go be t. ig la. Flash the light on the fish. CF. teengki.

teengko (teengkoo). JAP. VI. to have a roll-call, call the roll, muster out. Re t. sar skuul kawe. Those students are having a roll-call.

teento (teentoo). ENG. N. tent, portable shelter made out of canvas. Re masiur lan t. we. They are sleeping in the tent. SYN. taamponing.

teepe1 (teepi). ENG. N. tape-recorder. Yoor laiol t. He has a tape-recorder.

teepe2 (teepi). ENG. N. adhesive, tape, plaster.

teepea (teepaa). VT. tape it, apply adhesive plaster to it. Ye t. melewe giletal. He taped his wound. CF. teep2.
teepaaau (teepaaau). N. upper-end of a house. Ye sa bes teepaaul imw we. The upper-end of the house is old.

teepiiy (teepii-a). VT. record it (with a tape-recorder). Ye t. mwaliyal. He recorded his conversation. Cf. teep1.

teete (tee-tee). VN. to sew, do needlework for, join or fasten with needle and thread. Ye t. mengaag. She is sewing clothes. Cf. teey.

teeuus (teeeusu). LATIN. N. God (in Roman Catholic). Si gal maipil ngali t. We pray to God.

teeey (tee-a). VT. sew it, do needlework for it. Ye t. mengaag we. She sewed the clothes. Cf. teete.

tefa (tafaa). VT. cut it, slice it, write it. Tony ye t. ig we. Tony cut the fish. Tony ye t. baabiyor we. tony wrote the letter. Syn. tefali. Cf. tafetaf.

tefaal (tafaali). VI. to return, go back, come back. Ye t. ngali skuul. He went back to school. Ye t. tag. He went up again.


tefingi (tefingii). VT. pull it loose, pull it off, draw it down, tug it. Ye t. paaniu we. He pulled the coconut leaves. Cf. tefingeg, tefitef.

tefitef (tefitefi). VN. to pull loose, pull off, draw down, tug. Re t. paaniu. They are pulling down coconut leaves. Cf. tefingeg, tefingi.

tegaag (tegaagiu). VI. to laugh loudly, chuckle, haw-haw, roar with laughter. Ye t. lag shag bong. He kept on laughing last night.

tegag1 (tegagiu). N. shell (of skull, coconut, etc.), cup. sepeo t., a cup. seuw t., a cup. Ye iul shal lan t. He drinks water in a cup.

tegag2 (tegagiu). N. turtle-shell belt, four-line belt (used by women only), Eauripik belt. sepa t., a turtle shell belt.

tegagiuchimw (tegagiuli-shimwe). N. skull (lit. cup or shell of head). Ye tewa lag tegagiuchimwel. His skull is cracked.
Tegaiulap (tegaiu-lapa). N. name of an island in Woleai (Tagailap).

tegalibbu (tagali-bbu). N. rising of Crux star. Si be masiur me wel mwel t. We (incl.) will sleep before the rising of the Crux star.

tegalimetariuw (tagali-matariuwa). N. rising of Scorpio star. Hawaii ye wol faal t. Hawaii is located right under the rising of the Scorpio star.

tegaliyal (tagali-yalo). N. sunrise. faliuwel t., islands of rising sun. SYN. tageshaliyal.

tegari (tagarii). VT. take it (a path), walk on it, make one’s way on it. Ye t. tag yenap we. She walked up in the road.

tegariuwa (tegariuwaa). VI., ADJ. to run down, drip, with liquid. yat t., coconut stock with liquid. Ye sa t. meshel yat we yaai. My young tuba tree is dripping.

tegash (tegasha). VI. to rise (sun, moon, etc.), ascend, land, be placed. Ye sa t. yal. The sun has risen.

tegashe (tegashee). ULITHIAN. VT. let it go, free it, loosen it, throw it. Ye t. lag yoa we. He let the line go.

Tegaulap (tegau-lap). N. name of a male divination spirit.

-teit (teiti). ASP. [negative] not yet, not as yet. Ye t. mwongo. He is not eating yet.

-tel (-tali). [alternant of -tal (q.v.)]

tela1 (telaa). VI. to be mixed well, mingled, blended. Ye sa t. shal yeel. This water is well mixed. CF. telaali.

tela2 (telaa). N. adze, cutting tool with a thin arched blade set at right angles to the handle. Ye gach yaal t. He has a good adze.

telaaiya (talaaiyaa). 1. N. throwing net. Ye teete t. He is making a throwing net. 2. VI. to fish with a throwing net. Ye lag t. He went fishing with a throwing net.

telaali (telalii). VT. mix it, mingle it, blend it. Ye sa t. mwongo kawe. She has mixed the foods. CF. tela.
telan *(talana).* N. a kind of swamp plant *(hedychium coronarium).* Said to have been introduced from Yap.

telati1 *(talatii).* VT. untangle it, free it, solve it. *Mwal we mele ye t. yoa we.* The man was the one who untangled his line. CF. *taletag*, *tettal*.

telati2 *(talatii).* VT. discuss it.

**tema-1** *(tama-).* N. father. *temai*, my father. *tamemam, tammam*, our (excl.) father.

**tema-2** *(tama-).* ULITHIAN. N. [possessive classifier for honored males]

temaag *(tamaago).* N. tobacco, cigarette. *sekiut t.*, some tobacco. *seyal t.*, a cigarette.

temachou *(tamachou).* N. skillful fisherman especially in catching flying fish with a scooping net. *John ila semal t.* John is a skillful fisherman, especially in catching flying fish using a scooping net.

**temali** *(tama-lii).* VT. have him as one’s father. CF. *tema-1, tametam*.

**temane-** *(tamali-laiu-).* N. child’s father. *John mele temanei.* John is the one who is my child’s father.

**temanipish** *(tamali-lipishi).* N. unmarried male, bachelor. *Ye toulap t. wool faliuweiy.* there are many unmarried men on this island. ANT. *sinilipish*.

**temasile-** *(tama-sila-).* N. maternal grandfather. *Mwal we mele temasilei.* The man was my maternal grandfather.

**temattema-** *(tamali-tama-).* N. paternal grandfather. *Mwal we mele temattemai.* The man was my paternal grandfather.

**temattemattema-** *(tamali-tamali-tama-).* N. paternal great grandfather. *Ye shiuwel melaw temattemattemai.* My great grandfather is still alive.

**temwaauiu** *(temwaauiu).* 1. N. sickness, illness, patient, sick person. *Ye toulap t. wool Yap.* There are many sick people on Yap. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) sick, ill.
tengag (tengagi). VN. to invite, send words for, call for. Re t. lag sar we be ye be buutog. They sent word for the child to come.

tengarig (tengarigi). N. huge round basket. Ye weey lepal seuw t. It is as large as a huge round basket.

teo1 (teo). VI. to climb, move, be rich. Ye t. tag. He climbed up.

teo2 (teo). N. any Outer Island.

teo3 (teo). N. relationship.

teo4 (teo). VI. to be interpreted, translated. gateow, translate it. CF. kateo.

teofaliuw (teo-faliuwa). VI. to invade, go ashore for the purpose of fighting. Re t. resepaal. The Japanese are invading.

teogi (teogii). VT. climb it, pick it. Ye t. liu we. He picked the coconut. CF. teoteo.


Teop (tepe). [alternate spelling of tep (q.v.)]

Teopeliumwan (tepeli-umwana). [alternate spelling of tepeliumwan (q.v.)]

Teopeokang (tepekangi). [alternate spelling of tepekang (q.v.)]

tenor (teoriu). 1. N. lavalava, lavalava weaving, woven skirts, loincloth. riwepeo t., two sheets of lavalavas. 2. VN. to weave (lavalavas). Ye t. shoabut we. The woman is weaving lavalavas. CF. teoriungiu.

tenor ligos (teoriu ligoso). N. lavalava with a special design. CF. ligos2.

Teoraiul (teoraiula). VN. to scale (a fish), skin (a pig). Ye t. mowel. She is scaling red snappers. SYN. teraiul.

Teoreonng (terenngiu). [alternate spelling of terenng (q.v.)]

Teoriungiu (teoriungiu). VT. weave it (lavalava). CF. teor.

Teos1 (teosiu). VI. to be true, real, sure. Ye t. reel. He is right about it.
teos₂ (teosiu). ADV. [pre-verbal] probably, supposedly.

teosh (teoshiu). VI. to be probable.

tegotag (teo-tage). VI. to climb up, be rich.

teoteo (teoteo). VN. to climb up, pick. Ye t. liu. He is picking coconuts. Cf. teogi.

teotiwi (teo-tiwe). VI. to climb down, come down. Ye t. me shiul mai. He climbed down from a breadfruit tree.

tep (tepe). N. bottom.

-tep (-tapi). [alternant of -tap (q.v.)]

tepagi (tapagii). VT. cut it (usually leaves, etc.). Re sa t. wish kawe. They have cut the bananas. Cf. tap2.

tepal (tapala). VI. to fly over, pass. getapela, let it pass. Ye t. lag me peig we sepeig. He went past the top all the way to the other side.

tepang (tapanga). N. part of a loom. Ye biun lag t. we yaal. The tepang part of her loom broke.


tepekang (tepekangi). N. pharoah’s horn shell.

tepeliumwan₁ (tepeli-umwana). N. sharp end of a corn shell.

tepeliumwan₂ (tepeli-umwana). N. woven white coconut leaves used as leis.

tepoar (tepoaro). N. a kind of yellow dolphin. Ye touuw seuw t. He caught a yellow dolphin.

teppang (teppanga). JAP. N. steel plate, iron plate, sheet iron. Re piulepiul semeel lan t. we. They are mixing cement in the steel plate.

ter (tere). N. cause, reason. Ye toar mele i giula be terel. I don’t know anything as its cause.

tera (teraa). VT. stone it, throw a stone at it. Ye t. maliug kawe. He stoned those chickens.
teraiui (teraiui). vi. to be sarcastic, do the opposite, be contrary. Ye t. sar ye lai. My child always does the opposite.

Teraaiu (teraiui). N. name of a legendary ghost that used to live on Eauripik. T. ye mil woal Iuropik. Teraaiu lived on Eauripik.

teraap (teraapa). 1. N. ladder, pole, platform, steps. Ye teotag woal t. He climbed up the ladder. 2. vi. to have a ladder or steps. Ye t. imw we. The house has steps.


terag (teragi). vi. to sail, travel by water (said of a vessel), manage a sailboat. Ye t. tag wa we. The canoe sailed toward the east.

teragi (taragii). vt. pull it (something) up, move it (something) up, lift it, take it apart. Ye t. tag melewe baluben. He pulled up its cover. Ye t. tag piletal raw we. He lifted up the cover of the pot. cf. taregag.

teraimwekang (teraimwekanga). ENG. N. oil can, oil tank, oil drum. Ye peoliungiu tiw t. we. He rolled down the drum-can.

teraul (teraiula). VN., VI., ADJ. to scale (fish), skin, (to be) scaled, skinned, peeled. Ye t. ig. She scales fish. cf. teraiula.

teraiula (teraiulaa). vt. scale it, skin it, peel it off. Ye t. ig we. He scaled the fish. cf. teraiul.

teram (tarama). 1. N. light. Ye siu lan t. He stands in the light. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) lighted, brightened. biuleiu t., lighted place. getarema, brighten it. Ye t. niimw. There is light in the house.

teramiy (teramiya). N. heaven, cloud. Paangal yaremat nge re chepar be re be lag t. Everybody believes that he will go to heaven.

terangku (terangkuu). ENG. N. suitcase, case for carrying clothes, trunk, portmanteau.

terenng (terenngiu). VI. to make noise, chatter, patter, gabble. Re t. tag mwal kawe. Those men were talking and walking up.

terenngiuw (terenngiu-a). VT. speed it up.

terutang (terutanga). JAP. N. hand-grenade, hand-bomb.
tetala1 (tatalo). N. ground, earth, soil. Ye siu wetetal. He stands on the ground.

tetala2 (tatalo). VN. to catch (in a container), get, take. Ye t. iuliumal goshou. He catches rainwater for his drink. CF. talomi.

tetefingeg (tetefingagi). VI. [progressive form of tefingeg] to be breaking. Ye sa t. lag. It is breaking away slowly.

tetewa (tetewaa). VI. [progressive form of tewa] to be cracking little by little. Ye sa t. lag siugiun we. The egg is cracking little by little.

tettag (tattage). VN. to ride. CF. tageey.

tetatala1 (tattala). VI. to be free, solved, untangled. Ye t. be ye be waiy. He is negotiating with the right people so he can go on the trip. CF. telati1.

tetatala2 (tattali). VN. to pull, draw. Ye t. yoa we yaal. He is pulling in his fish-line.

tetatala3 (tattalo). VI., ADJ. (to be) low. gatettalo, lower it down. Ye t. imw we. The house is low.

tettaling (tattalinga). VN. to listen to. Ye t. mwaliyel paatere. He listens to the priest’s preaching.

tettar1 (tattara). N. both sides of a house, veranda. Ye matt faal t. He is sitting under the veranda.

tettar2 (tattara). VN. to pull up, remove. Re sa t. u kawe laiur. They have removed their fish traps.

tettar3 (tattara). VN. to wear a belt. Ye t. sepa tagag. She is wearing a turtle shell belt. CF. tar2.

tettat (tattati). VI., ADJ. (to be) salty. mwongo t., salty food. gatettati, make it salty.

tettefat (ttefati). VI. [progressive form of ttefat] to be being deceived, be cheating. Ye tau t. He is always deceiving.

tettera1g (tetteragi). VI. to sail, (go) fishing. Re lag t. bong. They went fishing last night.
tettewas (tettewasi). vi. [progressive form of ttewas] to be being destroyed, rotten, decomposed, broken, torn down. Ye sa t. lag melewe bugotai. My home is being destroyed slowly.

tewa (tewaa). vi., adj. (to be) broken, cracked, smashed, wrecked. liu t., cracked coconut. Ye sa t. lag siugiun we. The egg is cracked.

tewaagal (tewaagali). n. artificial ditch, drain, trench, dug-out. Remwali lan t. faal fiteg we. They hid in the ditch during the war.

Tewaas (tewaasi). n. name of an island in Elato.

tewaayou (tewaayou). n. a kind of swamp taro.

tewai (tawai). asp. [negative future] will not, won’t. Ye t. mwongo. He will not eat.

tewaii (tawaii). asp. [negative prospective] will no longer, won’t any more. Ye t. masiur. He won’t sleep again.

Tewaligilifeo (tawali-gilifeo). n. name of a place on Sulywap.

tewasiily (tewasii-a). vt. break it, destroy it, tear it up. Remariiken re t. melewe bugotai faal fiteg we. Americans destroyed my home during the war. Cf. ttewas.

Tiw (ti). vi. to stick out, jet out, project. Ye t. lag paiul. His arms stick out.

Tiw (tii). adj. ENG. n. letter D and T.

-ti (-tii). [transitive formative] ngiuti, chew it. biungiuti, fall on it. fiti, stir it. fiiti, tie it. ngaweti, dislike it. liuweti, swing it.

tib (tiba). n. lever, stick used as a pry, any handle or other projection used to operate something, parts (sticks) of the loom. yaar t., their lever. Ye bun lag t. we yaal shoabut we. The sticks of her loom broke.

Tibeiy (tibai-a). vt. lift it up with a fork or chopsticks. Ye t. tag segofet mai. he lifted up a piece of breadfruit with a fork or chopsticks. Cf. tib.

tibelipiing (tibali-piinga). n. end-wall (oblique) beam of a house. Ye sa bes t. yeel. The end-wall beam of this house is old.
tibelitettar (tibali-tattara). N. eave oblique rod of a house. Ye gassebiun t. kaal. These eave oblique rods are short.

tibetib (tiba-tiba). VN. to use a fork or chopsticks to lift something. Ye t. gan mai. He is using a fork (or chopsticks) to lift up his breadfruit. CF. tibeyi.

tibeyag (tibayagi). VI. [passive] to rise up, loom before, come up (of something which was once hidden). Ye sa t. tag kapetal. His stories have come up.

tig1 (tige). VI., ADJ. to slant, incline, decline, lean (to), tilt, slanted. raw t., slanted pot. Ye t. raw la. That pot is slanted.

tig2 (tigi). N. vine with bright red berries (cassysa filiformis). Ye marr liuwen semweiu t. He is sitting on some vines.

tiger (tigeri). 1. N. emblem, visible symbol of a thing or idea, mark. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) marked, mark with an emblem. Ye sa t. mal we. The bird is marked.


tigetig (tigatiga). N. chisel, a sharp-edged tool for cutting or shaping wood and stone.

tigi (tigii). VT. sew it, do needlework for it. Ye t. mengaag we. She sewed the clothes.

tigineos (tiginesiu). [alternate spelling of tigines (q.v.)]

tigines (tiginesiu). VI. to crouch, stoop with limbs close to the body. Ye wol t. bon ye ffeoiu. He crouched because he was very cold.


tiil1 (tiili). N. a kind of small fish. Re lag yereer t. They went fishing for tiil.

tiil2 (tiili). N. louse egg (first stage of louse development). Ye toulap t. liuwen shimwei. I have many louse eggs in my hair.

tiilag (tiil-lago). VI. to stick out, stick away.
**tiilong** (*tii-longo*). **VI**. to stick into something.

**tiingi** (*tiingii*). **VT**. push it, shove it, thrust it, jostle it. *Shoabut we ye t. lag mwal we be ye gangewa*. The woman pushed away the man because she did not like him. **CF. tiiti**.

**tiiras** (*tiirasa*). **N**. scissors. *Ye geriu shimwei ngali t*. He cut my hair with scissors.

**tiiresa** (*tiirasaa*). **VT**. cut it with scissors, shorten it with scissors. *Ye t. lag semweiu meleka weniyan shimwel*. He cut off some of his hair with scissors. **CF. tiiras**.

**tiiti** (*tiiti*). **N**. partition, house wall. *Ye sa ngaw tiitil imw we imwal*. The wall of his house is out of shape.

**tiit** (*tiiti*). **VN**. to sew, do needlework for. *Re t. mengaaguer*. They are sewing their clothes.

**tiitag** (*tii-tage*). **VI**. to stick up, jet up, project up, be pierced up. *Ye t. sefash chiifel me faal bbel*. A nail stuck up from the ground. **CF. ti1**.

**tiiti** (*tiiti*). **VN**. to push, shove, thrust, jostle. *Ye t. tatiwegil fetal yaremat*. He pushed around anybody who was in his way. **CF. tiingi**.

**tiitiw** (*tii-tiwe*). **VI**. to stick downward.

**tiitog** (*tii-togo*). **VI**. to stick this way.

**tiiweiu** (*tii-waiu*). **VI**. to stick out from something.

**tika** (*tikaa*). **N**. coconut oil. *Ye gassesser tiw t. woal tagiuriu*. He spilled coconut oil on my back. **CF. tikaali**.

**tikaali** (*tikaalii*). **VT**. make coconut oil out of it, press oil from it. *Re t. sho kawe*. They made oil out of those coconuts. **CF. tika**.

**tilengag** (*tilengagi*). **VI**. [passive] to be opened, split, cracked. *Ye sa t. lag melewe shimwel sar we*. The head of the child split open. **CF. tilengi**.

**tilengi** (*tilengii*). **VT**. open it, split it, crack it, break her hymen. *Mwal we mele ye gomwal t. sar shoabut we*. The man was the one who first had sexual intercourse with the virgin girl. **CF. tilengag**.
tilifeg (tilifegi). N. a kind of chest pain (which usually doesn’t last long but sometimes causes death). Mena yaal temwaaiu ila t. His sickness is a chest pain.

Tilifeg (tilifegi). N. name of a male divination spirit.

tilifegili (tilifegilii). VT. stick it in, pierce with it, thrust it into something. Ye t. long saar we yaal. He sticks his knife into the hole.

tiligelal (tiligelala). N. a kind of fish.

tilimweol (tilimweoliu). N. a kind of tiny fish.

tilimwoch (tilimwocho). N. a kind of tiny fish.

tilipaleyaiish (tilipaleyaiisho). N. a kind of tiny fish.

tiliper (tiliperi). N. a kind of tiny fish.

Tilipoguw (tilipoguwa). N. name of a place on Falalap.

tilisongoong (tilisongoongo). N. a kind of fish.

tingar (tingaro). [Western dialect. tirang in Eastern dialect.] VN. to request, ask for, beg for. Re lag t. gelaar. They went to ask for food.

tingaroow (tingaroo-a). VT. [Normally requires a direct and an indirect object.] ask him for something, request him to give something. Ye t. sar we sefaiu taama. He asked the child for a marble.

tingorongor (tingorongoro). VI. to snore, breathe with harsh sounds caused by vibration of soft palate. gatingorongoro, cause him to snore. Ye tau t. mwal we ni bong. The man is always snoring at night.

tiniyaurupig (tilili-yaurupiga). VI. to seduce people, blackmail people, cheat. Ye tau t. He always blackmails people.

Tinnooika (tinnooikaa). JAP. N. Japanese emperor.


Tip2 (tipi). N. big steering paddle. Ye gaag ngali t. we. He is steering with the steering paddle.
-tip (-tipa). N. [numeral classifier for cut-up segments (of breadfruit, taro, etc.). Setip refers to a larger segment than that referred to by sematip.] setip mai, a segment of breadfruit. selitip ras, three pieces of whale meat. CF. ttipp.

tipebut (tipa-buto). 1. N. bad feeling, bad mood. 2. vi. to be in bad mood. Ye shiuwel t. sar we. The child is still in a bad mood. ANT. tipefish.

tipefish (tipa-fishi). 1. N. good feeling, good mood. 2. vi. to be in a good mood. Ye t. sar we. The child is in a good mood. ANT. tipebut.

tipeli (tipalii). vt. want it, desire it, like it. Gaang i t. mai. I like breadfruit. I t. be i be lag Mariiken. I like to go to America.

tipemwaremwar (tipa-mwara-mwara). vi. to be in doubt, be uncertain, hesitate. gatipemwaremwer, make him confused. Ye t. lag shag. He is still in doubt.

tipeneg (tipali-legiu). vi. to be aware of it, ready, familiar with it. Ye sa fasiul t. He is already aware of it.

tipeneog (tipali-legiu). [alternate spelling of tipeneg (q.v.)]

tipeshig (ti-peshigi). 1. N. sliced breadfruit cooked with coconut milk, chopped breadfruit. Re mwongo t. They are eating chopped breadfruit. 2. vn. to chop up, slice. Re t. mai. They are chopping breadfruit.

tipoat (ti-poato). ENG. N. teapot. Yoor shal lan t. we. There is water in the teapot.

tirang (tirango). [=tingar in Western dialect] vn. to request, ask for, beg for. Re lag t. gelaar me reer resepaal. They went to ask for food from the Japanese.

tisiis (tisiisi). ENG. N. disease, sickness. Ye tiwegil be ye toal t. reel sar mwu laumw. It is probable that your child has no disease.

titiwemmww (titiwemmwe). vi. [progressive form of tiwemmwe] to be about to sleep, be sleeping. Ye sa t. lag sar we. The child is about to sleep.

tittig (tittigi). vi. to make noise, be played (as of a musical instrument). Ye t. tag mwaliyal. His voice is heard.
tittil (tittila). VN. to cut with a knife or an axe, split in two (lengthwise). Re t. sho. They are cutting copra.

tittinap (tittinapa). VI. to converse, tell stories, chat (about). Re t. mwal tugofaiy. Those old men are telling stories.


tiufi (tiufii). VT. ask publicly for it (food), usually done by ladies during a dance.

tiugeog (tiugeogiu). VI. to cackle, make a sound. gatiugeogiu, cause it to cackle. Ye sa t. maliug we. The chicken is making sounds.

tiugium (tiugiuma). 1. N. wrapped preserved breadfruit cooked by an underground oven. Ye toulap gelaar t. They have much preserved breadfruit. 2. VN. to wrap preserved breadfruit. Re t. gelaar mai. They are wrapping preserved breadfruits.

tiugiumeiul (tiugiu-me-iuliu). 1. N. wrapper, jacket. Tafey we ila ye log lan t. The medicine is in the wrapper. 2. VN. to wrap, pack. Re t. tafey. They are wrapping medicine.

TIUGIUMI (TIUGIUMII). VT. wrap it, cover it. Ye t. lag ig we. He wrapped the fish.

tiugiutiug1 (tiugiutiugiu). 1. VN. to wrap, cover. Re t. mal mas. They are wrapping dead bodies. 2. N. wrapper, lavalava or clothes used for wrapping a dead person’s body. Ye weri seuw tiugiutiugiul mal mas. He saw a wrapped dead body.

TIUGIUTIUG2 (TIUGIUTIUGIU). N. funeral gift given to the relatives of the deceased. Ye toulap yaar t. retegaiulap. There are many funeral gifts from the people of Tagailap.

tiul (tiuliu). 1. N. torch, torch-light. Ye f. yaal t. He is making torches. 2. VI. to do torch-fishing. Re lag t. bong. They went torch-fishing last night.

tiuleey (tiulee-a). VT. talk about him. Re t. yaremat we. They talk about the person. CF. TIUTTIUL.

tiuliuyaw (tiuliuyawa). N. lip. Ye cha tiuliuyewal shoabut we. The woman’s lips are red.
tiut (tiutiui). 1. N. breast. Ye sa gangi t. kawe. He ate those (animal) breasts. 2. VI. to suck milk, drink milk from one’s mother’s breasts. Ye t. sar we. The child is drinking milk from his mother’s breasts.

tiuti (tiutiui). VI. to bathe, take a bath. Re t. sar shoabut kawe. Those girls are taking a bath.

tiutiugeog (tiutiugeogiui). VI. [progressive form of tiugeog] to be cackling, making a sound. Ye t. maliug we. The chicken is cackling.

tiuttiul (tiuttiula). VI., VN. to talk about someone, gossip. Re tau t. shoabut. Women always gossip.

tiw1 (tiwe). DIR. down, downward, westward. Re sa rig t. yaremat kawe. Those people have run westward.


tiwa- (tiwa-). NUM. nine. tiwemal yaremat, nine people. tiweig, ninety. tiwangeras, nine thousand. tiwemal yaremat, nine persons.

tiwaag (tiwaagi). VI. to move around, walk about, hang about, gad about, wander from one place to another. Ye sa t. fetal wong we. The turtle has moved around.

tiwalob (tiwa-loba). [=tiwelob] [numeral compound] nine hundred thousand.


tiwegi (tiwegi). VT. reach it, arrive at it, land on it. Re sa t. faliuw. They have landed ashore.

tiwegil (tiwegili). VI. to be true, sure, settled, set, certain, probable. Ye sa t. be iiy mele ye bel lag. It is all set that he will be the one to go.


tiwemmw (tiwemmwe). VI. to sleep well, sleep soundly. gatiwemmwe, make him sleep well. Ye t. gemas sar we. The child is sleeping soundly.


tiy (tiya). VI. to be squeezed, pushed, packed, jammed. Ye t. gemas yaremat lan imw we. The people in the house are packed.

toa (toa). VI. [Usually takes a verbal preposition.] to catch, clasp, clench, grasp, hold, seize. Ye t. ngali boola we. He caught the ball. CF. toari.

toa- (toa-). N. [Occurs with the suffix -shig.] heritage in terms of treatment, treatment. toashig, careful consideration, careful treatment.

toafag (toafagi). VI. [passive] to be rubbed, massaged; to be straight. CF. toafi, toatoa1.

toafi (toafii). VT. rub it, massage it. Ye t. gin melewe fitiyal. He rubbed the skin of his wife. CF. toatoa1.

toagota (toagotaa). ENG. N. doctor, physician, surgeon.

toal (toala). VI. to bloom, blossom, bear flowers. Ye sa t. filooras we. The flower has bloomed.

toala (toalaa). ENG. N. dollar.

toalap (toalapa). VI., ADJ. (to be) wasted, spent carelessly, squandered. shal t., wasted water. Ye sa t. lag shal we. The water is being wasted.

toalepaagili (toalapa-agilii). VT. [compound verb] disregard it, ignore it, despise him, look down on him with contempt or aversion. Sar we ye t. melewe temal. The child disregards his father.

toalig (toaligi). N. welcome to those who visit one’s island. Ye sa bu-uweiu waal t. The welcoming canoe is going out.
toalomach (toalomachi). ENG. N. dynamite, powerful explosive made by soaking nitroglycerin in something absorbent. sefaiu t., a dynamite.

tomat (toamata). VI. to rub people’s faces up and down during the celebration of a chief’s death (only done by women with men). Re sa t. shoabut kawe. Those women are rubbing people’s (men’s) faces.


toar (toaro). ASP. [negative (ta + yoor)] not to exist, there isn’t, to lack, be missing, free from. Ye t. mwongo. There is no food.

[toar] (toarrii). VT. catch it, clasp it, clench it, grasp it, hold it, seize it. Ye t. boola we. He caught the ball. CF toa.


toatag (toa-tage). VI. to be located slightly above the target, be placed upward. Ye t. melewe gepan shoabut we. The woman’s lavalava is slightly above her waist.

[toatoa1] (toa-toa). N. massage, rubbing or kneading of part of the body with the hands to stimulate circulation and make muscles or joints supple. Ye gachepar be ye giula t. He lies that he knows how to massage. CF toafi.

[toatoa2] (toa-toa). VN. to catch, seize and hold, support. getoatoa, supporter. Re t. mai mmash. They are catching falling ripe breadfruits. CF toari.

tog1 (togi). N. a kind of yam. Yoor semweiu t. mal biitag me Yap. There are some yams coming from Yap.

tog2 (togo). VI. to arrive, land, come ashore, be safe home, reach in good condition. Ye sa t. wa we. The canoe has arrived safely.

tog3 (togo). VI. to pass through a childish stage of development even though the child is still little, be old enough to get some sense. Ye sa t. sar we. The child is old enough.
**WOLEAIAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY**

**tog₄** (*togo*). **DIR.** [toward the speaker] hither, here, this way. *Iseli t.*! Give it to me!

**togatog** (*togatoga*). **VN.** to stick something into (a young coconut), pierce, stab. *Ye t. iuliumal liu.* He is pricking a coconut with something for his drink.

*-togo* (-*togo*). **[directional suffix]** this way (to the speaker), hither. *gabuutogoor,* make them come here. **CF.** **tog₄.**

**Togolifar** (*togolifara*). **N.** name of a place on Falalus.

**Toichi** (*toichii*). **GERMAN.** **N.** Germany.

**tokeiku** (*tokeikuu*). **JAP. VI.** [Appears as a command. The original meaning in Japanese is *Where are you going?*] hurry up, make haste.

**tol** (*tolo*). **VI.** to disappear, submerge, go out of sight, vanish, die away. *Ye sa t. wa we.* The canoe is out of sight.

**tololiyaw** (*tololi-yawa*). [=*toniyaw*] **N.** uvula. **CF.** **tool.**

**tomaato** (*tomaatoo*). **ENG. N.** tomato.

**toniyaw** (*tololi-yawa*). [=*tololiyaw*] **N.** uvula.

**too-** (*too-*). **VI.** [Occurs with a directional suffix.] to come, walk, come out, move, migrate. *toowaiul,* its outcome. *Ye too long.* He came in.

**tool** (*tooło*). **N.** genital, clitoris. *Ye farigit gemas melewe toolol shoabut we.* The woman has a very big clitoris.

**toolong** (*too-longo*). **VI.** to enter, come in, walk in. *Ye t. lan imw we.* He entered the house.

**tooming** (*toominga*). **JAP. N.** native inhabitant, islanders. *Giish t.* We are natives.

**tootai** (*tootai*). **JAP. N.** tower, watchtower, light-house. *Re siu woal t. we be re piipi skooki.* They are on the tower watching for airplanes.

**Tooto** (*tootoo*). **N.** name of a person.

**toowaiu** (*too-waiu*). **1. VI.** to go out, walk out, move out. **2. N.** result, outcome, consequence.
toowaiul1 (too-waiu-la). N. its result, its outcome, its consequence, its effect. Ye toar t. It is worthless. CF. toowaiu.

toowaiul2 (too-waiu-li). N. result of, outcome of, consequence of, effect of. CF. toowaiu.

top (tope). N. bottom, under the surface, lowest part, base, part on which something rests. Ye sa nngaw topel raw we. The bottom of the pot is in bad condition.

tor (toro). VI. to take a trip, go, travel from one place to another and return, fall. Ye sa t. mweoiuw shag Wetegaiu. He has been going to Wottagai very frequently.

Toraku (torakuu). JAP. N. Truk. SYN. Shug.

torofag (torofagi). VI. to wet the hair (by taking a bath or diving into water). Ye sa t. losor we. He took a bath and wet his hair this morning for a special occasion.

torofii (torofii). VT. catch it, overtake it, seize it, capture it. Ye t. shoabut we me getaal bel. He caught the woman by the taro patch. CF. totori.

Toroilang (toroilangi). N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.

toroshapp (toro-shappa). VI. to trip, fall, stumble, especially by catching the foot. Ye t. shoabut we. The woman tripped.

tottor (tottoro). VN., VI., ADJ. to catch with the hands, capture, gather, seize, (be) caught. mal t., caught things. Re t. wong. They are catching turtles. CF. torofii.

tottoroshap (tottoroshapa). VI. [progressive form of toroshap] to be stumbling.

tou- (tou-). N. [Appears with -lap.] amount, quantity, size. Ye toulap yaremat woal Honolulu. There are many people in Honolulu.

touber (touberi). VI., ADJ. to perform a religious ceremony in which one throws spears, rocks, etc. toward a menstrual house to protect a new-born baby from evil ghosts; protected by magic. imw t., house protected by magic. Ye t. mwal we. The man is performing a religious ceremony.
| **toulap** (tou-lapa). VI., ADJ. | to be a lot, many, much, numerous, abundant, plentiful. *shoa t.*, many people. *gatoulepa*, cause them to be plentiful. *Re t. shoabut me mmwaar mwal woal Feraulap.* There are many more females than males on Faraulep. |
| **toulibol** (touli-bolo). VI. | to be swollen, increase in size, volume, extent, degree, etc. *Ye t. metal.* His eyes are swollen. |
| **tour1** (toura). VI. | to have a narrow escape, be saved, relieved, rescued. *Ye t. wa be maliumel ye ta gola.* The canoe was saved because the typhoon did not destroy it. |
| **tour2** (toura). N. | channel, bed of a running stream, river, etc., body of water joining two larger bodies of water. *Ye nngaw tourel Fais.* The channels in Fais are bad. SYN. *taw.* |
| **toutou** (tou-tou). VN. | to spear (fish, etc.), inoculate, stab, pierce with something pointed. *Re lag t. ig.* They went spearing fish. CF. *touuw.* |
| **touuw** (touu-a). VT. | spear it, inoculate it, stab it, pierce it with something pointed. *Ye t. semal taguw.* He speared a tuna fish. CF. *toutou.* |
| **trongki** (trongkii). ENG. VI. | to be drunk, intoxicated, drink to a point beyond self-control. *gatrongkiiy,* make him drunk. |
| **ttaaaring** (ttaaringa). VI. | to be ripped off, torn, rent, cut apart. *Ye tt. lag melewe mengaag.* My clothes are ripped off. |
| **ttaaaw** (ttaawa). VI. | to be far, outside, distant, a long way off, afar. *Ye tt. gemas Mariiken.* America is very far. *Ye tt. Yap me mmwal Iulitiw.* Yap is farther than Ulithi. |
| **ttab1** (ttaba). VN. | to chase, run after. *Waafaliuw we ila ye tt. fetal waal fitaal Sepaal.* The ship is chasing the Japanese fishing boats around. |
| **ttab2** (ttabe). VN. | to accompany, follow, go with, come after. *Ye tau tt. yaremat sar we.* The child always goes around with people. CF. *tabeey.* |
| **ttab3** (ttabo). VI. | to do shallow water fishing, go hunting for fish on the low tide reef. *Shoabutol Shug re tau tt.* Trukese women always do shallow water fishing. |
ttaf (ttafi). vi. to be opened (of vagina), pulled apart. Sa tt. lag melewetangiyal. Her vagina is being pulled a

ttal1 (ttala). vn. to dream, have a dream. Ye tt. bong be ye lag teramiy. He dreamed last night that he went to heaven.

ttal2 (ttali). vi. to line up, form a line, come into line, come into a straight row. Re sa tt. lag yaremat kawe. Those people are lining up.

ttalish (ttalishi). vi. to be snapped off, snatched, broken or severed suddenly with a snapping sound. getalishi, let it go. Ye tt. lag tal we. The rope was snapped off.

ttar (ttara). vn. to throw (a stone, etc.) at, pitch, hurl or cast something at. Sar kawe re tt. mal. Those children are throwing stones at some birds.

ttas1 (ttasi). vi. to go beyond, pass by, go ahead (of). Mwal we ye tt. lag me mmwal shoabut we. The man went ahead of the woman.

ttas2 (ttasi). vn. to chip, hew, chop or cut with an axe, etc., hack, gash, make or shape by cutting or chopping with an axe, knife, etc.

ttefat (ttefati). vi., adj. (to be) deceived, trapped, blackmailed. Ye tt. re-sepaal we. The Japanese man was deceived.

tteiu (tteiuy). [alternant of tteiuy (q.v.)]

tteiuy1 (tteiuya). [The final y drops before y or w.] 1. n. meeting, gathering, conference, council. Re lag lan tt. They went to a meeting. Re gafiti kookoow lag tt. we. They caused the confusion in the meeting. 2. vi. to have a meeting, get together, meet. Re tt. They are having a meeting. Go bel tt. ngaliir yaremat kaal me faal wal-iuwel laal. You will meet this group of people under that tree.

tteiuy2 (tteiuya). vn. to collect, heap up, gather, bring together. Re tt. laiur ubil. They are collecting seashells for them.

ttelaagili (ttalaagilii). vt. dream of him. Shoabut we ye tt. sar we laiul. The woman dreams of her baby.
tthewas (ttewasi). VI., ADJ. (to be) thrown down, torn down, destroyed, broken. wa tt., broken canoe. Ye tt. lag melewe bugotai faal fiteg we. My village was destroyed during the war. Ye sa tt. seil me reel iuwel wa we waal. One layer of the sail of my canoe was broken. CF. tewasiyi.

tti₁ (tti). VI. to be closed, enclosed, shut. Ye tt. getam we. The door is closed.

tti₂ (ttii). ENG. N. tea.

ttib (ttiba). VN. to take up, pick up with a fork, a spoon or chopsticks. Re tt. gelaar mai. They are using forks or chopsticks to pick up their breadfruit.

Ttifaal (ttifaala). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

ttig (ttigi). 1. N. voice, noise, high sound (as a female voice). 2. VI. to be loud, sound (out) noisily, be noisy. gattigi, sound it. Ye tt. gemas mwaliyal. His voice is very loud.


ttiiy (ttii-a). VT. close it, shut it. Shoabut we ye sa tt. lag gatemal imw we imwal. The woman has closed the door of her house.

ttilifeg (ttilifegi). VI. to be stuck (as of a knife into something), get caught, be sandwiched between something, pinched. Ye tt. saar we yaal. His knife is stuck.

ttipaap (tti-paapa). 1. N. board wall of a house. 2. VI. to be walled with boards. Ye tt. imw we imwal. His house is walled with boards.

Ttipaap (ttipaapa). N. name of a place on Falalus.

ttipp (ttippa). VI. to break away from the main body, chip off the main part, come off, be removed from something. Ye tt. lag paap we. The board broke off.

ttir (ttiri). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) fast, early, soon. Ye tt. gemas wa we. The canoe is very fast. Ye ttiril yaal mwongo. He eats fast. 2. ADV. fast, swiftly. I faarag tt. I’m walking fast.

tti₁ (tti). [The vowel iu is voiceless.] N. breast. Ye gach ttiul shoabut we. The woman’s breasts are good.
ttiul (ttiula). vi. to shine, glow, twinkle. Ye tt. meram. The moon is shining.

ttiung (ttiungiu). vi. to emerge, come out slowly, pour out (of sweat). Ye tt. weiui mwiyemwiyal. His sweat pours out.

ttiyeg (ttiyegi). vn. to stick, thrust, put something into. Ye tt. tiw ira lan shal we. He stuck some sticks into the water.

tto (tto). [The vowel o is voiceless.] vi., adj. (to be) deep (of water), extending far downward from the top or top edges. biuleiu t., deep place. gatto, make it deep. Ye tt. It is deep. Ye tt. gemas lan Tawelap. The channel between Falalus and Piyal is very deep.

ttoa (ttoa). n. wedge placed across the hull of the canoe, thwart. Ye matt woal tt. we. He is sitting on the thwart.

ttoalifatofat (ttoali-fatofato). n. mid-point of the bow thwart of a canoe. Iuw we ye log lan tt. The sail is in the bow thwart.


.ttog2 (ttogo). vn. present this way, give hither, furnish this way. Tt. saar la. Give me that knife.

ttor (ttoro). vn. to catch (a bird, etc.), capture, seize. syn. tottor. cf. torofi.

.ttou (ttou). 1. n. fork, crotch. Ye mwongo woal tt. He eats with a fork. 2. vn. to pick (with a fork), plug up, prop, stab. Ye tt. gan mai. He picks his breadfruit with a fork.

.ttouuw (ttouu-a). vt. strike it (with a knife), spear it, pierce or stab with something pointed. Ye tt. ig we. He speared the fish.

.ttubelilimw (ttubeli-imwa). vn. to contribute one’s share of whatever has been designated by a group of elders, contribute according to the number of houses. Re tt. bulag. They contribute taros according to the number of houses.
ttug (ttugu). VI. to touch, border on, strike lightly, come up to, come into contact with. Ye tt. fengan metaar. Their faces touched each other.

tub (tubu). VI. to set, go down (as of the sun, moon, stars). Ye sa t. yal. The sun has set.

tubuliweleogeo (tubuli-weleogeo). N. setting of Ursa Major star. Tooich ye wol faal t. Germany is located under Ursa Major.

tubuliyal (tubuli-yalo). N. sunset, the setting sun. Ye gach t. fegafeiy. The sunset this evening is beautiful.

tug1 (tugu). N. a kind of basket. Ye faiufeiu t. shoabut we. The woman is weaving baskets.

tug2 (tugu). VI. to give a blow (with the fist), cut, hit. Ye t. feta1. He is hitting things around (with his fists).

tugofaiy (tugofaiya). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) old, aged. semal mwal t., an old man. Ye sa t. mwal we. The man is old. 2. N. elderly person, elder (brother, etc.).

tugulittab (tuguli-ttabo). N. deep basket used by women for catching reef fish. Ye faiufeiu yaal t. She is weaving a basket for her shallow water fishing.

tugutengarig (tugu-tengarigi). N. huge basket used for general purposes. Ye yafiti seuw t. She is carrying a huge basket under her arms.

tumw (tumwu). VN. to dye, color cloth or hair, color with a dye. Re t. yangetaar. They are dying their lavalava fibers.

Tumwir (tumwiri). N. Antares (star).

tumwul (tumwula). VI., ADJ. to sprout, grow, thrive, sprouting. sho t., sprouting copra. gatumwula, let it sprout. Ye sa t. waliuwel kawe. Those plants have sprouted.

tumwuri (tumwurii). VT. lick it, kiss it. Mwal we ye t. yewal shoabut we. The man kissed the mouth of the woman.

turubbas (turubbasi). JAP. N. pickax, pick.
tuwumwul (tutumwula). vi. [progressive form of tumwul] to be sprouting, growing. Ye sa t. tag sho we. The copra is sprouting.

tuulong (tuu-longo). vi. to dive in, jump into water, plunge into water. Ye t. sar we. The child dived in.

tuuruki (tuurukii). ENG. N. turkey.

tuutu (tuutuu). N. basket, bag, holder. Ye toulap yaal t. He has many bags.
u (uu). N. fish trap.

ub1 (uba). N. chest. ubei, my chest.

ub2 (uba). vi. to be pregnant. metaammwal ubel shoabut we, the woman’s first pregnancy.

ub3 (ubu). N. young coconut, young coconut meat. Ye mwongo u. He is eating young coconut meat.

ubil (ubili). N. white shell, cowry, bivalve mollusc. Ye riuriu fetal u. He is searching for white shells.

ubut (ubuta). N. immature coconut frond, white young coconut leaf (usually posted as a taboo sign along the main path). Ye mwaremwar u. He is wearing white young coconut leaves.

ubuub1 (ubuubu). VN. to wash, cleanse. Ye u. mengaag. She is washing clothes.

ubuub2 (ubuubu). N. solidified blood.


ugesh1 (ugeshi). N. a kind of fish (acanthurus achilles, etc.).

ugesh2 (ugeshi). N. a kind of black ant. U. we ye sa gerag tag woal betau we. The black ant is crawling up on the basket.

ugopaarang (ugo-paaranga). N. screen, barbed wire. Ye tti ngali u. imw we imwal. His house is walled with screen.

ugoug (ugo-ugo). N. swim bladder. Ye farigit gemas ugougol ig we. The bladder of the fish is very large.

ugu (uguu). VT. blow it (a musical instrument, etc.). Ugu! Blow it!
uguug (ugu-ugu). VI. to blow (with mouth). Ye u. lag shag. He kept on blowing.

ul1 (ulu). N. a kind of fish.

ul2 (ulu). VI. to be tired of, sick of. gaulu, make him tired of it. Ye sa u. reel mwongol wong. He is tired of eating turtle meat. Shoabut we ye sa u. reel mwai we. The woman is tired of the man.

uleey (ulee-a). VT. slice it, cut it into small pieces (usually meat). Go be u. siilo la. You must cut that pork.

Uleor (uleoriu). N. name of an island in Elato.

uloul (ule-ule). VN. to slice, cut (usually meat) into small pieces. Ye u. siilo. He is cutting pork.

Uloul (uleule). N. name of an island in Truk District.

uloulet (ule-uleti). N. cooked shredded coconut meat, boiled grated copra meat (shaped like a ball, as large as a human fist).

ulut1 (uluto). N. pubescence, pubescent girl (who is at the stage immediately before the first menstruation). Ye sa siu metal u. sar shoabut we. The girl is at the age of puberty.

ulut2 (uluto). N. part of the loom.

ulut3 (uluto). N. married woman who is barren, i.e., who cannot bear a baby. Shoabut we ila semal u. The woman cannot bear a baby.

ulut4 (uluto). N. bilge of a canoe, i.e., a rounded part of a hull. Ye wol woal ulutol wa we. It is lying on the bilge of the canoe.

uluul (uluulu). VI., ADJ. (to be) round. tapiy u., round bowl. gauluulu, make it round. Ye u. metal sar we. The face of the child is round.

uluuti (uluutii). VT. be tired of it, get bored with it, be sick of it. I sa u. skuul. I am tired of school.

umoa (umoa). N. a kind of hard-land tree (ochrosia oppositifolia).

umw (umwu). 1. N. underground oven, earth oven. seuw u., an underground oven. 2. VN. to cook in an earth oven. Re u. mai. They are cooking breadfruit in an underground oven.
-umw (-umwu). N. [numeral classifier for such groups as stalks of bananas and clusters of coconuts, betel nuts, certain bushy flowers, etc.] seumw liu, a cluster of coconuts. riuweumw bbuw, two clusters of betel nuts. seliumw gurugur; three clusters of oranges. 

CF. umwuumw, umwulap.

umweleo (umwuleo). N. a kind of fish.

umwulap (umwu-lapa). VI., ADJ. (to be) bushy. shimw u., bushy hair. Ye u. shimwel shoabut we. The woman has bushy hair. CF. -umw.

umwuumw (umwu-umwu). VI., ADJ. (to be) bushy, plentiful, have lots of fruit, have a lot of people. shimw u., bushy hair. gaumwuumwu, make it bushy. Ye u. gemas mai we. The breadfruit has lots of fruit. Re sa u. tag melekawe weneiur. They are bringing the whole bunch of their children. CF. -umw.

ung1 (unga). N. conical sea shell.

ung2 (unga). N. ridgepole of a house, ceiling.

ungelap (unga-lapa). N. main ridgepole of a house, primary ridgepole.

ungeshig (unga-shigi). N. middle ridgepole of a house, secondary ridgepole. Ye sa biitag u. we. The secondary ridgepole is up.

uniun (uniuniu). N. way, method, manner, style. Ye gach uniuniul yaal kepat. The style of his speech is good.

up (upe). VI. to land, make a landing. Ye sa u. skooki we. The airplane has landed.

ur (uru). 1. N. dance, play, game. 2. VI. to dance, play.

uraag (uraagi). VI. to wade, cross over, go across. Re u. tag lan mweiu we. They waded across the channel.

urouraag (urauraagi). VI. [progressive form of uraag] to be wading, crossing over.

urumat (uru-mata). VI. to wash one’s face. Ye tai u. loosoro we. He did not wash his face this morning.

urumatt (uru-matto). 1. N. sitting dance. 2. VI. to do a sitting dance. Re u. mwal kawe. Those men are doing a sitting dance.
**Ururuyal** (*ururuyala*). **N.** name of a hypothetical beautiful island which appears in myths, legends or old stories.

**urusiu** (*uru-siu*). 1. **N.** standing dance. 2. **vi.** to do a standing dance. *Re u. shoabut kawe.* Those women are doing a standing dance.

**uruur** (*uru-uru*). **vi.** [progressive form of *ur*] to be playing. *Re u. fetal.* They are playing around.

**uruwa** (*uruwa*). **N.** a kind of tropical bird with red feet, navigational term of reference for such a bird.

**us** (*usu*). **ADV.** [pre-verbal] rather, somewhat, reasonably, sensibly. *Ye u. gach yaremata we.* The person is rather good. *Ye u. nngaw shoabut we.* The woman is rather ugly.

**usel** (*usela*). **N.** gecko (a lizard sp.).

**useng** (*usengi*). **N.** a kind of fish.

**usha** (*ushaa*). **N.** a kind of fish (*chlorurus pulchellus*, etc.). **SYN.** **gawegaw.**

**ushuga** (*ushuga*). **N.** young breadfruit. *Ye mwongo u.* He is eating young breadfruit.

**usous** (*usausa*). **N.** necklace, bead. *sefaiu u.,* a bead. *sepa u.,* a bead lace. *Ye toulap mwefal u.* She has many necklaces made out of beads.

**usuua**- (**usuwa**-). **N.** [Followed by a possessive suffix. Usually occurs in a main verb position.] responsibility, one who is responsible for. *Ye usuuwel sar we.* He is responsible for the child.

**Usuuwai** (*usuuwai*). **N.** name of a place on Sulywap.

**ut** 1 (**utu**). **N.** a kind of coastal tree (*guettarda speciosa*).

**ut** 2 (**utu**). **N.** handful, piece. *sewu utul mai,* a piece of breadfruit.

**ut** 3 (**uta**). **N.** rain. **CF.** **yaroitut**.

**-ut** (**-utu**). **N.** [numeral classifier for a handful of sponge-like objects (usually breadfruit). Appears only with *se-* ‘one’.] *seut mai,* one handful of breadfruit. **CF.** **ut** 2, **utuuiw.**
utuuw (utuu-a). VT. pinch it, extract it. Go be u. mai la. You ought to extract a piece of that breadfruit.

uu- (uu-). VI. [Occurs with a directional suffix.] to overflow, be overloaded. Ye sa uutiw shan raw we. The water in the pot is overflowing.

uul (uulu). N. a kind of dorfin.

Uul (uulu). N. Aldebaran (star).

uulifaatoa (uuli-faatoa). N. a kind of fish trap.

uuligep (uuli-gapi). N. a kind of fish trap.

uulimorouwel (uuli-morouwali). N. a kind of fish trap.

uulipaamw (uuli-paamwu). N. a kind of fish trap.

uumas (uumasa). VI. to be lazy, sluggish, dull, lethargic. Ye u. gemas. He is very lazy.

uumash (uumasha). N. a kind of fish.

uunteeng (uunteenga). JAP. N. driving (of a car). Ye gach yaal w. resepaal we. The Japanese (man) drives very well.

uussow (uuli-sowa). N. a kind of fish trap.

uutoong (uutoongo). JAP. N. noodles, soup noodles, vermicelli.

uutttil (uuli-tili). N. a kind of fish trap.

-uw (-uwa). [Before -uw, the numeral se-is pronounced with the vowel e lengthened.] N. [numeral classifier for general objects including those which are not covered by other classifiers. Big animals (e.g., whales, horses, pigs, crocodiles, bonitos) and shell-carrying animals (e.g., clams, turtles, crabs, snails) are counted with -uw. Otherwise -mal is used. -uw is also used to count many loan words.] seuw ras, a whale. ruwouw silo, two pigs. seliuw tegag, three cups. faauw chiiya, four chairs. limouw baabiyor, five books.

uwa (uwaa). 1. N. fruit. 2. VI. to bear fruit or flowers. Ye sa u. mai we. The breadfruit tree is bearing fruit.

uwaal (uwaali). N. lava rock.
uwapp (uwappa). VI. to swarm, assemble in a crowd. Re u. lag sar kawe. Those children are swarming around.

uwar (uwara). [=uwwar] VI., ADJ. (to be) bright, shiny. gauwera, make it bright. Ye u. tiul we. The light of the torch is bright.

uwat (uwata). N. load, belonging. Ye toulap uwetal. He has lots of belongings.

uwefat (uwe-fatiu). VI. to raise the eyebrows, wink. Shoabut we ye u. ngali mwal we. The woman raised her eyebrows as a sign to the man.

uwel (uwele). [=uwwel] VI., ADJ. (to be) straight, be at noon, be overhead. mal u., straight thing. gauwele, make it straight. Ye sa u. yal. The sun is directly overhead.

uweli (uwelii). VN. to pass the word, disseminate a report, set a rumor afloat. Re u. long be your mas. They passed the word that someone had died.

uweshig1 (uweshigi). N. a kind of fish.

uweshig2 (uweshigi). VI., ADJ. (to be) numb, devoid of sensation. gauweshigiiy, make it numb. Ye sa u. pesheei. My legs are numb.

uwy (uwiya). VI., ADJ. (to be) greasy, oily. gauwiya, make it greasy. Ye u. gemas ig yeel. This fish is very greasy.

uwwar (uwwara). [=uwar] VI., ADJ. (to be) bright, shiny. tiul u., bright torch.

uwwel (uwele). [=uwel] VI., ADJ. (to be) straight, be at noon, be overhead.ira u., straight stick. Ye sa u. yal. The sun is directly overhead.
-w (-wa). [alternant of -y (q.v.)]

**wa1** (waa). N. canoe, vehicle. *Ye terag long lenamw sefash w.* A canoe is sailing into the lagoon.

**wa2** (waa). N. frame. *Ye sa nnaw waal.* Its frame is in bad condition.

**wa3** (waa). vi. to last long, endure. *Ye wa wa we.* The canoe lasts long.

-wa (-a). [alternant of -ya (q.v.)]

**wa liyap** (waa liyapa). N. lucky canoe. **CF. liyap.**

**waa-** (waa-). N. [possessive classifier for vehicles] *waai wotoobaai,* my scooter. *waamw wa,* your canoe.

**waafatiul** (waa-fatiula). N. paddling canoe. *sefash w.,* a paddling canoe.


**waalliil1** (waa-iliili). N. submarine (lit. swimming vehicle).

**waalliil2** (waa-iliili). N. a kind of female dance.

**waain** (waaine). ENG. N. wine. *Iseli tog maileoriul w. mwu riuwaleo.* Give me those two bottles of wine.

**waairef** (waairefi). N. a wild dance which is usually performed to welcome people (done by women only). *Reifeluk re tau w.* The people of Ifaluk always do the rough dance.

**waal paiureo** (waali paiureo). N. stick used to scrape off the inside portion of banana layers. *yaal w.,* his stick for scraping banana fibers.

**waal waiy** (waali waiya). N. inter-island ocean sailing canoe. *Ye weey lepal sefash w.* It is about the size of an inter-island ocean sailing canoe.
waali (waa-lii). VT. own it, possess it (a canoe). Ye sa w. wa we. He has become the owner of the canoe.

waaligiy (waali-giya). N. nautilus shell. Ye ripingeg lag w. we. The nautilus shell broke off.

waaligo (waali-goo). N. a kind of taro.

waalish (waaliishi). N. pencil. faafash w., four pencils. setab w., one half of a pencil.

waaliyangelap (waali-yanga-lapa). N. a canoe part.

waaliyeng (waali-angi). N. float stringer of a canoe.

waamwar (waa-mwara). N. intra-lagoon sailing canoe (a big type).

waaru (waaruu). VI., ADJ. (to be) wide open, hollow. Ye sa w. gems melewe gan shoabut we. The woman’s sex organ is too large as a result of frequent sexual intercourse.

waaseola (waaseolaa). N. foreigner, stranger, alien.

waassiug (waassiugiu). N. a kind of lavalava design.

waassooso (waa-ssoosoo). N. outrigger boom stringer of a canoe. Ye mmweiu lag w. we. The outrigger boom stringer broke off.

waawa1 (waa-waa). VN. to use a canoe (temporarily). Re w. mwo wa we waai. They are using my canoe temporarily. CF. waali.

waawa2 (waa-waa). VI., ADJ. (to be) uncovered; to be large (of a hole), open. Ye w. tag shag lib we. The hole in the ground is left uncovered. Ye w. lan ngateel the inside of this hole is too large.

waayal (waa-yali). N. airplane (lit. flying vehicle), plane, aircraft.

wach (wacha). VI. to boil, give off bubbles, bubble up, seethe. Ye w. raw we. The pot is boiling.

wag1 (waga). N. vein, sinew, blood vessel, artery.

wag2 (waga). VI., ADJ. to cry (as of a child, but not of a baby or an adult), crying. mal w., person who cried. gawega, make him cry. Ye w. sar we. The child cried.
**wai** (wai). N. letter Y.

**-wai** (-ai). [alternant of -yai (q.v)]

**waigeng** (waigengi). N. coconut grater.

**waires** (wairesi). VI., ADJ. (to be) hard, difficult. *mal w.*, difficult thing. *Ye w. gemas kabiungiul kapetal Mariiken.* Learning the English language is extremely difficult.

**waish** (waishi). N. a kind of plant.

**wait** (waiti). 1. N. lure, lure fishing. *Yoor lai w.* I have lures. 2. VI. to do (go) trolling, do lure fishing. *Re lag w. bong.* They went trolling last night.

**waiteg** (waitegi). VI. to sneak out hurriedly and secretly. *Si ya w.* Let’s hurry away.

**waiti** (waitii). VT. grab it (a knife, etc.), clutch it, snatch it. *Ye w. saar we yaal.* He grabbed his knife.

**waui** (waui). [weiu if the preceding verb ends in a high vowel] DIR. out, outward, to the north or south. *Re rig w.* They went out.

**-waui** (-waui). [-weiu after a high vowel] [directional suffix] outward, to the north, to the south. *toowaiu,* to walk out. *buuweiu,* to go out. **CF. waiu.**

**waiy** (waiya). 1. N. voyage, sailing, trip, journey. 2. VI. to go on a trip, go on a long voyage. *Re lag w.* They went on an inter-island long journey. *Ye chaul w.* He is reluctant to go on a trip.


**wal2** (waliu). 1. N. forest, bush, woods. *Ye log faal w.* He is in the bush. 2. VI. to be dense (of a forest), bushy. *Ye w. gemas faliuweiy.* The forest of this island is very dense.

**wal3** (waliu). N. a kind of strand plant (*wedelia biflora*).

**wal4** (waliu). VI. to be covered, hampered, stopped. *gewaliu,* cover it up.

wali- (wali-). NUM. eight. walirag, eight years. waliig, eighty. walipa mwaremwar, eight leis.


waliumag (waliu-mago). N. a kind of vine (canavalia cathartica).

waliuvel (waliu-waliu). 1. N. plant, tree. setal w., one line of trees. Ye toulap matemetal w. woal Hawaii. There are many kinds of plants in Hawaii. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) full of plants, bushy. biuleiu w., place with lots of plants. Ye w. liugiul imw we. The outside of the house is full of all kinds of plants.

waliuweol (waliuwaliu). [alternate spelling of waliuvel (q.v.)]


wang (wango). 1. N. nickname for penis. Ye farigit wango. His penis is big. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) circumcised (either by surgery or by nature). mal w., circumcised man. gewango, circumcise him. Ye w. mwal we. The man is circumcised.

Waniufalayap (waliuli-faaliyapa). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Waniuli (waliuli-liu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

war1 (wari). 1. N. empty and crooked kind of coconut fruit. 2. VI., ADJ. (to be) empty, vacant, hallow, deformed. gewari, deform it. Ye w. liu we. The coconut is empty.

war2 (waru). VI., ADJ. (to be) wide (as of a hole), broat, spacious, roomy. ngat w., wide-open hole. gewaru, open it wide. Ye w. ngetal. The hole (of it) is quite wide.

wareng (warengiu). N. a kind of swamp plant (ocimum canum).
wareong (ware). [alternate spelling of wareng (q.v.)]

waruwor (waru-waru). VI. [progressive form of war] to have a (lit. be) wide-opening. Ye sa w. lag. It is (being) wide-open.

was (wasiu). VI., ADJ. (to get) hurt, wounded, be injured. mal w., wounded person. Ye w. lan fiteg we. He got hurt in the war.

washewash (washawasha). VI., ADJ. (to be) naked, nude, unclothed, bared. gewashewesha, unclothe. Re rig w. fetal sar skuul. Students are streaking (unclothed) around.

wat (wati). N. a kind of fish (arotchon nigropunctatus, etc.). Si tei gal mwongo w. We don’t eat wat.

watewat (wata-wata). VN. to count, reckon, enumerate, number. Ye giula w. He knows how to count. Ye w. He is counting.

wau1 (wau). VN. to hit, strike, give a blow to, hunt. Re w. fetal mwag. They are killing needle fish by hitting them.

wau2 (wau). N. big crack in the reef, reef opening. Ye ttou fetal ig lan w. we. He is spear-fishing in the reef opening.

wauteg (wautagi). VI. [passive] to be hit, spanked. CF. wauti.

wausti (waustii). VT. hit him, spank him. Ye w. sar we. She hit the child.

we1 (wee). DEM. [Refers to an invisible object, which both the speaker and hearer know.] that, the. I bel wieryaremat we. I will see the person (we are talking about).

we2 (we). [=wel] N. [locational] on, topside of, above. Ye masiur w. teebol. He is sleeping on (top of) a table.

-we (-a). [alternant of -ya (q.v.)]

we- (we-). N. [Indicates plural human being, occuring with kinship terms. Always followed by the defective possessive suffix -l ‘of’.] people. wessilash (=wel silash), our mothers. weneiur (=wel laiur), their children.

wechielai- (weli-shiyala-). N. companions (lit. people of one’s companions), colleagues. Si be gemwangiul shag be meleka wechielai re te rongorong. Let’s whisper so that my companions may not hear.
Weew (weewa). N. name of an island in Eauripik.

weewe (wee-nee). VI. to resemble, be alike in appearance, be the same, similar. Ye w. seuw tipeer. They all agreed to each other’s proposal. 
CF. weey2.

weewefengan (weewee-fungi). VI. [compound verb] to be alike, resemble each other. Ye w. tipeer. They think alike.

weey1 (wee-a). VT. place it apart, take it apart, separate it. W. lag yaf la. Put the firewoods apart.

weey2 (wee-a). VT. resemble it, be similar to it, be the same as it. Sar we ye w. melewe temal. The child resembles his father. 
CF. weewe.

weg (wegi). VI., VN. to turn over, change from primitive ways of life to modern, civilized ones, be converted, transferred. Paangaar reweleya nge re sa w. long faal miisa. All the Woleaian people have been converted to Catholicism. 
CF. wegiti.

wugar (wagara). 1. N. root. wageral mai, root of breadfruit. 2. VI. to have roots, be rooty. Ye sa w. walliwel kawe. Those plants have started to grow roots.

wegaregar (wagara-gara). VI. to have many roots, be rooty. Ye w. It has many roots.

wegiteg1 (wegitagi). VI. [passive] to turn around, be turned over. Go be w. You should turn around. 
CF. wegiti.

wegiteg2 (wegitegi). 1. N. behavior, demeanor, planning. Ye gach w. His behavior is good. 2. VI. to plan, behave. W. mwemwaiwai. Plan carefully.

wegiti (wegitii). VT. turn it, change it, transfer it, convert it. Go be w. ig la. You must turn that fish. 
CF. wegiteg1, weg.

wei (wei). N. a kind of swamp tree (lumnitzera littorea).

&-wei (-ai). [alternant of -yai (q.v.)]

weikomwo (weikomwoo). JAP. 1. VN. to pull (ropes, etc.), draw. Re w. They are pulling. 2. ADV. [exclamatory (expressed while pulling ropes)] Heave-ho!, Yo-heave-ho!
Weilesh *(wei-lashi)*. N. name of a place on Wottagai.

**weipengag** *(wei-pengagi)*. VI., ADJ. (to be) woven horizontally (as of a basket, a mat, etc.). *giliy w.*, horizontally woven mat. *Ye w. giliy yeel.* The mat is woven horizontally.

Weiras *(wei-rasa)*. N. name of a place on Tagailap.

Weishug *(wei-shugu)*. N. name of a place on Wottagai.

**weisiu** *(wei-siu)*. VI., ADJ. (to be) woven vertically (as of a basket, a mat, etc.). *giliy w.*, vertically woven mat. *Ye w. giliy yeel.* This mat is woven vertically.

**weiu1** *(waiu)*. [alternant of *waiu* (q.v.)]

**weiu2** *(weiu)*. N. rafter of a house. *Ye tolap weiu imw we imwal.* His house has many rafters.

-**weiu** (-waiu). [alternant of -*waiu* (q.v.)]

**weiulilugoliipiing** *(weiuli-lugoli-piinga)*. N. end-wall middle rafter of a house. *Ye toar weiulilugoliipiingel imw we.* This house does not have any end-wall middle rafter.

**weiuliluug** *(weiuli-lugo)*. N. middle rafter of a house. *Ye sa biitag w.* The middle rafter has come up.

**weiulimat** *(weiuli-mata)*. N. front rafter of a house. *Ye farimwosh gemas w. we.* The front rafter is too long.

**weiulinipiing** *(weiuli-ni-piinga)*. N. inner end-wall rafter of a house. *Re gatega weiulinipiingel imw we.* They changed the end-wall rafter of the house.

**weiulipiing** *(weiuli-piinga)*. N. end-wall thatch rafter of a house. *Ye biun lag w. we.* The house rafter is broken.

**weiyol** *(weiyolo)*. ENG. N. oil.

**wel1** *(wele)*. VI. to hit right, make a straight shot (to). *Ye w. ngali.* It hit it right on the desired point.

**wel2** *(weli)*. VI. to happen, occur, appear, arise. *Ye sa w. tog seuw faiuriumil.* Something has happened.
wel3 (weli). VI. to be different, changed, unlike. Ye sa w. tipel shoabut we. The woman has changed her mind.

wel4 (weliu). N. feather. Ye toulap w. lan kaagool we. There are many feathers in the box.

wel5 (we-li). N. [locational (we- ‘on’ + -l ‘of’) on, topside of. w. ppiy, on the beach.

Weleogeo (weleogeo). N. Ursa Major (star).

welewel (wele-wele). 1. VI., ADJ. (to be) straight, steady, still. Ye w. teragil wa we. The course of the canoe is steady. 2. ADV. [post-verbal] still, steadily. siw w., to stand still.

welewelel iuyeir (weleweleli iuyeitura). N. the mid-position of Crux (star).

Welewelel Iyefang (weleweleli iyefangi). N. Polaris (star).

Weleya (weleyaa). N. Woleai.

Welibiuiguw (weli-biuiguwa). N. name of a place on Falalus and Falalap.

wellibuuw (wellibuuwa). VI., ADJ. (to be) lucky, fortunate. mal w., lucky person. gawelibuuwa, wish him good luck. Gai far w. be gai win. We (excl.) won more by luck. Ye w. be ye sa gasi yaal degree. He is lucky that he got his degree.

Welifaiu (weli-faiu). N. name of a place on Falalus and Sulywap.

Welifal (weli-fala). N. name of a place on Falalus and Falalap.

Welifeiumwag (weli-faiu-mwaga). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Welikeritag (weli-kari-tage). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Welikeritiw (weli-kari-tiwe). N. name of a place on Falalus.

welileg (welilegi). N. main island, principal island. Re lag w. They live on the main island.

Welimang (weli-mango). N. name of a place on Falalus.
Welimasow (welimasowa). N. name of a place on Falalus.

Welimera (welimeraa). N. official name of Nigepilamw.

Welimeraau (weli-meraau). N. name of an island in the vicinity of Woleai.

ewimerag (welimeraga). 1. N. fishing ground for non-reef fish. 2. vi. to go blue-water fishing. Re lag w. They went for blue-water fishing.

welimmwa- (weli-mmwa-). N. [compound noun (weli- ‘topside of’ + mmwa ‘front’)]. Occurs with a possessive suffix. hello, welcome. Welimmwemi! Welcome to all of you!

Welimwelumw (weli-mwalumwu). N. name of a place on Sulywap.


welinag (weli-naga). N. the point in view. Re niutiw me welinegal Weleya. They put down their sail upon seeing Woleai.

Welina (welili-lago). N. name of a place on Falalus.

welinnngaw (weli-nngawa). vi. to be terrible, bad, of sudden and short anger (caused by certain indirect cursing which may be unconsciously said). gawelinnngewa, make him feel terrible. Ye sa w. lag niferaai. I have suddenly felt bad.

Welipeiy (weli-peiya). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

Welipis (weli-pisi). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

welipomw (welipomwu). N. a kind of breadfruit.

Welipomw (weli-pomwo). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

Weliporou (weli-porou). N. name of a place on Wottagai.

weliuliuwaas (weliuliuwaasa). N. (a place, area) in the sky, above the ground, in the air, overhead. Ye raalimwaaiu w. The sky above is calm.

welliniumwar (welliniumwara). N. in the sky, in the air. Ye yal fetal skooki we w. The airplane is flying around in the sky.
weliuw1 (weliuwa). 1. N. decoration, adornment. Ye toulap w. niimw. There are many decorations in the house. 2. VI. to be decorated, ornamented, adorned. gaweliuwa, decorate him. Ye sa w. lag shoabut we. The woman is adorned.

weliuw2 (we-liu-a). VT. put feathers on it. Ye w. laiul piloomw. He is putting feathers on his lures.

weliuweliuw (weliuwa-liuwa). VI. to be fully decorated, adorned. Ye w. sar we. The child is fully adorned.


weliyefar (weli-yafara). VI. to put one’s arm on another’s shoulder. Shoal ur we re sa w. The dancers have put their arms on each other’s shoulder.

Weliyeiushig (weli-yaiu-shigi). N. name of a place on Sulywap and Falalap.

Weliyelang (weli-yalanga). N. name of a place on Falalus.

welungelishimw (welungali-shimwe). N. top of the head.

Weluwar (weluwara). N. name of a place on Falalus and Falalap.

wen (wele-li). N. [locational] (a point) in front of, front part. Re ur fetal w. fal we. They are playing around in front of the men’s house.

wenei (weli-laiu-i). N. [compound noun (wel ‘people of’ + lai ‘my child’)] my children. Re mil be w. They are supposed to be my children. Re sa masiur w. My children are asleep.


weneng (weli-langi). N. [compound noun (wel ‘on’ + lang ‘sky’)] sky, heaven, up in the air. Mal we yal tag w. The bird flew up in the sky.

-weoiu (-waiu). [alternate spelling of -weiu (q.v.)]

wer1 (were). 1. N. light, firelight, gleam, flash. 2. VI. to shine, sparkle, glitter.
wer2 (weri). VN. to see, observe. I w. yaremat. I saw people. CF. weri.

wereffius (were-ffiusiu). 1. N. flash, lightning, thunder. 2. VI. to flash, spark. Ye sa w. lag be yaf. It has suddenly flashed like fire.

werewer (were-were). N. lightning, shine, light, flash.

weri (werii). VT. see it, attack it, get it. I w. skooki we. I saw the airplane.

weriwer (weri-leri). VN. to see, observe. Ye tau w. shag yalius. He frequently sees ghosts.

Weriyeng (weriyangi). N. a legendary founder of one of the navigational schools.

wet1 (wete). N. sperm, semen, male fecundating fluid. Ye sa buulong wetel lan giyeneiul shoabut we. His sperm has entered the Fallopian tube of the woman.

wet2 (weti). VI. to claw, rake, seize, dig with (as if with claws). CF. wetiyas.

wetagi (watagii). VT. count it, reckon it, enumerate it, number it. Go be w. mai kela. You ought to count the breadfruit. CF. watewat.

Wetegaiu (wetegaiu). N. Wottagai (an island in Woleai).

weti (wetii). VT. wait for him, look forward expectantly to (seeing) him. Ye w. melewe bisil. He waited for his brother.

wetigeg (wetigagi). VI. [passive] to be scooped out, dug out. Ye sa w. metal ig we. The eyes of the fish have been scooped out. CF. wetigi, wetiwet.

wetigi (wetigii). VT. scoop it out, dig it out. Ye w. weiu metal ig we. He turned the eyes of the fish inside-out. CF. wetigeg, wetiwet.

wetiwet (weti-weti). VN. to scoop out, dig out. Ye w. metal ig. He is turning fish eyes inside-out. CF. wetigi, wetigeg.

wetiyas (wetiyasa). N. hawk, eagle.

wettemai (weli-tamai). N. [compound noun] my fathers. Re mil be w. They are supposed to be my fathers.
**wewaires** (wawairesi). VI. [progressive form of waires] to become harder. Ye sa w. lag. It is becoming harder and harder.

**wich** (wichi). VI., ADJ. (to be) tired, exhausted from staying too long in the sun. gawichi, make him tired. Ye sa w. mwal we. The man is tired after being in the sun all day.

**wiik** (wiike). ENG. N. week. w. we, last week. I sa iuriu tiw lettet wa we waai iwe i foori lan w. we. I launched that canoe of mine which I made last week.

**wiis** (wiisa). N. food set aside for tourists. Ye toar wiseer wa kawe. The visiting canoes have no food set aside for those people.

**wiisa-** (wiisa-). N. back part of a lobster, tail of a lobster. Ye gangi wiisel iur we. He ate the lobster’s tail.

**wiiski1** (wiiskii). ENG. N. whisky.

**wiiski2** (wiiskii). ENG. N. a kind of dance. Melewe taubaaial w. ila ye bulaas. The person in charge of the dance called “whisky” is drunk.

**wiiteg** (wiitagi). VI. [passive] to be pulled up, uprooted, extracted. Ye w. tag waliuwele we. The plant was uprooted. Cf. wiyy, wiwi.

**wiiwi** (wii-wii). VN. to pull, uproot, extract. Re w. bugor. They are pulling grass. Cf. wiyy, wiiteg.

**wiyy** (wii-a). VT. pull it up, uproot it, extract it. Ye w. tag waliuwele we. He pulled up the plant. Cf. wiiteg, wiiwi.

**win** (wini). ENG. N. to be prosperous, wealthy, rich, win. Ye w. gemas sensei we. The teacher is very rich.

**wish1** (wishi). N. banana (musa). Four varieties are found on Falalas which are named after their supposed islands of origin, Truk, Saipan, Yap and Ponape. sefaiu w., a banana. Sheleey w. kamwu be gelami. Grind those bananas for your food.

**wish2** (wishi). VI. to walk around with a fighting weapon. Ye w. fetal faal yaal saar. He is walking around with his knife.

**wish3** (wishi). VN. to hit, get ready to fight. Ye w. fetal. He is getting ready to fight.
wishibesh (wishi-beshe). N. a kind of banana.

wishichug (wishi-li-shugu). N. a kind of banana (Trukese banana).

wishiiy (wishi-a). vt. hit it, strike it, knock it, slap it, smack it, give a blow to it. Ye w. tipaapal imw we. He hit the wall of the house.

wishilifoalopei (wishi-li-foalopei). N. a kind of banana.

wishisukar (wishi-sukara). N. sweet banana, sato banana. Ye mwongo w. He is eating sweet bananas.

wishital (wishi-tali). N. a kind of banana.

wiwishiiy (wiwishi-a). vt. [progressive form of wishiiy] to be hitting.

wiy (wiya). N. school of fish which usually does a lot of jumping and splashing in the water. Ye toulap w. lenamw. There are many schools of fish in the lagoon.

wo1 (woo). VN. to look (at), scrutinize. CF. woori.

wo2 (woo). N. letter O.

woa- (woa-). N. [locational] on, topside, upside. Ye wol woal shoabut we. He lies on top of the woman.

Woalibaiu (woali-baiu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

woatelag (woatelagi). VI., ADJ. to pile, form a heap, piled. mal w., stack of things. Ye sa w. tag. It has been piling up.

wokas (wokasi). JAP. N. biscuit, cracker, candy.


wol2 (wolo). VI. to lie down, lay oneself down, stretch oneself, exist, be located. Ye w. faal. He is lying under it.


wola- (wola-). [Western dialect. wolo- in Eastern dialect] NUM. six. wolemal yaremat, six persons.
**wolaag**₁ (wolaagi). N. field, plain, open land area. seuw w., a field.

**wolaag**₂ (wolaagi). VN. to clean, clear, dig out roots from, hoe. Re w. falsiuw. They are cleaning the whole island.

**wolabei** (wolabei). N. diagonal struts of a house. Re gatega wolabei imw we. They are putting up the diagonal strut of the house.

**wolati** (wolatii). VT. spread it out, mark it, write it, flip it (as a page of a book). Ye w. baabiyor we. He turned the pages of the book. CF. woletag.

**wolebuw** (wolebuwa). N. twelfth day of the month.

**woletag** (woletagi). VI. [passive] to be spread out, flipped. Ye sa w. lag rakesang we. The parachute is being spread (out).


**wolo-** (wolo-). [Eastern dialect. wola- in Western dialect] NUM. six. wolofash wa, six canoes. wolouw mai, six pieces of breadfruit.

**woloal** (wola-wola). VN. to flip, turn over. Ye w. baabiyor. He is flipping the pages of the book.


**Wolofaat** (wolofaati). N. name of a legendary hero who was supposed to be the son of Luugoilang. He was popular for his tricks.


**wololimas** (wololi-mase). 1. VI. to mourn for a dead person. Re w. shoa kawe. Those people are mourning. 2. N. mourning.


**wolomwaaiu** (wolo-mwaaiu). N. thirteenth day of the month.


wolopag (wolo-pagi). VI. to settle, lie still, be set. Ye w. paangal fauriumil. Everything is set.

woloshib (wolo-shiba). VI., ADJ. to lie around awkwardly, lay oneself awkwardly, sleep fitfully, fitfully sleeping. mal w., fitfully sleeping person. Ye w. gemas sar we. The child lies awkwardly.

woloshig (woloshi)g. N. young coconut tree. Ye gemacho lag sebash w. He cut down a young coconut tree.

Wolotal (wolo-tali). N. name of an island in Elato.

wolotiw (wolo-tiwe). VI. to lie down, lay oneself down. Ye w. ni giyegi shoabut we. The woman lies down in the mat.


wong (wongi). N. turtle, tortoise. seuw w., a turtle.

wongiti (wongiti). VT. squeeze it, press it hard (in order to extract liquid, juice, etc.). W. lag shan mengaag la. Squeeze out the water from that cloth. CF. wongiwong.

wongiwong (wongi-wongi). VN. to squeeze, press hard. Ye w. gepan. He is squeezing out water from his thu. CF. wongiti.

woo- (woo-). N. bunch, bundle, cluster; homogeneous group. seuw wool baaiu, whole bundle of bamboo.

woofaliuw (woo-faliuwa). N. course of sailing to arrive at a particular destination, art of locating an island. Ye sa giula w. He has mastered the art of locating islands.

Wooireg (wooi-ragi). N. ocean between Lamotrek and Satawal.

wooki (wookii). JAP. VI. to be big, huge, large, enormous. Ye w. gemas melewe gan shoabut we. The woman’s sex organ is unbelievably huge.

Woolibaiu (woolibaiu). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

woomey (woomeya). N. goat fish.
woopaiu (woo-paiu). N. length from end of the fingers to the elbow of the opposite arm with the arms stretched. sengaf me w., one and five sixths fathoms. W. yelail ira we. The log is as long as five sixths of a fathom.

woori (woorii). vt. look at it, scrutinize it, look into it. Ye w. gapil wa we. He looked at the keel of the canoe.

wooti (wootii). vt. unhook it, remove it from a hook, unfasten by disengaging a hook. Ye w. raw we. He unhooked the pot.

woranto (worantoo). ENG. ground. N. baseball field, ground. Re ur lan w. we. They are playing in the baseball field.

worobil (worobili). N. a kind of fish.

worocho (woroli-shoo). N. coconut fiber, soft inside coconut husk. Ye gak w. He is picking coconut fibers.

woromi (woromii). vt. swallow it, gulp it down. Ye w. lag shal we. He swallowed the water.

worong (woronga). N. throat, neck. lan worongal, inside of his throat.


woroor (worooro). N. fence, barrier intended to prevent intrusion or to mark a boundary.

Wosafeo (wosafeo). N. name of one of the five villages in Falalap.

wosh (wosho). N. reef, coral, lime.


woshorang (wosho-ranga). N. yellow reef, yellow coral.

wosongaach (wosongaachi). JAP. N. Christmas (The literal Japanese meaning is New Year.). W. raleiy. Today is Christmas day.

wot (wota). N. a kind of swamp taro (colocasia). Re mwongo w. They are eating taro.

wotofile (wota-filee). N. a kind of taro (alocasia macrorrhiza var.). CF. file.
wolemwiulw (wota-mweliuw). N. a kind of taro.

wotoobaai (wotoobaai). ENG. N. scooter, motorcycle. Ye tag tag sefash w. He rode up on a scooter.

wotoshal (wota-shalo). N. a kind of taro.

wou (wou). N. sugar cane.
-\(\text{y} \) (-ya). [-w after a round vowel] [3rd per. sing. ob. suffix] him, her, it. *I be liiy. I will kill it. I be gasiuw. I will erect it.*

\(\text{ya} \) (ya). [alternant of sa (q.v.)]

\(\text{-ya} \) (-a). [-ya and -ye after an unrounded vowel; -wa and -we after a round vowel; -ye and -we between high vowels] [possessive classifier formative. This suffix changes a transitive verb into a possessive classifier and is always followed by a possessive suffix.] \(\text{weriyei} \), what I see (cf. \(\text{weri see it} \). \(\text{biuniuwemw} \), what you break (cf. \(\text{biuniu-} \) break (it)). \(\text{Weriyal mal} \) we. The bird is what he saw.

\(\text{yaa-} \) (yaa-). [possessive classifier for general objects] \(\text{yaai baabiyor} \), my book. \(\text{yaai chiya} \), my chair. \(\text{yaamw skuul} \), your school.

\(\text{yaak} \) (yaakiu). ADV. [sentential, exclamatory] oh! (female expression of surprise).

\(\text{yaakiyu} \) (yaakiyuu). JAP. N. baseball.

\(\text{yaalegeshiliu} \) (yaalegeshi-liu). N. a kind of swamp plant (*cyperus odoratus*).  

\(\text{yaali} \) (yaalii). VT. own it, possess it, become the owner of it. *I sa y. lag betau we. I have become the possessor of the basket. CF. \(\text{yaaya} \).*

\(\text{Yaat} \) (yaato). N. name of a legendary woman (wife of Yool).

\(\text{yaaaur} \) (yaauru). N. a kind of male dance.

\(\text{yaaya} \) (yaa-yaa). VN. to use (general objects), own temporarily. *I be y. mwo pen we yaamw. I will use your pen for a while. CF. \(\text{yaa-} \), \(\text{yaali} \).*

\(\text{yaf}_1 \) (yafa). VI. to swim. Ye yaf. He swims.

\(\text{yaf}_2 \) (yafi). N. fire, flame, blaze.

\(-\text{yaf} \) (-yafi). [-ye after a high vowel] N. [numeral classifier for bundles or groups of ten (or eight) referring to coconuts, eggs, copra, etc.] \(\text{seyaf liu} \), a bundle of coconuts.
yafelag1 (yafelagi). N. twentieth day of the month.

yafelag2 (yafelagi). VN. to pass, go past. Ye sa y. yal. The sun has passed noon time.


yafileo (yafiileo). 1. N. post celebration of a fishing trip (done only by males). 2. VI. to cook fish to celebrate a fishing trip. Re sa y. mwal. The men are cooking fish for them.

yafiti (yafitii). VT. carry it under the arms. Y. sar la. Carry that child under your arm. CF. yafiye.

yafiye (yafi-yafi). VN. to carry under the arm. Ye y. shiug. She is carrying baskets under her arms. CF. yafiti.

yafuush (yafuushu). N. a kind of hard-land plant (crateva speciosa).

yag (yagi). N. food gathered for funeral ceremony.

yagi- (yagi-). N. [Occurs with a possessive suffix.] reason, benediction, cause, due to, because of. I tewai lag be yagil be geel. I won’t go because of you.

yagiya (yagia-a). VT. think it, ponder it, consider it. Gai y. kofal mena. You guys, think about that! CF. yagiye.


yagiunngaw (yagiu-ningawa). VI. to have an upset stomach, not feel well. Ye y. lan segal. He has an upset stomach.

yagiye (yagi-yagi). VN. to think, ponder, consider, maneuver, concentrate on. Re y. lag shag. They keep thinking.

yagoyag1 (yago-yago). VN. to tie together, bind. Re y. wa. They are tying the sides of canoes together.

yagoyag2 (yagoyago). N. top-shell (trochus intextus).
yai (yai). ENG. N. letter I.

-yai (-ai). [1st per. sing. ob. suffix] [-yei after a high unrounded vowel, -wei after a high round vowel, -we after a high round vowel] me. giulaayai, know me. weriyei, see me. gamwongoowai, feed me. gemasiuriuwei, make me sleep.

yainoko (yainokoo). JAP. N. half-caste, mixed-blood child, half-breed.

yais (yaisa). N. a kind of tree with fragrant smell of its fruit (The fruit is scraped and fragrant flakes are squeezed for perfume juice.).

yaiu- (yaiu-). N. [Occurs with a suffix.] appearance, condition, shape. yaiuishig, (to be) skinny. mwal yaiuishig we, that skinny man. Ye yaiuishig. He is skinny.

yaiuchaal (yaiu-chaali). N. atmosphere, weather condition. lan y, in the atmosphere. cf. yaiu-.

yaiul (yaiula). N. a kind of fish (gymnosarda nuda, etc.).

yaiulap (yaiul-lapa). VI., ADJ. (to be) large, huge, enormous, big. imw y, large house. Ye y. imw yeel. This house is large.

yaiulibong (yaiuli-bongi). N. atmospheric condition of night, night. Ye gach y. The night is bright and clear. CF. yaiu-.

yaiung (yaiunga). N. image, picture (photograph).

yaiungeiung1 (yaiungaiunga). VI. to grow very unhealthily, be un-healthy. Ye y. lag shag sar we. The child is in very poor health.

yaiungeiung2 (yaiungaiunga). VI. to be hardly or barely visible due to rain, distance or darkness. Ye y. tag shag faliuw. The island is barely visible.

yaiur (yaiura). N. size (used with thin, long objects), thickness. Ye gach yaurel yoa we. The fish-line is not too thick and not too thin but just about the right size.

Yaiur (yaiuriu). N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.

yaiuriulap (yaiuriu-lapa). N. south. SYN. iyeur. Ye y. shoabut we. The woman is skinny.
yaiushig (yaiu-shigi). VI., ADJ. (to be) skinny, thin, slender, narrow. 
geyaiushigiiy, make it thin. shoabut y. la, that thin woman. Ye y. He 
is skinny. CF. yaiu-. 

yaiushigishig (yaiu-shigi-shigi). VI. to be very skinny, thin, narrow. Ye 
y. It is very skinny. 

yaiut (yaiuta). N. current, tidal or nontidal movement of lake or ocean 
water. 

yaiuteg (yaiutegi). N. spouse. 

yaiuttet (yaiuli-tati). N. atmospheric condition of the sea, sea. Ye 
nngaw y. The sea is rough. CF. yaiu-. 

yaiuw (yaiuwa). N. a kind of fish (neomyxus chaptalii, etc.). 

yaiuyeu (yaiuyaiu). N. a kind of fish (aprion virescens, etc.). 

yakiuraai (yakiuraai). JAP. N. long flashlight. 

yal1 (yala). N. road, way, path, street, pass, lane, passage. 

yal2 (yali). VI., ADJ. to fly, move through the air, flying. waayal, airplane 
(lit. flying vehicle). 

yal3 (yali). N. hair, thread, thin object. yanishimw, hair (of one’s head). 
CF. -yal. 

yal4 (yalo). N. sun. 

-yal (-yali). [-yel after a high vowel] N. [numeral classifier for thin 
pieces or sheets] seyal baabiyor, a sheet of paper. riuwaal sheo, two 
leaves. seliyl temaag, three (pieces of) cigarettes. 

yaleela (yaleela). 1. N. something used for protection from dirt, cover. 
2. VI. to put a cover (on). Y. lan poa la. Put a cover on that floor. 

Yalengashig (yalengashigi). N. name of an island in Woleai. 

yaleyal (yaleyale). VN. to desire, wish. I y. be gaang semal mal. I wish I 
were a bird. 

wish for it.
Yalimat (yalimata). N. name of an island in Ulithi.

Yalimateo (yalimateo). N. Andromeda (star).

Yaliulap (yaliulapa). N. name of a legendary king of the sky.

yaliulimmwaregiy

(yaliulimmwaregiya). N. a kind of sickness.

yalius1 (yaliusa). N. beard, chin, sideburns. yaliusei, my beard.

yalius2 (yaliusi). N. ghost, spirit, god, chant directed to a god or a spirit. Y. ttet! Devil of the sea!, God damn!

yaliusebol (yaliusa-bola). 1. N. bushy beard, long beard, long side-burns. 2. vi. to have a long beard. Ye y. mwal we. The man has a long beard.

yaliut (yaliuta). N. small uninhabited island. Re lag wel y. They went to those small uninhabited islands.

yaliuwelang (yaliuwe-langi). N. sky or any of the heavenly bodies. Ye sa riug lag y. The moon has undergone another lunar rotation.

yaliyel (yali-yali). 1. N. fast flier (bird, etc.). 2. vi. to fly fast. Ye y. mal we. The bird flies fast.

yalo (yaloo). N. speech, lecture, conversation. Ye nngaw yalool. His speech is bad.

Yaluub (yaluuba). N. name of a place on Falalus.

yam1 (yama). GERMAN. N. district administration, government office, office.

yam2 (yama). vi. to get accustomed to, familiar with, aquainted with, know. Re sa y. reel ur we. They now know the dance.

yampaang (yampaanga). JAP. simpaang or Eng. umpire. N. umpire, referee.

yamw1 (yamwa). vi. to peep, loom up, stretch one’s neck either up or out to spy on something, stick one’s head out. Ye y. tag. He stuck out his head.
yamw2 (yamwa). N. two pairs of V-like sticks which are placed on the outrigger float to hold up the two outrigger booms.

yan1 (yane). VI. to be wise, smart; to think. Y. tau y. He is wise.


yang1 (yanga). N. ginger. y. mag, wilted ginger.

yang2 (yanga). VI. to stick one’s hand out, reach out for, extend one's hand (giving or taking something). Y. tog. Extend your arm this way.

yang3 (yangi). N. wind, blast, air in motion.

yang4 (yango). N. gardenia, Cape jasmine. Ye sa mwulomwul y. kawe. Those gardenias have been crumpled.

-yang (-yanga). N. [numeral classifier for stretched finger lengths] ri- uwaang, two stretched finger lengths. Seyang yelail waalish we yaal. His pencil is one stretched finger length. Cf. yengaang1.

yangekiuw (yanga-kiuwa). VI., ADJ. to touch things constantly, be very touchy, mischievous. sar y., mischievous child. Ye y. sar we. The child constantly touches things that are in his way.

yangelap (yanga-lapa). N. main rope on the sailing canoe which runs from the top of the canoe mast to the triangle-like stick which connects the ends of the two outriggers. Y. mmweiu y. we. The rope of the canoe mast is broken.

yanggeeluus (yanggeeluusu). ENG. N. angels.

yangikar (yangikara). ENG. N. anchor.

yangit (yangita). VI. to be disadvantageous, unfavorable, adverse, detrimental, be in bad position. Ye tai ttir wa we bon ye y. reel ni- uriul faliuw we. The canoe is moving slowly because it is in bad position in relation to the island.

Yangiyaiur (yangi-yaiuriu). N. name of a place on Falalus.

yangiyefang (yangi-yefangi). N. a kind of fish.
yangiyeng (yangi-yangi). vi. to blow (of wind), be windy. Ye ɣ. It is windy.

yangoshig (yangi-shi-gi). N. a kind of swamp plant (curcuma).

yangoyang (yang-o-yang). vi., adj. (to be) yellow, yellowish, of ginger color. leo ɣ., yellow bottle. Ye ɣ. ttiulal. Its color is yellowish.

yanif (yanifa). N. board, plank, taro-pounding board. Ye gach ɣ. we yaal. Her taro-pounding board is good. Ye sa shaperag lag mai kawe faal ɣ. we. The breadfruit has been flattened under the board.

yanishimw (yalili-shimwe). N. hair of one’s head.

yanngenngaw (yannga-nngawa). vi., adj. (to be) imperfect in doing something, clumsy, sloppy, poor. mal ɣ., sloppy person. Ye ɣ. mwal we reel fflooril imw. The man is not well trained in building houses.

yantaar (yantaara). ENG. N. altar, Communion table.

yap (yapi). N. trip. ɣ. ragiusiugius, frequent trip.

Yap (yapa). N. Yap.

yapileg (yapilagi). vi., adj. [passive] (to be) twisted, crooked. wa ɣ., crooked canoe. Ye ɣ. pesheel. His legs are crooked. CF. yapili.

yapili (yapili). vt. twist it, crook it. Y. paiul sar la. Twist the child’s arms. CF. yapileg.


yapishash (yapishasha). vi. to be westernized, of foreign nature. Ye sa ɣ. Yap. Yap is westernized.

yapiweiu (yapi-waiu). vi. to go out (once again). Ye sa bal ɣ. mwal we. The man went out again.

yapiyep (yapiyapi). vn. to repeat, keep calling, reiterate. Ye sa ɣ. shag itel melewe temal. He kept calling the name of his father.

yar1 (yare). vi. to get through (a channel, etc.) without being caught, seen, or broken. Ye ɣ. long wa we. The canoe got through the channel without being damaged.

yar2 (yari). N. a kind of fish.
yar3 (yaro). N. premna tree.

yarebiugiuw (yarebiugiwa). N. eleventh day of the month.

yaregulung (yaregulungo). N. a kind of fish.

yaremaano (yaremaanoo). N. Catholic Brothers.

yaremat1 (yaremata). N. person, people, folk, human being. paangal y., all the people.

yaremat2 (yaremata). 1. N. a stage of growth and development of human beings or animals in which the embryo, in the case of some animals which lay eggs, turns into a different form which resembles the existing characteristics of that particular species. 2. VI. to have a young (of the species) inside. Ye sa y. siugiun we. The egg is with a chick inside.

Yaremooi (yaremooi). N. Arcturus (star).

yareng (yarengiu). 1. N. coconut cream, bone marrow, coconut milk. 2. VI. to cook food with coconut milk.

yarengiufisifis (yarengiu-fisifisi). N. boiled coconut milk, food which is mixed with boiled coconut milk.

yareong (yarengiu). [alternate spelling of yareng (q.v.)]

yareyar (yare-yare). VI. get through (a channel) one by one, come through. Re sa y. long wa kawe. Those canoes are coming through the channel one by one.

yarikiri (yarikirii). JAP. VI. to be done hurriedly without seriousness, conducted in an illegitimate way. Ye y. yaar yengaag. Their work was done hurriedly without seriousness.

yariusha (yariushaa). N. red part of fish flesh. Ye mwongo y. He is eating the red part of the fish meat.

yariushaasha (yariushaashaa). VI., ADJ. (to be) reddish, pinkish, bloody. mal y., reddish thing. Ye y. melewe giletal. His wound is red with blood.

yariuyer (yariuyariu). 1. N. stirring stick. Ye biun lag y. we. The stirring stick broke. 2. VN. to stir. Ye y. raw. She is stirring the pot.
yariyer (yariyari). VN. to scoop up, dip up (from a shell). Ye yı. pel. He is scooping up soft coconut meat from the shell.

yaro-1 (yaro-). N. [locational] (a place) nearby, closeness of, in the vicinity of, in the neighborhood of. yarol imwe, near my house.


yarofali (yarofalii). vt. call him, miss him, mention it. Ye yı. lag shag sar we laiul. She keeps mentioning the name of her child.

yarogonga (yarogonga). N. a piece of floating wood of a specific tree, a kind of drifting log.

yarogongal (yarogongali). VI., ADJ. to have a hairy chest, hairy. ub yı., hairy chest. Ye yı. mwal we. The man has a lot of hair on his chest.

yarioiut1 (yaro-i-uta). N. rain, rainfall, rainwater.

yarioiut2 (yarioiuta). N. male sweetheart.

yaroma (yaromaa). N. a kind of hard-land tree (pipturus argenteus?).

yarong (yarongo). N. a kind of fish (caranx melampygus, etc.).

yas1 (yase). N. liver. yasesh, our liver.


yas3 (yaso). 1. N. roof, thatch, coconut-frond thatch. semal yı., one thatch, one coconut-frond thatch. 2. vi. to be roofed, have a roof. Ye sa yı. imw we. The house is roofed.


yasefaliuw (yase-faliuwa). vi. to go sightseeing. Re lag yı. They went sightseeing.

yash (yasha). N. angled handle of a stone axe, handle, handled axe.

yasimi (yasimii). JAP. vi. to take a break, take a rest, stop working. Si bel yı. We will take a break.

yasiuneiu (yasiuneiu). N. Pacific mackeral.
yasiuyesos (yasiu-yasiu). [alternate spelling of yasiuyes (q.v.)]

**yasiuyes** (yasiu-yasiu). vi. [progressive form of yas] to be splashing, making a splash. *Re y. fetal lettet*. They are making splashes in the water.

**Yasor** (yasoro). N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll, Yasor.


**yat3** (yati). vi., adj. to bear flowers or fruit, bud, having fruit. *wish y.*, banana with fruit. *Ye sa y. wish we*. The banana plant has borne fruits.

**yat4** (yatiu). vi. to splash, dash water about. *yatiul wa we*, splashing of the canoe. *Ye sa y. lag loal wa we*. The canoe has splashed on the waves.

**yat5** (yatiu). vi. to be excited, aroused, stimulated, highly strung, wrought up. *Ye sa y. shoabut we*. The woman is excited.

**yat6** (yato). N. time, at the time when. *y. we*, the time, at the time.

**yateffash** (yate-ffasha). vi., adj. to have scanty or no beard, beardless. *mwal y.*, beardless man. *Ye y. mwal we*. The man has no beard.

**yatemagil** (yatemagili). vi. to try, endeavor, make an effort. *Ye y. gemas*. He tries very hard.

**yatemagiliy** (yatemagili-a). vt. try it, endeavor (to do) it, do one’s best for it.

**yatemak** (yate-makiu). N. center of the chin.

**yatibesh** (yatibeshi). N. native medicine which is cooked on open fire and put on the body to reduce pain.

**Yatilibuw** (yatilibuwa). N. name of a place on Falalap.

**yatiligiuweel** (yatili-giuweeli). N. nickname for clitoris (lit. spathe of lizard).
Yatimwashey (yatimwasheya). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

yatting (yatinga). N. public net. Pagow we ye sa sheengi long y. we. The shark has gone through the net.

yatitoal (yati-toala). N. coconut blossom.

yatolibaaui (yatoli-baaiu). N. time around three to four o’clock in the afternoon. Ye sa y. It is around four o’clock in the afternoon.

yatoligosh (yatoli-gosho). N. time around five to six o’clock in the afternoon. Ye sa y. It is about 5 to 6 o’clock p.m.

yatoligosholiniwel (yatoli-gosholi-niwalu). N. time around four o’clock in the afternoon. Ye sa y. It is about 4:00 p.m.

yatool (yatoola). N. a kind of sweet coconut, its tree.

yator (yatoro). N. a kind of fish (opercularis, etc.).

yatossefash (yatoli-sefasho). N. time immediately before sunset. Ye sa y. It is almost dark.

Yatt (yatta). N. name of an island in Faraulep.

yattemweiu (yattemeiu). VN. to restrict (a certain area for visiting, etc.), forbid. CF. yattemweiuw.

yattemweiuw (yattemwei-a). VT. restrict it (an area), forbid it. Re y. lag faliuw we. They forbade people from going to the island.

Yaurupig (yaurupiga). N. Eauripik in Yap District.

yaut (yauta). VI., ADJ., VN. (to be) filled, loaded, packed (of a bag or any kind of container); to fill, load, pack. raw y., filled pot. Ye sa y. raw yeel. This pot is filled. CF. yauteli.

yauteli (yautalii). VT. fill it, load it, pack it. CF. yaut, gaauteli.

yauten (yautani). N. content of, load of. Ye toar y. shiug yeel. There is nothing (no load) in this basket.

yautenibun (yautanibuno). N. tribute of the land, tribute paid by Outer Islands people to Yap Proper (i.e., gift given during the sawey exchange).
**yautong** (yautongo). N. a kind of yellow coral reef, a kind of coral (yellow, itchy kind).


**yaw2** (yawa). N. purlin battens of a house.

**ye1** (ye). **SUBJ.** [3rd per. sing.] he, she, it. **Ye sa tefaal me spiital.** He (or she) has come back from the hospital. **Ye toulap wa ffloor me Iulitiw.** Many canoes are made in Ulithi.

**ye2** (ye). **CONJ.** [clause connector] and so, and then, but. **Go sa ser y. ye sa ifa sengal?** You said that but why was that? **Ye sa buulong, buulong y. lan fal we.** They went and went (and so) into a men’s house.

**ye3** (yee). **DEM.** [close to the speaker] this (near me).

**-ye** (-a). [alternant of -ya (q.v.)]

**yeeb** (yeebe). **ADV.** [sentential] no. **Y., i tewai lag.** No, I won’t go. **ANT. ngoa.**


**yekis** (yekisi). **ENG. N.** letter X.

**yeel** (yee-la). **DEM.** [close to the speaker] this here (near me). **wa y., this canoe here. I tipeli yaremat y. be ye gach.** I like this person here because he is so good.

**yees** (yeesi). **ENG. N.** letter S.

**Yeew** (yeewa). N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.

**-yef** (-yafi). [alternant of -yaf (q.v.)]

**yefaaf** (yafa-afa). to swim vigorously. **Ye y. lag shag.** He kept on swimming (vigorously). **CF. yaf1.**

**yefaing** (yefaingi). N. twenty-ninth day of the month.

**yefang1** (yefangi). N. north, northern direction.
yefang₂ (yefangi). N. winter, season with few or no breadfruit. ANT. rag₂.

yefangilap (yefangi-lapa). N. north. SYN. iyefang.

yefangilesal₁ (yefangi-le-salo). N. northwest wind.

yefangilesal₂ (yafangi-le-salo). N. north-northwest (halfway between north and northwest).

Yefangilesal (yefangi-lesalo). N. name of a place on Sulywap.

yefangileyas (yefangi-le yasa). N. north-northeast (halfway between north and northeast).

yefar (yafara). N. shoulder. yaferai, my shoulder. yefaremam, our shoulder.

-yefar (-yafara). N. numeral classifier for the length from one shoulder to the fingertips on the opposite shoulder. seyefar mengaag, one shoulder-length of cloth. CF. yefar.

yeff (yeffi). N. letter F.

yefuush (yefuushu). N. a kind of tree which bears fruit (crataeva).

yei (yei). ENG. N. letter A.

-yei (-ai). [alternant of -yai (q.v.)]

yeish (yeishi). ENG. N. letter H.

yeiu (yeiu). N. twenty-eighth day of the month.

yeiyewal (yeiyewala). ULITHIAN. VI. to be undecided, discouraged. Yeiyewal. It’s undecided.

yek (yekiu). ADV. [sentential, exclamatory] oh, alas, ah. Yek ngoa! Oh, yes!

-yel1 (-yali). [verbal suffix. Appears with a limited number of verbs, giving them the meaning ‘around’] mwaliyel, to be dizzy. baaliyel, to go around. gaaliyel, to fly around. faaliyel, to circle. I mwaaliyel. I am dizzy.

-yel2 (-yali). [alternant of -yal (q.v.)]

Yela (yalaan). N. name of an island in Ifaluk.

Yelaat (yelaato). N. Elato (island in the vicinity of Woleai).

yelai (yelai). N. length. yelail waalish we yaal, the length of his pencil. Ye gach yelail. The length of it is just about right.

yelang (yalanga). N. strip of a rock-pile. Ye matt wel y. He is sitting on the rock-pile.

Yelangelap (yalanga-lapa). N. name of an island in Ifaluk.


yeling (yelinga). N. second day of the month.

Yeliuyel (yeliuyeliu). N. Orion’s Belt star.

yell (yella). ENG. N. letter L.

yemat (yemata). VI., ADJ. (to be) raw, not cooked, new. mwongo y., raw food.

yemetal (yemetalii). N. eighth day of the month.

yemm (yemma). ENG. N. letter M.

yemma (yemmaa). ENG. N. hammer, sledge.

yemwaamw (yamwa-amwa). VN. to visit, look at, watch. Re lag y. temwaaiu. They went to visit the patient.

yemwari (yemwarii). VT. look at it, visit him, watch it. Y. sar laal. Look at the child over there. SYN. mwaari.

yenai (yenai). vi., adj. (to be) long, extended. mal y., long thing. Ye y. gemas baaiu kaal these bamboos are very long. CF. yelai.

yenap (yala-lapa). n. road, way, path. CF. yal1.

yengaang1 (yangaanga). 1. n. measure, span. 2. vn. to measure. Ye y. ngali gattiul. He measures with his fingers. CF. -yang.

yengaang2 (yengaanga). 1. n. work, job. seuw y., a job. 2. vi. to work. Ye y. He is working.

yengag (yengagi). vn. to watch, gaze at, look at amusedly. Ye y. ur. He is watching a dance.

yengal (yengala). n. shoulder bone of a turtle, a kind of turtle meat. Ye mwongo y. He is eating a kind of turtle meat.

Yengaligerail (yengaligeraili). n. name of an island in Woleai.


Yengaur (yengauru). n. name of an island in Palau District.

yengiuyeng (yengiuyengiu). n. grass skirt.


yeo1 (yeo). vi., adj. to get familiar with, be accustomed to, be acquainted with, get used to, knowledgeable, informative. mal y., knowledgeable person. Ye sa y. woal faliwei. He is now familiar with this island. CF. yeori.

yeo2 (yeo). n. awl, drill.

yeog (yeoga). vi., adj. (to be) ripe immaturity (in the stage of breadfruit development). Ye y. mai we. The breadfruit is ripe immaturity.

yeok (yekiu). [alternate spelling of yek (q.v.)]

yeol1 (yeola). n. part of a lavalava.

yeolaw₁ (yeolawa). N. a kind of sickness.

yeolaw₂ (yeolawa). N. a section of the canoe platform which is located right next to the outrigger float.


Yeoliuyeol (yeliuyeliu). [alternate spelling of Yeliuyel (q.v.)]

yeongiuyeong (yengiuyengiu). [alternate spelling of yengiuyeng (q.v.)]

yeoreor (yereoriu). [alternate spelling of yereor (q.v.)]

yeori (yorii). VT. be familiar with it, accustomed to it, acquainted with it, get used to it. Ye sa y. mwongol peraas. He is used to eating rice. CF. yeo₁.

yeoyam (yeoyama). VI., ADJ. (to be) expert in, good at, experienced in, accustomed to, skillful at. mal y., expert person. Mwal we ye sa y. reel pirefal maliug. The man is expert at stealing chickens.

yep (yepe). N. baby’s mat, infant’s mat.

yepar (yapara). N. certain fixed sign for locating places (in navigation). Mal we ila seuw y. The bird is a sign used by navigators to locate the land.

yepeep (yepeepa). N. leeward platform on a large canoe.

yeppei (yeppe). N. ninth day of the month.

yeraar (yeraara). N. wire connecting a hook with the fish-line, leader. Ye sa nngaw y. we. The wire attached to the lure and the main fish-line is in bad condition.

yerafiu (yerafiu). N. twenty-seventh day of the month.

yeraw (yarawa). N. traditional or recognized residence of a chiefly lineage, main house. Ye matt lan y. we. He is sitting in the main house.

yereor (yreora). N. part of the main stem that carries coconut fruits.

yereti (yeretii). VT. scoop it up, dig it out.
yeriu- (yeriu-). [alt. of iyeur (q.v.)] [This form appears in yeriulesal and yeriuleyas.] south.

yeriulesal (yeriu-le-salo). south-southwest (halfway between southwest and south).

yeriuleyas (yeriu-le-yasa). N. south-southeast (halfway between southeast and south).

Yeropa (yeropaa). ENG. N. Europe.

yesag (yesagi). N. romantic husband.

yesalimwar (yesalimwara). vi. to look around insecurely. Ye siul y. fetal. He is standing and looking around (insecurely).

yeshaff (yeshaffi). N. thirteenth day of the month.

Yesius (yesiusiu). ENG. N. Jesus Christ.


yetalimat (yetalimata). VI., ADJ. (to be) parted, divided (of hair, with a comb or hands). shimw y., parted hair. Ye y. shimwel. His (or her) hair is parted.

Yetalingel (yetalingeliu). N. name of an island in Eauripik.

Yetalipiy (yetalipiya). N. name of an island in Eauripik.

yetam (yatama). N. a kind of fish (caranx lugubris, etc.).

yetang1 (yetanga). N. two pieces of metal on which a pot is placed.

yetang2 (yetanga). N. male turtle waiting for his turn of sexual intercourse.

yewalimwashog (yawali-mwashogo). 1. N. liar, lie. 2. vi. to tell a lie, be a liar. Ye y. He is a liar.

yewaseisei (yawa-seisei). N. a kind of fish.
**Yewech** (yeweche). N. name of an island in Ulithi Atoll.

**Yo** (yoo). vi. to sneak (off), go stealthily or furtively, slink. *Ye yo ngali shoabut we ni bong.* He sneaks (off) to the woman at night.

**Yoai** (yoa). ADV. oh!, ah! SYN. **Yoaiu**.

**Yoal** (yoa). N. fishing line, string used for carrying baskets; band (as of a watch). *Yoor yoal betau ye yaai.* I have strings for carrying my basket. *Ye sa nngaw yoal kolook ye yaai.* The band of my watch is in bad condition.

**Yoaf** (yoafa). N. bridge, bridge-like tattoo.

**Yoagoyag** (yagoyago). [alternate spelling of *yagoyag* (q.v.)]

**Yoaiu** (yoaiu). ADV. [sentential, exclamatory] oh!, ah! SYN. **Yoai**.


**Yoalikeo**- (yoali-keo-). N. throat. *Yoalikeoi,* my throat.


**Yoapariuper** (yoa-pariupariu). N. imaginary lines between stars which are used by navigators.

**Yoarang** (yoaranga). N. a kind of tropic bird with yellow feet.

**Yoas** (yoasa). ENG. N. horse.

**Yoaya** (yoaya). vi. to curse, execrate, use profanely insolent language about people. *Re tau y.* They always curse.

**Yoji** (yogo). vi. to be possible, capable. *Ye y. be i be lag.* It is possible that I will go. *Ye be y. be i be mwongo gesh.* i can eat rats.

**Yoji** (yogo). vi. to be caught, captured. *Ye y. wong we.* The turtle was captured successfully.

**yoofius** (*yoofiusiu*). ENG. N. office. *Ye sa burongi lag gin pesheei lan y. yeel.* He has peeled the skin off my legs in this office.

**Yool** (*yoola*). N. name of a legendary male hero who was noted for his fishing skill (husband of *Yaat*).

**yoor** (*yooro*). [=yor] VI. [Immediately before this word, the subjective *ye* is omitted.] to exist, there is, there are. *Y. mwongo.* There is food.

**yoou** (*yoou*). ADV. [sentential, exclamatory] oh.

**yooyo** (*yoo-yoo*). VI. to be sneaking, going stealthily. *Ye y. lag.* He sneaks away.

**yop** (*yope*). VI. to hide, remain out of sight. *Ye y. niimw.* He hid in the house.

**yor** (*yoro*). [alternant of *yoor* (q.v.)]

**youwa** (*youwaa*). ADV. [sentential, exclamatory] oh.
ENGLISH-WOLEAIAN FINDERS
LIST
able

to be able to get through, be possible: *tawe*.
to be obtainable, capable (implying creativity), dextrous, able: *bang1*.
to be possible, good, able: *mmwel*.

about

about, as to, concerning: *gare*.
of, about, 's: *-l5*.

above

(a place, area) in the sky, above the ground, in the air, overhead: *weliliuwaas*.
above, upside: *iyat1*.
on, topside of, above: *we2*.

abrade

to have blisters, have scratches between the legs as a result of walking or wading in the water, abrade: *tatigeng*.

abraded

to be scratched, abraded: *ngar*.

abscess

scrofulous swelling, scabies, deep or chronic abscess: *mwooy*.

absent-minded

(to be) confused, absent-minded, stunned, stupefied: *mwaaliyas*.

absolutely

absolutely, completely (lit. body of), really: *galongal*.
absoluteness (of), necessarily, absolutely: *sipegil*.

absoluteness

absoluteness (of), necessarily, absolutely: *sipegil*.
absoluteness, definiteness: *fateniwa*-.

abundant

to be a lot, many, much, numerous, abundant, plentiful: *toulap*.
abuse
waste it, abuse it, squander it: getoalepa.

accepted
(to be) popular, socially well accepted: seshaafliy.

accompanied
to be accompanied, helped: shielag.

accompany
accompany him, help him: shiyleli.
follow him, accompany him, go with him: tabeey.
go with it, accompany it: fiti1.
to accompany, follow, go with, come after: ttab2.
to accompany, go after (a canoe, etc.): pila.

accomplish
finish it, complete it, accomplish it: gareta2.
to finish, complete, accomplish: gachechet.

account
explain it, account for it, clarify it: gematefa.

accurate
to be correct, accurate, exact: pash2.

accustomed
be familiar with it, accustomed to it, aquainted with it, get used to it: yeori.
make him accustomed to it: gayeow.
(to be) expert in, good at, experienced in, accustomed to, skillful at: yeoyam.
to get accustomed to, familiar with, aquainted with, know: yam2.
to get familiar with, be accustomed to, be acquainted with, get used to, knowledgeable, informative: yeo1.

acquainted
to get familiar with, be accustomed to, be acquainted with, get used to, knowledgeable, informative: yeo₁.

**across**

put it across, place it horizontally: gapengagi.

(to be) cross-wise, across, lie across, be horizontal: pengag.

**act**

act it, imitate it: pomwoli.

to act like a big-shot, stride, give oneself airs, bear oneself haughtily: gaiuseius.

**acting**

to be acting, imitating: pomwopomw.

**active**

make him active: mwaataata.

(to be) active: mwaataat.

(to be) active, encouraged, animated: maagiuf.

(to be) active, quick in physical movement, lively: mwetange-taang.

**active man**: mwetangetaang.

**active person**

active person, diligent person: mwaataat.

**actually**: fau.

**Adam’s apple**: faiuliworong.

Adam’s apple, throat: faiulikeo.

**add**

add it, collect it: gashu₂.

add more to it: gaumwulepa.

**adhere**

stick to it, attach to it, hold on it, cling to it, adhere to it: pe-shangi.

to stick, hold to something firmly, become fixed, adhere: ppash₂.
adhesive
adhesive, tape, plaster: *teep2.*
tape it, apply adhesive plaster to it: *teepa.*

**administer**
control over it (an area), etc. as the chief, administer it: *tamweliuw.*

**administration**
district administration, government office, office: *yam1.*

**admire**
like it, want it, admire it: *gachiuw.*

**admission**
confession, profession, admission: *puwaafaaai.*

**adopt**
adopt him as child, care for him: *faamwa.*
to adopt (child), adopted, care for: *faamw.*

**adorn**
to decorate, ornament, adorn, embellish: *gauweliuw.*

**adorned**
to be decorated, ornamented, adorned: *weliuw1.*
to be fully decorated, adorned: *weliuweliuw.*

**adornment**
decoration, adornment: *weliuw1.*
decortation, adornment, ornamentation: *gauweliuw.*

**adroit**
(to be) skillful, expert, dextrous, adroit, handy: *peshekiul.*

**adult**
youth, adult with skills: *seineeng.*

**adultery**
to sneak out at night, commit adultery: *gamwesau.*
advantage
benefit, sake, advantage, behalf: gemmag.
adverse
to be disadvantageous, unfavorable, adverse, detrimental, be in bad position: yangit.
advice
advice, counsel, recommendation, suggestion: folofol.
advise
advise him, counsel him: foloow.
advise him, preach him, talk to him: felaiuw.
adze
adze, axlike tool for trimming and smoothing wood, a tool with a curved blade at right angles to the handle: peshugul.
adze, cutting tool with a thin arched blade set at right angles to the handle: tela2.
axe, knife, stone adze, axe-like tattoo: shoapal.
cut it with an adze: peshuguluuw.
afar
to be far, outside, distant, a long way off, afar: ttaaw.
afloat
to float, rise up, be afloat: ppes1.
afraid
be afraid of him, fear it, be scared at it, be frightened at it: li-uwaagili.
fear it, be afraid of it: liuweeti.
make him afraid, scare him, frighten him: gemmetagiu.
to be afraid, fearful of, scared of: metag2.
to be scared, afraid, frightened: liuw.
after
after moon-set: mwirittub.
after, behind, back: *imwiri-*.
go after him, follow him: *mwiriy*.
(the) behind, after, backside, rear: *mwiri-*.

**afterbirth**
a part of a female’s womb, afterbirth, placenta: *seoiul*.

**afternoon**: *paleyal*.
(in) the afternoon: *lettabol yal*.

**against**
oppose it, be against it, object to it: *geppaliuweliyi*.

**age**: *rag2*.
(at) the time, time span, age, era, during: *libe-*.
generation, age group: *tar3*.

**age categories**
child, baby (male or female): *sar1*.
child, infant: *gat1*.
earlier part of *tarimwal*: *tarimwaalekit*.
female at puberty: *sar shoabut*.
female between forty and fifty: *shoabut*.
female child a few months old: *likoa*.
female from puberty to post puberty: *rigoat*.
female of a few months old: *ligaaw*.
female of post puberty age: *lifeiushig*.
female of sixty or above: *shoabut tugofaiy*.
later part of *tarimwal*: *tarimwaaleyaiunap*.

male around nine or ten years of age: *sar mwal*.

male between puberty and twenties: *tarimwal*.

male child of a few months old: *koakoa*.

male in his sixties (or over): *mwaaleletugofaiy*.

male of a few months old: *saugaaw*.
male of 40’s to 50’s: \textit{mwal}\textsubscript{1}.

pubescent girl: \textit{ulut}\textsubscript{1}.

\textbf{aged}

(to be) old, aged: \textit{tugofaiy}.

\textbf{aggressive}

(to be) aggressive, brave: \textit{faamelat}.

\textbf{aging}

to be aging, becoming old: \textit{bbebbes}.

\textbf{ago}

ancient time, old days, a long time ago: \textit{mwosuwe}.

old days, a long time ago: \textit{mwos}.

to have occurred a long time ago, take long, be of a long period of time, last: \textit{ssiuyelai}.

\textbf{agree}

make him agree, persuade him: \textit{gamweshali}.

meet him, encounter him, agree to it: \textit{shuungi}.

to agree, be persuaded: \textit{mweshal}.

to meet, encounter, come up with, agree (to): \textit{shu}.

\textbf{agreed}

to be complete, agreed upon, set, fixed: \textit{ppag}\textsubscript{2}.

\textbf{aground}

to hit, approach, go aground: \textit{ser}\textsubscript{1}.

\textbf{ah}

oh, alas, ah: \textit{yek}.

\textbf{ailment}

disease, ailment, sickness: \textit{mas}\textsubscript{2}.

sickness, illness, ailment, malady: \textit{piyooki}.

\textbf{air}
(a place, area) in the sky, above the ground, in the air, overhead: _weliuliuwaas_.

in the sky, in the air: _weliuniumwar_.
sky, heaven, up in the air: _weneng_.
wind, blast, air in motion: _yang_3.

**airfield**
airport, airfield: _skooso_.

**airplane**
airplane (lit. flying vehicle), plane, aircraft: _waayal_.
airplane, plane: _skooki_.
one-man airplane, fighter: _sintooki_.

**airport**
airport, airfield: _skooso_.

**aku**
bonito (aku): _garengaap_1.

**akule**
akule (a kind of fish): _pati_.

**alarmed**
to be frightened, surprised, astonished, alarmed, startled: _boobo_2.

** alas**
oh, alas, ah: _yek_.

**alcoholic**
make it alcoholic: _faluubaali_.
tuba, liquor, alcoholic beverage: _gashi_.
tuba, sour tuba, alcoholic tuba: _faluuba_.

**alien**
foreigner, stranger, alien: _waaseola_.

**alike**
to be alike, resemble each other: _weeweefengan_.

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to resemble, be alike in appearance, be the same, similar: \textit{weewe}.

\textbf{alive}

to be alive, give birth to a baby: \textit{melaw}.

to be breathing, alive: \textit{nngenngas}.

(to be) fresh, green, alive (as of plants): \textit{maiur}.

\textbf{all}

all, every: \textit{paanga-}.

all, every, very: \textit{ilegi-}.

together, all together: \textit{seuw}_2.

\textbf{allot}

distribute it (food), divide it, allot it, share it: \textit{pigere}ma.

(to distribute food on the basis of individuals rather than households, divide (food), allot or share (food): \textit{pigera}m.

\textbf{allow}

to let, allow, permit: \textit{fang}_2.

\textbf{almost}

only, almost, more: \textit{fai}.

\textbf{alone}

by oneself, alone: \textit{semal}_2.

\textbf{alongside}

to walk on the beach or along the beach, go alongside of: \textit{ssaw}.

\textbf{already}

usualness, already, customarily, ordinary: \textit{fasiu-}.

\textbf{also}

also, too: \textit{bal}.

\textbf{altar}

altar, Communion table: \textit{yantaar}.

\textbf{alternate}

to change, exchange, alternate: \textit{suuwel}.
to change, shift, take one’s turn, alternate: kootai.

**although**
in spite of the fact that, although: ligitibe.

**amaze**
amaze him, make him feel great, amuse him, delight him, entertain him: gaasefaliuwa.

**amen**
amen in praying (used only when we make the sign of the cross): amen.

**America: Mariiken.**

**among**
among, between: liuweliu-.
among, between (them): liuwen.

**amount**
amount, estimate: gaiureiur, kaiureiur.
amount, quantity, size: tou-.

**amputate**
saw it, cut it, sever it, amputate it, use a saw to cut it: reey.

**amuse**
amaze him, make him feel great, amuse him, delight him, entertain him: gaasefaliuwa.

**ancestor**
beginning, origin, ancestor, base, bottom, foundation, back of a body: shap.

**anchor:** feotag, yangikar.
anchor it, tie it: feotagiyy, feotagili.

**anchored**
to be anchored, tied: feotag.

**ancient**
ancient people, people of long time ago: remwosuwe.
ancient time: *loamw.*
ancient time, old days, a long time ago: *mwosuwe.*

**and**

and so, and then, but: *ye₂.*
and, then: *nge.*
and, with: *me₁.*

**angels:** *yanggeeluu₃.*

**anger**

a slight anger, suspicion, light feeling of a fish biting the bait: *nngir.*
anger, indignation, rage, fury, wrath: *ssoong.*
to be terrible, bad, of sudden and short anger (caused by certain indirect cursing which may be unconsciously said): *welinngaw.*
to get mad, build up anger: *lingeringer.*

**angle**

to troll (in fishing), to angle: *bil.*

**angry**

make her angry, make her mad: *galingeriingeryiy.*
make him angry, make him mad: *gasige.*
slightly angry or mad, feel unpleasant: *pitissoong.*
tease him, make him angry or mad: *gassoonga.*
to be angry, mad: *ssoong.*
to be mad, angry, hostile: *sig.*
to get mad easily, be angry easily: *sigesig.*
to tease, make angry: *gassoong.*

**angular**

make it angular, let it have corners: *gefatifetiyy.*
(to be) angular, cornered: *fatifet.*

**animal**
animal, bird, animate object: *mal*$_4$.
baby animal, baby bird: *gapp*.
bird of, animal of: *man*$_2$.

**animate**
encourage him, animate him, inspire him: *gemaagiufa*.
fourth animate object: *gefaaman*.
to encourage, animate, compete with: *gemmaagiuf*.

**animate object**
animal, bird, animate object: *mal*$_4$.

**animated**
(to be) active, encouraged, animated: *maagiuf*.

**ankle:** *gurubul peshe*.

**anniversary**
feast, saint day, anniversary, birthday: *bong*$_2$.

**announce**
to announce immediately (particularly one’s departure): *neg*$_2$.
to announce to the relatives of a dead person the number of lavalavas and clothes that are brought for the dead: *gatiuttiul*$_2$.
to announce, declare: *gappiyo*.
to go out on an official trip and announce that certain things such as meeting or fighting will take place at a certain time and place: *gashu*$_1$.

**announced**
to spread (as of news), be announced (of something that had been lost for a long time and finally discovered), get through an object, discover: *she*$_3$.

**anoint**
apply lubricant to it, rub it with the hands, anoint it: *gapiti*.
paint it, anoint it: *gamisiiy*.
to rub with the hands, oil the body, anoint: *gapit*.

**anointed**

(to be) painted, anointed, drawn: *gamis*.

**anointment**

own it as one’s anointment: *gapiteli*.

paint, anointment: *gamis*.

**answer**

answer him, reply to him, respond to him: *paliuweli*.

**ant:** *leng*.

a kind of black ant: *ugesh*₂.

**anticipate**

to expect, anticipate, look to: *liugiuliug*₂.

**anus:** *ngetaliburiuw*.

**anxious**

to be homesick, impatient, in a hurry, anxious: *pak*₁.

to be impatient, eager, anxious: *ppat*₂.

to hurry, be anxious, be eager: *paaiy*.

**apart**

place it apart, take it apart, separate it: *weey*₁.


to separate, set apart, sever: *iyaag*₁.

**apologize**

to comfort, apologize, persuade, console: *gashipeship*.

**appear**

to appear, loom up: *ling*.

to appear, show up, come into sight, loom: *naamw*.

to appear, show up, loom up, be barely seen: *mmwar*.

to come up to the surface, appear from behind, be disclosed (of a secret): *bba*₂.

to happen, occur, appear, arise: *wel*₂.
to look, appear: *gaus*.
to swarm (of a school of fish), appear (from behind): *ba*₁.
to turn out, appear, become clear, come into view: *nag*₁.

**appearance**
appearance, condition, shape: *yaiu-*.
appearance, look, feature, nature: *yaro*-2.
appearance, pose, feature: *gaus*.

**appease**
settle it, appease it, make it calm down: *gepasso*.

**appeasement**
persuasion (by), appeasement (by): *ship*₁.

**appetite**
arouse his appetite: *gemwano*.
to feel like vomiting, lose appetite, dislike: *nou*.

**apple**
mountain apple, apple tree (*eugenia javanica*): *faaliyap*.

**apply**
apply lubricant to it, rub it with the hands, anoint it: *gapiti*.
apply red paint on it (a surface): *lepa*.
to apply (yellow) powder: *chechang*.

**apportion**
cut it, slice it, apportion it: *giliiy₁*.
to divide into small pieces, slice, apportion: *giligil₂*.

**appraise**
estimate it, calculate it, compute it, appraise it: *gaiureiura*.

**approach**
approach me, come close to me: *garepaayai*.
be close to it, near it, approach it: *garepa*.
to hit, approach, go aground: $ser_1$.

**aquainted**
be familiar with it, accustomed to it, aquainted with it, get used to it: $yeori$.
to get accustomed to, familiar with, aquainted with, know: $yam_2$.

**arbitrarily**
randomly, arbitrarily, haphazardly, hit-or-miss: $tatiwegil$.

**area**
an area of many sharks (derived from a group of sharks): $lawiye-limwar$.
an area of many sharks (derived from a name of a group of sharks): $laiuwemwaaiu$.
area below the eyes: $nigaausap$.
place, area: $biuleiu$.

**argue**
to insist, argue, force: $gaangimasow$.
to quarrel, argue: $gaangiyaw$.

**arise**
to awake, arise, open one’s eyes: $mmat_1$.
to happen, occur, appear, arise: $wel_2$.

**arm**
hand, arm, wing: $paiu_1$.
to put one arm under the other (in dancing): $faaliepiu$.
upper arm (lit. base of hand): $shapil paiu$.
your hand, your arm: $paumw$.

**arm-wrestle**
to arm-wrestle: $koocho_1$.

**arm-wrestling**: $koocho_1$.

**armpit**: $faaliepiu$. 

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armpit hair: gorolifaalipeiu.

arms
gun, rifle, musket, arms: pak₂.
taboo arms, sacred arms: paiufel.
to lift up the arms and get ready for action: paiussap.

army
soldier, army, corps, troops: geitei.

Army
Army (referring to Japanese Army): rikugung.

aromatic
to be fragrant, sweet-scented, sweet-smelling, aromatic: boongas.

around: fetal₃.
to turn around, move round: faan₁.

arouse
to wake up (someone), awake, arouse: gemmat₂.
wake him up, arouse him: gammeta₁.
wake him up, arouse him, awake him: gameyafi.
wake him up, awake him, arouse him: fangiuli.

aroused
to be awakened, aroused, waked: fang₆.
to be excited, aroused, stimulated, highly strung, wrought up: yat₅.

arrange
decide it, make up one’s mind on it, determine it, manage it, talk about it, arrange it: gafile.

arranged
(to be) arranged, put in order, lined up: ragireg₁.

arrest
arrest him, put him in jail: *kaalebuusa*.  
**arrested**  
to be arrested, be put in jail: *kaalebuus*.  
**arrive**  
reach it, arrive at it, land on it: *tiwgi*.  
to arrive, land, come ashore, be safe home, reach in good condition: *tog2*.  
to arrive, reach: *seer*.  
to arrive, reach, land: *gola2, il1*.  
to come, arrive, come here: *buutog*.  
**arrow-root**  
arrow-root (*tacca leontopetaloides*): *mwegiumweg*.  
**art**  
course of sailing to arrive at a particular destination, art of locating an island: *woofaliuw*.  
**artery**  
vein, sinew, blood vessel, artery: *wag1*.  
**article**  
belonging, thing, article, goods, object: *piteg*.  
thing, article, item, stuff: *faiuriumil*.  
**as**  
about, as to, concerning: *gare*.  
as, for: *be1*.  
because, as, for the reason that: *bon, bon be*.  
**ascend**  
to rise (sun, moon, etc.), ascend, land, be placed: *tegash*.  
**ascribe**  
ascribe it (erroneously) to someone, pretend that it belongs to someone: *iufa*.  
to ascribe something (erroneous) to someone, pretend: *iuf2*.  

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ashamed
make him ashamed, make him feel disgraceful: gemaay.
to be ashamed, disgraceful, feel shameful: ma₂.

ashes: moashoosh₁, peyas.
apply ashes on it: falenga.
ashes falling from the main fire, sparks: pelang.
ashes, fireplace: felang.
to be covered with ashes: felang.
to shake off ashes: pelang.

ashore
to invade, go ashore for the purpose of fighting: teofaliuw.

ask
ask him for something, request him to give something: tin-garoow.
ask him, question him: gassiya.
ask publicly for it (food), usually done by ladies during a dance: tiufi.
to ask, question, interrogate: gassiy.
to request, ask for, beg for: tingar, tirang.

assemblage
group, assemblage: mwooiu₂.

assemble
gather them, assemble them, collect them: iuyeli.
to collect, assemble, get together: iuyeiuy.
to gather or assemble them as rafts: feofeta.
to swarm, assemble in a crowd: uwapp.

assembled
to be saved, neatly assembled: gofag.
to get together, gather together, be assembled: iuyelag.

assiduous
to be diligent, industrious, hard-working, assiduous: *she-owefish*. 

**assist**
help him, assist him: *tepangi*.
to help, support, assist, give assistance: *getapetap*.

**assistant**
assistant, helper, counselor: *getoatoa*.

**associated**
to be associated (with), make friends (with): *gameremer*.

**assume**
to wonder, be uncertain about, guess, assume: *gareere*.

**asthma**: *iyepou*.

**astonished**
to be frightened, surprised, astonished, alarmed, startled: *boobo*₂.
to be scared, frightened, astonished, startled: *law*.

**at**
at, in, with, for, to, upon, on: *ree-*.
from, at, to, than: *me*₂.
in, at: *ni-*.
in, at, inner-side of: *ni₁*.

**at all**
ever, at all: *naamwa-*.

**atmosphere**
atmosphere, weather condition: *yaiuchaal*.

**atomic bomb**: *kinupakutang*.

**attach**
attach it (a sail to its frame): *gefarefera*.
stick to it, attach to it, hold on it, clinging to it, adhere to it: *pe-shangi*.
to attach (a sail to its frame): gefarefar.

**attached**
to fit, suit, be suitable, be attached: far\textsubscript{3}.
to stick (to), be attached (to): mat\textsubscript{4}.

**attack**
attack it, assault it, charge it: sheeri.
see it, attack it, get it: weri.

**attracted**
long for it, miss it, yearn after it, pine for it, be willing to do it, be attracted by it, be interested in it, enjoy it: mesai
getti.

**aunt**
aunt (father’s sister): mwangeyattam.
aunt (mother’s sister): bissi
sila-.

**automobile**
car, automobile: sitoosa.

**available**
make it enough, make it available, make it sufficient: gayoro.
to exist, be available (usually occurs in the form of the idiom
atic expression tai chaal mwo.): chaal.

**avaricious**
make him greedy, make him avaricious: gashegau
w.
to be greedy, avaricious: shegau.
(to be) greedy, avaricious, covetous: mweshaliya.

**aversion**
to be tired of, have an aversion to, be sick of: gu\textsubscript{1}.

**avoid**
avoid it: gewaagili.
to flee, run away, escape, fly (away), escaping, avoid: gaw.

**avoided**
to be escaped, fled, avoided, escape: kewaag.
awake
to awake, arise, open one’s eyes: mmat\textsubscript{1}.
to wake up (someone), awake, arouse: gemmat\textsubscript{2}.
wake him up, arouse him, awake him: gameyafi.

awaken
to wake up, be awaken: meyaf\textsubscript{1}.

awakened
to be awakened, aroused, waked: fang\textsubscript{6}.

aware
know it, be aware of it, be able to tell: giula.
to be aware (of), informed, have knowledge of: it\textsubscript{3}.
to be aware of it, ready, familiar with it: tipeneg.

away
away (from the speaker), thither: -lago.
away from each other: fetang\textsubscript{2}.
away, completely: lag\textsubscript{3}.
from it, away from it, than it: tangi.

awfully
very, much, indeed, extremely, awfully, greatly: ppiung\textsubscript{3}.

awl
awl, drill: yeo\textsubscript{2}.

axe
angled handle of a stone axe, handle, handled axe: yash.
axe, knife, stone adze, axe-like tattoo: shoapal.
cut it with an axe: shoapela.
baby
a male of a few months old, baby boy: saugaaw.
child, boy, girl, baby: sar1.
bachelor
unmarried male, bachelor: temanipish.
unmarried person, bachelor, spinster: lipish.
back
after, behind, back: imwiri-.
back (anatomical): tagiur2.
my back: tagiuriu.
support him, back him up: getoatoaw.
back-shell
back-shell of turtles, crabs, lobsters, etc.: pariul.
backbone: shiulap1, shiulap2.
tip of the backbone: tabochiulap.
backside
edge, outside, backside, yonder: sow2.
outside, backside (of): liugi1.
(the) behind, after, backside, rear: mwiri-.
backward
to curl backward, be curved backward: ssang.
to move backward: koostaang.
bad
bad luck, misery, misfortune: paabut.
bad, considerably: -but.
nastily, in a bad way, terribly: ngewa.
to be bad, worse, poor, foul, base, inferior: nngaw.
to be terrible, bad, of sudden and short anger (caused by certain indirect cursing which may be unconsciously said): welinngaw.

**bad behavior**
(to be) disobedient, mischievous, indulge in bad behavior: iloumaaw.

**bad luck**
cause him to have bad luck: gefaiyebutoow.
to have bad luck, be unlucky, be at a disadvantage: faiyebut, faiyenngaw.

wish bad luck on him: gepaabuta.
wish him bad luck: gefaiyebuta.

**bad mood**
bad feeling, bad mood: tipebut.

**bad-looking**
(to be) ugly-looking, bad-looking: gausunngaw.

**bag**
basket, bag, holder: tuutu.
huge bag of rice, long and large bag: naangkimmai.

**bail**
bail water out of it, pump water of it: gammeta2.
to bail, pump out: gemmat1.

**bailed**
(to become) low-tide, bailed (of water), pumped: mmat2.

**bailer**
bailer (an object): gemmat1.

**bait**
a kind of oyster shell, a kind of shell bait used in bonito fishing: saariuliyepisash.
a kind of shell bait used on bonito fishing, oyster shell from New Guinea: saariunukil.
a kind of yellow or orange shell bait used for bonito fishing (lit. water of pandanus): shan fash.
bait, food put on a hook or trap to lure fish, anything used as a lure: pa.
bait, lure, something used in luring fish: gepaapa.
bait, worm: paapa2.
have it as bait: paali1.
put bait on it: gepaapaali.
their lure, their bait: paar.
to put bait on a hook: gepaapa.
to use as bait: paap1.

bake
burn it, roast it, broil it, grill it, bake it: fisigi.
to roast, burn, broil, grill, bake: fisisis2.

baked
to be burnt, roasted, broiled, grilled, baked: fisingeg.

balanced
to be even, balanced: ffey, kiu3.

bald
shave it off, make it bald: gaffesha.
(to be) bald, without hair, uncovered, clean: ffash1.

baldness
baldness, bald head: mwurolishimw.

ball: boola, boor1.

ballot
to vote, ballot, cast a vote, poll: fout.

balls
testicle, balls: mor.

bamboo: baaiu1.
a subfamily of bamboo: *sich*.

bamboo horse: *takooma*.

bamboo stick, stick for picking breadfruit: *iyat*₂.

cone-shaped thing, such as a piece of bamboo or a pipe, used for keeping soft and old hibiscus inside (This is used for stoking a fire.): *gulugul*₂.

**ban**

forbid it, restrict it, ban it, make it taboo: *getabu*.

taboo, ban, ritual restriction protected by supernatural sanction (marked by a taboo sign): *tab*₃.

**banana**

a kind of banana: *biungiush, kimooiu, wishibesh, wishilifoalopei, wishital*.

a kind of banana (Trukese banana): *wishichug*.

banana (*musa*). Four varieties are found on Falalusi which are named after their supposed islands of origin, Truk, Saipan, Yap and Ponape.: *wish₁*.

sweet banana, sato banana: *wishisukar*.

**band**

band (as of a watch): *yoa*₂.

belt, band: *baanto*.

string, cord, band, lace: *fa*₂.

**bandage**

bandage, dressing: *goottaai*.

**bang**

bang it (noise): *ganeshiu*.

bang, sound of a falling bottle: *nesh*.

to make a bang, to make an instantaneous sound (which comes about as a result of hitting a board against something hard): *chab*.

**banquet**
party, dinner, banquet: giubul.

bar
bar or stick used for carrying things: gemmwar.

bared
(to be) naked, nude, unclothed, bared: washewash.

barge
barge, fat person: pantuun.

bark
bark at him, shout at him, yell to him: gagentaagili.
bark, skin: gil3.
to bark, shout: gebasiuw.
to yell, shout, bark: gebat.

barking
(to be) barking: kekebat.

barracuda: seraw.
a term which identifies a barracuda which is seen swimming close to the surface of the water: igesiu.

barrel: bariin.

barren
(to be) unhealthy, barren, not bearing fruits: faairo.

barrier
fence, barrier: gur.
fence, barrier intended to prevent intrusion or to mark a boundary: woroor.

barringtonia
fish poison tree, barringtonia: gul3.

barter
barter it, buy it, sell it: chuwaaiiy.
to barter, buy, sell: chuwaai.
to exchange, interchange, barter: kookang.
**base**
beginning, origin, ancestor, base, bottom, foundation, back of a body: *shap.*
bottom, under the surface, lowest part, base, part on which something rests: *top.*
to be bad, worse, poor, foul, base, inferior: *nngaw.*
underside, bottom, base, under: *faa-*.

**baseball:** *yaakiyu.*
‘ball’ in baseball (not a ‘strike’): *boor*₂.
baseball bat: *patta.*
baseball pitcher: *picha.*
catcher in baseball: *kiiyaach.*
catcher’s mitt in baseball: *mitto.*
change of sides in baseball: *senchi.*
first base in baseball: *faasto.*
out (in baseball), outside (foul ball): *aut.*
second base in baseball: *sikaanto.*
strike (in baseball, one strike): *sterai*k.
third base in baseball: *saato.*
to hit a ball (as in baseball), play baseball: *ppeo.*

**basket:** *shiug.*
a kind of basket: *bash*₂, *gapeyas, gaporou, tug*₁.
a kind of mat like basket, woven coconut leaves: *giliyetaiuteiu.*
a kind of small basket: *leip.*
a kind of small basket for food: *gat*₃.
basket or purse made up of pandanus leaves: *geigash.*
basket, bag, holder: *tuutu.*
deep basket used by women for catching reef fish: *tugulittab.*
flat basket used for covering preserved breadfruit: *ilaf.*
huge basket used for general purposes: *tugutengarig*.
huge round basket: *tengarig*.
long basket used for storing preserved breadfruit: *giuwam*.
put it in the basket: *leipa, shiugiuw*.
Saipanese basket: *shiugiusaipel*.
woven coconut leaves for storing dry copra, copra basket, mat for drying copra: *giliyecho*.

**bastard**: *kuniyooro*.

**bat**
baseball bat: *patta*.
flyin fox, bat: *paiusheoiu*.

**bath**
to bathe, take a bath: *tiutiu*.

**bathe**
to bathe, take a bath: *tiutiu*.

**battery**
battery, electric cell, storage battery: *teenchi*.

**battle**
native war, fight, battle: *maaul*.

**battleship**
warship, battleship: *kiungkang*.

**bay**
bay, inside curve (in an area of land): *shib₂*.

**beach**
sand, sandbeach, beach: *ppiy*.
to walk on the beach or along the beach, go alongside of: *ssaw*.

**beach crab**: *garip*.

**beach-side**
(toward) the seaside, the beach-side: *metaar*. 

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**bead**
necklace, bead: *usous*.

**beam**
end-wall (oblique) beam of a house: *tibelipiring*.
smile, beam: *pitiffas, pitimmel*.

**bear**
to be patient, control oneself, be able to bear something: *geolag*.
to bear flowers or fruit, bud, having fruit: *yat3*.
to bear fruit or flowers: *uwa*.

**beard**
beard, chin, sideburns: *yalius1*.
bushy beard, long beard, long sideburns: *yaliusebol*.
to have scanty or no beard, beardless: *yateffash*.

**beardless**
to have scanty or no beard, beardless: *yateffash*.

**beat**
grind it, knead, mash, beat: *sheleey*.
kill it, beat it: *liiy*.
pound it, beat it, hit it, hammer it: *siugiu*.
to kill, beat: *liili*.
to pound, beat, hit, hammer: *sius*.

**beautiful**
(to be) beautiful, pretty: *kemwatiyetiy*.
(to be) beautiful, pretty, good-looking, fancy: *ning*.
(to be) pretty, good, beautiful: *gemwatiyetiy*.
(to be) unbelievable, fantastic, wonderful, beautiful, incredible: *gaasefaliuw*.

**beautifully**
well, good, nicely, beautifully: *gach2*.
beautify

to beautify oneself, take care of one’s body: *galimelim*.

because

because, as, for the reason that: *bon, bon be*.

because, so that: *be3*.

reason, benefaction, cause, due to, because of: *yagi-*.

beckon

to nod, beckon: *chimw*.

bed

bed for sleeping: *peet*.

beef

cow, corned beef: *karebau*.

beer: *biya*.

before

before (in time), long time ago, there (invisible): *igawe*.

before, front: *mwowa-*.

before, front, than: *imwowa-*.

front, first, tip, before: *mmwa-*.

beforehand

the state of being beforehand, its being first: *gommwal*.

beg

to beg, bow, entreat, solicit: *geffaalipeshe*.

to request, ask for, beg for: *tingar, tirang*.

begin

begin it, start it: *shittageey*.

to begin, start: *shap, shittag*.

beginning

beginning, origin, ancestor, base, bottom, foundation, back of a body: *shap*. 
behalf
benefit, sake, advantage, behalf: gemmag.

behave
to plan, behave: w egeteg2.

behavior
behavior, demeanor, planning: w egeteg2.

behind
after, behind, back: imwiri-.
(the) behind, after, backside, rear: mwirī-.

belch
to burp, belch: giurer.

believe
to believe, be convinced: chepar.
to trust, believe, be convinced with: shepar.

bell
iron, wire, bell, metal: paarang.

bell-ring
bell-ring, ringing: kiung1.

belly
belly of non-reef fish, fish belly: mwee-.
cut the belly (of the fish) off: mweeli.
side of the belly, waist: peigissag.
stomach, belly: sag.
to cut the belly of a fish: mweemwe.

belonging
belonging, thing, article, goods, object: piteg.
load, belonging: uwat.
property, belonging, thing: gapiteg.

beloved
female lover, beloved: *giuliut*.

**below**

below, down-side: *-sal*.

(on the) ground, below: *ital*.

**belt:** *tar₂*.

belt, band: *baanto*.

cloth belt for heating stomach: *saremaaki*.

local belt (usually a six-line belt worn by women only): *gil₄*.

native belt made out of turtle shell and seashell: *gamelaat*.

to wear a belt: *tettar₃*.

turtle-shell belt, four-line belt (used by women only), Eauripik belt: *tegag₂*.

**bend**

bend it backward: *gebbarotefaliiy*.

bend it, curl it, twist it: *ganesiu*.

bend it, curve it: *gebbaro*.

bend it, make it move inwardly: *gemwaliuw*.

bend, curve: *rogo-*.

slant it, bend it: *gapeya*.

to bend down, lower: *biung₂*.

to bend one’s head down, drop one’s head, lower one’s head: *gaiuleshimw*.

to bend, bend over (as of trees bending over water), curve, (be) crooked: *pey*.

to bend, bow: *gariug*.

to bend, make something curved: *gebbar*.

to lean, incline, bend: *gaafelag*.

to move inwardly, bend, be bent: *mwaliu*.

twist it, turn it, bend it: *iyaapiiy*.

**benefaction**


reason, benefaction, cause, due to, because of: yagi-.

benefit
benefit, sake, advantage, behalf: gemmag.
result, benefit, usage, worth, value: pilaa-.
to be lucky, be fortunate, benefit: ipat.

bent
to move inwardly, bend, be bent: mwaliu.
to turn, be bent, be twisted: iyaap.

betel nut
betel nut (areca catechu). Originally brought from Yap.: bbuw.
betel nut, lime and leaf: fishifish₁.
Yapese betel nut: rongit.

bethrothed
fiancée, bethrothed husband or wife: gefat₂.

betray
to disclose, reveal, betray: gapetaag.
to double-cross (between a male and a female), blackmail, betray: iupeipeuup.

betrothal
betrothal, engagement, fiancée: fatog₁.

between
among, between: liuweliu-.
among, between (them): liuwen.
gap, space between two points, between: pat₂.
in-between, between: nipat.

bicycle
bicycle, cycle: raat.

big
enlarge it, make it big: geyaiulepa.
large, big, superficial: -lap.
to be big, huge, large, enormous: wooki.
to be big, large: farikitigit.
to be strong, forceful, great, big, hard: ssit.
(to be) big, bigger, grow big, become larger: farikikit.
(to be) big, general, large, huge, great: lap1.
(to be) large, huge, enormous, big: yaiulap.
(to be) numerous, big, great: farigit.

bigger
make it more numerous, large, big, enlarge it, make it bigger: gefarigitiiy.
(to be) greater, larger, bigger: lapelap.

bilge
bilge area of a canoe: geshap.
bilge of a canoe, i.e., a rounded part of a hull: ulut4.
point between bilge and keel of a canoe: sheolifash1.
to cut the bilge area of: geshap.

bind
bundle it, bind it: pilegiuw.
tie it (hair, etc.), bind it, bunch it, fasten them together: mweliiy.
tie it tight, bind it tight, hug it: farogi.
tie it, bind it: faaishimwa, feoti, kati, katiiy.
tie it, bind it, connect it (an object): sooti.
tie it, bind it, tangle it, spiral it, wrap it: fiti2.
(to be) tied, tie, bind: kat.
to fasten (with straps), wrap, bind: geogeo.
to tie (hair), bind, bunch, fasten together: mwelimwel.
to tie together, bind: yagoyag1.
to tie, bind: feofeo.
to tie, bind, connect: sooso.
to tie, bind, fasten: mwel₁.
to tie, bind, fasten, connect, make knots of: bugobug.

binding
bundle, binding material: ppileg.
to spiral, be binding, be winding: tapilipil.
binoculars: miyaari.

bird
a very young bird of any kind, earliest stage of bird development: gappeshig.
animal, bird, animate object: mal₄.

baby animal, baby bird: gapp.
bird of the stage just before it becomes an adult: gappeyal.
bird of the stage when it begins to have flying feathers: limmwareut.
bird of, animal of: man₂.

bird species
a bird sp.: getag₁, lichog, ligaapilaai, likangiyaang, litter, paiurooro, siug.
a bird sp. with a long neck: gereo.
a black bird sp.: mwiliy.
a tropic bird sp.: yoarang.
a tropical bird sp.: uruwa.
booby bird: gemoa.
bristle-thighed curlew: liyak.
golden plover: gulung.
gray-backed tern: garegar.
hawk or eagle: wetiyas.
noddy tern: sheolap₁.
plover (smaller than gulung): iliil.
sea-gull, blackbird, tern: giuriugaag.
sooty tern: mashigou.
swallow: chubaame.
white capped noddy: resh2.
white or fairy tern: giyegiy2.

**birth**
to be alive, give birth to a baby: melaw.
to give birth to a baby, deliver a baby: iyaag2.
to give birth, deliver a baby, break away from the whole: mak2.

**birthday**
feast, saint day, anniversary, birthday: bong2.

**birthmark**
birthmark on the skin: mwashey2.

**biscuit**
biscuit, cracker, candy: wokas.
biscuit, cracker, cookie: pereet, pisigit.

**bishop:** pisoof.

**bite**
bite it (as in a fish biting the bait): ngiri.
bite it (as of birds, chickens, etc.), pick at it, peck it: fileey.
bite it, chew it: giuw1.
to bite (as of fish): nngir.
to bite (as of mosquitos), sting: kiuk.
to bite quickly, as a chicken bites, peck it repeatedly: felefel.
to bite with teeth, husk coconut husks into smaller layers: geigei.
to bite, hold, chew, squeeze: giugi.

**biting**
be biting it, chewing it: kiukiuw.
bitter
(to be) bitter, sour, salty, indigestible: merat₂.

black
to be very dark, very black: roshopiungiupiung.
(to be) black, very black, very dark: roshopiung.
(to be) dark, black: chochoal, shoal.
(to be) dark, black, obscure: rosh.
(to be) smoky, foggy, black or dark due to smoke, smoked, sooty: geraat.

blackbird
sea-gull, blackbird, tern: giuriugaag.

blackboard: kokobaang.

blackmail
blackmail him, cheat him, swindle him, defraud him: mekaatiiy.
to blackmail, cheat, swindle, defraud: mekaat.
to double-cross (between a male and a female), blackmail, betray: iupeiu.
to seduce people, blackmail people, cheat: tiniyaurupig.

blackmailed
to be tricked, deceived, cheated, blackmailed: pin.
(to be) deceived, trapped, blackmailed: ttefat.

bladder
swim bladder: uoug.

blades
dangerous things such as spines, blades, thorns: gefal.

blame
not to worry about, not to blame oneself: gessabol.

blanket
blanket, bed covering: pelaigit.

blast
wind, blast, air in motion: yang$_3$.

**blaze**
fire, flame, blaze: yaf$_2$.

**blend**
mix it, mingle it, blend it: telaali.
to mix, blend, fuse: garus.

**blended**
to be mixed well, mingled, blended: tela$_1$.

**blind**
(to be) blind: matemasiur, matepash.

**blind person:** matepash.

**blink**
to blink, wink: gemarup.
to blink, wink, blinking: gmasiuriusiur.
to blink, wink, twinkle: gapelenng.
to spark, blink (as of light), make a short interval (as of falling rain), be lighted: ffius.
to wink, blink: gemmasiur$_1$, gewaish.

**blinking**
flame, light, blinking of light: bbubbul.
to be blinking: gemaruperup.
to blink, wink, blinking: gmasiuriusiur.

**blisters**
to have blisters, have scratches between the legs as a result of walking or wading in the water, abrade: tatigeng.

**block**
block used on the canoe sail: garigirig.
chase it, block it: taguuw.
plug it up, block it up, stop it up: gapiuniuw.
plug it up, stop it up, block it up: *gapiuniu.*
prevent it, block it, hinder it, obstruct it, stop it: *gatiweli.*
to chase, block: *tagutog.*
wooden block: *faafa2.*

**blockage**
blockage of a plan: *gootou.*

**blood:** *cha.*
solidified blood: *ubuub2.*

**blood vessel**
vein, sinew, blood vessel, artery: *wag1.*

**bloody**
make it bloody, make it reddish: *geyariushaashaali.*
(to be) red, bloody: *cha.*
(to be) reddish, pinkish, bloody: *yariushaasha.*

**bloom**
to bloom, blossom, bear flowers: *toal.*

**blossom**
blossom, flower: *masiur1.*
coconut blossom: *yatitoal.*
to bloom, blossom, bear flowers: *toal.*

**blotted**
to be extinguished, blotted out, destroyed: *gul2.*

**blow**
blow it (a musical instrument, etc): *ugu.*
blow it out (with the mouth), spit it out: *gusufi.*
hit it, strike it, knock it, slap it, smack it, give a blow to it: *wishiiy.*
to blow (as of wind), wave, stir, turn: *filefil.*
to blow (of wind), be windy: *yangiyeng.*
to blow (with mouth): *uguug*.

to blow gently: *mwoorag*$_1$.

to blow gently (as of a breeze): *peopeo*$_3$.

to give a blow (with the fist), cut, hit: *tug*$_2$.

to hit, strike, give a blow to, hunt: *wau*$_1$.

turn it, stir it, blow it: *fileti*.

**blue**

(to be) green, blue: *gaaraweraw*.

**boar**

pig, hog, boar, sow, swine: *paabiiy*.

**board**

board, plank, taro-pounding board: *yanif*.

**board wall**

board wall of a house: *ttipaap*.

**boast**

(to show off, boast, give oneself airs, talk big, pride oneself upon, boastful: *gatiig*.

**boastful**

(to be) showing off, be boastful: *kekatinap*.

(to be) proud, boastful: *faasiu*.

to show off, (be) boastful: *gatinap*.

to show off, boast, give oneself airs, talk big, pride oneself upon, boastful: *gatiig*.

**boat:** *bot$_2$*.

big boat, ship: *taiyaash*.

flat-bottomed boat: *sampaan*.

Japanese fishing boat: *semma*.

**body**

body, shell, tree-trunk: *galong*.
muscle, body: *kereeta*.

**body hair**
body hair, feather (of a bird), scale (of a fish): *iul*.

**body parts**
Adam’s apple: *faiulisorong*.
Adam’s apple, throat: *faiulikeo*.
a kind of hair: *belak*.
ankle: *gurubul peshe*.
anus: *ngetaliburiuw*.
area about three inches below *imwelingel: maailap*.
area about two inches below the navel: *mwaaretiw*.
area below *mwaaretiw: luugolimwaaretiw*.
area below the eyes: *nigaausap*.
area below the voice-box: *pachiutor*.
area between the eyebrows: *rouwetag*.
area from knee to ankle: *pesheesitiw*.
area slightly below the nose tip: *rouwetiw*.
area two inches above the navel: *boshal ma*.
armpit: *faalipeiu*.
armpit hair: *gorolifaalipeiu*.
back: *tagiur*.
back of the head: *gapiligiui*.
back part corresponding to *mwaaratiw: tapimeelal*.
back-side of upper leg: *mwero*.
backbone: *shiulap*.
beard, chin, sideburns: *yalius*.
body: *galong*.
body hair: *iul*.
bone: *shiu*.
breast: tiut, ttiu₁.
breast bone: mwaremwaaiu.
calf of the leg: faalimwero.
center of the chest: imwelingoel.
center of the chin: yatemak.
chest: moal, ub₁.
chin, jaw: yat₁.
clitoris: gumwer.
corner of the mouth: nibeigiig.
ear: taling.
eardrum: faiutteling.
earlobe: yeol₂, yeolettaling.
elbow: gapilipinipeiu.
eye-ball: faiulimat₁.
eyelashes: materelimat.
female pubic area: pur.
finger joint: mago.
finger, toe: gatt.
fingernail, toenail: kiu₁.
foot: pashepeshalipeshe.
forehead: mang₁.
frame (of mouth, stomach, etc.), gum: bosh₂.
genitals, clitoris: tool.
gum-ridge of mouth: boshal yaw.
gum, hard palate: faalipinagaash.
gum, tooth ridge: boshalingi.
hair of one’s head: yanishimw.
hand, arm, wing: paiu₁.
heel: gapilipinipeshe.
hips: gap2.
index finger: gattiuyereer.
joint of arms or legs: mwaliu.
left hand: paiutakof.
leg, foot: peshe.
lip: tiuliuyaw.
little finger: gattiushig.
liver: yas1.

male’s pubic area: pas.
middle finger: gattiunuug.
mouth: yaw1.

mustache: gomwaliyaw.

mustache, wiskers: rebeliyaw.
my back: tagiuriu.
neck: iuw2.
nickname for clitoris: yatiligiuweel.
nipple: metalittiu.
nose-tip: mesheliboot.

nostril: gatemaliboot.

palate or gum: piingaach.
part of the back corresponding to the navel: shiuwelimwar.
parts of body: ireir2.

penis: gai3.

pubic hair: gor.
rib: ragerag.
right hand: paiukof.
ring finger: gattiutug.
shoulder: yefar.
side of the belly, waist: *peigissag*.
skull: *mesuwa*.
sole (of a foot): *faalipeshe*.
stomach, belly: *sag*.
taboo arms, sacred arms: *paiufel*.
testicle: *faiulimor, mor*.
the hand from wrist to finger tip: *peshanim*.
thigh, lap: *gofo*.
throat: *yoalikeo-*.
throat, neck: *worong*.
tip of breast bone: *metaluub*.
tip of the backbone: *tabochiulap*.
tongue: *lew*.
tooth: *ngi*.
top of the head: *welungelishimw*.
upper arm: *shapil paiu*.
upper part of the ear: *shofettaling*.
uvula: *tololiyaw, toniyaw*.
vagina lips: *fir*.
vein, sinew, blood vessel, artery: *wag1*.
waist: *faaligatogat*.
white hair, gray hair: *mous*.
wrinkle: *firoaroa*.
wrist: *gumwiush*.
wrist cap: *gurubul paiu*.

**boil**
boil it: *buga*.
boil it with water: *bbugoshaliuw*.
to boil with water, boiled (with water): *bbugosal*.
to boil, boiled: *bbug*.
to boil, give off bubbles, bubble up, seethe: *wach*.

**boiled**
things boiled with water: *bbugoshal*.
to boil with water, boiled (with water): *bbugoshal*.

**boiling**
be boiling it, heating it: *bbubbuga*.

**boils**: *los*.
cause him to have boils: *galoso*.
to have boils: *los*.

**bold**
(to be) courageous, bold, have courage to confront people: *matefas*.

**bomb**
bomb, bomb-shell: *pakutang*.
underwater bomb, mine: *kirai*.

**bone**
bone, needle for lavalava design: *shiu*.

**bonito**
bonito (aku): *garengaap1*.

**bony**
(to be) bony: *shiushiu1*.

**booby bird**: *gemoa*.

**book**: *buk*.

**boom**
to boom, make a hollow deep sound, explode: *ppiung2*.

**boomerang**
to sling, throw, boomerang: *gaiul*.
booth
store, shop, booth: kaantiin.

border
to touch, border on, strike lightly, come up to, come into contact with: ttug.

bore
make him tired, bore him: gebasiuw.

bored
be tired of it, get bored with it, be sick of it: uluuti.
to be tired, bored, breathless, hungry: ngiush.

born
to be born: sub.

bother
bother him, make him tired: gangiushiu.

bothered
to be bothered (by noise), get ear-bothering: chorong.
to be bothered, contaminated with smoke: baass.
to be bothered, disturbed: menaru.
to be impatient, tired, bothered: bas.

bottle: batisool, leo3.
a flat kind of bottle: leoshaapaap.
a kind of bottle with a short neck: garengaap2.
big round bottle with a handle: leotaling.
bottle with a broad shoulder: leoyefar.
bottle with a round cylinder side: leouluul.
bottle with sharp corners: leopeingiingi.
bottle, jar: maileor.
glass bottle (for wine): saki.
huge bottle used for storing water: ruume.
huge transparent bottle: *lamewa*.

round bottle, Japanese fishing bottle: *loobo*.

**bottom**: *tep*.

beginning, origin, ancestor, base, bottom, foundation, back of a body: *shap*.

bottom, under the surface, lowest part, base, part on which something rests: *top*.

keel or bottom of a canoe, hip of a person: *gap2*.

ocean bottom, underwater: *ilal*.

the bottom of one’s heart, one’s insides: *feraa*.

underside, bottom, base, under: *faa*-.

**bough**

branch (of a tree), bough, twig: *ra*.

**bound**

to be tied, connected, bound, fastened: *bugotag*.

(to be) bundled, bound: *ppileg*.

**boundary**

area fringing the boundary of a district: *nimweiu*.

boundary, boundary line, until: *lessiyaa*.

boundary, division: *siya*.

boundary, partition: *iuweiuw*.

draw a boundary of it: *lessiyaali*.

partition it, set a boundary for it: *leppa*.

partition, boundary: *lapp*.

to have a boundary, having a boundary: *lissiya*.

wall, boundary, shelter: *ssiyaa*.

**bow**

point on the bow of a canoe where the keel and outwater meet: *gomw*.

to beg, bow, entreat, solicit: *geffaalipeshe*.
to bend, bow: *gariug*.
to bow (bend), to be broken: *konsuwa*.
to bow, stoop, enter with one’s head bowing: *riugiu*-
to walk with one’s body stooped, bow, stoop: *gebbarog*.

**bow flare-line**
a part of a house (flare-line), bow flare-line (of a canoe): *biisal2*.

**bow thwart**
mid-point of the bow thwart of a canoe: *ttoalifatofat*.

**bowl**
bowl, dish: *tapiy*.

**box:** *kaagool*.
box for keeping belongings: *bar2*.
put it in a box: *kaagoola*.
to be put in a box: *kaagool*.

**boy**
boy, young man, youth, male between puberty and twenties: *tarimwal*.
child, boy, girl, baby: *sar1*.
male of approximately nine to ten years of age, boy: *sar mwal*.

**boy friend**
boy friend, girl friend: *tal2*.

**bracelet**
bracelet, wrist ornament: *lag1*.
own it as one’s bracelet: *legali*.
to use as a bracelet, wear as a wrist ornament: *lagelag*.

**brag**
to show off, brag: *gabos*.

**brain:** *fegaabuyob*.

**branch**
branch (of a tree), bough, twig: *ra*.

tree branch placed outside the house for hanging purposes: *ga-siureg*.

**branchy**

(to be) branchy, branching: *raara*.

**brassiere:** *chichibanto*.

**brave**

brave man, courageous man: *berag*.

make him brave, make him courageous: *gebarega*.

to be brave, courageous: *berag*.

to be brave, dare: *kepaiupeiu*.

to be brave, strong: *faatagiteg*.

(to be) aggressive, brave: *faamelat*.

(to be) strong, brave: *faatag*.

**bread:** *filoowa*.

**breadfruit:** *pannomi*.

a kind of breadfruit: *maichaiur, mailifeshaiulap, maiselag, maisheosheo, maiyenai, maugoyang, mauuliy, welipomw*.

a kind of breadfruit belonging to *maifeiuw*: *sewaig*.

a kind of breadfruit with big fruit: *mairaaw*.

a kind of breadfruit with bumpy-surfaced fruit and orange flesh: *maimwashey*.

a kind of breadfruit with nuts inside: *maifaay*.

a kind of breadfruit with round-shaped surface: *nuuta*.

a kind of breadfruit with smooth surface and white flesh: *tagomeliuw*.

a kind of breadfruit without nuts: *maifeiuw*.

breadfruit flower: *lifeofeo*.

breadfruit, breadfruit tree (*artocarpus altidis* and *artocarpus mariannensis*): *mai*.

core of breadfruit, kernel: *far*.
either a breadfruit or a coconut tree to which the owner gives a great deal of care, process of caring for a breadfruit or a coconut tree: iuwang.

make it (the breadfruit) a preserved breadfruit: buurouuw.
pounded breadfruit mixed with boiled coconut milk: siugiligil.
preserved breadfruit: buuro, mar1.
preserved breadfruit, preservation of breadfruit: pamuchi.
sliced breadfruit cooked with coconut milk, chopped breadfruit: tipeshig.
small rounded preserved breadfruit which is cooked in coconut milk: libbigil.
small wrapping of preserved breadfruit cooked in an underground oven: kootiya.
summer season, breadfruit season, summer: lecheg.
to make wrapping of cooked preserved breadfruit: kootiya.
to wrap preserved breadfruit: tiugium.
wrapped preserved breadfruit cooked by an underground oven: tiugium.

**break**

break it: biuniuw.
break it (tooth, etc.): gemwateliu.
break it off, chip it off: gofetiiy.
break it, destroy it: gatewasiyi.
break it, destroy it, crush it, smash it: ripiiy.
break it, destroy it, tear it up: tewasiyi.
break it, disconnect it, take him (a child) away from his mother for the first time, cut it off, snap it off: mweiuti.
break it, split it: gamegela.
open it, split it, crack it, break her hymen: tilengi.
rip it, tear it, rend it, destroy it, break it: gatera.
separate it, detach it, break it: gaiyemwesiuw.
snap it off, break it off: *belingi*.

to break (as of waves), crush, split: *niu*.

to break (away from), divorce, take a child away from mother for the first time: *mweiumweiu*.

to break away from the main body, chip off the main part, come off, be removed from something: *ttipp*.

to break into pieces, be chipped off, broken: *gofetifet*.

to break, (be) shattered, broken: *marip*.

to break, be chipped off, broken: *gofet*.

to break, destroy, crush, smash: *ripirip*.

to break, snap: *bbiubbiun*.

to give birth, deliver a baby, break away from the whole: *mak*$_2$.

to rip, break, destroy: *gettar*.

to scatter, disperse, be cracked up, break up, be broken into pieces: *megalegal*.

to snap off, break off: *belibel*.

to split, cut, divide, break, be dispersed, be over: *megal*.

to take a break, take a rest, stop working: *yasimi*.

**breakable**

(to be) breakable, easily broken, fragile: *mwashing*$_1$.

**breaking**

to be breaking: *tetefingeg*.

**breast:** *tiut, ttiu*$_1$.

my breast: *ttiu*$_2$.

**breast bone:** *mwaremwaaiu*.

tip of breast bone: *metaluub*.

**breathe**

to breathe rapidly, be exhausted: *ngasengas*.

to breathe, revive, exhale: *nngas*.

to grunt, breathe forcefully as in delivering a child: *cheng*.
breathing
to be breathing, alive: *nngenngas*.

breathless
to be tired, bored, breathless, hungry: *ngiush*.

breeze
breeze, a light gentle wind: *mwoorag*.
to enjoy the breeze, receive a nice breeze: *gaangifil*.

bridge
bridge, bridge-like tattoo: *yoaf*.

brief
(to be) short, brief: *mmwosh*.

briefs
pants, panties, briefs: *paanch*.

bright
to be shiny, bright, glitter: *shariweriw*.
(to be) bright, shiny: *uwar, uwwar*.
to shine, be bright by reflection of light, shining: *mariweriw*.

brightened
(to be) lighted, brightened: *teram*.

bring
bring it in, make him come in, have him enter: *gabuulongoow*.

brink
edge, margin, rim, brink: *ngash*.

broad
to be wide, broad, spacious: *sheolap*.

broat
(to be) wide (as of a hole), broat, spacious, roomy: *war*.

broil
broil it, grill it, cook it by direct exposure to heat: *gerangi*.
burn it, roast it, broil it, grill it, bake it: *fisigi*.

(to be) broiled, cooked on the flame, heated in the sun, broil: *kar1*.

to roast, burn, broil, grill, bake: *fisifis2*.

**broiled**

to be burnt, roasted, broiled, grilled, baked: *fisingeg*.

(to be) broiled, cooked on the flame, heated in the sun, broil: *kar1*.

**broiling**

to be broiling: *kekar*.

**broken**

to be being destroyed, rotten, decomposed, broken, torn down: *tettewas*.

to be broken: *mwateliutel*.

to be broken (of such long objects as sticks, bones, fingers, pencils): *biun*.

to be broken into many pieces: *maripirip*.

to be broken into pieces, chipped into pieces: *mwakik*.

to be broken, destroyed, crushed, smashed: *ripingeg*.

to be broken, taken away (as a child from its mother): *mweiuteg*.

to be chipped off, broken off, cut off: *ppis*.

to be separated, detached, drawn apart, broken away: *iyemwes*.

to be snapped off, snatched, broken or severed suddenly with a snapping sound: *ttalish*.

(to be) broken: *mwatel*.

(to be) broken off (as of a string), divorce, (be) disconnected: *mmweiu*.

(to be) broken, cracked, smashed, wrecked: *tewa*.

(to be) chipped off, broken: *mwak*.

(to be) cut, split, cut off, broken, cracked open: *pag2*.
(to be) thrown down, torn down, destroyed, broken: *ttewas.*
to bow (bend), to be broken: *konsuwa.*
to break into pieces, be chipped off, broken: *gofetifet.*
to break, (be) shattered, broken: *marip.*
to break, be chipped off, broken: *gofet.*
to stop, be broken, ripped, torn, dismissed, destroyed: *tar*₁.

**broom:** *peopeo₂, pruumw.*

**brother**

brother and nephew at the same time, sister and niece at the same time (of the same sex): *bisifetiwa-*.
brother, sister (of the same sex): *bisi-*.
cross-sibling (brother or sister): *mwangeya-*.
get as a brother: *bisili.*

**brother-in-law**

brother-in-law (of a male): *gaushema.*
brother-in-law, sister-in-law (sister’s husband when the speaker is female, or brother’s wife when the speaker is male): *fitiyelibisi-*.
cousin and brother-in-law at the same time (of the same sex): *bisigeushemaa-*.

**brows**

to frown, knit one’s brows, make a wry face: *gebatting.*

**bruise**

scratch him, bruise it, pierce it, tattoo it: *faliuw₁.*
(to be) scratched, to bruise: *fal*₅.

**bubble**

to boil, give off bubbles, bubble up, seethe: *wach.*
to bubble: *bbubbuwach.*
to bubble, foam, froth: *burobur*₂.

**bubbles**
bubbles, foam, froth: *burobur*₂.

**bubbling sound**
to gurgle, make a bubbling sound: *lomwolomw*.

**bucket:** *bachi, bakit, bbakit*.

**bud**
to bear flowers or fruit, bud, having fruit: *yat₃*.

**bug**
a tiny kind of bug: *sung*.

**bugle**
trumpet, bugle, horn: *rebba*.

**bugs**
to have lots of bugs: *sung*.

**build**
built it, construct it: *fatelega*.
built it, make it stand, erect it: *gasiuw*.
made it, do it, build it: *foori*.
to build, erect: *gassiu*.
to construct, make, build (a fish-trap): *iugiug*.

**builder**
canoe builder, master craftsman: *senap*.

**built**
to be built, constructed: *fatelag*.

**bulb**
marble, electric bulb: *taama*.

**bulge**
to bulge, swell outwards irregularly, extend (bag etc.) by stuff: *shiuugiushiug*.

**bullet**
bullet, gun powder: *faiulipak*.
bump
make it hit, cause it to bump (against), pour it, spill it: gasere.

bumpy
(to be) coarse, full of scars, bumpy: giuriugiur.

bunch
bunch, bundle, cluster, homogeneous group: woo-.
tie it (hair, etc.), bind it, bunch it, fasten them together: mweliyi.
to tie (hair), bind, bunch, fasten together: mwelimwel.

bundle
a bundle of lavalavas hanging down from the ceiling: shimw₁.
bunch, bundle, cluster, homogeneous group: woo-.
bundle (of lavalava hanging down from the ceiling): shou₁.
bundle it, bind it: pilegiuw.
bundle, binding material: ppileg.

bundled
(to be) bundled, bound: ppileg.

bung
stopper, bung, cork, cock, plug, spigot, tap: pilepil.

bungle
to spoil, ruin, destroy, frustrate, bring to naught, wreak havoc with, bungle, cause confusion to: getaroperop.

buoy
buoy, float of a fishing net: booi.

burden
load, burden, pack, cargo, freight: iutal.
load, loading, burden, packs, cargo, freight: shoashoa₁.

buried
to be buried, filled up, covered up: iretag.
to be buried, placed in the ground: libetag.
to bury, have funeral, (be) buried: libelib.

**burn**
burn it, roast it, broil it, grill it, bake it: fisigi.
set a fire to it, apply light to it, light it, ignite it, burn it: gagiuw.
(to be) burning, glowing, burn: giu₂.
(to be) yellow, burn brightly, burn with a flame: perangerang.
to burn, light up: bbul.
to roast, burn, broil, grill, bake: fisifis₂.
to roast, burn, heat, cook over an open fire: gabbesh.

**burning**
(to be) burning, glowing, burn: giu₂.

**burnt**
to be burnt, roasted, broiled, grilled, baked: fisingeg.

**burp**
to burp, belch: giurer.

**burrow**
hole, opening, hollow place, burrow: lib.

**bury**
bury it, inhume it, inter it: libeli.
to bury, have funeral, (be) buried: libelib.

**bush**
bush, crowd: batu₁.
forest, bush, woods: wal₂.

**bushy**
to be dense (of a forest), bushy: wal₂.
(to be) bushy: umwulap.
(to be) bushy, plentiful, have lots of fruit, have a lot of people: umwuumw.
(to be) full of plants, bushy: waliuwel.
(to be) thick, bushy, mature: bol₁.

**busy**

cause him to be busy: gasongasiyy.
to be busy: soongasi.
to be busy (with), obligated to, engaged in: matepengag.
to be busy, tied up, occupied: isongasi.
(to be) busy, occupied: mwash₁, mwashiulek.

**but**

and so, and then, but: ye₂.

**butterfly**

butterfly, caterpillar: libegibeg.

**buttock**

buttock, hip: biuriuw.

**buy**

barter it, buy it, sell it: chuwaaiiy.
buy it: kameoli.
to barter, buy, sell: chuwaai.
to buy: kameo.

**by**

near, side of, by: getaa-.
cabin
glass house, cabin: *imwepiipi*.
cable
to send a dispatch, cable: *teempo*.
cablegram
dispatch, radio, telegram, cablegram: *teempo*.
cackle
to cackle, make a sound: *tiugeog*.
cackling
to be cackling, making a sound: *tiutiugeog*.
calabash
calabash, bottle gourd: *gulugul*.
calculate
count it, number it, calculate it: *paangi*.
estimate it, calculate it, compute it, appraise it: *gaiureiura*.
to count, number, calculate, take a count of: *paapa*.
to estimate, calculate, compute: *gaiureiur*.
to figure out, compute, calculate: *gepashepash*.
calculated
to be counted, numbered, calculated: *paangag*.
calendar: *bong*.
calf
back-side (calf) of upper leg: *mwere*.
calf of leg: *faalimwere*.
call
call him: *fasengiu*.
call him, miss him, mention it: *yarofali*.
to call: *faseng, ffas*.
to wave, call by hand, fan oneself: *gaalipeo*.
call for
to invite, send words for, call for: tengag.
calling
be calling him: feffesangiu.
calm
calm, silence: liuwa.
let it be calm, make it peaceful: gashigera.
make it calm, make it peaceful: galiuwaali.
settle it, appease it, make it calm down: gepasso.
to be calm, mild (of weather): geraashig.
to be calm, peaceful, mild (of weather): raalimwaaiu.
to be peaceful, calm, settle down: pass.
(to be) calm: liuwa.
(to be) calm, mild, decreased: shigar.
(to be) calm, peaceful (as of a peaceful ocean), smooth: shan.
(to be) peaceful, calm, enjoy oneself with, good: mwatiyetiy.
can
oil can, oil tank, oil drum: teraimwekang.
candle: chaangas.
candy
biscuit, cracker, candy: wokas.
cane
stick, cane: sog3.
walk with a cane: sogosog1.
canoe
a kind of small paddling canoe (which accommodates one to three persons): shoasemal.
a three-man fishing canoe: maniubil.
canoe caretaker, canoe owner: tauwa.
canoe, vehicle: *wa₁*.

chief’s canoe, which is one of the two canoe categories (This type of canoe is no longer in use in the Outer Islands.): *gaawaliu*.

inter-island ocean sailing canoe: *waal waïy*.

intra-lagoon sailing canoe (a big type): *waamwar*.

lucky canoe: *wa liyap*.

multi-man paddling canoe: *waaffatiul*.

one of the two canoe categories, which includes *waaliwaiy*, *maniubil*, *waamar*, *waaffatiul*, and *shoasemal*. The other category is *gaawaliu* ‘chief’s canoe’.: *paapa₁*.

paddling canoe: *waafatiul*.

Polynesian or Melanesian type of canoe: *poroot*.

**canoe building**

name of a school of canoe building: *Gobutog, Tanigesh*.

**canoe fireplace**: *falengaligap*.

**canoe house**: *faniwa*.

small canoe house: *sepal*.

**canoe owner**

canoe caretaker, canoe owner: *tauwa*.

**canoe parts**

V-shaped part of the outrigger supporter: *paiuliyamw*.

a part: *niyefiyef₁, waaliyangelap*.

a point of the hull: *liugiuligeshap*.

a prow part: *seelaang*.

a section of the platform: *yeolaw₂*.

back-part of sail: *metaliiuw*.

bailer: *gemmat₁*.

big steering paddle: *tip₂*.

bilge: *ulut₄*.
bilge area: *geshap.*
block on the sail: *garigirig.*
body of sail: *segaliuw.*
bottom of outrigger boom support: *shapiliyamw.*
bow flare-line: *biisal₂.*

**Canoe Rope**
canoe rope: *tanitam.*

**Canoe-Prow Covering**
canoe-prow covering: *baliuben mat.*

cloth attached to the low end of the sail frame: *gaangiyeng.*

**Float Stringer**
float stringer: *waaliyeng.*

**Front of End-Piece**
front of end-piece: *barol mat.*

**Keel**
keel: *bun.*
keel angle point: *fatengal.*

**Keel, Bottom**
keel, bottom: *gap₂.*

**Leeward Platform on a Large Canoe**
leeward platform on a large canoe: *yepeep.*

**Leeward Side of a Canoe**
leeward side of a canoe: *igeta.*

**Lower Frame of the Sail**
lower frame of the sail: *faaisal.*

**Lower Part of the Sail Frame**
lower part of the sail frame: *gobur.*

**Lower-Side of a Sail**
lower-side of a sail: *nim.*

**Main Rope of the Mast**
main rope of the mast: *yangelap.*

**Marker on the Keel**
marker on the keel: *siurelisheolifash₁.*

**Marks on the Keel**
marks on the keel: *fetang₁.*

**Mast Stand**
mast stand: *laabuw.*

**Mast, Pole, Tower**
mast, pole, tower: *gaius.*

**Mid-Point of the Bow thwart**
mid-point of the bow thwart: *ttoalifatofat.*

**Oblique Brace across Rafters**
oblique brace across rafters: *itebut.*

**Outrigger Boom Stringer**
outrigger boom stringer: *waassooso.*

**Outrigger Boom, Rafter**
outrigger boom, rafter: *giyoa.*
outrigger connective tie-brace: *faaishe, gapiche*.
outrigger float: *tam₁*.
outrigger float brace: *she₁*.
outrigger platform: *fang₃, peraf*.
outrigger platform beam: *materefang*.
outrigger platform stringer: *iuweiuwelifang*.
outrigger side of a canoe: *itam*.
outrigger-side: *paliyetam*.
paddle tip: *sser₁*.
platform: *feolag*.
platform supporter: *langol yepeep, pesheelifeolag, suwa*.
point between bilge and keel: *sheolifash₁*.
point on the bow where the keel and outwater meet: *gomw*.
pointed end prow: *mat₂*.
prow: *pach₂*.
rope attached to the sail: *shoosh*.
sail: *iuw₁*.
sail rope: *mweel*.
sail supporter: *langol iuw*.
second thwart: *matengoar*.
sennit connecting the sail to its frame: *gefach*.
sheltered area on a canoe: *gaimweimw*.
side of canoe opposite outrigger projecting platform: *geta*.
stick on the outrigger float: *yamw₂*.
string tied to the lower side of the sail: *faailemeo*.
stringer-float lashing or stick connecting outrigger float and boom: *sooso*.
tackling rope: *tanigash*.
thwart: *ttoa*.
upper-most horizontal part on top of canoe sides: *goshoulibong*.
vertical design on canoe sides: *rasium*.
vertical lines at both ends of keel: *paiu₂*.
washstroke: *mesapp*.
yard: *shiushiu₂*.

**canoe-builder:** *taufalewa*.

**capability**
to prove one's capability by means of showing-off, do a daring thing: *gepaiupeiu₂*.

**capable**
to be obtainable, capable (implying creativity), dextrous, able: *bang₁*.
to be possible, capable: *yog₁*.

**capacity**
load, capacity: *tak₁*.

**capsized**
(to be) capsized, turned upside down: *shapp*.

**captain**
become the captain of it (a ship, etc.): *kaapila*.
captain of a ship: *kaapil*.
to become a captain: *kaapil*.

**capture**
capture it, catch it: *gayogo*.
capture it, scoop it, seize it: *shougi*.
catch it, grab it, capture it, seize it: *gola₁*.
catch it, overtake it, seize it, capture it: *torofi*.
to capture, scoop (with a scooping net): *shou₄*.
to catch (a bird, etc.), capture, seize: *ttor*. 
to catch with the hands, capture, gather, seize, (be) caught: \textit{tottor}.

\textbf{captured}

to be captured, seized by force, scooped: \textit{shougeg}.

to be caught, captured: \textit{yog}_2.

\textbf{capturing}

to be capturing, scooping up: \textit{shoushou}.

\textbf{car}

car, automobile: \textit{sitoosa}.

\textbf{cards}

cards (used in games): \textit{kaat}.

to play cards: \textit{kaat}.

\textbf{care}

adopt him as child, care for him: \textit{faamwa}.

care for him (a patient), take care of him: \textit{mmwaloo}.

care for it (a tree), take care of it: \textit{iuwenga}.

take care of him, look after him: \textit{gefani}.

take good care of it, look after him: \textit{gammwele}.

to adopt (child), adopted, care for: \textit{faamw}.

to care for (patients), take care of: \textit{mmwal}.

to take care of, look after: \textit{gammwel}.

\textbf{care for}

care for it, raise it (child, pet, plant, etc.): \textit{fagola}.

\textbf{careful}

(to be) careful, cautious, slow, gentle: \textit{mwaamwaaiu}_2.

(to be) careful, skillful: \textit{limegach}.

\textbf{carefully}

carefully, cautiously: \textit{mwaamwaaiu}_2.

\textbf{careless}
(to be) careless, indifferent, not to care about coming back to one’s own people and island: liugiuliugiumeiy.

(to be) careless, not carefully done, sloppy: lamelap.

(to be) sloppy, careless: limelap.

carelessly
do it carelessly: galimelepa.

cargo
load, burden, pack, cargo, freight: iutal.

load, loading, burden, packs, cargo, freight: shoashoa1.

caring
either a breadfruit or a coconut tree to which the owner gives a great deal of care, process of caring for a breadfruit or a coconut tree: iuwang.

carpenter: taikusang.

carried
to be carried (on the back): cheiu.
to be carried on the head: pariungeg.

carrier
carrier, warship, submarine: kokobokang.

carry
carry it on one’s back: gacheiuw.
carry it on the shoulders: gaiuwefera.
carry it on the shoulders with a stick: gammwera.
carry it to a menstrual house: shoulagoow.
carry it under the arms: yafiti.
carry it, lift it up from the ends: faataboow.
carry it, take it, convey it, transport it: gasi.
carry it, transport it, convey it: roogi.
carry on the head, put on the head: pariuper2.
put it on the head, carry it on the head: pariungiu2.
to carry (a canoe from both ends), lift up: faatab.
to carry a load: tak1.
to carry a number of fish to a menstrual house: shoulag.
to carry continuously, carry repeatedly: gaapiyep.
to carry on one’s back: gacheiu.
to carry on the shoulders: gaiuwefar.
to carry under the arm: yafiye.
to carry with a carrying stick: gemmwar.
to carry, convey, transport: gaasib, gachewar.
to carry, convey, transport, take: gak.
to carry, pick up and move, transport: rooro.
to make trips repeatedly, carry things back and forth: sooruk.

**carrying**

with, carrying, for: yagili.

**cart**

big two-wheel cart: kuruuma.
hand-driven cart used on rails: kaaro.
two-wheeled cart, small four-wheeled cart: riyaka.

**carton**

carton (of cigarettes): ttiil.

**carve**

carve it: fela2.
to make a deep hole (in a board), carve: gatub2.

**carved**

(to be) carved: far5.

**carving**

a narrow carving alongside of the canoe: far5.
make a carving alongside of it: fariiy.

**cast**
throw it, hurl it, fling it, cast it, pitch it: *ganipiungiuv*.
throw it, pitch it, cast it, hurl it, make him escape: *gasheey*.
to throw (a stone, etc.) at, pitch, hurl or cast something at: *ttar*.

**cat**
cat, lion: *gaatu*.

**catch**
capture it, catch it: *gayogo*.
catch it in a container, take it, get it: *talomi*.
catch it with a fishing pole: *bauuw*.
catch it, clasp it, clench it, grasp it, hold it, seize it: *toari*.
catch it, grab it, capture it, seize it: *gola*.
catch it, overtake it, seize it, capture it: *torofi*.
hold it, catch it, grab it: *gemwashiu, gemwashiuw*.
load of catch: *liyap*.
take it as your catch: *liyepali*.
to catch (a bird, etc.), capture, seize: *ttor*.
to catch (a fish) in a net: *shiuw*.
to catch (in a container), get, take: *tetal*.
to catch by contaminating with smoke: *gebaass*.
to catch with the hands, capture, gather, seize, (be) caught: *tottor*.
to catch, clasp, clench, grasp, hold, seize: *toa*.
to catch, seize and hold, support: *toatoa*.
to hold, catch, grasp: *kemwash*.

**catcher**
catcher in baseball: *kiiyaach*.
to be a catcher: *kiiyaach*.

**caterpillar**
butterfly, caterpillar: *libegibeg*.
caterpillar, silkworm: *mwul*₁.

**Catholic:** *Kaatooliik.*

**Catholic Brothers:** *yaremaano.*

**Catholicism**

(Christian) mass, Catholicism: *miisa.*

**caught**

to be caught by him: *toangali.*

to be caught, captured: *yog*₂.

to be stuck (as of a knife into something), get caught, be sandwiched between something, pinched: *ttilifeg.*

to catch with the hands, capture, gather, seize, (be) caught: *tottor.*

(to get) stuck, be unmovable, held, caught: *mmwash.*

**cause**

cause, reason: *bel*₂, *ter.*

its cause: *bon.*

reason, benefaction, cause, due to, because of: *yagi*-*.

**cautious**

(to be) careful, cautious, slow, gentle: *mwaamwaaiu*₂.

**cautiously**

carefully, cautiously: *mwaamwaaiu*₂.

**cease**

to stop, cease, halt, pause: *iugiufeg.*

**ceiling**

ridgepole of a house, ceiling: *ung*₂.

**celebrate**

to celebrate the mother-baby moving from the menstrual house: *peopeo*₁.

to celebrate, dance (for a chief’s death): *shuufeliuw.*
celebration

celebration of a chief’s death after two or three months of the
death, dance for such celebration (lit. island meeting): shu-
ufeliuw.

cement: semeel.

cent

one cent (in American currency): sinis.
one cent (in Japanese currency): seen.

center

center or middle of a place: maaraw2.
center, central point, a unit of hand circumference mea-
surement, the central point on the keel of a canoe: luug.
center, middle: bolabol.
center, middle (of an island, jungle, etc. and not of people): bol2.
(in) the interior part of the island, interior, middle, center: nibol.

centered
to be centered, centralized: luug.

centipede: maniubong.

central point

finish the central point by measurement: luuga.

centralized
to be centered, centralized: luug.

ceremonial

mother-baby ceremonial situation: peopeo1.

ceremonial period

ceremonial period when coconuts are accumulated for a funeral
ceremony, funeral taboo: sapet.

ceremony

a type of ceremony (sapet): fisifis1.
act of making magic and giving native medicine to sick persons, magic-making ceremony: *bangibeng*.

rite, ceremony (ceremonial accumulation and redistribution during a funeral taboo period): *baaiu*.

sacred ceremony where people get together and get baptized by a magician (At the time of baptism, each person is given a black and white string with a special plant attached to it.): *tariyeg*.

to have a sacred ceremony: *tariy*.

**certain**

make certain about him: *galiugiuliugiuw*.

to be true, sure, settled, set, certain, probable: *tiwegil*.

(to be) likely, undoubted, true, obvious, certain: *negeiu*.

**chain**: *cheen*.

**chair**: *chiya*.

**chance**: *kagil*.

by any chance, if: *gare*.

to fish by chance, hunt for, collect (fruits), found by chance: *riur*.

**chancellor**

chancellor or emissary of a chief: *geolaasi*.

**change**

change it, replace it: *liiweliiy*.

change it, replace it, substitute it: *galiweliiy*.

change of sides in baseball: *senchi*.

change, keep changing: *weliwel*.

exchange it, change it: *gasuuweliiyi*.

to change: *senchi*.

to change, exchange, alternate: *suuwel*.

to change, shift, take one’s turn, alternate: *kootai*.

to turn over, change from primitive ways of life to modern, civilized ones, be converted, transferred: *weg*.
turn it, change it, transfer it, convert it: *wegiti*.

**changed**
to be changed, replaced: *liiwel*.
to be different, changed, unlike: *wel*_3.

**changeless**
(to be) constant, consistent, persistant, changeless, frequent: *ragiusiugius*.

**channel**
channel between two islands: *matol*.
channel, bed of a running stream, river, etc., body of water joining two larger bodies of water: *tour*_2.
channel, harbor: *taw*.
channel, strait: *mweoiu*_3.

**chant**
ghost, spirit, god, chant directed to a god or a spirit: *yaliu*_2.
prayer, chant, religious offering: *maipil*.

**characters**
Chinese characters: *kansi*.
Japanese characters, katakana: *ketakena*.

**charge**
attack it, assault it, charge it: *sheeri*.

**chart**
map, navigation chart: *shob*_2.

**chase**
chase it: *faattabeey*.
chase it, block it: *taguuw*.
chase it, follow it, pursue after it: *faiuw*_2.
chase it, pursue after it, run after it: *faachageey*.
chase it, pursue it, follow him: *shageey*.
make him scared, scare him away, frighten him, chase it away:
galewa$_2$.

make it move away, chase it away, remove it, get rid of it, fire
him: gashiwuwa.

to chase, block: tagutog.
to chase, pursue: chag$_1$.
to chase, pursue, run after: faachag.
to chase, run after: faattab, ttab$_1$.

**chat**
to converse, tell stories, chat (about): tittinap.
to talk, speak, chat: yoalag.

**chatter**
to make noise, chatter, patter, gabble: terenng.

**cheat**
blackmail him, cheat him, swindle him, defraud him: mekaatiyi.

cheat him, fool him, deceive him: gachepera.
deceive him, cheat him, trap him: gatefati.
to blackmail, cheat, swindle, defraud: mekaat.
to fool, lie, cheat: mis.
to pretend, cheat, deceive: gachepar.
to seduce people, blackmail people, cheat: tiniyaurupig.

trap him, deceive him, cheat him, trick him: gafilenngewa.

trick him, put him in difficulty, trap him, cheat him: gefaiyen-
ngewa.

**cheated**
to be tricked, deceived, cheated, blackmailed: pin.

**cheater**
liar, cheater: taamit.

**cheating**
to be being deceived, be cheating: tettefat.
cheek
cheek, face: *tap*$_1$.

cherished
(to be) loved, precious, of high value, cherished, special: *shang*.

cherishing
to be loving, cherishing: *geshangisheng*.

cherry-blossom
Japanese cherry-blossom tree: *sakura*.

chest: *moal, ub*$_1$.

chew
bite it, chew it: *giuw*$_1$.
chew it, masticate it: *liuliuw, ngiuti*.
to bite, hold, chew, squeeze: *giugiou*.
to chew: *ngiu-*.
to chew (betel nut, etc.): *ngiung*$_2$.
to chew, crunch, gnaw: *ngaringer*.
to chew, masticate: *liuliu*$_2$.
to crunch, be crunchy, chew with a noisy, crackling sound, press, grind, tread, etc. with a noisy sound: *siungeriunger*.

chewed food
chewed food spit out of the mouth: *git*$_1$.

chewing
be biting it, chewing it: *kiukiuw*.

chicken
chicken, hen, rooster: *maliug, niwatori*.

chief
chief for foreigners, local mediator who is in charge of coordination between the local political organization and the administration of the trust government: *tamweniuyepisash*.

chief, head man of a clan, chieftain: *pilung*.
to have power as chief: *tamwel*.
Yapese chief, conqueror, tyrant: *sawey*.

**child**
adopt him as child, care for him: *faamwa*.
child of: *saaril*.
child, boy, girl, baby: *sar*.
child, infant: *gat*.
child, offspring: *laiu*.
illegitimate child: *laiunipish*.
my child: *lai*.

own it (a child) as one’s child, deliver him: *laiuli*.
to deliver a baby, have a child, grow: *laiuleiu*.
to take care of a child playfully, pretend to be a parent: *ke-laiuleiu*.

your child: *laumw*.

**childhood**
childhood, time of one’s childhood: *libel sar*.

**children**
my children: *wenei*.

**chilly**
to be a bit chilly, cool: *liugiuffeieu*.
(to be) cold, chilly: *ffeoiu, gariffeieu*.

**chin**
beard, chin, sideburns: *yalius*.
center of the chin: *yatemak*.
chin, jaw: *yat*.

**Chinese**
Chinese characters: *kansi*.

**chip**
break it off, chip it off: *gofeti*iy.

to break away from the main body, chip off the main part, come off, be removed from something: *ttipp*.

to chip off rust: *kangekang*.

to chip, hew, chop or cut with an axe, etc., hack, gash, make or shape by cutting or chopping with an axe, knife, etc.: *ttas*2.

to jump, whirl, chip up, pop up, skip: *ssig*.

**chipped**

pieces that are chipped off from the whole: *mw*ak.

to be broken into pieces, chipped into pieces: *mwakik*.

to be chipped off, broken off, cut off: *ppis*.

(to be) chipped off, broken: *mwak*.

to break into pieces, be chipped off, broken: *gofetifet*.

to break, be chipped off, broken: *gofet*.

**chisel**: *noomi*.

chisel, a sharp-edged tool for cutting or shaping wood and stone: *tigetig*.

use the chisel to cut it, chisel it: *noomiiyi*.

**choke**

choke him, wring his neck, strangle him: *woronga*.

suffocate him, choke him: *gassugu*.

to suffocate, smother, choke: *ssug*.

**choose**

choose it, pick it up, select it: *fili*.

to choose, pick up, decide, select: *ffil*.

**chop**

chop it down, make it fall, fell it: *gemach*o.

cut it, chop it: *gopi*iy.

cut it, slice it, chop it, hash it: *pari*.

stab it, slash it, gash it, cut it, chop it, peel it off: *saagi*.
to chip, hew, chop or cut with an axe, etc., hack, gash, make or shape by cutting or chopping with an axe, knife, etc.: \textit{ttas}_2.

to chop up, slice: \textit{tipeshig}.

to cut, chop: \textit{gopigop}.

to cut, slice, chop, hash: \textit{pariper}.

to gash, slash, cut, split, chop, peel off: \textit{saasa}.

\textbf{chopped}

(to be) cut, chopped, injured: \textit{gopiteg}.

(to be) hewed, chopped, hollowed (out): \textit{gatou}.

\textbf{chopsticks}

lift it up with a fork or chopsticks: \textit{tibeiy}.

to use a fork or chopsticks to lift something: \textit{tibetib}.

\textbf{chore}

obligation, chore, duty: \textit{mwash}_1.

\textbf{Christmas}: \textit{Bbainaaki}.

Christmas (The literal Japanese meaning is New Year.): \textit{wosongaach}.

\textbf{chub}

chub (a kind of fish): \textit{rel}.

\textbf{chuckle}

to laugh loudly, chuckle, haw-haw, roar with laughter: \textit{tegaag}.

to laugh, smile, chuckle: \textit{ffas}_1.

\textbf{church}: \textit{geleisiya}.

\textbf{cigarette}: \textit{patto}.

cigarette butt: \textit{pagiul}.

tobacco, cigarette: \textit{temaag}.

\textbf{circle}

to circle, come frequently: \textit{gefaaliyel}.

to circle, go round, revolve, rotate, move round: \textit{faaliyel}.

to circle, to be round: \textit{baaliyel}.
circumcise
pull back the foreskin of it, circumcise it: giureey.

circumcised
(to be) circumcised (either by surgery or by nature): wang.
(to be) pulled back (as of the foreskin), circumcised: kiur.

citrus
citrus sp.: liumwul.
orange, trifoliate orange, citrus fruit: gurugur.

clam
a kind of sea clam: labis.
clam, any of hard-shelled, usually edible, bivalve mollusks:
ttog₁.
giant clam: sium.
sea clam, sea shell (a large kind): gamwe.
white portion of sea clam: pengagil.

clam-fishing
to go clam-fishing: ifet.

clamming
to go clamming: ttog₁.

clan
clan, clan member, tribe: tapp₁.
clan, tribe, tribal division: gailang.
name of a clan in Lamotrek and Satawal: Gatemaang.
name of a clan in Outer Islands (including Woleai): Sauwefang, Sauwel.
name of a clan in Woleai: Bel, Gailengaliweleya, Luugofaliuw, Mailibel, Mengaulifash, Saufelaashig, Sautugopei, Shapifeliuw.
name of a clan in Wottagai: Geofaliuw.

clang
ring it, make it clang, make it sound: *gakiungiu*.

**clarified**
to understand, be clarified, be made clear: *metaf*.

**clarify**
explain it, account for it, clarify it: *gematefa*.

**clasp**
catch it, clasp it, clench it, grasp it, hold it, seize it: *toari*.
to catch, clasp, clench, grasp, hold, seize: *toa*.

**class**
class, classroom: *klas*.
team, class, squad: *kumi*.

**classifier**
numeral classifier for a cluster of banana hands: *-is*.
numeral classifier for a handful of sponge-like objects (usually breadfruit): *-ut*.
numeral classifier for a small amount: *-bis, -kiit, -kiut, -mmwit*.
numeral classifier for an arm length: *-paiu*.
numeral classifier for animate beings such as animals, human beings, ghosts, insects: *-mal*.
numeral classifier for breaks in things: *-biun*.
numeral classifier for broken or torn parts or pieces: *-gofet*.
numeral classifier for bundled or grouped objects: *-pileg*.
numeral classifier for bundles or groups of ten (or eight) referring to coconuts, eggs, copra, etc.: *-yaf*.
numeral classifier for chained or strung objects such as palm fronds, leis, shell belts: *-pa*.
numeral classifier for cut pieces, usually of vegetables, fruits, etc.: *-matip*.
numeral classifier for cut-up segments (of breadfruit, taro, etc.): *-tip*.
numeral classifier for days: *-ran*. 
numeral classifier for finger lengths: -gatt.

numeral classifier for flat objects: -peo.

numeral classifier for forearm lengths, from elbow to the end of forefinger: -mwaliu.

numeral classifier for fragments of utterance: -pat.

numeral classifier for general objects including those which are not covered by other classifiers: -uw.

numeral classifier for generations, age groups, size groups, layers, etc.: -tar.

numeral classifier for groups of countable things: -mweiu.

numeral classifier for halves of objects: -tab.

numeral classifier for handfuls of leaves (except for coconut leaves) and hair: -iul.

numeral classifier for handfuls of things: -fiy.

numeral classifier for kinds of things: -tap.

numeral classifier for kinds of things, usually inorganic things: -mat.

numeral classifier for layers of a canoe sail: -il.

numeral classifier for lengths from the wrist to the end of the fingers: -gumwush.

numeral classifier for lines, processions, layers: -tal.

numeral classifier for long and compact bundles (or strings or ropes): -shimw.

numeral classifier for long objects such as canoes, trees, paddles, sticks, cigarettes, shoes, swords, ropes, poles, spears: -fash.

numeral classifier for nights: -bong, -bongil.

numeral classifier for palm widths: -peshanim.

numeral classifier for pieces of grass skirts worn by young girls: -boot.

numeral classifier for portions of fish, wood, pandanus, etc. which are cut off and distributed: -bulog.
numeral classifier for round objects such as stones, marbles, bulbs, balls, beads, testicles, nuts, potatoes, bananas, oranges, young coconuts: -faiu.

numeral classifier for sides: -peig.

numeral classifier for stretched arm-lengths or fathoms: -ngaf.

numeral classifier for stretched finger lengths: -yang.

numeral classifier for strung objects such as fish and fruits: -faat.

numeral classifier for such groups as stalks of bananas and clusters of coconuts, betel nuts, certain bushy flowers, etc.: -umw.

numeral classifier for the amount of liquid placed in a cup or for mouthfuls: -gumw.

numeral classifier for the arms of an octopus or a squid: -gaw.

numeral classifier for the digit of hundred million: -ngerai.

numeral classifier for the digit of hundred thousand: -lob.

numeral classifier for the digit of hundreds: -biuiguw.

numeral classifier for the digit of million: -piy.

numeral classifier for the digit of ten million: -ngit.

numeral classifier for the digit of ten thousand: -n1.

numeral classifier for the digit of thousands: -ngerus.

numeral classifier for the group of ten each of which includes eight or ten members: -ngaual.

numeral classifier for the length from one shoulder to the fingertips on the opposite shoulder: -yefar.

numeral classifier for the tenth digit: -ig.

numeral classifier for thick flat sides: -paliy.

numeral classifier for thick objects such as boards, sides of canoe: -sheo.

numeral classifier for thin pieces or sheets: -yal.

numeral classifier for wrist-lengths (from wrist to finger-tips): -giumwiush.
numeral classifier for years: -rag.
possessive classifier for anointing oil: gapita-, gapite-.
possessive classifier for bait: paa-1.
possessive classifier for bracelets: lega-.
possessive classifier for caught objects: golaaya-.
possessive classifier for children, domestic animals, toys, tools, etc.: laiu-.
possessive classifier for coverings such as sheets, mosquito-nets and raincoats: gouse-.
possessive classifier for drinkable objects: iuliuma-.
possessive classifier for dwellings or sleeping places: imwa-.
possessive classifier for ear-rings: shiuwa-.
possessive classifier for food: gale-, gela-.
possessive classifier for general objects: yaa-.
possessive classifier for honored males: tema-2.
possessive classifier for islands: faliuwe-.
possessive classifier for land property: bugota-.
possessive classifier for leis: mware-.
possessive classifier for long, slender objects such as sticks, canes and spears: sogo-.
possessive classifier for mats: giliya-.
possessive classifier for men’s houses: fale-.
possessive classifier for places to stay: laniya-.
possessive classifier for raw food such as eggs, fish, meat, apples, oranges, papayas, bananas, ghosts: goshaa-.
possessive classifier for shoes: lokaa-.
possessive classifier for skirts: sifi-.
possessive classifier for spare things: geoliugiu-.
possessive classifier for taro-patches: beliu-.
possessive classifier for vehicles: waa-.
possessive classifier for water wells (only for taking a shower): shaliu-.

classroom
class, classroom: klas.

claw
fingernail, toenail, claw: kiu1.
to claw, rake, seize, dig with (as if with claws): wet2.

clay
red dirt used for painting, red clay, red paint: lap2.

clean
clean it: kiliiliy.
(to be) bald, without hair, uncovered, clean: fflash1.
(to be) clean, cleaned, to clean: kiliil.
to clean, clear, dig out roots from, hoe: wolaag2.
to clean, wipe, wash: niuw2.
wash it, clean it, wipe it: niuwa.

cleaned
new, cleaned: feo.
to be new, cleaned: ffeo.
(to be) clean, cleaned, to clean: kiliil.

cleanse
to wash, cleanse: ubuub1.

clear
clear it: gemalemela1.
clear it (ground, court, etc.), get rid of obstructions or entanglements from it: melati.
to be clear, seen clearly, recognized: gil1.
(to be) clear, free from obstacles: rat.
(to be) clear, pure, real: ffat2.
(to be) cleared, clear: malemal₁.

to become clear, be enlightened: memmetaf.

to clean, clear, dig out roots from, hoe: wolaag₂.

to clear one’s throat (by a cough-like action): ganger.

to turn out, appear, become clear, come into view: nag₁.

to understand, be clarified, be made clear: metaf.

cleared

(to be) cleared, clear: malemal₁.

cleared ground

cleared ground, court or field for football, baseball, etc.: malemal₁.

clench

catch it, clasp it, clench it, grasp it, hold it, seize it: toari.

to catch, clasp, clench, grasp, hold, seize: toa.

clever

to be an expert, (be) clever, know well, (be) dextrous: limeshig.

(to be) smart, clever, have know-how: reepiy.

climb

climb it, pick it: teogi.

to climb (in the way one climbs up a coconut tree): gaafal.

to climb awkwardly: garup₁.

to climb down, come down: teotiw.

to climb up, be rich: teotag.

to climb up, pick: teoteo.

to climb, move, be rich: teo₁.

to climb, move, go (up or down): ppash₁.

to make (him) climb, make (him) crawl: gateo.

cling
stick to it, attach to it, hold on it, cling to it, adhere to it: pe-shangi.

**clitoris:** gumwer.

genital, clitoris: tool.
nickname for clitoris (lit. spathe of lizard): yatiligiuweel.

**clock**
clock, watch: klook, kolook.

**clogged**
to be closed, shut, clogged (as a result of the two adjacent lands being connected): giu₁.

**close**
approach me, come close to me: garepaayai.
be close to it, near it, approach it: garepa.
close it, shut it: miuliuw, ttiyi.
close it, shut it (off): pilesi, pileta₁.
to be close by, near, a short distance from, near at hand: rep.
to be near, come close, close-by, neighboring: garep.

**close-by**
to be near, come close, close-by, neighboring: garep.

**close-packed**
(to be) thick, close-packed, dense: maaliuyel.

**closed**
to be closed: pilepil.
to be closed, enclosed, shut: tti₁.
to be closed, shut: miul, piletag.
to be closed, shut, clogged (as a result of the two adjacent lands being connected): giu₁.

**closeness**
(a place) nearby, closeness of, in the vicinity of, in the neighborhood of: yaro-1.
closer
to get closer, be approaching: *gareperep*.

cloth
cloth, clothes: *mengaag*.
going-away present, cloth or lavalava given to a person who is
    going on a journey: *gapeopeo*.

piece of cloth wrapped around the head, headband: *baayou*.

clothes
bolt of clothes: *mabuul*.
cloth, clothes: *mengaag*.
clothes, lavalava: *gapela-*.

have it as an article of one’s clothes: *mengaaguli*.
lavalava, clothes, anything used for covering the pubic area,
    loincloth: *gepalepal*.

my clothes: *mengaaguliu*.

cloud
cloud, heaven: *langimaal*.
heaven, cloud: *teramiy*.
mist, dust, fog, cloud: *geraatiuyet*.

cloudy
to be misty, dusty, foggy, cloudy: *geraatiuyet*.

club house
main men’s house, main club house: *fenap*.
men’s house, club house: *fal3*.

clumsy
(to be) imperfect in doing something, clumsy, sloppy, poor: *yan-ngenngaw*.

cluster
bunch, bundle, cluster, homogeneous group: *woo-*.

clutch
grab it (a knife, etc.), clutch it, snatch it: waiti.

**coarse**

feel it, make it coarse: gasowasowa.
to be coarse, rough, crude: sowasow.
(to be) coarse, full of scars, bumpy: giuriugiur.
(to be) coarse, not smooth, rough: mengaringer.

**cobweb**

spider, cobweb: ligesuburaara.

**cock**

stopper, bung, cork, cock, plug, spigot, tap: pilepil.

**cockroach:** macheolap.

**ckky**

to be impudent, conceited, pretentious, cocky: naamaiki.

**coconut**

a kind of sweet coconut, its tree: yatool.
coconut fiber, soft inside coconut husk: worocho.
coconut leaf, coconut frond: paaniu.
coconut shell with juice inside: faiuniu.
coconut, coconut tree: liu.
cooked shredded coconut meat, boiled grated copra meat
(shaped like a ball, as large as a human fist): uloulet.
copra, mature coconut: sho.
either a breadfruit or a coconut tree to which the owner gives
a great deal of care, process of caring for a breadfruit or a
coconut tree: iuwang.
empty and crooked kind of coconut fruit: war₁.
fallen coconut leaf, coconut thatch, mat: mwoocha.
fallen coconut, stale coconut: paawol₂.
part of the main stem that carries coconut fruits: yereor.
soft part of a young coconut: metaliya.
state of coconut spathe growth: *gaiu*.

to be drunk (as of the first fruit of a coconut tree), be the first coconut to be drunk: *gaatiyet*.

young coconut: *gurub*.

young coconut tree: *woloshig*.

young coconut, young coconut meat: *ub₃*.

**coconut blossom:** *yatitoal*.

**coconut crab:** *yaff*.

**coconut cream**

cocoanut cream, bone marrow, coconut milk: *yareng*.

**coconut fiber**

dry coconut fiber used for making sennit or ropes: *gosh₂*.

**coconut frond**

base of coconut frond: *gashepaaley*.

first few leaves close to the coconut frond: *talingeliyol*.

immature coconut frond, white young coconut leaf (usually posted as a taboo sign along the main path): *ubut*.

**coconut fronds**

coconut fronds used to keep thatched roofs from blowing off: *feshaiulap*.

put coconut fronds on it (a house, etc.): *feshaiulepa*.

**coconut husk**

coconut husk buried in the salt water: *sumw*.

coconut screen, coconut husk, leaf (of a tree): *iul₃*.

one or more separate strings of coconut husk used for making rope: *moroligosh*.

patch, slices of coconut husk which are used to block up a long opening between two pieces of boards, especially in canoes: *paal₁*.

pounded coconut husk, its juice: *ileiuwat*.

**coconut leaf**
coconut leaf, coconut frond: *paaley*.

dried coconut leaf: *paatiul*.

immature coconut frond, white young coconut leaf (usually posted as a taboo sign along the main path): *ubut*.

**coconut leaves**

a kind of mat like basket, woven coconut leaves: *giliyetaiuteiu*.

a kind of outdoor mat made of coconut leaves, woven coconut leaves used for sitting on: *giliyepeopeo*.

coconut leaves laid across the beach to keep the canoe rollers from sinking into the sand: *faanang*.

outdoor mat, coconut leaves used as outdoor mats: *giliy*.

put the coconut leaves down (to keep the canoe rollers from sinking into the sand): *faanangoow*.

woven coconut leaves for storing dry copra, copra basket, mat for drying copra: *giliyecho*.

woven coconut leaves used on sailing canoes: *peras1*.

woven white coconut leaves used as leis: *tepeliumwan2*.

**coconut meat**

white coconut meat: *pel*.

**coconut milk**

boiled coconut milk, food which is mixed with boiled coconut milk: *yarengiufisifis*.

coconut cream, bone marrow, coconut milk: *yareng*.

**coconut oil**: *gapigep, tika*.

make coconut oil out of it, press oil from it: *tikaali*.

**coconut screen**

coconut screen, coconut husk, leaf (of a tree): *iul3*.

**coconut shell**

coconut shell used as a tuba container: *peor*.

**coconut spathe**

coconut spathe (leaf): *yat2*. 
coconut syrup: *lush*.
to make coconut syrup: *lush*.

cofee senna
cofee senna (*fleurya ruderalis*): *gefalefal*.

**coffee**: *koofi*.

**Coke**
Coke (cola), Coca Cola: *kook*.

cold
cool it, make him cold: *gafeoiuw*.
make him cold, cool it: *gaffeoiuw*.
to be cold, cool, shiver: *feoiu*.
(to be) cold, chilly: *ffeoiu, gariffeeiu*.

**coldness**: *ffeoiu*.

**colleagues**
companions (lit. people of one’s companions), colleagues: *wechiyela*-.

**collect**
add it, collect it: *gashu*.
gather it, collect it, tie them together: *gashuuw*.
gather them together, put them together, collect them together: *iuyelifenganiiy*.
gather them, assemble them, collect them: *iuyeli*.
shake it, collect it: *iushiugiu*.
to collect, assemble, get together: *iuyeiy*.
to collect, heap up, gather, bring together: *tteiuy*.
to collect, pick up, gather: *gatteiuy*.
to fish by chance, hunt for, collect (fruits), found by chance: *riur*.
to shake, collect fruit: *iushiush*.

**collected**
to be shaken, collected (of fruit): *iushiungeg*. 
**college:** kaaleish.

**color**
black color of lavalava: lugoshol.
dye it, put color on it: gatiuw.
to dye, color cloth or hair, color with a dye: tumw.

**colorful**
(to be) colorful, extraordinary: gaweligelig.

**comb:** kaumw, pail.
comb it: kaumwuuw, pailiiy.
wooden native comb (men’s comb only): rewa.

**combed**
(to be) combed: kaumw.

**come**
find it by chance, come upon it: riugiu.
get through (a channel) one by one, come through: yareyar.
to accompany, follow, go with, come after: ttab₂.
to arrive, land, come ashore, be safe home, reach in good condition: tog₂.
to circle, come frequently: gefaaliyel.
to climb down, come down: teotiw.
to come in, enter, go into: buulong.
to come side by side, move together side by side (as of ships, canoes), long-sided: getaata.
to come up to the surface, appear from behind, be disclosed (of a secret): bba₂.
to come, arrive, come here: buutog.
to come, walk, come out, move, migrate: too-.
to emerge, come out slowly, pour out (of sweat): ttiung.
to enter, come in, walk in: toolong.
to happen, occur, show up, come: ki₁.
to meet, encounter, come up with, agree (to): shu.
to move downward, come down: biitiw.
to move up, rise, come up: gatetag.
to return, go back, come back: tefaal.
to rise up, loom before, come up (of something which was once hidden): tibeyag.
to slip, fall off, come off: tapiss.

**come down**
to fall, drop, come down suddenly: ppiung₁.
to overwhelm, come down (describing the climax of a state being influenced by supernatural force): chiitiw.

**come in**
bring it in, make him come in, have him enter: gabuulongoow.

**comfort**
comfort him, persuade him, console him: gashipe.
to comfort, apologize, persuade, console: gashipeship.

**commingle**
mix it, commingle it, mingle it: peta.
to mix (liquid), commingle, mingle: pat₃.

**common**
to be common, likely, habitual, probable: nam.

**commoner**
common person, commoner: mauwesh.

**communion**
communion, communion food: kamwooniyoon.
to receive communion: kamwooniyoon.

**communist**: kaaminiis.
to become a communist: kaaminiis.

**compact**
compact it, fill it tightly, pack it firmly: ngitiiy.
make it compact, compress it, squeeze it, push it: *gatiya*.
make it tight, (make it) compact: *ganngiti*.
to be compact, closely and firmly packed: *nngit*.
to be compact, stuck, packed closely, condensed: *ppes*.

**compacting**
be compacting it, compressing it, squeezing it: *kekatiya*.

**companion**
companion, crew: *shiyela-*.

**companions**
companions (lit. people of one’s companions), colleagues:
    *wechiyela*.

**company**
company, corporation: *kaisa*.

**compare**
compare him to, liken him to, think him to resemble: *gawe*.

**compartment**
room, partition, compartment: *goop*.

**compass:** *lang*.
early stage of learning about those stars used for navigation,
    arrangement of stars used in navigation, compass, counting
    of stars: *paafius*.

**compete**
to compete in dancing: *she*.
to compete, contest, rival, emulate, competing: *gaingeing*.
to compete, run neck-and-neck: *gafitegiteg*.
to encourage, animate, compete with: *gemmaagiuf*.

**competing**
to be competing, contest, rival: *gemmaagiuf*.
to compete, contest, rival, emulate, competing: *gaingeing*.

**competition:** *she*.
to race, take part in a competition of speed, run a race: *gagurumw*.

**complete**

complete it, finish it: *gesabo*.

finish it up, finalize it, complete it: *gemano*.

finish it, complete it, accomplish it: *gareta*₂.

to be complete, agreed upon, set, fixed: *ppag*₂.

to finish, complete, accomplish: *gachechet*.

to go through, be complete, come to an end: *ffash*₂.

to go, visit, complete: *mwiuch*.

to prepare, test, look for, finish, complete: *geman*₂.

**completed**

to be finalized, finished, completed, come to an end: *iug*₁.

to be finished, completed: *sab*.

(to be) finished, completed, ended, concluded, consumed: *ret*.

(to be) finished, completed, ready: *man*₃.

**completely**

absolutely, completely (lit. body of), really: *galongal*.

away, completely: *lag*₃.

completely, totally: *mwaamwaaiu*₁.

good, completely, perfectly: *-fish*.

**completion**

to be getting nearer to completion: *memman*.

**compressed**

to be compressed, separated, flattened: *shaperag*₂.

**compressing**

be compacting it, compressing it, squeezing it: *kekatiya*.

**compute**

count it, compute it, figure it out: *gosofi*.

509
estimate it, calculate it, compute it, appraise it: *gaiureiura*.
to count, compute, figure out: *gosogos*.
to estimate, calculate, compute: *gaiureiur*.
to figure out, compute, calculate: *gepashepash*.

**computed**
to be counted, computed, figured out: *gosofag*.

**concavity**
hole, hollow, concavity: *ngat*.

**conceal**
hide behind it, conceal oneself behind it: *mwalogi*.
hide it, conceal it: *gemwalo₁*, *libaagili*.
to hide, conceal: *nibaag*.

**conceited**
to be impudent, conceited, pretentious, cocky: *naamaiki*.

**conceive**
to be pregnant, conceive: *siyal*.

**concentrate**
concentrate on it: *laloow*.
to think, ponder, consider, maneuver, concentrate on: *yagiyeg*.

**concentrating**
to be concentrating on it: *nenaloow*.

**concerned**
interrupt him, interfere with him, cause him to be concerned,
make him obligated: *gematepengagiyy*.
to be worried, worry about, be concerned about, feel uneasy:
*simpai*.

**concerning**
about, as to, concerning: *gare*.

**conch shell**
conch shell, trumpet: *tawi*.
concluded
(to be) finished, completed, ended, concluded, consumed: ret.
condensed
to be compact, stuck, packed closely, condensed: ppes\textsubscript{2}.
condition
appearance, condition, shape: yaiu-.
shape, condition, size: paa-2.
situation, happening, thing, condition, status: kofa-.
conducted
to be done hurriedly without seriousness, conducted in an illegitimate way: yarikiri.
cone shell: moashoosh\textsubscript{2}.
conference
meeting, gathering, conference, council: tteiuy\textsubscript{1}.
confession
confession, profession, admission: puwaafaai.
confident
to be confident, feel secure, feel dependable: liugiuliug\textsubscript{1}.
to be expected, convinced, confident, feel secure, trust: nigu-iuliug.
confuse
make him look confused, confuse him: gayesalimwera.
mix it up, confuse him: gafitilogoow.
confused
make him confused, make him crazy: gamenga.
to be confused, messed up: fitikooko, fitilog.
to be undecided, neutral, confused: mwar\textsubscript{1}.
(to be) confused, absent-minded, stunned, stupefied: mwaaliyas.
(to be) misleading, confused, get lost: mwaal.
(to be) scattered brained, crazy, easily confused: *mate-mangemang*.

**confusion**

confusion, perplexity: *fitikoko, fitilog*.

to spoil, ruin, destroy, frustrate, bring to naught, wreak havoc with, bungle, cause confusion to: *getaroperop*.

**connect**

hook it, connect it by a fish hook, pierce it with a hook: *geosi*.

tie it, bind it, connect it (an object): *sooti*.

tie it, connect it, make knots of it: *bugosi*.

to tie, bind, connect: *sooso*.

to tie, bind, fasten, connect, make knots of: *bugobug*.

**connected**

to be hooked, connected, pierced with a hook: *geotag*.

to be tied, connected, bound, fastened: *bugotag*.

**conquer**

slaughter it, kill it, conquer it, get possession of it: *roopiiy*.

to slaughter, kill (animals) for food, conquer, get possession of: *roop*.

**conqueror**

Yapese chief, conqueror, tyrant: *sawey1*.

**consequence**

its result, its outcome, its consequence, its effect: *toowaiul1*.

result of, outcome of, consequence of, effect of: *toowaiul2*.

result, outcome, consequence: *toowaiu*.

**consider**

think it, ponder it, consider it: *yagiiy*.

think it, think about it, consider it, reflect on it: *liwaneeey*.

to think, ponder, consider, maneuver, concentrate on: *yagiyeg*.

to think, remember, consider, ponder, expect: *mangimeng*.
considerably
bad, considerably: *but.*

consideration
careful treatment, careful consideration: *toashig.*
to listen to, give consideration to: *mafil.*

consist
to consist of many kinds, be mixed with different things:
*gepaar1.*

consistent
(to be) constant, consistent, persistant, changeless, frequent:
*ragiusiugi.*

console
comfort him, persuade him, console him: *gashipe.*
to comfort, apologize, persuade, console: *gashipeship.*

conspicuous
to stand out, be outstanding, be conspicuous: *ney.*

constant
(to be) constant, consistent, persistant, changeless, frequent:
*ragiusiugi.*

constipated
to be plugged up, constipated, stopped up: *piun.*
(to be) plugged up, constipated: *gapiun.*

construct
build it, construct it: *fatelega.*
to construct, make, build (a fish-trap): *iugiug.*

constructed
to be built, constructed: *fatelag.*

consult
to discuss, consult, decide, determine, manage: *gafilefil.*

consultation
discussion, consultation, determination: gafílefil.

**consumed**
(to be) finished, completed, ended, concluded, consumed: ret.

**contact**
to touch, border on, strike lightly, come up to, come into contact with: ttug.

**container**
water tank, large container for liquid: teeng₁.

**contaminated**
to be bothered, contaminated with smoke: baass.

**contemplate**
think about it, contemplate it: gaagiyegiiy.
to plan, project, think, contemplate: gaagiyeg.

**contemplation**
plan, project, scheme, contemplation: gaagiyeg.

**contend**
to fight, contend in battle: maaul.

**content**: ngiut.
content of, load of: yauten.

**contest**
to be competing, contest, rival: gemmagiuf.
to compete, contest, rival, emulate, competing: gaingeing.

**continually**
just, only, unexpectedly, continually: shag.

**continuation**
continuation of, continually: mwaaral.
continuation, remaining: shiuwe-.

**continuously**
to carry continuously, carry repeatedly: gaapiyep.
contrary
to be sarcastic, do the opposite, be contrary: teraaiu.

contribute
to contribute one’s share of whatever has been designated by a group of elders, contribute according to the number of houses: ttubeliimw.

contribution
sacrifice, contribution to the church: maliigach.

control
control over it (an area), etc. as the chief, administer it: tamweliuw.
to be patient, control oneself, be able to bear something: geolag.

conversation
speech, lecture, conversation: yalo.
word, speech, talk, conversation: mwaliya-.

converse
to converse, tell stories, chat (about): tittinap.

convert
turn it, change it, transfer it, convert it: wegiti.

converted
to turn over, change from primitive ways of life to modern, civilized ones, be converted, transferred: weg.

convex
head, convex shape: shimw2.

convey
carry it, take it, convey it, transport it: gasi.
carry it, transport it, convey it: roogi.
to carry, convey, transport: gaasib, gachewar.
to carry, convey, transport, take: gak.

convicted
to get in trouble (as a result of doing things socially not acceptable), to suffer the consequences, convicted, troubled: riya.

**convince**

make it sure, make it certain, convince someone of it: galiugiuliugi.

to make sure, convince: galiugiuliug.

**convinced**

to be expected, convinced, confident, feel secure, trust: nigiuliugi.

to be persuaded, convinced: sare-.

to believe, be convinced: chepar.

to trust, believe, be convinced with: shepar.

**cook**

cook it: gameta₂.

cook it (over an open fire), heat it (in a pot): gabeshi.

cook it plainly: belaawa.

cook it prematurely: gayeemeta.

to cook fish to celebrate a fishing trip: yafiileo.

to cook food with coconut milk: yareng.

to cook in an earth oven: umw.

to cook, prepare food: gamet.

to roast, burn, heat, cook over an open fire: gabbesh.

**cooked**

plainly cooked (of breadfruit): belaaw.

(to be) broiled, cooked on the flame, heated in the sun, broil: kar₁.

(to be) cooked: mett.

**cookie**

biscuit, cracker, cookie: pereet, pisigt.

**cooking-house**
cooking-house, kitchen: *mwaluumw*.

**cookingpot**
cookingpot, iron pot, kettle: *raw*.

**cool**
cool it, make him cold: *gafeoiuw*.
make him cold, cool it: *gaffeoiuw*.
to be a bit chilly, cool: *liugiuffeeiu*.
to be cold, cool, shiver: *feoiu*.
to be reducing temperature, becoming cool: *memmach*.
(to be) lukewarm, not hot, become cool, be in the state of reducing warmth: *mach*$_1$.

**copper**: *galoosh*.
tin, copper, tin-pot: *takelesh*.

**copra**
cooked shredded coconut meat, boiled grated copra meat (shaped like a ball, as large as a human fist): *uloulet*.
copra given as payment for people’s contribution to one’s dead relatives: *ganigoou*.
copra set aside as a means of ritual exchange: *shoolilani-gaiuweiuw*.
copra sponge, copra meat: *far*$_1$.
copra with two sprouts, twin-copra: *lachiuw*.
copra, mature coconut: *sho*.
drifting copra: *shoolima*.
ground copra: *guwal*.
naturally dried copra with no juice in it, thick copra: *shoomal*.
sprouting copra: *shoofar*.
two pieces of copra which are set aside for one’s good luck: *shoonim*.

**copra basket**
woven coconut leaves for storing dry copra, copra basket, mat for drying copra: *giliyecho*.

**coral**
a kind of yellow coral reef, a kind of coral (yellow, itchy kind): *yautong*.
reef, coral, lime: *wosh*.
yellow reef, yellow coral: *woshorang*.

**cord**
string, cord, band, lace: *fa₂*.

**core**
core of breadfruit, kernel: *far₂*.
dig it, delve it, core it, excavate it: *gelingi*.

**cork**
stopper, bung, cork, cock, plug, spigot, tap: *pilepil*.

**corn**
corn, maize: *maiis*.

**corn shell**
sharp end of a corn shell: *tepeliumwan₁*.

**corner**
corner (usually of the mouth), in the corner: *nibeigiig*.
corner, space between meeting lines, walls, or borders close to the vertex of the angles: *libesiis*.
corner, turn: *fat₁*.

**cornered**
(to be) angular, cornered: *fatifet*.

**corners**
make it angular, let it have corners: *gefatifetiit*.
(to be) sharp (of edges), have many corners: *Ingiing*.

**corporation**
company, corporation: *kaisa*. 
corps
soldier, army, corps, troops: geitei.
correct
to be correct, accurate, exact: pash2.
to be right, correct: biung1.
costa
rib, costa: ragerag.
couch
cradle, hammock, swinging couch or bed: ileiul.
cough
to cough: fagefag, ffag1.
council
meeting, gathering, conference, council: tteiuy1.
counsel
advice, counsel, recommendation, suggestion: folofol.
advice him, counsel him: foloow.
counselor
assistant, helper, counselor: getoatoa.
count
count it, compute it, figure it out: gosofi.
count it, number it, calculate it: paangi.
count it, reckon it, enumerate it, number it: wetagi.
to count stars: paafius.
to count, compute, figure out: gosogos.
to count, number, calculate, take a count of: paapa4.
to count, reckon, enumerate, number: watewat.
counted
to be (in the process of) being counted, being followed: ra-
gireg2.
to be counted, computed, figured out: *gosofag*.
to be counted, kept track of, followed up, matched: *rag*.
to be counted, numbered, calculated: *paangag*.

**courageous**

brave man, courageous man: *berag*.
make him brave, make him courageous: *gebarega*.
to be brave, courageous: *berag*.
(to be) courageous, bold, have courage to confront people: *matefas*.
to show off, be courageous, be excited (implying romantic excitement): *chegas*.

**course**

course of sailing to arrive at a particular destination, art of locating an island: *woofaliuw*.

**court**

playground, field, court for basketball, etc.: *maag*.

**cousin**

cousin and brother-in-law at the same time (of the same sex): *bisigeushemaa*-

**cover**

cover him up with sheets: *gouseey*.
cover it: *baliuw*$_2$.
cover it up, fold it: *limi*.
cover it up, lock it up, keep it secret, hamper it, stop it up: *gewaliu*.
cover, folding: *limilim*$_2$.
fill up, cover up: *ireir*$_1$.
roof it (a house, etc.), cover it with a roof: *feta*.
something used for protection from dirt, cover: *yaleela*.
to cover: *baliubel*$_2$.
to cover the head and body with a sheet or cloth: *liugiuliug*.
to cover up one’s body (with sheets): *gousous*.
to cover, fold: *limilim*.
to put a cover (on): *yaleela*.
to wrap, cover: *tiugiutiug*.
wrap it, cover it: *tiugiumi*.

**covered**
to be buried, filled up, covered up: *iretag*.
to be covered, hampered, stopped: *wal*.
to be flooded, covered: *limingeg*.

**covering**: *baliubel*.

blanket, bed covering: *pelaig*.
have or use it as covering such as sheets, blankets, or mosquito nets: *gouseli*.
lavalava that covers a dead person, covering: *gosu*.
sheet, covering: *skiif*.

**covetous**
(to be) greedy, avaricious, covetous: *mweshaliya*.

**cow**
cow, corned beef: *karebau*.

**coward**
(to be) a coward, timid, cowardly, scary: *liuweeta*.

**cowry**
white shell, cowry, bivalve mollusc: *ubil*.

**crab**
a kind of sea crab: *gamesaash*.
beach crab: *garip*.
coconut crab: *yaff*.
crab (any of various crustaceans with four pairs of legs, one pair of pincers, a flattish shell, and a short, broad abdomen folded under its thorax): *ragumw*.

**crab eggs:** *fisha*₂.

**crack**
big crack in the reef, reef opening: *wau*₂.

crack it, knock it, split it: *gota*.

open it, split it, crack it, break her hymen: *tilengi*.

scatter it, crack it up: *gemagelagela*.

to crack, knock, split: *gotoat*.

**cracked**
to be opened, split, cracked: *tilengag*.

to be pinched, cracked: *ban*₁.

(to be) broken, cracked, smashed, wrecked: *tewa*.

(to be) cut, split, cut off, broken, cracked open: *pag*₂.

to scatter, disperse, be cracked up, break up, be broken into pieces: *megalegal*.

**cracker**
biscuit, cracker, candy: *wokas*.

biscuit, cracker, cookie: *pereet, pisigit*.

**cracking**
to be cracking little by little: *tetewa*.

to be cracking slowly, being hatched: *kekattewa*.

**cradle**
cradle, hammock, swinging couch or bed: *ileiul*.

**craft**
amphibious craft: *tangku*.

**craftsman**
canoe builder, master craftsman: *senap*.

**cramp**
tangle it, cramp it, apply a full nelson on him: *gaffi*.

to apply a full nelson (wrestling), tangle, cramp: *gaff*.

**cramped**
(to be) cramped, tangled up: *ffi*.

**crawl**
to crawl around: *geragerag*.
to crawl, creep: *teonaw*.
to crawl, creep, grovel, crawling: *gerag1*.
to make (him) climb, make (him) crawl: *gateo*.

**crawling**
to be crawling, to have started crawling: *kekerag*.
to crawl, creep, grovel, crawling: *gerag1*.

**crayon**
crayon, a black ink drawing: *sumi*.
crayon, drawing, picture: *sunga*.

**crazily**
to look around unconvincingly, crazily: *tarof*.

**crazy**
make him confused, make him crazy: *gamenga*.
(to be) crazy, foolish, mentally retarded: *mmang*.
(to be) crazy, stupid: *bush*.
(to be) scattered brained, crazy, easily confused: *matemangemang*.

**crazy person**
crazy person, mentally retarded person: *matemangemang*.

**create**
create him, bring him into existence: *gasubu*.

**creature**
a kind of sea creature: *lishar*.
creep
to crawl, creep: teonaw.
to crawl, creep, grovel, crawling: gerag1.

crest
top (of trees, poles, masts, etc.), peak, crest: siyabo-.

crevise
crevise, small holes in arms: bbang1.

crew
companion, crew: shiyela-.
person, crew: shoa.
crocodile: gaaush.

crook
twist it, crook it: yapili.

crooked
make it crooked, make it twisted: geyapilegiiy.
(to be) crooked (of O-type legs): bash1.
(to be) crooked, curved: bbar.
(to be) deceptive, crooked, tricky: riugiuriug.
(to be) twisted, crooked: yapileg.
to bend, bend over (as of trees bending over water), curve, (be)
crooked: pey.

cross: faaib.
cross it: faaiba.
to wade, cross over, go across: uraag.

cross arms
cross arms, a special dance action in which an arm is stretched
forward and at the same time sharply bent upward by a 90
degree angle at the elbow and another arm placed horizon-
tally with the finger tips slightly touching the elbow of the
upright arm: peshairel.

cross-examine
cross-examine him, make it sure: *ganeta*.

**cross-sibling**
cross-sibling (brother or sister): *mwangeya*-

**cross-wise**
(to be) cross-wise, across, lie across, be horizontal: *pengag*.

**crossed**
make it crossed: *gappengagi*.
(to be) crossed: *faaib*.

**crossed legs**
to lie with crossed legs: *felalimwalog*.

**crossing**
to be wading, crossing over: *urouraag*.

**crotch**
fork, crotch: *ttou*.

**crouch**
to crouch, stoop with limbs close to the body: *tigines*.

**crow**
to crow: *keo*.

**crowd**
bush, crowd: *batu*.

**crowing**
crowing, rooster’s cry: *keo*.

**crown**
crown him: *fareniuw*.
to crown, be crowned: *faren*.

**crude**
to be coarse, rough, crude: *sowasow*.

**crumple**
crumple it, wrinkle it, rumple it: *mwuloti*.
to crumple, crumpled, wrinkle, rumple: *mwulomwul*.

**crumpled**

to be crumpled, wrinkled, rumpled: *mwulotag*.
to crumple, crumpled, wrinkle, rumple: *mwulomwul*.

**crunch**

crunch it, crush it, grind (it) up: *gasiungeriu*.
to chew, crunch, gnaw: *ngaringer*.
to crunch, be crunchy, chew with a noisy, crackling sound, press, grind, tread, etc. with a noisy sound: *siungeriunger*.

**crush**

break it, destroy it, crush it, smash it: *ripiiy*.
crunch it, crush it, grind (it) up: *gasiungeriu*.
grind it, shave it, crush it, cut it: *geriu*.
to break (as of waves), crush, split: *niu*.
to break, destroy, crush, smash: *ripirip*.
to grind, be ground, shave, crush: *geriuger*$_1$.

**crushed**
to be broken, destroyed, crushed, smashed: *ripingeg*.

**cry**

cause him to cry: *engaangaay*.
make him cry, make him weep: *getangi*.
to cry (as of a child, but not of a baby or an adult), crying: *wag*$_2$.
to cry a lot, weep frequently: *tangiteng*.
to cry easily, always crying: *ligaatangiteng*.
to cry out: *ngiureg*.
to cry, howl, hum: *ngaanga*$_1$.
to weep, cry, sob: *tang*.

**crying**
to be recovering from crying or anger: *chipeship*.
to burst into crying or laughing: *nnga*.
to cry (as of a child, but not of a baby or an adult), crying: *wag*.
to cry easily, always crying: *ligaatangiteng*.
to recover from crying or anger: *ship*.

**cultivate**
to farm, cultivate lands: *milaai*.

**cup**
shell (of skull, coconut, etc.), cup: *teg*.

**cup-full**
to be full, cup-full: *ippai*.

**cure**
erase it, extinguish it, heal it, cure it: *gemoaw*.
to cure, heal, treat (sickness): *gemoamoa*.

**cured**
to be healed, cured, extinguished (like a fire), erase: *moa*.

**curl**
bend it, curl it, twist it: *ganesiu*.
to curl backward, be curved backward: *ssang*.
to curl, (become) curled, (be) twisted: *nes*.

**curlew**
a kind of bird (bristle-thighed curlew): *liyak*.

**curling**
to be curling, being twisted: *nenes*.

**curly**
(to be) curly, kinky (of hair): *mwangerenger*.

**current**
current, stream: *fangosh*.
current, tidal or nontidal movement of lake or ocean water: *yaiut*.
(to be) with current (as a body of water): fangosh.
to have a little current (as a body of water): fangoshongosh.

**curse**
to curse, execrate, use profanely insolent language about people: yoayoa.

**cursive writing**
cursive writing of Japanese syllabary: girakena.

**curve**
bay, inside curve (in an area of land): shib2.
bend it, curve it: gebbaro.
bend, curve: rogo-.
curve, joint: mago.
to bend, bend over (as of trees bending over water), curve, (be) crooked: pey.

**curved**
reef sticking out from an island, outside curved projection: bi-ugiuw.
to be engulfed, curved inwardly: shib2.
(to be) crooked, curved: bbar.
to bend, make something curved: gebbar.
to curl backward, be curved backward: ssang.

**curved end**
curved end of an island: kar2.

**custom**
custom, tradition: kofalifaliuw.

**customarily**
usualness, already, customarily, ordinary: fasiu-.

**cut**
break it, disconnect it, take him (a child) away from his mother for the first time, cut it off, snap it off: mweiuti.
cut it: *felagi*, *ppeta*.
cut it (as in a haircut), snip it: *suluuw*.
cut it (as in cutting of tuba): *gosheey*.
cut it (usually leaves, etc.): *tepagi*.
cut it with an adze: *peshuguluuw*.
cut it with an axe: *shoapela*.
cut it with hand-clippers: *bariikenga*.
cut it with scissors, shorten it with scissors: *tiresa*.
cut it, chop it: *gopiiy*.
cut it, hew it with an adze: *fela*.
cut it, slice it: *tefali*.
cut it, slice it, apportion it: *giliiy*.
cut it, slice it, chop it, hash it: *pari*.
cut it, slice it, write it: *tefa*.
cut the belly (of the fish) off: *mweeli*.
grind it, shave it, crush it, cut it: *geriu*.
piece that is cut out: *ppat*.
saw it, cut it, sever it, amputate it, use a saw to cut it: *reey*.
slice it, cut it into small pieces: *shilinigiyy*.
slice it, cut it into small pieces (usually meat): *uleey*.
stab it, slash it, gash it, cut it, chop it, peel it off: *saagi*.
to be chipped off, broken off, cut off: *ppis*.
to be cut: *ppat*.
to be ripped off, torn, rent, cut apart: *ttaaring*.
(to be) cut, chopped, injured: *gopiteg*.
(to be) cut, split, cut off, broken, cracked open: *pag*.
(to be) short, severed, cut short: *mwoshomwoosh*.
to chip, hew, chop or cut with an axe, etc., hack, gash, make or shape by cutting or chopping with an axe, knife, etc.: *ttas*.
to cut (a tuba tap): *gosh*$_1$.
to cut (usually leaves): *tap*$_2$.
to cut something (with a knife) and lift it up: *gatik*.
to cut the belly of a fish: *mweemwe*.
to cut the bilge area of: *geshap*.
to cut with a knife or an axe, split in two (lengthwise): *tittil*.
to cut, chop: *gopigop*.
to cut, hew with an adze: *falefal, pat*$_4$.
to cut, slice, chop, hash: *pariper*.
to cut, slice, write: *tafetaf*.
to cut, snip: *siussiul*.
to cut, split (taro, etc.), cut off the end evenly: *pagiupeg*.
to gash, slash, cut, split, chop, peel off: *saasa*.
to give a blow (with the fist), cut, hit: *tug*$_2$.
to saw, cut, sever: *reere*.
to slice, cut (usually meat) into small pieces: *uloul*.
to slice, cut into small pieces: *shilinig*.
to split cut, divide, break, be dispersed, be over: *megal*.
use the chisel to cut it, chisel it: *noomi*$_y$.

**cutter**

woman’s cutter for banana or lavalava fibers: *giligil*$_1$.

**cycle**

bicycle, cycle: *raat*.
damn
god damn it (lit. smell of octopus): *gabool gius*.

damnation
damnation (lit. smell of octopus): *gabooligius*.
dance: *baaiu*$_2$.

A kind of dance: *fisifis*$_1$, *gebagiul*$_1$, *langilipi*, *maas*, *mate-wairuwepal*, *paboor*, *piloomw*$_1$, *rumwuweeg*, *siureporou*, *taiuwaboot*, *wiiski*$_2$.

A kind of female dance: *nigepilamw*, *waailiil*$_2$.

A kind of male dance: *yaaur*.

A special kind of traditional dance which is usually performed to honor the death of a chief or also when a girl is having menstruation for the first time: *kasig*.

A wild dance which is usually performed to welcome people (done by women only): *waairef*.

Celebration of a chief’s death after two or three months of the death, dance for such celebration (lit. island meeting): *shuufeliuw*.

cross arms, a special dance action in which an arm is stretched forward and at the same time sharply bent upward by a 90 degree angle at the elbow and another arm placed horizontally with the finger tips slightly touching the elbow of the upright arm: *peshairel*.

dance, play, game: *ur*.
sitting dance: *urumatt*.
slow standing dance: *sapetog*.
song for me, dance for me: *bariugi*. 
song, dance: *bariug*.
standing dance: *urusiu*.
to celebrate, dance (for a chief’s death): *shuufeliuw*.
to dance: *kasig*.
to dance the *maas* dance: *maas*.
to dance, play: *ur*.
to do a sitting dance: *urumatt*.
to do a standing dance: *urusiur*.

**dancing**
to compete in dancing: *she*₂.

**dancing present**
dancing present to give away: *gepaar*₂.

**dangerous**
dangerous things such as spines, blades, thorns: *gefal*.
(to be) dangerous, perilous, hazardous, unsafe: *abonai*.

**dare**
to be brave, dare: *kepaiupeiu*₂.

**daring**
to prove one’s capability by means of showing-off, do a daring thing: *gepaiupeiu*₂.

**dark**
dark point, darkness: *chochoal*.
to be very dark, very black: *roshopiungiupiung*.
to be very murky, dark, gloomy, obscure, impure: *megolagol*.
(to be) black, very black, very dark: *roshoppiung*.
(to be) dark, black: *chochoal, shoal*.
(to be) dark, black, obscure: *rosh*.
(to be) murky, impure, unclear, gloomy, obscure, dark: *megol*.
(to be) smoky, foggy, black or dark due to smoke, smoked, sooty: *geraat*.
to become dark, be dusky: *kiungiulag*.

**darkness**
dark point, darkness: *chochoal*.
dusk, darkness: *kiung*₂.
night, darkness: rosh.

dash
to splash, dash water about: yat₄.

date
day, date: ran.
to go on dating, date: piy.

dating
to go on dating, date: piy.

daub
to rub, scrub, daub: iriir.

daughter-in-law
son-in-law, daughter-in-law (lit. one whom one’s son has taken): begiyen.

dawn
dawn, daybreak: mwaaiuweiu.
dawn, daylight, post-dawn: maneshig.
dawn, first appearance of light in the morning: man₁.
dawn, pre-dawn: manelap.
look at the eastern sky before sunrise or at dawn: geman₁.
to become daylight, dawn: sorasor.

day
day, date: ran.
daylight, day, sun: taiuwat.
eighteenth day of the month: galewa₁.
eighth day of the month: mesewal, yemetal.
eleventh day of the month: yarebiugiuw.
fair weather, mild day: raalimwaaiu.
fifteenth day of the month: iur₁.
fifth day of the month: mesafius.
first day of the month: sigouru.

fourteenth day of the month, the night immediately before the full moon: mmash2.

fourth day of the month: mesaal.
nineteenth day of the month: soapash.
ninth day of the month: yeppei.
second day of the month: yeling.
seventeenth day of the month: gileiy.
seventh day of the month: mesatiw.
sixteenth day of the month: net2.
tenth day of the month: shiuwaabong.
third day of the month: mesaling.
thirteenth day of the month: wolomwaaiu, yeshaff.
twelveth day of the month: wolebuw.
twentieth day of the month: yafelag1.
twenty-eighth day of the month: yeiu.
twenty-fifth day of the month: gemwalod2.
twenty-first day of the month: gosolang.
twenty-ninth day of the month: yefaing.
twenty-second day of the month: geretaliyafelag.
twenty-seventh day of the month: yerafiu.
twenty-sixth day of the month: gemwalofal.
twenty-third day of the month: soapashemeimwir.

daybreak

dawn, daybreak: mwaaiuweiu.

daylight

dawn, daylight, post-dawn: maneshig.
daylight, day, sun: taiuwat.
daytime, daylight: raal.
to become daylight, dawn: *sorasor.*

**daytime**

daytime, daylight: *raal.*

(in) the daytime: *littaiuwat.*

**dazed**
to be dizzy, giddy, dazed: *mwaaliyel.*

**dead**

(to be) dead, die: *mas1.*

(to be) dry, dead (as in plant), skinny, thin: *bbat.*

**deaf**
to be deaf, disobedient: *talingebat.*

(to be) deaf, slapped (in the ear), hit (in the ear): *bat1.*

**deal**
distribute it, divide it, ration it, deal it out: *iletiiy.*

to distribute, divide, ration, deal out: *ilet.*

**dear**

my dear (woman to woman)! (lit. my lei): *mwarei.*

**death**
death, dead person: *mas1.*

**decay**

cause it to decay, cause it to become rotten: *gegashi.*

(to be) spoiled, decay, stale: *petopet.*

to decay, be stale, decaying, rotten: *gash2.*

**decaying**
saw-dust-like substance found in rotten or decaying wood: *gash2.*

to decay, be stale, decaying, rotten: *gash2.*

**deceive**

cheat him, fool him, deceive him: *gachepera.*
deceive him, cheat him, trap him: *gatefati.*
to pretend, cheat, deceive: *gachepar.*
trap him, deceive him, cheat him, trick him: *gafilenngewa.*
trick him, deceive him, swindle him, fool him: *silooga.*
deceived
to be being deceived, be cheating: *tettefat.*
to be tricked, deceived, cheated, blackmailed: *pin.*
(to be) deceived, trapped, blackmailed: *ttefat.*
deception
trick, deception, mischievous act: *siloog.*
deceptive
(to be) deceptive, crooked, tricky: *riugiuriug.*
decide
decide it, make up one’s mind on it, determine it, manage it, talk about it, arrange it: *gafile.*
to choose, pick up, decide, select: *ffil.*
to discuss, consult, decide, determine, manage: *gafilefil.*
to discuss, decide, make a long discussion of a simple matter: *gaweewe.*
decided
(to be) proper, right, decided, determined: *fil.*
declare
to announce, declare: *gappiyo.*
decline
(to be) slanted, decline, set in a 45 degree position: *gatigetig.*
to slant, incline, decline, lean (to), tilt, slanted: *tig₁.*
decomposed
to be being destroyed, rotten, decomposed, broken, torn down: *tettewas.*
to be well-done, well decomposed: *bech.*
**decorate**
decorate it: *choow.*
decorate it, furnish it with an ornament: *rosi.*
to decorate one’s body: *mamwuush.*
to decorate, ornament, adorn, embellish: *gauweliuw.*

**decorated**
to be decorated, ornamented, adorned: *weliuw₁.*
to be fully decorated, adorned: *weliuweliuw.*
(to be) decorated with young white coconut leaves: *choch.*

**decoration:** *rosi-*.
decoration, adornment: *weliuw₁.*

**decoration**
decoration, adornment, ornamentation: *gauweliuw.*

**decrease**
make it slow down, make it subside, decrease it: *gagofagiyy.*
to be light (not heavy), decrease (as a load), be unloaded: *geppal₂.*
to be lowtide, diminish, decrease: *mar₂.*
to be making (water, etc.) decrease: *gemaromar.*
to subside, decrease, become milder: *goofag.*

**decreased**
(to be) calm, mild, decreased: *shigar.*

**decreasing**
to become shady, be decreasing: *niuniur.*

**deep**
(to be) deep: *lal₁.*
(to be) deep (of water), extending far downward from the top or top edges: *tto.*

**defecate**
to defecate: fanigat, pag1.

defend
to guard (against), defend, keep watch: mamooru.
to guard it, protect it, defend it: poosuuw.
to guard, protect, defend: poos.

definiteness
absoluteness, definiteness: fateniuwa-.

deformed
(to be) empty, vacant, hallow, deformed: war1.
(to be) twisted, deformed, have sharp corners, not straight: peigiig.

defraud
blackmail him, cheat him, swindle him, defraud him: mekaatiyi.
to blackmail, cheat, swindle, defraud: mekaat.

delay
delay it till night: gabongi.

delayed
to be quite a while, delayed: bongiy.

delegate
representative, delegate: metaliyalo-.

delicious
(to be) sweet, taste good, delicious: neo.

delight
amaze him, make him feel great, amuse him, delight him, entertain him: gaasefaliuwa.
make him happy, delight him, satisfy him: gakere.
to make happy, satisfy, delight: gaker.

delightful
to be happy, glad, rejoice, delightful, pleasant: ker.

delineate
to form an outline, sketch, delineate: *faliufel*.

**deliver**

own it (a child) as one’s child, deliver him: *laiuli*.
to deliver a baby, have a child, grow: *laiuleiu*.
to distribute, cause someone to deliver a baby: *gemak*.
to give birth to a baby, deliver a baby: *iyaag2*.
to give birth, deliver a baby, break away from the whole: *mak2*.

**delve**
dig it, delve it, core it, excavate it: *gelingi*.

**demeanor**
behavior, demeanor, planning: *wegiteg2*.

**demon**
devil, demon: *mwooniyaan*.

**demonstrate**
show it, demonstrate it: *gaweri*.

**dense**
to be dense (of a forest), bushy: *wal2*.
(to be) thick, close-packed, dense: *maaliuyel*.

**depart**
depart from it, leave it (place), start from it (place), set out from it: *ligiti2*.
to depart, leave, set out, start out: *sou*.
to leave, depart, move away: *shiuw3*.

**departure**: *shiuw3*.

**depend**
expect it, depend upon it, let it: *liugiuw*.
lean on it, rely on it, depend upon it: *gafelagiiy*.
to lean on the arms, lean over, depend upon: *it2*.

**dependable**
to be confident, feel secure, feel dependable: *liugiuliug*$_1$.

**desiccate**
dry it, desiccate it, drain it: *gapela*.

**design**
a kind of lavalava decoration or design: *tab*$_2$.
a kind of lavalava design: *peopeo*$_4$, *peshalibulegaaley*, *seisilelibil*, *waassiu*$_g$.

psychedelic or fancy design such as the calf or forearm tattoos of Fais women: *tabolobol*$_2$.

the diamond shape (as in playing cards) of a geometric artistic design, a mnemonic design: *buub*.

vertical design on both sides of a canoe: *rasium*.

**desire**
to desire, wish: *yaleyal*.
to wish, desire, be wishful: *far gabel*.
want it, desire it, like it: *tipeli*.
wish for it, want it, desire it: *gabeleey*.

**desired**
to be desired, wishful, missed: *gabel*.

**desk**
table, desk: *teebol*.

**despise**
disregard it, ignore it, despise him, look down on him with contempt or aversion: *toalepaagili*.

**destiny**
destiny, doom, mortality: *itiit*$_2$.

**destitute**
(to be) poor, needy, destitute: *geffageo*.

**destroy**
brake it, destroy it: *gatewasiif*
break it, destroy it, crush it, smash it: ripiiy.
break it, destroy it, tear it up: tewasiyi.
destroy it, extinguish it: guluuw.
pull it, draw it, pluck it, tug it, pull it out, take it to pieces, destroy it: taiuw.
rip it, tear it, rend it, destroy it: gatecha.
rip it, tear it, rend it, destroy it, break it: gatera.
to break, destroy, crush, smash: ripirip.
to destroy, extinguish: gulugul₁.
to rip, break, destroy: gettar.
to rip, tear, rend, destroy: getach.
to rip, tear, rend, destroy, be breaking, destroyed: gatettar.
to spoil, ruin, destroy, frustrate, bring to naught, wreak havoc with, bungle, cause confusion to: getaroperop.

**destroyed**
to be being destroyed, rotten, decomposed, broken, torn down: tettewas.
to be broken, destroyed, crushed, smashed: ripingeg.
to be destroyed, disassembled, scattered: taroperop.
to be extinguished, blotted out, destroyed: gul₂.
(to be) destroyed, get hit by waves (usually in a case where a canoe is hit by waves, with its parts being destroyed): pag-iulimweliuw.
(to be) thrown down, torn down, destroyed, broken: ttewas.
to stop, be broken, ripped, torn, dismissed, destroyed: tar₁.

**detach**
separate it, detach it, break it: gaiyemwesiuw.

**detached**
to be separated, detached, drawn apart, broken away: iyemwes.

**detailed**
make it detailed: galimefishiıy.
small, little, detailed: -shig.

**determination**
discussion, consultation, determination: *gafilen*.  

**determine**
decide it, make up one’s mind on it, determine it, manage it, talk about it, arrange it: *gafil*.
to discuss, consult, decide, determine, manage: *gafilen*.

**determined**
(to be) proper, right, decided, determined: *fil*.

**detour:** *tak*₂.

**detrimental**
to be disadvantageous, unfavorable, adverse, detrimental, be in bad position: *yangit*.

**device**
tool, instrument, means, device, measure: *mela*-.

**devil**
devil, demon: *mwooniyaan*.

**dextrous**
to be an expert, (be) clever, know well, (be) dextrous: *limeshig*.
to be obtainable, capable (implying creativity), dextrous, able: *bang*₁.

(to be) skillful, expert, dextrous, adroit, handy: *peshekiul*.

**diarrhea:** *guch*.

**die**
to be about to die, be unconscious, move around without consciousness: *gachelimas*.

(to be) dead, die: *mas*₁.

**different**
to be different, changed, unlike: *wel*₃.

**difficult**
make it difficult or hard: gewairesiyy.
(tо be) hard, difficult: waires.

difficulty
trouble, difficulty: tamwumw.

dig
dig it, delve it, core it, excavate it: gelingi.
scoop it out, dig it out: wetigi.
scoop it out, dig it out, take it out: ifetiiy.
scoop it up, dig it out: yereti.
tо claw, rake, seize, dig with (as if with claws): wet2.
tо pick, dig, make something to come up: geba.
tо scoop out, dig out: wetiwet.

diligent
tо be diligent, industrious, hard-working, assiduous: she-owefish.

diligent person
active person, diligent person: mwaataat.

diminish
make them small, diminish it, reduce it: gakiti.
tо be lowtide, diminish, decrease: mar2.

dinner
party, dinner, banquet: giubul.

dip
scoop it out, dip it, draw it (water), take it out or up with or as if with a scoop: itifi.
tо scoop up, dip up (from a shell): yariyer.
tо scoop, dip, draw, take out or up with scoop, fill with liquid: itiiti1.

dipper
dipper (for food, beverages): saku.
direct
guide it, lead it, locate it, direct it (a canoe): gepaiuw.
lead him, guide him, direct him: paali₂.
point it, direct it: gatiipaiuw.
steer it, guide it by means of a rudder, direct the course of it, sail it: gaagoow.
supervise him, direct him: kaantookuuw.
to guide, lead, locate, direct: gepaiupeiu₁.
to point, direct: gatiipeiu.
to steer a boat, sail, guide a boat, direct: gaag.
dirt
dirt on baby’s head: porouchimw.
dirt, soil, dirty: bbel.
dirt, soil, mud, filth: meshar, meshor.
garbage, dirt, rubbish, refuse: pes.
red dirt used for painting, red clay, red paint: lap₂.
dirty
dirt, soil, dirty: bbel.
to be dirty, muddy: meshar, meshor.
(to be) dirty, filthy: kitenai.
(to be) muddy, dirty, filthy: machochor.
disadvantage
to have bad luck, be unlucky, be at a disadvantage: faiyebut, faiyenngaw.
disadvantageous
to be disadvantageous, unfavorable, adverse, detrimental, be in bad position: yangit.
disappear
(to become) extinct, disappear: sheemoa.
to disappear, submerge, go out of sight, vanish, die away: tol.
disappears
watch it till it disappears: *gatolo*.

**disapproval**
exclamation of disapproval: *shiuw*₁.

**disapprove**
to disapprove of, not allow, do not want, disagree to: *tamweshal*.

**disassembled**
to be destroyed, disassembled, scattered: *taroperop*.
to be scattered, disassembled: *mwetar*₂.

**discharged**
to be poured, rushed out, discharged: *ki*₃.

**discipline**
talk, discipline, tradition: *felaaaut*.

**disclose**
open it up, disclose it, uncover it: *gwaawaay*.
open it, disclose it: *suugi*.
to disclose, reveal, betray: *gapetaag*.
to open, disclose: *suusu*.

**disclosed**
to be opened, disclosed: *sugeg*.
to be revealed, disclosed: *baatag*.
to come up to the surface, appear from behind, be disclosed (of a secret): *bba*₂.

**disconnect**
break it, disconnect it, take him (a child) away from his mother for the first time, cut it off, snap it off: *mweiuti*.

**disconnected**
(to be) broken off (as of a string), divorce, (be) disconnected: *mmweiu*.
to slip out, be disconnected, strained: *ppish*. 

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discouraged

to be undecided, discouraged: yeiyewal.

discover

get through it, get to an unknown place for the first time, discover it: sheengi.

to drill, to get through, discover: sheeshe.

to spread (as of news), be announced (of something that had been lost for a long time and finally discovered), get through an object, discover: she3.

discuss

discuss it: telati₂.

to discuss, consult, decide, determine, manage: gafilefil.

to discuss, decide, make a long discussion of a simple matter: gaweewe.

discussion

discussion, consultation, determination: gafilefil.

disease

disease, ailment, sickness: mas₂.

disease, germs: baiking.

disease, sickness: tisiis.

venereal disease: koriyo.

disgorge

to vomit, throw up, disgorge contents of the stomach: mmwut.

disgraceful

make him ashamed, make him feel disgraceful: gemaay.

to be ashamed, disgraceful, feel shameful: ma₂.

dish

bowl, dish: tapiy.

dishonor

to dishonor by saying improper words to the elders: ffasotag.
disk
disk, record, stereo, phonograph: rekooto.

dislike
dislike him, hate him: ganngewa, gaseshaaulo.
hate him, dislike him: nngaweeti, nngawengali.
hate him, dislike it: gausunngewa.
to feel like vomiting, lose appetite, dislike: nou.
to hate, dislike: genngaw.

disliked
(to be) unpopular, disliked, hated (especially of a titled person): seshaaul.

dislocated
to be dislocated, twisted, sprained (as of bones): shiriweg.
to be twisted (as of arms or legs), sprained, dislocated: mwaang.

dismissed
to stop, be broken, ripped, torn, dismissed, destroyed: tar₁.

disobedient
make him disobedient: galoumaawa, getalingeyaayaali.
to be deaf, disobedient: talingebat.
to be disobedient: talingeyaaya.
to be lazy, disobedient: sheoweraw.
(to be) disobedient, mischievous, indulge in bad behavior: iloumaaw.
(to be) inconsiderate, disobedient, touch things without permission: limwelat.

disorganized
to be disorganized, tangled up, not properly set, messed up, scattered: tar₆.

dispatch
dispatch, radio, telegram, cablegram: teempo.
to send a dispatch, cable: *teempo*.

**dispensary**

hospital, dispensary: *sipitaal, spitaal*.

hospital, infirmary, dispensary: *piyooing*.

**disperse**

scatter it, disperse it, dissipate it, splash it, sprinkle it: *geparesa*.

scatter it, disperse it, throw it: *gaperette*.

to scatter around, disperse: *mwetarotar*.

to scatter, disperse, be cracked up, break up, be broken into pieces: *megalegal*.

to scatter, disperse, throw: *gaperett*.

**dispersed**

to be scattered, dispersed: *perett*.

(to be) scattered, dispersed, dissipated: *peraseras*.

to flow constantly, be dispersed: *seetiyet*.

to flow, move, be dispersed, drip: *seet*.

to split, cut, divide, break, be dispersed, be over: *megal*.

**disregard**

disregard it, ignore it, despise him, look down on him with contempt or aversion: *toalepaagili*.

**disseminate**

to pass the word, disseminate a report, set a rumor afloat: *uweli*.

**dissipate**

scatter it, disperse it, dissipate it, splash it, sprinkle it: *geparesa*.

**dissipated**

(to be) scattered, dispersed, dissipated: *peraseras*.

**distant**

to be far, outside, distant, a long way off, afar: *ttaw*. 
**distribute**
distribute it (food), divide it, allot it, share it: *pigerema.*
distribute it, divide it, ration it, deal it out: *iletiiy.*
distribute it, ration it: *gaileti.*
to distribute food on the basis of individuals rather than households, divide (food), allot or share (food): *pigeram.*
to distribute, cause someone to deliver a baby: *gemak.*
to distribute, divide, ration, deal out: *ilet.*

**district**
division, district on an island, part, end: *tab₁.*

**disturbed**
to be bothered, disturbed: *menaru.*

**ditch**
artificial ditch, drain, trench, dug-out: *tewaagal.*
change it into a ditch: *laata.*
man-made ditch in the taro-patch, used for a boundary marker: *laat.*

**ditched**
to be dug, be ditched: *laat.*

**dive**
make him dive into the water: *gatorofagiyy.*
to dive in, jump into water, plunge into water: *tuulong.*
to dive, plunge, jump: *mmwus.*
to dive, swim underwater: *il₃.*
to jump, dive: *mwus.*

**divide**
distribute it (food), divide it, allot it, share it: *pigerema.*
distribute it, divide it, ration it, deal it out: *iletiiy.*
divide it, separate it, part it, split it, sever it: *gaiyaagiyy.*
to distribute food on the basis of individuals rather than households, divide (food), allot or share (food): *pigeram*.

to distribute, divide, ration, deal out: *ilet*.

to divide into small pieces, slice, apportion: *giligil2*.

to divide, separate, part, split, sever: *gaiyaag*.

to split, cut, divide, break, be dispersed, be over: *megal*.

**divided**

(to be) parted, divided (of hair, with a comb or hands): *yetalimat*.

**divination**

divination by knots, fortune telling: *be5*.

divination concerning trolling: *beel bil*.

divination on interisland canoe voyages: *beel waity*.

divination to determine if all the voyagers will reach an island alive or if a sick person will be alive: *beel melaw*.

divination to determine if fish will be caught: *beel baubeu*.

divination to determine if fish will be taken into canoes: *beel niwa*.

divination to determine if fishermen will “see” the fish on the canoe: *beel nag*.

divination to determine if the canoe will reach its intended destination: *beel tog*.

divination to determine if the canoe will return to its island of origin: *beel tefaal*.

divination to determine if the residents will be happy when the canoe returns: *beel mwaaiunal*.

divination to determine the strength of the wind: *beel pelal maliumel*.

exercise magic or divination for it: *shiba*.

name of different combinations in the divination by the knot system: *mweralibe*.

typhoon divination: *beel maliumel*.

**division**
boundary, division: siya.
division, district on an island, part, end: tab1.

**divorce**
(to be) broken off (as of a string), divorce, (be) disconnected:

mmweiu.
to break (away from), divorce, take a child away from mother for the first time: mweiumweiu.

**dizzy**

make him dizzy: getagomwaaliyeliy.
make him dizzy, make him giddy: gemwaaliyeliy.
to be dizzy, giddy, dazed: mwaaliyel.
to be dizzy, go around in a circle: tagomwaaliyel.

(to be) sea-sick, dizzy: maaileoleo.

**do**
do what with it?: fiteey.
make it, do it, build it: foori.
to make, do: ffoor.

**dock**
dock, wharf: kaampeek.

**doctor**
doctor, physician, surgeon: toagota.
head of a hospital, medical doctor in charge of a hospital: iincho.

**dog**
dog, hound: gelaag.

**dollar:** toala.
dollar (of Japanese currency): yen.

**dollars**
five dollars: koyeeng.

**dolphin**
a kind of yellow dolphin: tepoar.
domesticate
domesticate it, make it tame: *gafegira*.
to tame, domesticate: *gaffegir*.

**domesticated**
(to be) tamed, domesticated: *fegir*.

**doom**
destiny, doom, mortality: *itiit*.

**door**
door, doorway, gate: *getam*.

**doorway**
door, doorway, gate: *getam*.

**dorfin**
a kind of dorfin: *uul*.

**double**
double it, increase it twofold, make it double: *pilaaïïy*.
to double (especially clothes or fishing nets), increase twofold, make double: *pilaai*.

**double-cross**
to double-cross (between a male and a female), blackmail, betray: *iupeiup*.

**doubt**
suspect it, doubt it, be skeptical about it: *kiliïy*.
to be in doubt, be uncertain, hesitate: *tipemwaremwar*.

**doubtful**
to be suspicious, paranoid, doubtful, dubious: *mmwag*.

**down**
down, downward, westward: *tiw1*.
downward, down, westward: *-tiwe*.

**down-pour**
rain, rainfall, shower, down-pour: *goshou*.
down-side
below, down-side: -sal.

downward
down, downward, westward: tiw₁.
downward, down, westward: -tiwe.
to move downward, come down: biitiw.
wes, downward: sal, tal₆.

drag
pull it, drag it, launch it, strike it (as to strike a flint with a file in order to catch fire from sparks): iuriu.
to drag along, draw slowly or heavily: iuriutapp.
to drag, pull, launch, strike, push: iuriur.

dragonfly: goshaap.

drain
artificial ditch, drain, trench, dug-out: tewaagal.
dry it, desiccate it, drain it: gapela.

draw
pull it loose, pull it off, draw it down, tug it: tefingi.
pull it tightly, draw it taut: gemaina.
pull it, draw it, pluck it, tug it, pull it out, take it to pieces, destroy it: taiuw.
scoop it out, dip it, draw it (water), take it out or up with or as if with a scoop: itifi.
suck it, draw it up (of liquid), swallow it: gumwuuw.
to drag along, draw slowly or heavily: iuriutapp.
to draw (a picture), paint: sunga.
to paint, draw: sumi.
to pull (ropes, etc.), draw: weikomwo.
to pull loose, pull off, draw down, tug: tefitef.
to pull, draw: tettal₂.
to pull, draw, pull something from a group: *iuliul*₁.
to pull, draw, tug, pluck: *taiuteiu*.
to pull, tug, draw, drag, trail: *lug*.
to scoop, dip, draw, take out or up with scoop, fill with liquid: *itiit*₁.

**drawing**
crayon, a black ink drawing: *sumi*.
crayon, drawing, picture: *sunga*.

**drawn**
to be separated, detached, drawn apart, broken away: *iyemwes*.
(to be) painted, anointed, drawn: *gamis*.
(to be) pulled loose, fall off, drawn down, tugged: *tefingeg*.
(to be) tight, taut, drawn, muscular: *neg*₃.

**dream**
dream of him: *ttelaagili*.
to dream, have a dream: *ttal*₁.

**dregs**
dregs or remnant of tuba: *piigu*.
dregs, lees, residium, waste part of tuba: *boora*.

**dressing**
bandage, dressing: *gootaai*.

**dried**
(to be) dry, dried: *pal*₁.

**drift**
let it drift away: *gemaaliu*.
to cause something to drift: *gemmaal*.
to drift away, drifting: *maanag*.
to drift, be adrift: *maal*₁.

**drifting**
to drift away, drifting: *maanag*.

**drifting log**

a piece of floating wood of a specific tree, a kind of drifting log: *yarogonga*.

look for the drifting log which is usually accompanied by certain kinds of fish: *chemaali*.

**drill**

awl, drill: *yeo₂*.

drill it: *buro*.

drill it, get through it, make a hole in it: *sheey*.

practice, exercise, training, drill, rehearsal: *rensu*.

to drill: *burobur₁*.

to drill, to get through, discover: *sheeshe*.

**drink**

drink it (the first coconut of a coconut tree): *gaati*.

drink it, sip it, suck it: *soromi*.

drink it, smoke it (a cigarette): *iuliumi*.

have it as one’s drink: *iuliumeli*.

to drink, smoke a cigarette: *iul₄*.

to dry, drink up: *geppal₁*.

to suck milk, drink milk from one’s mother’s breasts: *tiut*.

to suck, drink, sip: *sossor₁*.

**drinking**

to be drinking: *iuliul₂*.

**drip**

let it drop, make it drip, make it drizzle: *gassobu*.

to drop, drip, trickle, pour, drizzle: *ssob*.

to flow, move, be dispersed, drip: *seet*.

to run down, drip, with liquid: *tegariuwa*. 
**drive**
drive it, steer it: *gateragi*.

**driving**
driving (of a car): *uunteeng*.

**drizzle**
let it drop, make it drip, make it drizzle: *gassobu*.
to drop, drip, trickle, pour, drizzle: *ssob*.
to trickle, pour, drizzle: *sseb*.

**droop**
let it hang down, droop it down: *gapeitaagiiy*.
to hang down (as of hair or a mosquito net), droop down: *peiteg*.
to hang down, droop down, (be) long: *peitaag*.

**drop**
let it drop, make it drip, make it drizzle: *gassobu*.
let it fall, drop it, throw it down: *peiti*.
to bend one’s head down, drop one’s head, lower one’s head: *gaiuleshimw*.
to drop, drip, trickle, pour, drizzle: *ssob*.
to drop, splash: *sesob*.
to fall (as fruit), drop down, be falling: *mworomwor*.
to fall (as of rain), drop, come down: *petag*.
to fall, drop, come down suddenly: *ppiung1*.

**drown**
to drown, drowning, drowned: *mab, malemw*.

**drowned**
to drown, drowning, drowned: *mab, malemw*.

**drowning**
to drown, drowning, drowned: *mab, malemw*.

**drowsy**
to be sleepy, drowsy: gatel.

**druggist**
druggist, medicine expert, medical specialist: tautafey.

**drum**: taiko.
oil can, oil tank, oil drum: teraimwekang.

**drunk**
to be drunk (as of the first fruit of a coconut tree), be the first coconut to be drunk: gaatiyet.
to be drunk, intoxicated, drink to a point beyond self-control: trongki.
(to be) drunk, intoxicated: bulaas.

**drunkard**: noompe.

**dry**
dry it, desiccate it, drain it: gapela.
to be dry, warm: liugiupal.
(to be) dry, dead (as in plant), skinny, thin: bbat.
(to be) dry, dried: pal₁.
(to be) dry, without grease, lean: ffing.
to dry, drink up: geppal₁.
to dry, get dry, run dry, wither: palepal.
(to) dry (of throat), thirsty: gar₁.

**dry throat**
have a dry throat: mengarengar.

**dubious**
to be suspicious, paranoid, doubtful, dubious: mmwag.

**duck**: ngaanga₂.

**due**
reason, benefaction, cause, due to, because of: yagi-.

**dug**
to be dug: kel₂.
to be dug, be ditched: laat.
to be scooped out, dug out: wetigeq.

dug-out
artificial ditch, drain, trench, dug-out: tewaagal.

dull
cause it to become dull: gekabu.
to be lazy, sluggish, dull, lethargic: uumas.
(to be) dull, not sharp: gu₂, kab.

dump
spill it, dump it (a solid thing): gapouw.
to dump, spill: gapoupou.

dumped
to be spilled (of solid stuff), dumped: pou.

durable
to be durable, unbreakable, resistant, rigid: nngiut.

during
(at) the time, time span, age, era, during: libe-.

dusk
dusk, darkness: kiung₂.

dusky
to become dark, be dusky: kiungiulag.

dust
mist, dust, fog, cloud: geraatiuyet.
to sweep (with a broom), dust, scare away a ghost, hit: peopeo₂.

dusty
to be misty, dusty, foggy, cloudy: geraatiuyet.

duty
obligation, chore, duty: mwash₁.
**dwellings**

house, dwelling, room, shelter: *imw.*

**dye:** *ngel*₁.

dye it, put color on it: *gatiuw.*
dye it, put dye on it: *ngeliiy.*
to dye: *katiu.*
to dye, color cloth or hair, color with a dye: *tumw.*

**dynamite**

a kind of dynamite: *kangkaito.*
dynamite, powerful explosive made by soaking nitroglycerin in something absorbent: *toalomach.*
tube attached to a stick of dynamite: *raikang.*

**dysentery:** *masecha.*
each other
away from each other: fetang₂.

eager
to be impatient, eager, anxious: ppat₂.
to hurry, be anxious, be eager: paaiy.

eagerness
impatience, eagerness: ppat₂.

eagle
hawk, eagle: wetiyas.

ear: taling.
hit it, slap the ears, hit him in the ear: beta.
upper part of the ear (lit. loose part of ear): shofettaling.

ear-bothering
to be bothered (by noise), get ear-bothering: chorong.

ear-lobe: yeol₂, yeolettaling.

ear-wax
ear-wax (lit. excrement of ear): pegattaling.

ear-drum: faiutteling.

early
(to be) fast, early, soon: ttir.
to go early: ug₂.

earrings
to have as earrings, wear in one’s ears: shiuweshiuw.
wear it in the ears, have them as one’s earrings: shiuweli.

earth
earth, soil: salop.
earth, soil, ground: tal₅.
ground, earth, soil: tetal₁.
the earth, the globe, world: faaileng.

**earth oven**
underground oven, earth oven: umw.

**earthquake**: falemwaru.
to have an earthquake: falemwaru.

**easier**
to be easier, become easy: memmasherag.

**easily**
easily, readily: gaa-.

**east**: gootuw, gootuwemaiy.

**east-northeast**
east-northeast (halfway between east and northeast):
   gootuwaafang.

**east-southeast**
east-southeast (halfway between east and southeast):
   gootuwaar.

**Easter**: Ister.
Easter, Lent: Paaska.

**eastern**
eastern end of an island: tabowat.

**Eastern Lagoon**
Eastern Lagoon of Woleai Atoll: Lamwolaiyat.

**eastward**
to go up, go eastward: biitag.
upward, eastward, up: tag2.
upward, up, eastward: -tage.

**eastwest**
northeast, southeast, eastwest, northwest: nimach.

**easy**
to be easier, become easy: memmasherag.
(to be) easy, free from trouble, not strict: *masherag.*

**eat**

eat it: *gangi.*

feed him, make him eat: *gamwongoow.*

take a handful of it, eat it clumsily: *ragiuw.*

to eat: *liuliu1.*

to eat (honorific expression of a male referring to his elders): *gettaur.*

to eat a light meal, eat for pleasure: *mwatur.*

to eat raw (fish, meat, etc.): *goshoash*₂.

to eat raw, raw: *sasimi.*

to eat, graze: *mwatug.*

to eat, take or have (food): *mwongo.*

to lick, eat: *lewelew.*

to take a handful, eat clumsily: *ragiureg.*

**eating**

be eating it: *kekangiiy.*

to be eating: *mwommwongo.*

**Eauripik**

Eauripik in Yap District: *Yaurupig.*

**eave**

eave extention section of a house: *paiulimeliug.*

eave oblique rod batten of a house: *gapilitibetettar.*

eave oblique rod of a house: *tibetettar.*

eave purlin of a house: *gapiliweiu.*

end-wall eave batten of a house: *gapiliweiulinipiing.*

**edge**

edge it: *igiti.*

edge, margin, rim, brink: *ngash.*
edge, outside, backside, yonder: sow$_2$.

make the edge of it (an object): ngasheey.

make the edge sharp or pointed: gainingiingiy.

to edge (a basket or a mat): igiig.

**edging line**
edging line, measuring line in canoe construction: tanifalefal.

**eel**
a kind of big eel: saufeliuw.
a kind of black eel: labutoshol.
a kind of white eel: labutobesh.
small eel (general term): sauwefang.
snake, worm, eel: labut.

**effaced**
to be erased, wiped out, effaced: iutiut.

**effect**
it its result, its outcome, its consequence, its effect: toowaiul$_1$.
result of, outcome of, consequence of, effect of: toowaiul$_2$.

**effort**
to try, endeavor, make an effort: yatemagil.
to try, guess, make an effort: kagil.
try it, endeavor to have it, make an effort for it: gagila$_1$.

**egg**: siugiun.
small yellow turtle egg: reemangiush.
the white part of an egg: peniuwaaniul.
white mature turtle egg: reemasow.

**eggs**
crab eggs: fisha$_2$.
fish eggs (sand-like things): liuga-, luga-.
to lay eggs: siugiun.
**eight**: *gachi, wal₁, wali, wali-.*

eight general objects: *waluuw.*

eight hundred: *walibiugiuw.*

eight hundred thousand: *walilob.*

eight thousand: *walingeras.*

**eighteenth**

eighteenth day of the month: *galewa₁.*

**eighth**

eighth day of the month: *mesewal, yemetal.*

**eighty**: *waliig.*

eighty thousand: *walin.*

**eject**

to eject sperm, spout, emit: *kus.*

**elastic**

to be elastic: *memmain.*

**Elato**

Elato (island in the vicinity of Woleai): *Yelaat.*

**elbow**: *gapilipinipeiu.*

**elbow-smash**

elbow-smash him: *gapilifeshaiulepa.*

to elbow-smash: *gapilifeshaiulap.*

**elect**

make him move, elect him: *gatoow.*

**electricity**

flashlight, electricity: *teengki.*

**elevate**

lift it up, elevate it, put it up: *tarofi.*

to lift, elevate, hoist, hold up: *genang.*

**eleventh**
eleventh day of the month: *yarebiugiuw*.

**eliminate**
remove it, eliminate it, get rid of it: *rasi*.
to remove (by using an instrument as in removing the meat of sea clams), get rid of, eliminate: *rasi res*.
to remove, eliminate, get rid of: *chechas*.

**embellish**
to decorate, ornamont, adorn, embellish: *gauweliuw*.

**emblem**
emblem, visible symbol of a thing or idea, mark: *tiger*.
military or official rank emblem: *peremiyo*.

**embrace**
hug him, embrace him, wrap it up: *ragomi*.
to hug, embrace: *chag*₂.
to hug, embrace, wrap up: *chechag*.

**emerge**
to emerge, come out slowly, pour out (of sweat): *ttiung*.

**eminence**
mountain, island, eminence: *shug*.

**emissary**
chancellor or emissary of a chief: *geolaasi*.

**emit**
to eject sperm, spout, emit: *kus*.

**emperor**: *kaiser*.
Japanese emperor: *tinnooika*.

**employ**
to use, be a temporary owner, employ: *googo*.
use it, become the owner of it, employ it: *gooli*.

**empty**
empty it, vacate it: *gapeow*₂.
to be empty (as a container), vacant: *peo*₂.
(to be) empty, vacant, hallow, deformed: *war*₁.

**emulate**
to compete, contest, rival, emulate, competing: *gaingeing*.

**enable**
enable him (to do): *getaweey*.

**encircle**
put it in the pen, encircle it: *shimwanoow*.

**enclosed**
to be closed, enclosed, shut: *tti*₁.

**encounter**
meet him, encounter him, agree to it: *shuungi*.
to meet, encounter, come up with, agree (to): *shu*.

**encourage**
enourage him, animate him, inspire him: *gemaagiufa*.
to encourage, animate, compete with: *gemmaagiuf*.

**encouraged**
(to be) active, encouraged, animated: *maagiuf*.

**end**
division, district on an island, part, end: *tab*₁.
eastern end of an island: *tabowat*.
end, tip, extremity: *gareta*-
(in) the end (of): *lettabo*-
to be finalized, finished, completed, come to an end: *iug*₁.
to go through, be complete, come to an end: *ffash*₂.
western end: *tabogap*.
western end of an island: *tabokuweiu*.
end-piece
dend-piece of a canoe, prow: pach2.

endeavor
to try, endeavor, make an effort: yatemagil.
try it, endeavor (to do) it, do one’s best for it: yatemagiliyi.
try it, endeavor to have it, make an effort for it: gagila1.

ended
(to be) finished, completed, ended, concluded, consumed: ret.

endure
to endure, be resistant, last long: gosh3.
to last long, endure: wa3.

enervated
to be relaxed, slackened, enervated: gachebal.

engaged
to be busy (with), obligated to, engaged in: matepengag.

engagement
betrothal, engagement, fiancee: fatog1.

England: Inngeres.

English
the English language: kapetal Mariiken.

engulfed
to be engulfed, curved inwardly: shib2.

enjoy
long for it, miss it, yearn after it, pine for it, be willing to do it,
be attracted by it, be interested in it, enjoy it: mesaigeeti.
make him enjoy it, entertain him: gamesaiga.
(to be) peaceful, calm, enjoy oneself with, good: mwatiyetiy.
to enjoy oneself, sociable: mmetau.
to make use of something before it disappears, enjoy oneself for the last time: *getab*.

**enlarge**
enlarge it, make it big: *geyaiulepa*.
make it more numberous, large, big, enlarge it, make it bigger: *gefarigitiiy*.

**enlightened**
to become clear, be enlightened: *memmetaf*.

**enormous**
to be big, huge, large, enormous: *wooki*.
(to be) large, huge, enormous, big: *yaiulap*.

**enough**
make it enough or sufficient: *getauw*.
make it enough, make it available, make it sufficient: *gayoro*.
to be enough, sufficient: *tau2*.

**enter**
bring it in, make him come in, have him enter: *gabuulongoow*.
to bow, stoop, enter with one’s head bowing: *riugiu-*.
to come in, enter, go into: *buulong*.
to enter, come in, walk in: *toolong*.

**entertain**
amaze him, make him feel great, amuse him, delight him, entertain him: *gaasefaliuwa*.
make him enjoy it, entertain him: *gamesaiga*.

**entertaining**
(to be) interesting, fabulous, entertaining, happy: *gammesaig*.

**enthusiastic**
(to be) enthusiastic, happy in romantic love: *gaas*.

**entire**
a whole, the entire thing, the totality, integrated parts: *niuw*.
entreat
to beg, bow, entreat, solicit: *geffaalipeshe*.

enumerate
count it, reckon it, enumerate it, number it: *wetagi*.
to count, reckon, enumerate, number: *watewat*.

**envelope**: *biriif*.

envious
to be jealous, envious, selfish: *sagenngaw*.

envy
be homesick for it, miss it, envy it: *paketi*.

**epidemic**: *maselipig*.
to have an epidemic: *maselipig*.

**equal**
to be even, equal, at the same time: *ppag1*.
to be similar, the same, equal: *gaffiteg*.

**equally**
evenly, equally: *ppag1*.

**era**
(at) the time, time span, age, era, during: *libe*.-
era, period of time: *mweiu*.
period of time, generation, era: *giutal*.

**erase**
erase it, extinguish it, heal it, cure it: *gemoaw*.
to be healed, cured, extinguished (like a fire), erase: *moa*.

**erased**
to be erased, wiped out, effaced: *iutiut*.

**eraser**
rubber, rubber eraser: *kooma*.

**erect**
build it, make it stand, erect it: gasiuw.
to build, erect: gassiu.

**erected**
(to be) erected, be stiff: kif.

**error**
error, mistake: mwashey₁.

**escape**
help him survive, have him escape: gatoura.
throw it, pitch it, cast it, hurl it, make him escape: gasheey.
to escape, run away, flee: che₂.
to flee, run away, escape, fly (away), escaping, avoid: gaw.
to have a narrow escape, be saved, relieved, rescued: tour₁.

**escaped**
to be escaped, fled, avoided, escape: kewaag.

**escaping**
to flee, run away, escape, fly (away), escaping, avoid: gaw.

**estate**
family, home, home village, possessed land, estate: bugot.

**esteem**
to show esteem, honor, revere or respect: gassorou.

**estimate**
amount, estimate: gaiureiur, kaiureiur.
estimate it, calculate it, compute it, appraise it: gaiureiura.
to estimate: kaiureiur.
to estimate, calculate, compute: gaiureiur.

**Europe:** Yeropa.

**even**
even, indeed, ever, for the moment, in the first place, first of all, keep on doing: mwo.
to be even, balanced: *ffeiy, kiu3.*

to be even, equal, at the same time: *ppag1.*

(to be) smooth, have an even or level surface: *maariss.*

to make even, make two things meet each other: *gakiutiw.*

**even if**

even though, even if: *geraamwo, ilaamwo.*

**even though**

even though, even if: *geraamwo, ilaamwo.*

**evening**: *fegaafil.*

early evening, time right after sunset: *nifegaaf mangiush.*

(in) the evening: *nifegaaf.*

late evening: *nifegaaf masow.*

night of, evening of: *bongilel.*

night, evening: *bong1, bongil.*

previous evening, yesterday night, last night: *fegaaf.*

**evenly**

evenly, equally: *ppag1.*

**ever**

even, indeed, ever, for the moment, in the first place, first of all, keep on doing: *mwo.*

ever, at all: *naamwa-.*

**every**

all, every: *paanga-.*

all, every, very: *ilegi-.*

**evil-minded**

to neglect, (be) uncooperative, evil-minded, be not satisfied with: *liugiunngaw.*

**exact**

to be correct, accurate, exact: *pash2.*
exam
extam, test: sikeeng.

excavate
dig it, delve it, core it, excavate it: gelingi.

exceedingly
extremity of, very, extremely, exceedingly: gabool.
very, extremely, exceedingly, indeed: gemas.

exchange
exchange it, change it: gasuuweliiy.
exchange them, make them pass each other: gefaili.
to change, exchange, alternate: suuwel.
to exchange, interchange, barter: kookang.

excitable
(to get) nervous, high-strung, easily excitable, easily frightened: gaarius.

excite
to tickle, excite the surface nerves: gach3.

excited
stimulate him, make him excited: gaatiu1.
to be excited, aroused, stimulated, highly strung, wrought up: yat5.
to cause people to be excited: gaatiuyet.
to get excited: bos.
to show off, be courageous, be excited (implying romantic excitement): chegas.

exclamation
exclamation of disapproval: shiuw1.

excrement
excrement, waste materials: pag1.

excuse
excuse, please: *faal peshee*.-

to excuse: *sorou*.

**execrate**

to curse, execrate, use profanely insolent language about people: *yoayoa*.

**exercise**

practice, exercise, training, drill, rehearsal: *rensu*.

to take exercise, to practice, train, drill: *rensu*.

**exhale**

to breathe, revive, exhale: *nngas*.

**exhausted**

make him exhausted, make him tired: *gaila*.

make him tired, make him exhausted: *gapeeyouuw*.

make him weak, make him tired, make him exhausted: *gemaaluuw*.

to (become) fatigued, (become) tired, (be) exhausted: *maalu*.

to be exhausted, get tired, be worn out: *il2*.

to be exhausted, tired: *ber, peeyou*.

to be tired, exhausted: *shigeshig*.

(to be) exhausted, tired (as a result of hard physical work), weak: *peyaagus*.

(to be) exhausted, tired, worn out: *gashetag*.

(to be) tired, exhausted from staying too long in the sun: *wich*.

to breathe rapidly, be exhausted: *ngasengas*.

**exist**

to exist, be available (usually occurs in the form of the idiomatic expression *tai chaal mwo*): *chaal*.

to exist, there is, there are: *yoor*.

to lie down, lay oneself down, stretch oneself, exist, be located: *wol2*.

to stay, exist, reside: *log*.
existence
create him, bring him into existence: *gasubu*.

expect
expect it, depend upon it, let it: *liugiuw*.
think it, think about it, expect it, remember it: *mangiiy*.
to expect, anticipate, look to: *liugiuliug*.
to think, remember, consider, ponder, expect: *mangimeng*.
wait for it, expect it: *sauli*.

expected
to be expected, convinced, confident, feel secure, trust: *nigu-iuliug*.

experienced
(to be) expert in, good at, experienced in, accustomed to, skillful at: *yeoyam*.

expert
druggist, medicine expert, medical specialist: *tautafey*.
expert who is good at putting up an overturned house or at lashing a house against a storm: *taubeng*.
expert, specialist: *limeshig*.
person with a special knowledge or skill in a specific field, expert (in): *tau-*.
(to be) expert in, good at, experienced in, accustomed to, skillful at: *yeoyam*.
(to be) skillful, expert, dextrous, adroit, handy: *peshekiul*.

expertly
usually, readily, habitually, expertly, often: *tau*.

explain
explain it, account for it, clarify it: *gematefa*.

explaining
to be explaining it: *kekematefa*.

explode
to boom, make a hollow deep sound, explode: *ppiung*₂.

**extend**
make it long, lengthen it, extend it: *gelaalaaiiy*.
to stick one’s hand out, reach out for, extend one’s hand (giving or taking something): *yang*₂.

**extended**
(to be) long, extended: *yenai*.

**extinct**
(to become) extinct, disappear: *sheemoa*.

**extinguish**
destroy it, extinguish it: *guluuw*.
erase it, extinguish it, heal it, cure it: *gemoaw*.
to destroy, extinguish: *gulugul*₁.

**extinguished**
to be extinguished, blotted out, destroyed: *gul*₂.
to be healed, cured, extinguished (like a fire), erase: *moa*.

**extra**
remainder, extra, remnant: *par*₁.

**extract**
extract some meat from it: *fitigoow*.
pinch it, extract it: *utuuw*.
pull it up, uproot it, extract it: *wiiy*.
squeeze it, press it, wring it, extract it: *fiyengi*.
to pull, uproot, extract: *wiiwi*.
to squeeze, press, wring, extract: *fiyefiy*₁.
yank it, pull it, extract it with a quick vigorous movement: *sefingi*.

**extracted**
to be pulled up, uprooted, extracted: *wiiteg*. 

575
to be squeezed, pressed, wrung, extracted: *fiyengag*.

**extraordinary**
(to be) colorful, extraordinary: *gaweligelig*.

**extreme**
to be extreme, strong, hot: *ki*₂.

**extremely**
very, extremely, exceedingly, indeed: *gemas*.

**extremity**
end, tip, extremity: *gareta-*.
extremity of, very, extremely, exceedingly: *gabool*.

**eye**: *sarof*.
eye, face: *mat*₁.

**eye-ball**: *faiulimat*₁.

**eye-sickness**
to have eye-sickness due to staying too long in the sun: *maal*₂.

**eyebrow**: *fat*₂.
my eyebrow: *fatiu*.

**eyebrows**
area between the eyebrows: *rouwetag*.
to raise the eyebrows, wink: *uwefat*.

**eyelashes**: *materelimat*.

**eyelid**
eyelid, canoe-prow covering: *baliuben mat*.

**eyes**
area below the eyes: *nigaausap*.
to use as eyes: *matemat*₁.
fabulous
(to be) interesting, fabulous, entertaining, happy: *gammesaig.*

**face**

cheek, face: *tap*₁.

eye, face: *mat*₁.

to face up (toward the sky): *seleeng*.

to face, turn: *tagiur*₁.

to lie flat with face up, face upward (as a sign of defeat): *tafelang*.

wash (someone’s) face: *gaurumeta*.

**face away**

to be isolated, face away from society, turn away (from people): *faliug*.

**fact**

truth, fact, reality: *net*₁.

**faint**

to become unconscious, faint, swoon: *niyarosh*.

**Fais**

Fais (an island in the Yap District): *Faiss*.

**Falalap**

Falalap, the largest island of Woleai, the main island of an atoll: *Felaalap*.

**Falalus**

name of an island in Woleai, Falalus: *Felaalius*.

**fall**

chop it down, make it fall, fell it: *gemacho*.

fall on it: *biungiuti*.

let it fall, drop it, throw it down: *peiti*.

make it fall: *gapiungiu*.

to be snapped off, fall off the main body: *belingeg*.
to fall: *shaperag*\textsubscript{1}.

to fall (as fruit), drop down, be falling: *mworomwor*.

to fall (as of breadfruit or false teeth), fallen: *mwor*\textsubscript{2}.

to fall (as of rain), drop, come down: *petag*.

to fall (as of trees, but not of fruits), fallen: *mach*\textsubscript{2}.

to fall (down), be off one’s feet, tumble down: *bur*\textsubscript{2}.

to fall with a sitting posture: *biungiumatt*.

to fall, drop, come down suddenly: *ppiung*\textsubscript{1}.

to slip, fall off, come off: *tapiss*.

to take a trip, go, travel from one place to another and return, fall: *tor*.

to trip, fall, stumble, especially by catching the foot: *toroshapp*.

**fall off**

(to be) pulled loose, fall off, drawn down, tugged: *tefingeg*.

**fallen**

to fall (as of breadfruit or false teeth), fallen: *mwor*\textsubscript{2}.

to fall (as of trees, but not of fruits), fallen: *mach*\textsubscript{2}.

**falling**

a falling posture by which the kneeled legs are placed under the body: *biungiumatt*.

to be falling: *piuppiung*.

**falsehood**

lie, falsehood: *misimis*.

**familiar**

be familiar with it, accustomed to it, aquainted with it, get used to it: *yeori*.

make him familiar with it: *gaama*.

to be aware of it, ready, familiar with it: *tipeneg*.

to get accustomed to, familiar with, aquainted with, know: *yam*\textsubscript{2}.
to get familiar with, be accustomed to, be acquainted with, get used to, knowledgeable, informative: yeo1.

**familiarize**
familiarize him with it: gayeor ngali.
make him familiar with something, familiarize him (with): gayeoyema.

**family**
family, home, home village, possessed land, estate: bugot.

**famine**
cause it to have a famine: gelangitaali.
famine, a period of time when food is scarce: langita.
to have famine: langita.

**famous**
make him known, make him famous: geffaayagiit.
(to be) famous, well-known, notorious: lagolipil.
(to be) well-known, famous: geffaayag.

**fan:** gaalipeo.
fan it, direct a current of air upon it with a fan: gaalipeow.
to wave, call by hand, fan oneself: gaalipeo.

**fancy**
(to be) beautiful, pretty, good-looking, fancy: ning.

**fantastic**
to be good, wonderful, fantastic: masigach.
(to be) unbelievable, fantastic, wonderful, beautiful, incredible: gaasefaliuw.

**far**
to be far, outside, distant, a long way off, afar: ttaaw.

**Faraulep**
Faraulep Island in the Woleai area: Feshaiulap.

**fare**
fare, payment of fare: *gatteo*.
pay his fare: *gateow*₂.

**farewell**
farewell, farewell gift: *fingiich*.

**farm**
change it into a garden or farm: *maata*.
farm, garden, cultivated area: *maat*.
garden, farm: *milaai*.
to farm, cultivate lands: *milaai*.

**farmland**
turn it into a farmland, change it into a garden: *milaaiiy*.

**fart**
fart, flatulence, wind (in the bowels): *sing*.
to fart, break wind: *sing*.

**fast**
fast, swiftly: *ttir*.
make it fast or swift: *gatiri*.
make it fast, speed it: *gammeraali*.
to be rapid, quick, fast, unfit: *selesel*.
(to be) fast, early, soon: *ttir*.
(to be) fast, swift, speedy: *mmara*.

**fasten**
fasten it with a *natto*, screw it on with a *natto*, put a *natto* on it: *nattooli*.
screw it, tighten it, fasten it: *saakuruuw*.
to fasten (with straps), wrap, bind: *geogo*.
to splice, fasten the ends of, join the ends of: *siplees*.
to tie (hair), bind, bunch, fasten together: *mwelimwel*.
to tie, bind, fasten: *mwel₁*. 
to tie, bind, fasten, connect, make knots of: bugobug.

**fastened**

to be fastened with a natto. natto.
to be tied, connected, bound, fastened: bugotag.
(to be) screwed, tightened, fastened: saakuru.
(to be) tied, fastened: nem.

**fat**

animal fat of: chan.
animal fat, oily or greasy matter: chal.
barge, fat person: pantuun.
grease, oil, human fat: kiriiis.
long rope-like fat on both sides of the turtle shell, turtle fat: ge-sawepar.
make (someone) fat purposely: gabbetai.
to be fat: betai.
yellow fat on the intestine: mwetar1.

**father**: tame-, tema-1.
child’s father: temane-.
father side, patrilineality: tam2.
have him as one’s father: temali.
missionary, priest, Catholic father: paatere.
the eldest male of either the family of origin or the family of pro-
creation, senior father: tamelap.
to be a father (to): tametam.

**fathers**

my fathers: wettemai.

**fathom**

fathom, the distance from one finger-tip to another when the
arms are outstretched: ngaf.

**fatigued**
to (become) fatigued, (become) tired, (be) exhausted: maalu.

**favor**

ask him for a favor: geffaalipesheey.

**fear**

be afraid of him, fear it, be scared at it, be frightened at it: liuwaagili.

be scared of it, fear it: metagiu.

fear it, be afraid of it: liuweeti.

**fearful**

to be afraid, fearful of, scared of: metag2.

to be tired of, sick of, fearful of unwanted past experiences, scary: gar2.

**feast**

feast, saint day, anniversary, birthday: bong2.

**feather:** wel4.

body hair, feather (of a bird), scale (of a fish): iul1.

**feathers**

put feathers on it: weliuw2.

remove or pull off its scales or feathers: iulefi.

to change the feathers on the lures: ilou.

to remove or pull off feathers or scales: iuleiul.

**feature**


appearance, pose, feature: gaus.

**feed**

feed him, make him eat: gamwongoow.

**feeding**

to be feeding it: kekamwongoow.

**feel**
feel it, make it coarse: gasowasowa.
feel it, perceive it by physical sensation: meyafi.
to be ticklish, feel good: mwagiligil.
to feel bad, be in trouble: komaaru.
to feel bad, to be sick: kemoaru.
to feel, perceive by physical sensation: meyaf₂.

**feeling**
bad feeling, bad mood: tipebut.
feeling of pleasure (as in sexual intercourse), tickling feeling: mwagiligil.
feeling, mind, mood, frame of mind, sentiment: tip₁.
good feeling, good mood: tipefish.
one’s feeling, one’s insides: niferaa-.

**feet**
to sit on one’s feet: iuseius.

**fell**
chop it down, make it fall, fell it: gemacho.

**female**

baby girl, female of a few months old: ligaaw.
female at puberty, girl: sar shoabut.

female child of a few months of age: likoa.
female of post puberty age: lifeiushig.
female of puberty to post puberty: rigoat.

old woman, female of sixty years of age or above: shoabut tu-gofaiy.
woman, female, female ranging from forty to fifty years of age: shoabut.

**fence**
fence, barrier: gur.
fence, barrier intended to prevent intrusion or to mark a boundary: *woroor*.

**fermented**
(to be) ripe, fermented, soft, wet: *mmash*₃.

**fern**
a kind of fern with alternating leaves (*nephrolepis biserrata*): *gemaarag*.
bird’s nest fern (This plant grows usually outside, on the windward side of the island.): *sheoniug*.

**fertilized**
to be fertilized: *koyaas*.

**fertilizer**
add fertilizer to it: *koyaasiyi*.
fertilizer, manure, human waste: *koyaas*.

**few**
a few, some, a little: *sebis*.
how many?, a few, some: *fita*-.  

**fiancée**
betrothral, engagement, fiancée: *fatog*₁.
fiancée, betrothed husband or wife: *gefat*₂.

**fibers**
a special kind of fibers used in lavalava making: *gagil*.
certain fibers of the lavalava, weft, yarn: *ifag*.

**field**: *melaag*.
baseball field, ground: *woranto*.
field, clear section of the land: *rat*.
field, plain, open land area: *wolaag*₁.
playground, field, court for basketball, etc.: *maag*.

**fifteenth**
fifteenth day of the month: *iur*₁.
fifth
fifth day of the month: mesafius.

fifty: limeig.
fifty thousand: liman.

fight
fight it, contend against him (a foe) in battle: maauluuw.
native war, fight, battle: maaul.
to fight: fiteg.
to fight, contend in battle: maaul.
to hit, get ready to fight: wish3.

fighter
fighter, person who fights constantly: taufiteg.
one-man airplane, fighter: sintooki.

fighting
night-time uproar, night-time fighting, night-time emergency: sseriuliubong.
war, fighting: fiteg.

fighting technique
a fighting technique, a kind of wrestling technique in which knives are used for self-defense: maagoileefal.

figure
count it, compute it, figure it out: gosofi.
to count, compute, figure out: gosogos.
to figure out, compute, calculate: gepashepash.

figured
to be counted, computed, figured out: gosofag.

filch
to steal, filch, pilfer: galifelif.

file
file (a tool): faiy1.
file it, rub it, sharpen it: *faiya*.
to file, rub, sharpen: *faiy1*.

**fill**
compact it, fill it tightly, pack it firmly: *ngitiy*.
cover it (a hole) up, fill it (a hole) up: *ireey*.
fill it compactly or tightly, plug it up, squeeze it, mix it: *gangiutiu*.
fill it compactly, stuff it full: *ngiutiuw*.
fill it up compactly: *gangiutiuppa*.
fill it with liquid, fuel it: *shaliu1, shaliu*.
fill it, load it, pack it: *gaauta, gaauteli, yauteli*.
fill up, cover up: *ireir1*.
load it, fill it: *gaaiuta*.
to fill, load, pack: *yaut*.
to fill, pack, load it: *gaaut*.
to load, fill: *gaaiut*.
to pour, fill: *gaauwel*.
to scoop, dip, draw, take out or up with scoop, fill with liquid: *itiit1*.

**filled**
to be buried, filled up, covered up: *iretag*.
to be filled up completely, firmly stuck inside: *ngiutiuppes*.
to be filled with water or liquid, produce plenty of liquid: *leoleo*.
to be full, filled compactly, plugged up, stuffed up: *ngiut*.
(to be) filled, loaded, packed (of a bag or any kind of container): *yaut*.

**filling**
be filling it with liquid: *chechaliuw*.

**filter**
filter it: *gasoga*. 
filth
dirt, soil, mud, filth: meshar, meshor.

filthy
(to be) dirty, filthy: kitenai.
(to be) muddy, dirty, filthy: machochor.

fin
fin located at the bottom of a fish: resh1.
fin of a fish: ing.

finalize
finish it up, finalize it, complete it: gemano.

finalized
to be finalized, finished, completed, come to an end: iug1.

finally
finally, at last, just: mwaash.

find
find it by chance, come upon it: riugi.

fine
fine, punishment: bakiing.
punish him, fine him: bakiinga.

fined
to be punished, to be fined: bakiing.

finger
a little finger: gattiushig.
finger, toe: gatt.
the index finger: gattiuyereer.
the middle finger: gattiunuug.
the ring finger: gattiutug.
the thumb, the big finger: gattiulap.
to finger the female sex organ: garup2.
two finger joint length: *magoolap*.

**fingernail**

fingernail, toenail, claw: *kiu1*.

**finish**

complete it, finish it: *gesabo*.

finish it up, finalize it, complete it: *gemano*.

finish it, complete it, accomplish it: *gareta2*.

to finish, complete, accomplish: *gachechet*.

to prepare, test, look for, finish, complete: *geman2*.

**finished**

to be finalized, finished, completed, come to an end: *iug1*.

to be finished, completed: *sab*.

(to be) finished, completed, ended, concluded, consumed: *ret*.

(to be) finished, completed, ready: *man3*.

**fire**

fire, flame, blaze: *yaf2*.

set a fire to it, apply light to it, light it, ignite it, burn it: *gagiuw*.

shoot it, fire at it: *pakiy*.

to set a fire: *kagiu*.

to shoot, fire (a gun): *pak2*.

**fireplace**

ashes, fireplace: *felang*.

canoe fireplace: *falengaligap*.

**firewood:** *fafiy*.

firewood, big firewood which can last a long time: *mwiush*.

put firewood in it: *fafiya*.

to gather firewood: *fafiy*.

**first**
first base in baseball: faasto.
first day of the month: sigouru.
first grade in school, freshman: ichineeng.
first one of, to be the first one: gommwal.
front, first, tip, before: mmwa-.
let him go first: gagommwa.
number one, first place: ichibang.
the state of being beforehand, its being first: gommwal.
to be in first place, win: itto.
to go first, lead, guide: gommw.

**fish:** igal, saakana.
a kind of fish: bechettit, filaang, libbaig, sen1.
a kind of fish (*suurisa gracilis*): libeitiugiutiugi.
any fish caught at night: igelibong.
any fish caught in the morning: igessor.
fish (general term): ig.
fish for it: fitaali.
fish set aside for a particular purpose: shou3.
fish that stay near a drifting log: bbey1.
fish which are given to a woman and those with her at the delivery of her baby: shoulag.
lower sides of the head of a fish: bbe-.
school of fish (non-reef fish) which are caught: igeol.
school of fish which usually does a lot of jumping and splashing in the water: wiy.
sliced raw fish, sliced raw meat: sasimi.
to carry a number of fish to a menstrual house: shoulag.
to fish: fita.
to fish by chance, hunt for, collect (fruits), found by chance: riur.
to fish with a throwing net: telaaiya.
**fish belly**
belly of non-reef fish, fish belly: *mwee*.

**fish eggs**
fish eggs (sand-like things): *liuga-, luga*.

**fish flesh**
red part of fish flesh: *yariusha*.

**fish hook**: *geo*1.

a kind of hook or fish hook: *geoliruuukuyo*.

**fish net**: *ug*1.

fish net, mosquito net: *batu*2.

**fish poison**
poison, fish poison: *sup*.

**fish poison tree**
fish poison tree, barringtonia: *gul*3.

**fish species**
Pacific mackerel: *yasiuneiu*.

a black eel sp.: *labutoshol*.

a dolfin sp.: *uul*.

a fish sp.: *baiur, bechettit, bela, bulegaalely, chep, faiuligiiy, filaang, foafoa, gaashileo,gabeiu, galengaay, galiuyeliuy, galiy, galiyechimweliyal, galiyechosh, galiyeshal, gashingal, gawegaw, geraf, geramey, giuch, giuchiufaaiu, giuchiutei, giyegiy3, goshal1, igefalefal, igelifaalimaailap, iulef, laamwaar, langiuw, lesh, libbaig, libeitiugitiutiug, lifaliyap, ligarou, ligeolaw, ligeriger, ligos1, liipaau, limsefelang, limen, limmis, limwaal, lipaapa, lipiubaar, lippar, liselipesang, lisheg1, lisheg2, liskeileil, liskeolifaaliyap, li-waaseola, liyooma, lot, maleg, matepalap, melangow, meraab, mesaapaliy, metail, mos, mwarefash, mwoch, mwocholilal, mwochonagey, mwochoshal, neg1, ngiicha, ngimalif, paal2, paleyaw, parepar, pasheppag, poros, renigiiy, renima, reshepagow, rewes, rishing2, sarish, sen1, sera1, shaalaut, songoong, sow1, sowenal, ssab2, taat, tabolobol1,
taius, taiyaaw, tat₁, tiligelal, tilimweol, tilimwoch, tilipa-leyaish, tiliper, tilisonggoong, ugesh₁, ul₁, umweleo, useng, usha, uumash, uweshig₁, wat, worobil, yaiul, yaiuw, yaiuyeiu, yangiyefang, yar₂, yaregulung, yarong, yator, yetam, yewaseisei.

a fish sp. (parrot fish): gemasugul.
a fish sp. with a long snout: gium.
a kind of porpoise: moasoos.
a lion fish sp.: laaligereo.
a needle fish sp.: fela₁, tagiuliwosh, tagiuter.
a rayfish sp.: fairiyap, faiyegetaf, faiyelisheoligilifeo, mwura.
a red snapper sp.: let, mweliuseram, mweliutemwiush.
a reef fish sp.: fasiulimat.
a shark sp.: liugulimat, paab.
a small fish sp.: tiil₁.
a trigger fish sp.: bbusaf, bbutelitel, buub besh, buub shal, ngiungiu₁.
a white eel sp.: labutobesh.
a yellow dolphin sp.: tepoar.
akule: pati.
an eel sp.: saufeliuw, limwaremwarebuus.
baby shark: liimwei.
barracuda: seraw.
bonito (aku): garengaap₁.
chub: rel.
eel: labut.
female whale: laigeriug.
flying-fish: mengar.
goat fish: woomey.
hammerhead shark: matefaaib.
jelly-fish: *siniyangiletow.*
king-size tuna-fish: *tangir.*
mackerel scad: *mamwushig.*
marlin: *mwarelasho.*
needle fish: *tag3.*
rayfish: *faiy2.*
red snapper (general term): *mwel2.*
sergent major: *limoulaang.*
shark: *pagow.*
small eel (general term): *sauwefang.*
spade fish: *mwul2.*
star fish: *gattiuliyal.*
stone fish: *lou.*
sword fish: *tagiuraar.*
trigger fish: *buub, pashemach.*
trumpet fish: *tagiunal.*
wahoo fish: *ngal.*
yellow-fin tuna-fish: *taguw.*
young needle fish: *mwag.*

**fish trap:** *u.*
a kind of fish trap: *uulifaatoa, uuligep, uulimorouwel, uuli-paamw, uussow, uuttil.*

part of a fish trap: *ishiish.*

**fish-chasing:** *geshab.*
to do fish-chasing: *geshab.*

**fisherman**
fisherman, person skillful in fishing: *taufita.*
skillful fisherman especially in catching flying fish with a scooping net: *temachou.*
fishing: *fita*.

fishing ground for non-reef fish: *welimerag*.

post celebration of a fishing trip (done only by males): *yafiileo*.

to do a ceremonial type of fishing in which a newly-built canoe is put in the water for the first time: *gaffita*.

to do a kind of fishing (where people go out in big canoes with fish traps and search for floating or drifting logs): *chema*.

to do a kind of fishing in which people form a circle and splash water so that fish may hide: *gapiungiupiung*.

to do shallow water fishing, go hunting for fish on the low tide reef: *ttab*.

to go blue-water fishing: *welimerag*.

to sail, (go) fishing: *tetterag*.

use it (a newly-built canoe) for fishing for the first time: *gafitaali*.

**fishing bottle**

round bottle, Japanese fishing bottle: *loobo*.

**fishing ground**

rich fishing ground outside the lagoon, home of tuna fish and other non-reef fish: *fas*.

**fishing kit**: *ssab*, *tafitef*.

**fishing line**

fishing line, string used for carrying baskets: *yoa*.

Japanese fishing line: *fiyaawo*.

**fishing pole**

catch it with a fishing pole: *bauuw*.

pole, fishing pole: *bau*.

**fishy**

to smell of raw fish, smell fishy, stink (from the odor) of fish: *gach*.

**fit**
fit it, make it suitable: *gafera*.
to fit, suit, be suitable, be attached: *far*$_3$.

**five**: *ko, lim, lima, lima-*$_1$.

five broken pieces: *limegofet*.
five dollars: *koyeeng*.
five general objects: *limouw*.
five hundred: *limebiugiuw*.
five hundred thousand: *limalob*.
five thousand: *limengeras*.

**fixed**
to be complete, agreed upon, set, fixed: *ppag*$_2$.
to stick, hold to something firmly, become fixed, adhere: *ppash*$_2$.

**flag**: *felaaki*.
Japanese flag: *kinomaru*.

**flame**
fire, flame, blaze: *yaf*$_2$.
flame, light, blinking of light: *bbubbul*.
(to be) yellow, burn brightly, burn with a flame: *perangerang*.

**flaming**
(to be) shiny, flaming, glisten, flash: *bulobul*.

**flank**
side, flank: *paliy*.
side, flank, position or space alongside one: *peig*$_1$.

**flare-line**
a part of a house (flare-line), bow flare-line (of a canoe): *biisal*$_2$.

**flash**
flash the flashlight on it: *teengkiiy*.
flash, lightning, thunder: *wereffius*.
light, firelight, gleam, flash: \textit{wer}_1.
lightning, shine, light, flash: \textit{werewer}.
to be shiny, shine, glitter, flash, sparkle: \textit{ngeliuweliuw}.
(to be) shiny, flaming, glisten, flash: \textit{bulobul}.
to flash, spark: \textit{wereffius}.
\textbf{flashlight}
flash the flashlight on it: \textit{teengkiiy}.
flashlight, electricity: \textit{teengki}.
long flashlight: \textit{yakiuraai}.
\textbf{flat}
to become flat: \textit{shaap}.
to become flat, (to be) flat: \textit{shaapaap}.
\textbf{flat tire}
puncture, flat tire: \textit{pangku}.
\textbf{flattened}
to be compressed, separated, flattened: \textit{shaperag}_2.
to be pressed, flattened, squeezed: \textit{shoangag}.
\textbf{flatulence}
fart, flatulence, wind (in the bowels): \textit{sing}.
\textbf{fled}
to be escaped, fled, avoided, escape: \textit{kewaag}.
\textbf{flee}
to escape, run away, flee: \textit{che}_2.
to flee, run away, escape, fly (away), escaping, avoid: \textit{gaw}.
\textbf{fleet}
fleet, squadron: \textit{butai}.
\textbf{flesh}
meat, flesh: \textit{fitig}.
\textbf{flier}
fast flier (bird, etc.): yaliyel.

**fling**
throw it, hurl it, fling it, cast it, pitch it: ganipirungjuiw.

**flint**
flint, a kind of stone used for making a fire: pesha.

**flip**
spread it out, mark it, write it, flip it (as a page of a book): wolati.
to flip, turn over: woloal.

**flipped**
to be spread out, flipped: woletag.

**float**
buoy, float of a fishing net: booi.
to float in shallow water, sail in shallow water: tag1.
to float, rise up, be afloat: ppes1.

**float stringer**
float stringer of a canoe: waaliyeng.

**floating wood**
a piece of floating wood of a specific tree, a kind of drifting log: yarogonga.

**flooded**
to be flooded, covered: limingeg.

**floor**
floor, wooden floor, floor board, veranda: poa.

**floored**
to be floored: poa.

**flow**
to be spilled, flow: ser2.
(to be) swift, be rapid, flow fast: kir.
to flow constantly, be dispersed: seetiyet.
to flow, move, be dispersed, drip: seet.

**flower**
a kind of flower: maripiisa.
a kind of white flower: peobesh.
a kind of yellow flower: peolang, peorang.
blossom, flower: masiur1.
flower, hibiscus flower: filooras.
wear it as one’s lei, have it as one’s flower or lei: mwerali.

**flowers**
to bloom, blossom, bear flowers: toal.

**flutter**
to tremble, shiver, vibrate, shake, flutter: chech.

**fly**
bee-like fly: langotamwel.
fly it, sling it, make it fly: gaali.
to flee, run away, escape, fly (away), escaping, avoid: gaw.
to fly fast: yaliyel.
to fly over, pass: tepal.
to fly something, let fly: gaaliyel.
to fly, move through the air, flying: yal2.
to travel far, fly (by the force of some agent): key.

**flying**
be flying it, sling it: kekaali.
to fly, move through the air, flying: yal2.

**flying feathers**
bird of the stage when it begins to have flying feathers: limmwareut.
to begin to have flying feathers (as of a bird): limmwareut.
flying fox
flying fox, bat: *paiusheoiu.*

flying-fish: *mengar.*

foam
bubbles, foam, froth: *burobur_2.*

fog
mist, dust, fog, cloud: *geraatiuyet.*

foggy
smoke it up, make it foggy: *geraatiu.*
to be misty, dusty, foggy, cloudy: *geraatiuyet.*
(to be) smoky, foggy, black or dark due to smoke, smoked, sooty: *geraat.*

fold
cover it up, fold it: *limi.*
to cover, fold: *limilim_2.*
to tie, twist, fold, lash: *pilipil.*
twist it, fold it, lash it, make leis by tying it: *pili.*

folding
cover, folding: *limilim_2.*

foliage
leaf, foliage, leafage: *sheo_1.*

folk
person, people, folk, human being: *yaremat_1.*

follow
chase it, follow it, pursue after it: *faiuw_2.*
chase it, pursue it, follow him: *shageey.*
follow him, accompany him, go with him: *tabeey.*
go after him, follow him: *mwiriyy.*
to accompany, follow, go with, come after: *ttab_2.*
followed

to be (in the process of) being counted, being followed: ra-gireg2.
to be counted, kept track of, followed up, matched: rag1.

fond

love her, like her, be fond of him: gemwaiiuw.
to be fond of, like: mwan2.

food: mwongo.

boiled coconut milk, food which is mixed with boiled coconut milk: yarengiufisifis.

communion, communion food: kamwooniyoon.

food for men working on a canoe: kol.

food for returning fishermen: siulium.

food gathered for funeral ceremony: yag.

food set aside especially for the sick: gemwan.

food set aside for tourists: wiis.

food to give strength: gemasowasow.

food which is given to the members of a sailing journey: gesaau.

his food, his sex organ: gan.

special food (including fish) set aside for the chief. faat1.

special kind of food (leftovers) after a feast: sheolifaiumwag.

spoiled food: gefaaiul, gumit.

sukiyaki, a kind of Japanese food (dish): sukiyaaki.

to deliver food (mainly copra) as a means of expressing political ties: geo3.

fool

cheat him, fool him, deceive him: gachepera.
to be a fool, stupid, shut up: pageero, pakeero.
to fool, lie, cheat: mis.

trick him, deceive him, swindle him, fool him: silooga.
foolish
(to be) crazy, foolish, mentally retarded: mmang.

foot: pashepeshalipeshe.
have it as one’s foot: pesheeli.
leg, foot: peshe.

footprint
footprint (as in sand): gib.

for
as, for: be₁.
at, in, with, for, to, upon, on: ree-.
to it (direction), for it (causal), with it: ngali.
with, carrying, for: yagili.

forbid
forbid it, prohibit it (something) with regard to a funeral ceremony, etc.: sapeta.
forbid it, restrict it, ban it, make it taboo: getabu.
put up a sign on it, restrict it, forbid it: meshangiuw.
restrict it (an area), forbid it: yattemweiuw.
restrict it, forbid it, limit it: ganimeshangiuw.
restrict it, limit it, set a limit to it, forbid it: melangiuw.
to put up a sign, forbid by putting up a sign, forbidden, restrict: meshang.
to restrict (a certain area for visiting, etc.), forbid: yattemweiu.

forbidden
to be forbidden, prohibited: sapet.
(to be) forbidden, restricted: pees.
(to be) restricted, forbidden, limited: ganimeshang.
(to be) restricted, limited, forbidden: melang1.
to put up a sign, forbid by putting up a sign, forbidden, restrict: meshang.
force

to insist, argue, force: *gaangimasow.*
to thrust (against), push against something, force one’s way: *nap₂.*

forceful

make it strong, make it forceful, make it hard: *gassita.*
to be strong, forceful, great, big, hard: *ssit.*

forehead: *mang₁.*

foreign

to be westernized, of foreign nature: *yapishash.*

foreigner

foreigner, stranger, alien: *waaseola.*

foreigners

white men, foreigners: *reyapishash.*

foreman

foreman, supervisor: *kaantooku.*

foreskin

pull back the foreskin of it, circumcise it: *giureey.*

forest

forest, bush, woods: *wal₂.*

forget

forget it, have it slip one’s mind: *maliuwegili.*

fork

fork, crotch: *ttou.*

lift it up with a fork or chopsticks: *tibeiy.*

to use a fork or chopsticks to lift something: *tibetib.*

formative

noun formative: *-l₁.*

possessive classifier formative: *-ya.*
transitive formative: -fi, -gi, -giu, -li₁, -mi₁, -ngi, -ngiu, -ri, -si, -ti, -tiu.

**fortunate**

to be fortunate: *paafish*.
to be lucky, be fortunate, benefit: *ipat*.
to be lucky, fortunate: *faiyefish*.
(to be) lucky, fortunate: *welibuuw*.

**fortune**

fortune, luck: *faiye-*.
good luck, good fortune: *paafish*.

**fortune teller**

soothsayer, fortune teller: *taube*.

**fortune telling**

divination by knots, fortune telling: *be⁵*.

**forty**

forty thousand: *faan₂*.

**foul**

foul it up: *getaliiba*.
to be bad, worse, poor, foul, base, inferior: *nngaw*.

**foundation**

beginning, origin, ancestor, base, bottom, foundation, back of a body: *shap*.

**fountain-pen**

pen, fountain-pen: *maneeng*.

**four**: *faa-², fang⁵, fangi, si³*.

four general objects: *faauw*.
four hundred: *faabiuγiuw*.
four hundred thousand: *faalob*.
four thousand: *faangeras*. 
fourteenth
fourteenth day of the month, the night immediately before the full moon: mmash₂.

fourth
fourth animate object: gefaaman.
fourth day of the month: mesaal.

fragile
(to be) breakable, easily broken, fragile: mwashing₁.

fragrant
to be fragrant, sweet-scented, sweet-smelling, aromatic: boongas.
to smell good, have scent, fragrant, sweet (smell): ngas.

frame: wa₂.
frame (of a mouth, stomach, etc.), gum: bosh₂.

free
let it go, free it, liberate it: getalishi.
let it go, free it, loosen it, throw it: tegashe.
make it free, untangle it: getaletagiyy.
not to exist, there isn’t, to lack, be missing, free from: toar.
to be free, solved, untangled: tettal₁.
to be safe, free from damage or loss: seef.
to be untangled, free, solved, liberated: taletag.
(to be) clear, free from obstacles: rat.
untangle it, free it, solve it: telati₁.

freed
to roll away, be freed: talishilish.

freight
load, burden, pack, cargo, freight: iutal.
load, loading, burden, packs, cargo, freight: shoashoa₁.
**freighted**
to be loaded, packed, freighted: *shoashoa*₁.

**frequent**
(to be) constant, consistent, persistant, changeless, frequent: *ragiusiugius*.

**fresh**
to be very green, fresh: *maiuriur*.
(to be) fresh, green, alive (as of plants): *maiur*.

**freshman**
first grade in school, freshman: *ichineeng*.

**Friday**
Friday (lit. fifth day of work): *Galimeranel yengaang*.

**fried**
fried food: *teempura*.

**friend**: *mareyar*.
boy friend, girl friend: *tal₂*.
have him as a friend: *mareyerali*.

**friends**
to be associated (with), make friends (with): *gameremer*.
to be friends, be intimate: *mareyar*.

**frighten**
frighten him, scare him: *gariusiu*.
make him afraid, scare him, frighten him: *gemmetagiu*.
make him scared, scare him away, frighten him, chase it away: *galewa₂*.
make him scared, scare him, frighten him: *galiuwa*.
to scare, frighten: *gelawelaw*.

**frightened**
be afraid of him, fear it, be scared at it, be frightened at it: *li-uwaagili*.
to be frightened, scared: *rius*$_1$.

to be frightened, surprised, astonished, alarmed, startled: *boobo*$_2$.

to be scared, afraid, frightened: *liuw*.

to be scared, frightened, astonished, startled: *law*.

to be worried, frightened, insecure: *laloileng*.

(to get) nervous, high-strung, easily excitable, easily frightened: *gaarius*.

**from**

from it, away from it, than it: *tangi*.

from, at, to, than: *me*$_2$.

**frond**

coconut leaf, coconut frond: *paaley, paaniu*.

**front**

(a point) in front of, front part: *wen*.

before, front: *mwowa*.-

before, front, than: *imwowa*.-

front, first, tip, before: *mmwa*.-

**froth**

bubbles, foam, froth: *burobur*$_2$.

**frown**

to frown, knit one’s brows, make a wry face: *gebatting*.

to frown, make a long face: *gammesheog*.

to frown, make a wry face: *gabosobos*.

to make a long face (especially of women), frown: *gachof*.

**fruit**: *uwa*.

to bear flowers or fruit, bud, having fruit: *yat*$_3$.

to bear fruit or flowers: *uwa*.

**frustrate**
to spoil, ruin, destroy, frustrate, bring to naught, wreak havoc with, bungle, cause confusion to: getaroperop.

**fry**
fry it: *feraipaanga*.
to fry: *teempura*.

**fry-pan**
fry-pan, fried food: *feraipaang*.

**fuel**
fill it with liquid, fuel it: *shaliu1, shaliuw*.

**fueled**
to be fueled, to be filled with water: *chechal*.

**fulcrum**
canoe roller, fulcrum: *lang5*.
cross of the fulcrum (of a house): *faaibelitib*.

**full**
make it full: *gassegiu*.
to be full (after eating), satiated: *mat5*.
to be full, cup-full: *ippai*.
to be full, filled compactly, plugged up, stuffed up: *ngiut*.
to be full, tight, jammed, overflowing: *sseg*.

**full nelson**
tangle it, cramp it, apply a full nelson on him: *gaffi*.
to apply a full nelson (wrestling), tangle, cramp: *gaff*.

**funeral**
food gathered for funeral ceremony: *yag*.
to bury, have funeral, (be) buried: *libelib*.

**funeral taboo**
ceremonial period when coconuts are accumulated for a funeral ceremony, funeral taboo: *sapet*.

**fungus**
skin fungus: *ginisebau, taamwisi*.

to be affected by skin fungus: *taamwisi*.

**furnish**

present this way, give hither, furnish this way: *ttog*$_2$.

**furrows**

wrinkles, furrows: *firoaroa*.

**fury**

anger, indignation, rage, fury, wrath: *ssoong*.

**fuse**

to mix, blend, fuse: *garus*.
gabble

To make noise, chatter, patter, gabble: *terennng.*

gable

Gable end-wall of a house: *piing.*

gad

to move around, walk about, hang about, gad about, wander from one place to another: *tiwaag.*

game

dance, play, game: *ur.*

Game of jumping: *likaamwusomwus.*

Game of running: *likaarigirig.*

Game with curved legs: *likageogeo.*

Game-like, game: *likaa-*.

Hide-and-seek game: *likaatilimwalomwal.*

to play a game with curved legs: *likageogeo.*
tug-of-war (a kind of game): *tal4.*

game-like

game-like, game: *likaa-*.

to play in the current, do a game-like action: *likaiut.*

gap

gap, space between two points, between: *pat2.*

garbage

garbage, dirt, rubbish, refuse: *pes.*
pile of garbage: *selaapei.*

garden

Change it into a garden or farm: *maata.*
farm, garden, cultivated area: *maat.*
garden, farm: *milai.*

have it as one’s garden: *maatali.*
gardenia
gardenia, Cape jasmine: yang4.
garland
lei, floral wreath, garland: mwaremwar.
gash
stab it, slash it, gash it, cut it, chop it, peel it off: saagi.
to chip, hew, chop or cut with an axe, etc., hack, gash, make or shape by cutting or chopping with an axe, knife, etc.: ttas2.
to gash, slash, cut, split, chop, peel off: saasa.
gate
door, doorway, gate: getam.
gather
gather it, collect it, tie them together: gashuuw.
gather them together, put them together, collect them together: iuyelifenganiyi.
gather them, assemble them, collect them: iuyeli.
to catch with the hands, capture, gather, seize, (be) caught: tottor.
to collect, heap up, gather, bring together: tteiuy2.
to collect, pick up, gather: gatteiuy.
to gather or assemble them as rafts: feofeta.
to get together, gather together, be assembled: iuyelag.
gathering
meeting, gathering, conference, council: tteiuy1.
gaze
look at it, spy on him, watch him, gaze at him, peep at him, observe him: gamelangi.
look at it, watch it, gaze at it, observe it: piipiiy.
stare at it, gaze at it: falemasowa.
to look at, gaze at, observe: gammelang.
to look at, gaze, watch: *piipi₂*.

to look, gaze at, watch: *fal₂*.

to look, peep, watch, gaze at, spy on: *gamelang*.

to stare, gaze at: *che₁*.

to watch, gaze at, look at amusedly: *yengag*.

**gecko**

gecko (a lizard sp.): *usel*.

**gelatinous**

(to be) gelatinous (as of jello, etc.), in solid state: *faiufeiu₁*.

**general**

(to be) big, general, large, huge, great: *lap₁*.

**generation**

generation, age group: *tar₃*.

period of time, generation, era: *giutal*.

**generous**

to be obedient, generous: *gakiula*.

(to be) generous, liberal in action or ideas, openhanded, magnanimous: *mmweol*.

(to be) patient, lenient, of loose temper, generous: *laloolai*.

**genial**

to be warm, mild, genial: *patepat*.

**genital**

genital, clitoris: *tool*.

penis, male genital: *gai₃*.

**gentle**

(to be) careful, cautious, slow, gentle: *mwaamwaauiu₂*.

(to be) quiet, silent (as in water), gentle (as in a good personality): *maliuweliuw₁*.

**Germany:** *Toichi*. 
**germs**

disease, germs: *baiking*.

**gesture**

gesture (as in a dance), posture: *pomw₁*.

**get**

catch it in a container, take it, get it: *talomi*.

get through it, get to an unknown place for the first time, discover it: *sheengi*.

make it go out safely, make it get through: *gaara*.

see it, attack it, get it: *weri*.

slaughter it, kill it, conquer it, get possession of it: *roopiïy*.

to catch (in a container), get, take: *tetal₂*.

to drill, to get through, discover: *sheeshe*.

to move (up), get (up), rise: *giutapp*.

to slaughter, kill (animals) for food, conquer, get possession of: *roop*.

to spread (as of news), be announced (of something that had been lost for a long time and finally discovered), get through an object, discover: *she₃*.

to try to get through waves: *gaareyar*.

**get along**

to get along, have been living: *minag*.

**get through**

get through (a channel) one by one, come through: *yareyar*.

to get through (a channel, etc.) without being caught, seen, or broken: *yar₁*.

**get together**

to get together, gather together, be assembled: *iuyelag*.

**get up**

to lift oneself up, rise, get up from a sitting position: *nang*.
ghost
benevolent spirit, benevolent ghost: *ngeliugach.*
evil spirit, bad ghost: *ngeliunngaw."
ghost, spirit, god, chant directed to a god or a spirit: *yalius*₂.
name of a legendary ghost that used to live on Eauripik: *Teraaiu.*
picture, image, ghost: *ngel₂.*
giddy
make him dizzy, make him giddy: *gemwaaliyeliyi.*
to be dizzy, giddy, dazed: *mwaaliyel.*
gift
farewell, farewell gift: *fingiich.*
funeral gift given to the relatives of the deceased: *tiugiutiug₂.*
gift, present: *gefangefang.*
secret gift to a girl friend: *mwash₂.*
talk of the canoe, a gift made by travelers to their host at the time of their arrival: *kapetaliwa.*
to give as a secret gift: *mwash₂.*
tribute of the land, tribute paid by Outer Islands people to Yap Proper (i.e., gift given during the sawey exchange): *yaute-enibun.*

**Gilbert Islands:** *Gilibat.*
gill
gill of a fish: *fatiwor.*
the part below the gill of a fish: *beiutag.*
ginger: *yang₁.*
(to be) yellow, yellowish, of ginger color: *yangoyang.*
girl
baby girl, female of a few months old: *ligaaw.*
child, boy, girl, baby: *sar₁.*
female at puberty, girl: *sar shoabut*.

**girl friend**
boy friend, girl friend: *tal₂*.

**give**
give him, send something to him: *ganeey*.
give to you: *ganoog*.
present this way, give hither, furnish this way: *ttog₂*.
to give as a secret gift: *mwash₂*.
to give away one’s valuable things during a dance ceremony, give away dancing presents: *gepaar₂*.
to give, send: *fang₁*.

**given**
to be given away, be taken: *kiu₂*.

**glad**
to be happy, glad, rejoice, delightful, pleasant: *ker*.

**glance**
to look, watch, glance: *sur*.
to take a quick glance, look suddenly and briefly, have a quick look, glance: *nelimat*.

**glass**: *gelaas*.
glasses, glass: *piipi₁*.

**glass pitcher**: *shuushu*.

**glasses**
glasses, glass: *piipi₁*.

sun glasses (lit. glass of underside of sun): *piipiilifaaliyal*.

**gleam**
light, firelight, gleam, flash: *wer₁*.

**glide**
to be slipped, glide, move out of place by sliding: *ssa*. 
**glisten**
(to be) shiny, flaming, glisten, flash: *bulobul*.

**glitter**
to be shining, shine, glitter, gleam: *mariwesh*.
to be shiny, bright, glitter: *shariweriw*.
to be shiny, shine, glitter, flash, sparkle: *ngeliuweliuw*.
to shine, sparkle, glitter: *wer*₁.

**glittering**
to be shining, glittering, gleaming: *mariwesheesh*.

**globe**
the earth, the globe, world: *faaileng*.

**gloomy**
to be very murky, dark, gloomy, obscure, impure: *megolagol*.
(to be) murky, impure, unclear, gloomy, obscure, dark: *megol*.

**glow**
to shine, glow, twinkle: *ttiul*.

**glowing**
(to be) burning, glowing, burn: *giu*₂.

**glue**: *noori*.
apply glue on it, glue it: *nooriiy*.
glue it: *bilisa*.
gum, sap, glue, pulp: *bilis*.

**glued**
to be glued: *bilis, noori*.

**gluey**
make it gluey, make it viscous: *gamwitiyoayoali*.
(to be) viscous, gluey (thick but still drippable): *mwitiyoaya*.

**gnat**: *lugolug*.

**gnaw**
gnaw it: *ngarisi*.
to chew, crunch, gnaw: *ngaringer*.

**go**
follow him, accompany him, go with him: *tabeey*.
go ahead of it (or someone), precede it: *mmwa*.
go alongside of it: *saweey*.
go beyond it, pass it: *galuuw*.
go with it, accompany it: *fiti*.
inspect it, go over (an area): *balisi*.
let him go first: *gagommwa*.
make him go back, return him, send him back: *gatefaali*.
make him go, make it move: *gefatela*.
make it go out safely, make it get through: *gaara*.
to accompany, follow, go with, come after: *ttab*.
to accompany, go after (a canoe, etc.): *pila*.
to be dizzy, go around in a circle: *tagomwaaliyel*.
to climb, move, go (up or down): *ppash*.
to go: *la*, *lag*.
to go back and forth quickly, move to and fro: *failichig*.
to go beyond, pass by, go ahead (of): *ttas*.
to go early: *ug*.
to go out (once again): *yapiweiu*.
to go out, go outwards: *buuweiu*.
to go out, walk out, move out: *toowaiu*.
to go through an improper way, go in different directions, pass each other, be out of the way: *fail*.
to go up, go eastward: *biitag*.
to go, visit, complete: *mwiuch*.
to inspect, to go around: *baan*.
to move by its own power, as in moving objects in the water, go: *fetal*$_2$.

to pass, go past: *yafelag*$_2$.

to return, go back, come back: *tefaal*.

to set, go down (as of the sun, moon, stars): *tub*.

to slow down, go slow: *siro*.

to take a trip, go, travel from one place to another and return, fall: *tor*.

to walk on the beach or along the beach, go alongside of: *ssaw*.

to walk, go on foot, make one’s way: *faarag*.

to wander about or go around hoping to find something (which he usually finds): *gaiuliung*.

to wander around, go around: *baasaas*. visit it, go to it: *gareta$_1$*.

**go out**

make him go out further: *gefailiiweiu*.

to go out completely, be outward: *failiweiu*.

**goat fish:** *woomey*.

**gobble**

to put (water) in one’s mouth, suck, gobble, slurp: *gumwugumw*.

to take freely and greedily (as of leftovers), gobble, usurp, take away someone’s property by order of the chief: *gul$_1$*.

**god**

ghost, spirit, god, chant directed to a god or a spirit: *yalius$_2$*.

god of the sea: *saulaal*.

**God**

God (in Roman Catholic): *teeuus*.

**going**

to be going: *nenag*.

**gold:** *goal*.

**golden plover:** *gulung*.
**gone**
to be gone over for something, to be inspected: *baliteg.*

**good**
being good, success: *limegach.*
good, completely, perfectly: *-fish.*
good, nice: *-ngas.*
make it really good: *limetiyy.*
to be good, wonderful, fantastic: *masigach.*
to be possible, good, able: *mmwel.*
(to be) expert in, good at, experienced in, accustomed to, skillful at: *yeoyam.*
(to be) good: *mwaaiu.*
(to be) good, pretty, nice, super, superior: *gach₂.*
(to be) good, skillful: *limefish.*
(to be) peaceful, calm, enjoy oneself with, good: *mwatiyetiy.*
(to be) pretty, good, beautiful: *gemwatiyetiy.*
to make really good: *limet.*

**good luck**
good luck, good fortune: *paafish.*
wish him good luck: *gefaiyefishiiy, gepaafishiiy.*

**good mood**
good feeling, good mood: *tipefish.*

**good person:** *maliugach.*

**good-looking**
(to be) beautiful, pretty, good-looking, fancy: *ning.*

**goodbye:** *saiyoonaara.*
say goodbye to him, see him off on a trip: *gasouw₁.*
to say goodbye: *fingiich.*
to say goodbye (to): *gabong.*
to say goodbye to, see on a trip: *gassou*.

**goods**
belonging, thing, article, goods, object: *piteg*.

**gossip**
to talk about someone, gossip: *tiuttiul*.

**gossipy**
(to be) talkative, gossipy: *sheeta*.

**gourd**
calabash, bottle gourd: *gulugul*.

**government**
district administration, government office, office: *yam*.

**grab**
catch it, grab it, capture it, seize it: *gola*.

grab it (a knife, etc.), clutch it, snatch it: *waiti*.

hold it tight, grasp it, grab it: *gemmwashiu*.

hold it, catch it, grab it: *gemwashiu, gemwashiuv*.

**grade**
first grade in school, freshman: *ichineeng*.

**grandchild**: *laiuneiu*.

**grandfather**: *paapa*.

maternal grandfather: *temasile*.

paternal grandfather: *temattema*.

paternal great grandfather: *temattemattema*.

**grandmother**
maternal grandmother: *sinisila*.

paternal grandmother: *sinitema*.

**grasp**
catch it, clasp it, clench it, grasp it, hold it, seize it: *toari*.

hold it tight, grasp it, grab it: *gemmwashiu*.
to catch, clasp, clench, grasp, hold, seize: *toa*.

to hold, catch, grasp: *kemwash*.

**grass**

grass (*thuarea involuta* or *stenotaphrum*): *fatil*.

**grass skirt**: *yengiuyeng*.

woman’s skirt, grass skirt: *sif*.

**grass-skirt**: *sifisif*.

**grasses**

grasses of several types which are not differentiated: *bugor*.

**grasshopper**

a kind of grasshopper: *goos*.

long-horned grasshopper: *lippiraf*.

**grater**

coconut grater: *waigeng*.

**grave**

grave, tomb, sepulcher: *peiy*.

**gravel**

gravel, pebble: *faiumwag*.

put gravel on it, put pebble on it: *faiumwega*.

**graze**

to eat, graze: *mwatug*.

**grease**

grease, oil, human fat: *kiriis*.

**greasy**

animal fat, oily or greasy matter: *chal*.

make it slippery, make it greasy, make it smooth: *gamisi*.

to be greasy: *kiriis*.

to be slippery, greasy, smooth: *mmis*.

(to be) greasy, oily: *uwiy*.
great
to be strong, forceful, great, big, hard: ssit.
(to be) big, general, large, huge, great: lap1.
(to be) high, tall, great, lofty: tagiyat.
(to be) numerous, big, great: farigit.

greater
(to be) greater, larger, bigger: lapelap.

greatly
very, much, indeed, extremely, awfully, greatly: ppiung3.

greedy
make him greedy: gamweshaliyaali.
make him greedy for food: gashingaangaali.
make him greedy, make him avaricious: gashegauw.
to be greedy for food, long for food: shingaanga.
to be greedy, avaricious: shegau.
(to be) greedy, avaricious, covetous: mweshaliya.
to reach out for, reach out without touching, be short of, be greedy for food: chang1.

green
to be very green, fresh: maiuriur.
(to be) fresh, green, alive (as of plants): maiur.
(to be) green, blue: gaaraweraw.

grill
broil it, grill it, cook it by direct exposure to heat: gerangi.
burn it, roast it, broil it, grill it, bake it: fisigi.
to roast, burn, broil, grill, bake: fisifis2.

grilled
to be burnt, roasted, broiled, grilled, baked: fisingeg.

grin
to laugh, smile, grin: *mmal.*

**grind**
crunch it, crush it, grind (it) up: *gasiungeriu.*  
grind it, knead, mash, beat: *sheleey.*  
grind it, shave it, crush it, cut it: *geriu.* to grind: *shel.*  
to grind, be ground, shave, crush: *geriuger*₁.

**grinder**
grinder, any of various machines or tools for crushing and grinding: *pelig.*

**grinding**
to be grinding: *cheleshel.*

**grip**
grip it by hand, hold it in one’s hand: *gumwiushiuw.*

**groin**
female’s pubic area, female’s groin or private parts: *pur.*  

male’s pubic area, male’s groin or private parts: *pas.*

**ground**
baseball field, ground: *woranto.*  
cleared ground, court or field for football, baseball, etc.: *malemal*₁.  
earth, soil, ground: *tal₅.*

ground, earth, soil: *tetal*₁.  
(on the) ground, below: *ital.*  
to grind, be ground, shave, crush: *geriuger*₁.

**ground copra**: *guwal.*

**group**
bunch, bundle, cluster, homogeneous group: *woo-*.

group, assemblage: *mweoiu*₂.

**grovel**
to crawl, creep, grovel, crawling: *gerag*₁.

**grow**
raise it, grow it, rear it: *gatumwulo*.
to deliver a baby, have a child, grow: *laiuleiu*.
to grow: *fas*₁.
to grow very unhealthily, be unhealthy: *yaiungeiung*₁.
to grow, be raised: *fagol*₂.
to sprout, grow: *iy*.
to sprout, grow (as of young plants or new teeth): *chi*.
to sprout, grow, thrive, sprouting: *tumwul*.

**growing**
to be sprouting, growing: *tutumwul*.

**growth**
a stage of growth and development of human beings or animals in which the embryo, in the case of some animals which lay eggs, turns into a different form which resembles the existing characteristics of that particular species: *yaremat*₂.

**gruel**
gruel, porridge, usually made from bananas or preserved or plain breadfruit: *shel*.

**grunt**
hum, sound (as of an airplane engine), grunt (as of a pig): *ngiungiu*₃.
make him grunt: *gachengiu*.
to grunt, breathe forcefully as in delivering a child: *cheng*.

**guard**: *poos*.
to guard (against), defend, keep watch: *mamooru*.
to guard it, protect it, defend it: *poosuuw*.
to guard, protect, defend: *poos*.
to watch, look at, guard, peep at (naked people): *mmas*.
guess

guess it, recognize it: *gagila*₂.
suspect it, guess it: *gammwega*.
to try, guess, make an effort: *kagil*.
to wonder, be uncertain about, guess, assume: *gareere*.

guide

guide it, lead it, locate it, direct it (a canoe): *gepaiuw*.
lead him, guide him, direct him: *paali*₂.
steer it, guide it by means of a rudder, direct the course of it, sail it: *gaagoow*.
teach him, instruct him, guide him: *gabiunngali*.
to go first, lead, guide: *gommw*.
to guide (a canoe): *kepaiupeiu*₁.
to guide, lead, locate, direct: *gepaiupeiu*₁.
to steer a boat, sail, guide a boat, direct: *gaag*.

guided

to be guided by the Pleiades (star): *mwegariger*.

guiding-point

guiding-point, anything (a tall tree or a whole island) which serves as a fixed point of departure in navigation: *mwir*.

guilty

to feel guilty: *liugiummet*.

**guitar**: *gita*.

gulp

swallow it, gulp it down: *gabuusowa*, *woromi*.

**gum**

frame (of a mouth, stomach, etc.), gum: *bosh*₂.
gum, hard palate: *faalipingaash*.
gum, sap, glue, pulp: *bilis*.
gum, tooth ridge (lit. ridge of tooth): *boshalingi*.
palate, gum, alveolar ridge: *piingaach*.

**gum-ridge**
gum-ridge of the mouth (lit. frame of mouth): *boshal yaw*.

**gun**
gun, rifle, musket, arms: *pak*<sub>2</sub>.
machine gun: *sikaansu*.

**gun powder**: *kaiyaku*.
bullet, gun powder: *faiulipak*.

**gurgle**
to gurgle, make a bubbling sound: *lomwolomw*. 
**habitual**

to be common, likely, habitual, probable: *nam*.

**habitually**

usually, habitually: *gal*.

usually, habitually, only: *ga*.

usually, readily, habitually, expertly, often: *tau*₁.

**hack**

to chip, hew, chop or cut with an axe, etc., hack, gash, make or shape by cutting or chopping with an axe, knife, etc.: *ttas*₂.

**hair**

a kind of hair (stiff, short and itchy): *belak*.

armpit hair: *gorolifaalipeiu*.

body hair, feather (of a bird), scale (of a fish): *iul*₁.

hair of one’s head: *yanishimw*.

hair, thread, thin object: *yal*₃.

pubic hair: *gor*.

to have a lot of white hair: *mousuus*.

to have gray hair, with white hair: *mous*.

white hair, gray hair: *mous*.

**haircut**

a haircut style (a kind of crewcut): *gako*.

a haircut style (a short haircut): *sampaash*.

**hairy**

to have a hairy chest, hairy: *yarogongal*.

**half-breed**

half-caste, mixed-blood child, half-breed: *yainoko*.

**half-caste**

half-caste, mixed-blood child, half-breed: *yainoko*.

**half-dollar**: *maak*.
halfway
halfway point: nimach.

hallo
hallo! (polite greeting), hi, how are you?: faiisho.

hallow
(to be) empty, vacant, hallow, deformed: war₁.

halt
to stop, cease, halt, pause: iugiufeg.
to stop, halt, refrain, pause, be silent: ppaiu.

hamlet
village, hamlet: gasogasog.
village, hamlet, rural community: gapilamw.

hammer
hammer, sledge: yemma.
pound it, beat it, hit it, hammer it: siugiu.
to pound, beat, hit, hammer: sius.

hammock
cradle, hammock, swinging couch or bed: ileiul.

hamper
cover it up, lock it up, keep it secret, hamper it, stop it up:
   gewaliu.

hampered
to be covered, hampered, stopped: wal₄.

hand
hand, arm, wing: paiu₁.
instrument, weapon, hand: lima-2.
left hand, left hand side: paiutakof.
my hand: pai.
right hand, right hand side: paiukof.
the hand from wrist to finger tip: peshanim.
your hand, your arm: paumw.

**hand-clippers**: bariikang.
cut it with hand-clippers: bariikenga.

**hand-grenade**
hand-grenade, hand-bomb: terutang.

**handful**
handful, piece: ut2.
take a handful of it, eat it clumsily: ragiuw.
to take a handful, eat clumsily: ragiureg.

**handle**
angled handle of a stone axe, handle, handled axe: yash.
handle of a scooping net used to catch flying fish with: ib.
handle, that part of a utensil or tool which is to be held with the hand: pash3.

**hands**
to put down one’s hands, place hands upside down to cover up something: paiushapp.

**handsome**
strong and handsome man: piichoowaai.

**handy**
(to be) skillful, expert, dextrous, adroit, handy: peshekiul.

**hang**
hang it up, hook it up: shengagili.
let it hang down, droop it down: gapeitaagiiy.
to hang: chengag.
to hang down (as of hair or a mosquito net), droop down: peiteg.
to hang down, droop down, (be) long: peitaag.
to move around, walk about, hang about, gad about, wander from one place to another: tiwaag.
to swing, hang down loosely: seiuleiul.

**hanging**
to be hanging: chechengag.

**haphazardly**
randomly, arbitrarily, haphazardly, hit-or-miss: tatiwegil.

**happen**
to happen, occur, appear, arise: wel₂.
to happen, occur, show up, come: ki₁.

**happening**
situation, happening, thing, condition, status: kofa-.

**happy**
make him happy, delight him, satisfy him: gakere.
to be happy, glad, rejoice, delightful, pleasant: ker.
to be happy, willing to do something: mesaig.
(to be) enthusiastic, happy in romantic love: gaas.
(to be) interesting, fabulous, entertaining, happy: gammesaig.
to make happy, satisfy, delight: gaker.

**harbor**
channel, harbor: taw.

**hard**
make it difficult or hard: gewairesiïy.
make it strong, make it forceful, make it hard: gassita.
to be hard (not soft), strong: chemaaw.
to be strong, forceful, great, big, hard: ssit.
(to be) hard: chefas.
(to be) hard, difficult: waires.
(to be) strong, hard: masow₂.
to make strong, make hard: gassit.

**hard-working**
to be diligent, industrious, hard-working, assiduous: *she-owefish*.

**harder**

to become harder: *wewaires*.

**hash**
cut it, slice it, chop it, hash it: *pari*.
to cut, slice, chop, hash: *pariper*.

**haste**
hurry up, make haste: *tokeiku*.

**hasten**
make him hurry up, hasten it (a happening, etc.): *gapeka*.
to hurry, be in a hurry, hasten: *gepak*.

**hat**: *ganiur*.
hat, metaphorical expression for penis: *pariung*.
hat, pandanus leaves: *sheolifash*$_2$.

**hatch**
hatch it, incubate it: *gatewaali*.

**hatched**
(to be) hatched, incubated: *gattewa*.

**hate**
dislike him, hate him: *ganngewa, gaseshaaulo*.
hate each other: *nngawefengan*.
hate him, dislike him: *nngaweeti, nngawengali*.
hate him, dislike it: *gausunngewa*.
to hate, dislike: *genngaw*.

**hated**
(to be) unpopular, disliked, hated (especially of a titled person): *seshaaul*.

**have**
have it as an article of one’s clothes: *mengaaguli*.
have it as one’s drink: *iuliumeli.*

have it as one’s foot: *pesheeli.*

to eat, take or have (food): *mwongo.*

to own, have, possess (permanently): -*li₂.*

wear it as one’s lei, have it as one’s flower or lei: *mwerali.*

**haw-haw**

to laugh loudly, chuckle, haw-haw, roar with laughter: *tegaag.*

**hawk**

hawk, eagle: *wetiyas.*

**hazardous**

(to be) dangerous, perilous, hazardous, unsafe: *abonai.*

**he**

he, she, it: *iiy, ye₁.*

**head**

back of the head: *gapiligiu.*

baldness, bald head: *mwurolishimw.*

carry on the head, put on the head: *pariuper₂.*

chief, head man of a clan, chieftain: *pilung.*

head, convex shape: *shimw₂.*

put it on the head, carry it on the head: *pariungiu₂.*

to bend one’s head down, drop one’s head, lower one’s head: *gaiuleshimw.*

to stand on one’s head: *ligessiushimw.*

top of the head: *welungelishimw.*

**head-turn**

a slight head-turn: *liuwek.*

**headband**

piece of cloth wrapped around the head, headband: *baayou.*

**headquarters**
military officer, military headquarters: *sereibu.*

**heal**

erase it, extinguish it, heal it, cure it: *gemoaw.*

to cure, heal, treat (sickness): *gemoamoa.*

**healed**

to be healed, cured, extinguished (like a fire), erase: *moa.*

**healthy**

(to be) strong, healthy: *kail.*

**heap**

to collect, heap up, gather, bring together: *tteiuy₂.*

to pile, form a heap, piled: *woatelag.*

**hear**

hardly to hear: *talingelap₁.*

to hear, listen to: *rongorong.*

**hearing**

to be hearing: *chongorong.*

**heart**

heart, keel-section of a canoe: *bun.*

inside, mind, heart: *lal₂.*

**heat:** *besh₃.*

cook it (over an open fire), heat it (in a pot): *gabeshi.*

to roast, burn, heat, cook over an open fire: *gabbesh.*

**heated**

(to be) broiled, cooked on the flame, heated in the sun, broil: *kar₁.*

**heating**

be boiling it, heating it: *bbubbuga.*

**heaven**

cloud, heaven: *langimaal.*
heaven, cloud: teramiy.
sky, heaven, up in the air: weneng.

**heavenly**
sky or any of the heavenly bodies: yaliuwelang.

**heavy**
to be tight, stodgy, feel heavy: ffoar.
(to be) heavy, serious: chau₂.
to weigh, make heavy: gechau.
weigh it, make it heavy: gechauw₂.

**heddle**
heddle (part of the loom), string used as heddle: ngiung₁.

**heel**: gapilipinipeshe.

**held**
(to get) stuck, be unmovable, held, caught: mmwash.

**hello**
hello, welcome: welimmwa-.

**hello**: eei.

hello! (lit. upside of your front): welimwemw.

**helmet shell**: mweyal.

**help**
accompany him, help him: shiyeli.
help him, assist him: tepangi.
to be of help, be helpful, be of service: gashiyeshiy.
to help, support, assist, give assistance: getapetap.
to support, help, assist: getoatoa.

**helped**
to be accompanied, helped: shiyelag.

**helper**
assistant, helper, counselor: getoatoa.
helpful
 to be of help, be helpful, be of service: gashiyeshiy.

hen
 chicken, hen, rooster: maliug, niwatori.

her
 him, her, it: -y.
 his, her, its: -l3.

here
 here, there: -l2.
 here, this place: iga₁.
 here, this place (The speaker is located within the area.): igaal.
 hither, here, this way: tog₄.
 this area here (The speaker is located in the area.): igeiy.
 to come, arrive, come here: buutog.

heritage
 heritage in terms of treatment, treatment: toa-.
 tradition, knowledge that passes down from the father to son, heritage in terms of wisdom: rong.

hernandia: giushel.

hesitate
 to be in doubt, be uncertain, hesitate: tipemwaremwar.

hew
 cut it, hew it with an adze: fela₃.
 to chip, hew, chop or cut with an axe, etc., hack, gash, make or shape by cutting or chopping with an axe, knife, etc.: ttas₂.
 to cut, hew with an adze: falefal, pat₄.

hewed
 (to be) hewed, chopped, hollowed (out): gatou.

hi
hallo! (polite greeting), hi, how are you?: faiisho.

**hibiscus**
a kind of hibiscus (*hibiscus tiliacelus* var.): gilifeolima.

hibiscus (any of a genus of plants, shrubs, and small trees of the mallow family, with large colorful flowers): gilifeo₂.

**hiccough:** mater.
to hiccough: mater.

**hidden**
(to be) hidden, secret: nibaag.

**hide**
hide behind it, conceal oneself behind it: mwalogi.
hide it, conceal it: gemwalo₁, libaagili.
to hide, conceal: nibaag.
to hide, hiding: mwal₂.
to hide, remain out of sight: yop.

**hide-and-seek**
hide-and-seek game: likaatilimwalomwal.
to play hide-and-seek: likaatilimwalomwal.

**high**
high place, raised place: tagiyetaat.
(to be) high, tall, great, lofty: tagiyat.

**high tide**
to get to be high tide: giun.
wait until it becomes high tide: gagiuna.

**high-strung**
(to get) nervous, high-strung, easily excitable, easily frightened: gaarius.

**high-tide:** bur₁.
to be high-tide: bur₁.
hill
mountain, hill: *taiit.*

him
him, her, it: -y.

hinder
prevent it, block it, hinder it, obstruct it, stop it: *gatiweli.*

hint
to imply, hint, suggest, make an indirect request: *gatibetib.*

hip
buttock, hip: *biuriuw.*
keel or bottom of a canoe, hip of a person: *gap2.*

his
his, her, its: -l3.

hit
hit him, scratch him: *gefaliu.*
hit him, spank him: *wauti.*
hit it: *gechabu.*
hit it, slap the ears, hit him in the ear: *beta, beta.*
hit it, strike it, knock it, slap it, smack it, give a blow to it: *wishiiy.*
hit it, sweep it (with a broom), scare it away: *peoli.*
make it hit, cause it to bump (against), pour it, spill it: *gasere.*
pound it, beat it, hit it, hammer it: *siugiu.*
slap it, strike it, hit it, slam it: *pigiri.*
strike it, hit it (with a thing): *nifitiingeli.*
strike it, hit it, knock it off: *niyiungiungali.*
to be hit, spanked: *wauteg.*
to be swept off, hit: *peotag.*
(to be) deaf, slapped (in the ear), hit (in the ear): *bat1.*
(to be) destroyed, get hit by waves (usually in a case where a canoe is hit by waves, with its parts being destroyed): pag-iulimweliuw.

to get hit (with a round small thing): niy.
to give a blow (with the fist), cut, hit: tug2.
to hit: lii.
to hit (a ball, etc.), strike: peo1.
to hit a ball (as in baseball), play baseball: ppeo.
to hit right, make a straight shot (to): wel1.
to hit, approach, go aground: ser1.
to hit, get ready to fight: wish3.
to hit, strike, give a blow to, hunt: wau1.
to kill, hit: ni3.
to pound, beat, hit, hammer: sius.
to slap, strike, hit, slam: pigipig.
to splash, pound, hit: gaselaab.
to strike, hit, knock: nipiungiu-.
to sweep (with a broom), dust, scare away a ghost, hit: peopeo2.

hit-or-miss
randomly, arbitrarily, haphazardly, hit-or-miss: tatiwegil.

hither
hither, here, this way: tog4.
this way (to the speaker), hither: -togo.

hitting
be hitting him: niniiy.
to be hitting: wiwishiiy.

hoarded
to be saved, preserved, kept, have marginal saving, stored, hoarded: tau3.
hoe
hoe it, plough it, break it (the ground): *kuwaali*. 
hoes, mattock: *kuwa*.
to clean, clear, dig out roots from, hoe: *wolaag₂*.
to hoe, hoe up the soil, plough, break ground: *kuwa*.

**hog**
pig, hog, boar, sow, swine: *paabiiy*.
pig, hog, swine: *siilo*.

**hoist**
to lift, elevate, hoist, hold up: *genang*.

**hoisted**
to be put up (as of a sail), raised, hoisted: *iuriutag*.

**hold**
catch it, clasp it, clench it, grasp it, hold it, seize it: *toari*.
grip it by hand, hold it in one’s hand: *gumwiushiuw*.
hold it: *biuliuw*.
hold it tight, grasp it, grab it: *gemmwashiu*.
hold it, catch it, grab it: *gemwashiui, gemwashiuiuw*.
stick to it, attach to it, hold on it, cling to it, adhere to it: *pe-shangi*.
to bite, hold, chew, squeeze: *giugiu*.
to catch, clasp, clench, grasp, hold, seize: *toa*.
to hold: *bbiuliu*.
to hold, catch, grasp: *kemwash*.
to stick, hold to something firmly, become fixed, adhere: *ppash₂*.

**hold up**
to lift, elevate, hoist, hold up: *genang*.

**holder**
basket, bag, holder: *tuutu*. 
hole: $kel_2$.

a hole, often referring to the female vagina: $biy$.

artificial hole: $gapiun$.

drill it, get through it, make a hole in it: $sheey$.

hole, hollow, concavity: $ngat$.

hole, opening, hollow place, burrow: $lib$.

hole, opening, orifice: $sheeshe$.

hole, opening, slit, leak: $pilat$.

make a hole in it: $biyengi$.

make a hole in it, pierce it, dig a hole in it: $ngetali$.

tiny hole: $melangileng$.

to be made as a hole: $biyengag$.

to get something through a hole: $bber$.

to have a hole, be pierced: $ngat$.

to make a deep hole (in a board), carve: $gatub_2$.

holes

crevise, small holes in arms: $bbang_1$.

make holes in it: $gamelangilengi$.

to pierce, make holes: $ngatengat$.

hollow

hole, hollow, concavity: $ngat$.

(to be) wide open, hollow: $waaru$.

hollowed

(to be) hewed, chopped, hollowed (out): $gatou$.

home

family, home, home village, possessed land, estate: $bugot$.

possess it as home, own it as one’s estate: $bugotali$.

homesick

be homesick for it, miss it, envy it: $paketi$.
to be homesick, impatient, in a hurry, anxious: *pak₁*.

**hong Kong**
Hong Kong: *Kongkong*.

**honor**
respect him, honor him, revere him: *gasorouuw*.
to show esteem, honor, revere or respect: *gassoru*.

**hook**
a kind of hook or fish hook: *geoliruukuyo*.
a wooden hook used for hanging things: *metaigeo*.
fish hook: *geo₁*.
hang it up, hook it up: *shengagili*.
hook it, connect it by a fish hook, pierce it with a hook: *geosi*.
turtle shell used for a hook: *mat₃*.

**hooked**
to be hooked, connected, pierced with a hook: *geotag*.
(to be) stuck, hooked: *lo*.

**hookworm**
hookworm, worm: *mwusoa*.

**horizontal**
(to be) cross-wise, across, lie across, be horizontal: *pengag*.

**horizontally**
put it across, place it horizontally: *gapengagi*.
(to be) woven horizontally (as of a basket, a mat, etc.):
*weipengag*.

**horn**
spur or horn on rooster’s legs: *fal₁*.
trumpet, bugle, horn: *rebba*.

**horny**
(to be) horny, sexually aroused, lustful: *pash₄*. 
horse: yoas.
hose
hose, pipe, pump: poomw.
hospital
head of a hospital, medical doctor in charge of a hospital: iincho.
hospital, dispensary: sipitaal, spitaal.
hospital, infirmary, dispensary: piyooing.
hostile
to be mad, angry, hostile: sig.
hot
to be extreme, strong, hot: ki2.
to be hot: besh3.
to be itchy from eating raw, special kind of non-swamp taro, hot
(from such a taro): keot.
to be very hot: beshikar.
hot-headed
to have a short temper, be impatient, hot-headed: sagemwosh.
hotel
hotel, establishment that provides lodging and meals: gotel.
hound
dog, hound: gelaag.
hour
time, hour: sikang.
house: faiul2.
a part of a house (flare-line), bow flare-line (of a canoe): biisal2.
a place where a Japanese house was located on Woleai: Kokaito.
a small menstrual house which is found near a dwelling: fe-
tattiul.
canoe house: faniwa.
concrete house: *imwesimeel*.
floored house: *imwepoa*.
ghost house, house of spirits: *imweliyalius*.
glass house, cabin: *imwepiipi*.
house, dwelling, room, shelter: *imw*.
inside the house, in the house, inner room: *niimw*.
iron house, house made up of steel, etc.: *imwepaarang*.
lower side of a house: *faatettar*.
main birth house used for baby delivery, menstrual house: *imwetemwaaiu*.
main men’s house, main club house: *fenap*.
men’s house, club house: *fal3*.
native house (lit. house of island): *imwelifaliuw*.
regular menstrual house, small menstrual house which is found near a dwelling: *imweteing*.
small menstrual house where girls go at the time of their first menstruation: *imweligabiitag*.
special house used after birth, second birth house which is used for a while after leaving the birth place (i.e., *imwelitemwaaiu*): *imwelipeopeo*.
tent, tent house: *imwetaampooning*.
to live in a house, use a house temporarily: *imweimw*.
traditional or recognized residence of a chiefly lineage, main house: *yeraw*.

**house parts**
a layer of the roof: *faaishimw*.
auxiliary tie-beam of a men’s house: *meloufeiu*.
board wall: *ttipaap*.
both sides of house, veranda: *tettar1*.
cross of falcrum: *faaibelitib*.
diagonal struts: *itebut, wolabei*. 
eave extention section: paiulimeliug.
eave oblique rod: tibelitettar.
eave oblique rod batten: gapilitibelitettar.
eave purlin: gapiliweiu.
end-wall (oblique) beam: tibelipiing.
end-wall eave batten: gapiliweiulinipiing.
end-wall eave purlin: gapiligipiing.
end-wall middle rafter: weiulilugolipiing.
end-wall thatch purlin: gaapengagilinipiing.
end-wall thatch rafter: weiulipiing.
end-wall tie-brace: faaibeliipiing.
flare-line: biisal₂.
front rafter: weiulimat.
gable end-wall: piing.
house wall: tiit₁.
inner end-wall rafter: weiuliniipiing.
king post: bot₁.
longitudinal tie-beam: tariyelap.
lower side of house: faatettar.
lowest part of a wall: goshoash₁.
main ridgepole: ungelap.
main-plate (longitudinal tie-beam): iraalap.
mid purlins: luugoligapengag.
mid-purlin tie-brace: faaibeliniimw.
middle rafter: weiuliluug.
platform: taiif.
platform for storage or for smoking fish: fang₃.
purlin: gaapengag.
purlin battens: yaw₂.
purlin-kingpost tie-brace: *faaibelibut.*
rafter: *weiu₂.*
raised platform made of rocks: *peei.*
ridgepole, ceiling: *ung₂.*
secondary ridgepole: *ungeshig.*
supporting post: *siur.*
thatch purlin: *gaapilal.*
thatch rafter: *gat₂.*
thatch rafter batten: *gapiligat.*
tie-beam: *geiushamw.*
upper ridgepole: *sogoram.*
upper-end: *teepaau.*
wall: *rishing₁.*

**houses**
row of houses: *imwettal.*

**how many**
how many (general objects): *fitouw.*
how many?, a few, some: *fita-.*

**howl**
howl (as of a ghost), humming sound made with the mouth: *ngeongeo.*
to cry, howl, hum: *ngaanga₁.*
to howl, make a humming sound: *ngeongeo.*

**hug**
hug him, embrace him, wrap it up: *ragomi.*
tie it tight, bind it tight, hug it: *farogi.*
to hug, embrace: *chag₂.*
to hug, embrace, wrap up: *chechag.*

**huge**
to be big, huge, large, enormous: \textit{wooki}.
(to be) big, general, large, huge, great: \textit{lap}_1.
(to be) large, huge, enormous, big: \textit{yaiulap}.

\textbf{hula}

(a round-and-round waist movement, do a hula dance: \textit{gesail}.

\textbf{hull}

(a point on the hull of a canoe: \textit{liugiuligeshap}.

\textbf{hum}

(hum, sound (as of an airplane engine), grunt (as of a pig): \textit{ngiungiu}_3.

to cry, howl, hum: \textit{ngaanga}_1.

\textbf{human}

(person, people, folk, human being: \textit{yaremat}_1.

\textbf{humility}

(respect, humility toward a chief: \textit{sorou}.

\textbf{hundred}

(one hundred: \textit{giyaaku}.

\textbf{hunger}

(to starve, suffer from hunger, starving: \textit{maar}.

\textbf{hungry}

(to be tired, bored, breathless, hungry: \textit{ngiush}.
(to be) hungry: \textit{kilag}.
(to be) hungry: \textit{pechaaiu}.

to long for food, (be) hungry for fish or meat: \textit{geraiu}.

\textbf{hunt}

(hunt around for, look for (a narrow escape): \textit{gettawe}.

look for it, search for it, hunt it: \textit{fagili}.

to fish by chance, hunt for, collect (fruits), found by chance: \textit{riur}.
to hit, strike, give a blow to, hunt: wau1.

**hunting**

to do shallow water fishing, go hunting for fish on the low tide reef: ttab3.

**hurl**

throw it, hurl it, fling it, cast it, pitch it: ganipiungiuw.

throw it, pitch it, cast it, hurl it, make him escape: gasheey.

throw it, sling it, hurl it, toss it: nifitiyy.

to throw (a stone, etc.) at, pitch, hurl or cast something at: ttar.

**hurriedly**

to be done hurriedly without seriousness, conducted in an illegitimate way: yarikiri.

**hurry**

hurry up, make haste: tokeiku.

make him hurry up, hasten it (a happening, etc.): gapeka.

to hurry, be anxious, be eager: paaiy.

to hurry, be in a hurry, hasten: gepak.

to hurry, press, urge, tempt: gewaiwei.

to run, hurry, rush: rig.

urge him, press him, tempt him, make him hurry up: gewaiiy.

**hurt**

hurt him, give pain to him: garousa.

hurt him, injure him, wound him: gewasiu.

to be hurt physically: bbaarig.

to be painful, sick, hurt: metagiteg.

(to be) painful, sick, hurt: metag1.

(to get) hurt, wounded, be injured: was.

**hurting**

to be painful, hurting: rous.
husband
romantic husband: yesag.
spouse, husband, wife: fitiya-.

husk
coconut fiber, soft inside coconut husk: worocho.
coconut husk buried in the salt water: sumw.
coconut screen, coconut husk, leaf (of a tree): iul3.
husk it, skin it: gotongi.
peel it (with bare hands), pare it, skin it, husk it: ngeisi.
pounded coconut husk, its juice: ileiuwat.
to bite with teeth, husk coconut husks into smaller layers: geigei.
to peel (with bare hands), pare, skin, husk: ngeingei.

hymn
hymn, song: gapingeping.
I: gaang, i.

ice: koori.

if

at the time when, if: iga₂.

by any chance, if: gare.

even though, even if: geraamwo.

or, whether, if: gare.

Ifaluk

Ifaluk, which is located in the vicinity of Woleai: Ifaliug.

ignite

set a fire to it, apply light to it, light it, ignite it, burn it: gagiuw.

ignore

disregard it, ignore it, despise him, look down on him with contempt or aversion: toalepaagili.

ill

to be sick, ill: piyooki.

(to be) sick, ill: temwaaiu.

illegitimate

illegitimate child: laiunipish.

illness

sickness, illness, ailment, malady: piyooki.

sickness, illness, patient, sick person: temwaaiu.

image

image, picture (photograph): yaiung.

picture, image, ghost: ngel₂.

stature, toy, shape, image: liyoos.

imbalance

to move up and down, be in imbalance: chichimw, shimweshimw.

imitate
act it, imitate it: *pomwoli*.

**imitating**
to be acting, imitating: *pomwopomw*.

**immature**
(to be) immature or premature (of coconut stocks, in the process of making tuba): *gaiumengiush*.

(to be) immature, not old enough, young: *mangiush*.

**immaturely**
(to be) ripe immaturity (in the stage of breadfruit development): *yeog*.

**immediateness.**
Attached only to be ‘will’, indicating immediateness.: -*l4*.

**impatience**
impatience, eagerness: *ppat2*.

**impatient**
to be homesick, impatient, in a hurry, anxious: *pak1*.

to be impatient, eager, anxious: *ppat2*.

to be impatient, tired, bothered: *bas*.

to have a short temper, be impatient, hot-headed: *sagemwosh*.

**imperfect**
(to be) imperfect in doing something, clumsy, sloppy, poor: *yan-ngenngaw*.

**imply**
imply it, give the clue of it: *gaiti*.

to imply, hint, suggest, make an indirect request: *gatibetib*.

**import**
meaning, significance, import, sense: *faa-1*.

**impossible**
to be impossible, incorrect, wrong, unable, inadequate: *tammwel*.
to be misleading, impossible, unmaneuverable: *taliib*.

**improper**

(to be) improper, not right, incapable: *filenngaw*.

**impudent**

to be impudent, conceited, pretentious, cocky: *naamaiki*.

**impure**

make it murky, make it obscure, make it impure: *gemagola*.

to be very murky, dark, gloomy, obscure, impure: *megolagol*.

(to be) murky, impure, unclear, gloomy, obscure, dark: *megol*.

(to be) unlawful, do impure things: *falinngaw*.

**in**: *le-*.

at, in, with, for, to, upon, on: *ree-*.

in, at: *ni-*.

in, at, inner-side of: *ni1*.

**in-between**

in-between, between: *nipat*.

**inadequate**

to be impossible, incorrect, wrong, unable, inadequate: *tammwel*.

**inanimate object**

thing, inanimate object: *mal2*.

**incapable**

(to be) improper, not right, incapable: *filenngaw*.

(to be) incapable, lack skill: *filewas*.

**inch**

inch (measurement): *iinch*.

**incline**

to lean, incline: *gappey*.

to lean, incline, bend: *gaafelag*.
to slant, incline, decline, lean (to), tilt, slanted: tig₁.

**inconsiderate**

(to be) inconsiderate, disobedient, touch things without permission: limwelat.

**incorrect**

to be impossible, incorrect, wrong, unable, inadequate: tammwel.

**increase**

to be swollen, increase in size, volume, extent, degree, etc.: toulibol.

**incredible**

(to be) unbelievable, fantastic, wonderful, beautiful, incredible: gaasefaliuw.

**incubate**

hatch it, incubate it: gatewaali.

**incubated**

(to be) hatched, incubated: gattewa.

**indeed**

even, indeed, ever, for the moment, in the first place, first of all, keep on doing: mwo.

of course, indeed: yengoa.

very, extremely, exceedingly, indeed: gemas.

very, indeed: te₂.

very, much, indeed, extremely, awfully, greatly: ppiung₃.

**index finger**: gatiiti.

**indifferent**

(to be) careless, indifferent, not to care about coming back to one’s own people and island: liugiuliugiemeiy.

(to be) indifferent, pretend to have no interest: gassiung.

**indigestible**

(to be) bitter, sour, salty, indigestible: merat₂.
indigestion

to suffer from indigestion, get food stuck in the esophagus due to the lack of water: leo2.

indignation

anger, indignation, rage, fury, wrath: ssoong.

industrious

to be diligent, industrious, hard-working, assiduous: she-owefish.

infant

child, infant: gat1.

infected

cause it to be infected: gegabu.

(to be) infected usually on open wounds: gab.

inferior

to be bad, worse, poor, foul, base, inferior: nngaw.

infirmary

hospital, infirmary, dispensary: piyooing.

inform

notify it, let (one) know about it, inform (one) of it: gagiulaali.

information

detailed information, detailed knowledge: rongoshig.

news, information, message: gashu1.

superficial information, superficial knowledge: rongolap.

informative

to get familiar with, be accustomed to, be acquainted with, get used to, knowledgeable, informative: yeo1.

informed

to be aware (of), informed, have knowledge of: it3.

inhabited

to be inhabited, lived in, have inhabitants: sog1.
inheritance
property left by a deceased person, inheritance, legacy: *peiraag.*

inhume
bury it, inhume it, inter it: *libeli.*

injure
hurt him, injure him, wound him: *gewasiu.*

injured
to be wounded, injured: *gilat.*
(to be) cut, chopped, injured: *gopiteg.*
(to get) hurt, wounded, be injured: *was.*

ink: *ingki.*

inner-side
in, at, inner-side of: *ni*₁.

innoculate
spear it, innoculate it, stab it, pierce it with something pointed: *touuw.*
to spear (fish, etc.), innoculate, stab, pierce with something pointed: *toutou.*

insect
a kind of insect: *lippirag.*

insecure
to be worried, frightened, insecure: *laloileng.*

inside
inside of: *lan₂.*
inside of the lagoon: *lenamw.*
inside of the water, in the water-well: *lechal.*
inside the house, in the house, inner room: *niimw.*
inside, mind, heart: *lal₂.*
its inside, the inside of it: *lan₁.*
insides
one’s feeling, one’s insides: niferaa-.
the bottom of one’s heart, one’s insides: feraa-.

insist
to insist, argue, force: gaangimasow.

inspect
inspect it: baaniy.
inspect it, go over (an area): balisi.
to inspect, to go around: baan.

inspected
to be gone over for something, to be inspected: baliteg.

inspection: baan.

inspire
courage him, animate him, inspire him: gemaagiufa.

inspired
(to be) proud, inspired, show off: cheifaas.

instruct
teach him, instruct him: gaskuula.
teach him, instruct him, guide him: gabiunngali.
to teach, instruct: gaskuul, sensei.

instructor
teacher, instructor, school teacher: sensei.

instrument
instrument, weapon, hand: lima-2.
means of, tool of, instrument of: min2.
tool, instrument, means, device, measure: mela-.

integrated
a whole, the entire thing, the totality, integrated parts: niuw1.

interchange
to exchange, interchange, barter: *kookang*.

**interested**
long for it, miss it, yearn after it, pine for it, be willing to do it, be attracted by it, be interested in it, enjoy it: *mesaigeeti*.

**interesting**
(to be) interesting, fabulous, entertaining, happy: *gammesaig*.

**interfere**
interrupt him, interfere with him, cause him to be concerned, make him obligated: *gematepengagiyy*.

**interior**
(in) the interior part of the island, interior, middle, center: *nibol*.

**intermediate**
intermediate grades (after six-year elementary grades): *goosuka*.

**interpret**
interpret it, translate it: *gateow3*.
to interpret: *kateo*.

**interpreted**
to be interpreted, translated: *teo4*.

**interpreter**
interpreter, translator: *reikateo*.

**interrogate**
to ask, question, interrogate: *gassiy*.

**interrogation**
question, interrogation: *gassiy*.

**interrupt**
interrupt him, interfere with him, cause him to be concerned, make him obligated: *gematepengagiyy*.

**intestine**: *ta*.
large intestine: *taalap*.
small intestine: *taashig*.

yellow fat on the intestine: *mwetar*$_1$.

**intimate**

to be friends, be intimate: *mareyar*.

**into:** -*longo*.

into, to the inland, inward: *long*.

to come in, enter, go into: *buulong*.

**intoxicated**

to be drunk, intoxicated, drink to a point beyond self-control: *trongki*.

(to be) drunk, intoxicated: *bulaas*.

**invade**

to invade, go ashore for the purpose of fighting: *teofaliuw*.

**investigate**

question him, investigate it, search it: *gattiugeow*.

study it, investigate it: *baabiyoroow*.

to question, investigate, search for the truth: *gattiugeo*.

**invite**

to invite, send words for, call for: *tengag*.

**inward**

to the inland, inward: *long*.

**iron**

iron, wire, bell, metal: *paarang*.

piece of iron used to hold screws: *natto*.

**iron wood tree**

iron wood tree (*pemphis acidula*): *gaingiy*.

**ironical**

to be sarcastic, ironical, satirical: *faali*.

**island**
course of sailing to arrive at a particular destination, art of locating an island: *woofaliuw.*

land, island: *faliuw₂.*

low island, outer island, flatland: *felaapiy.*

main island, principal island: *welileg.*

mountain, island, eminence: *shug.*

outside of an island, uninhabited side of an island: *meseeliug.*

small island, islet: *pig.*

small uninhabited island: *yaliut.*

**islanders**

native inhabitant, islanders: *tooming.*

native islanders: *kenaaka.*

**islet**

small island, islet: *pig.*

**isn’t**

not to exist, there isn’t, to lack, be missing, free from: *toar.*

**isolated**

to be isolated, face away from society, turn away (from people): *faliug.*

**issue**

problem, thing to be concerned about, issue: *gootou.*

**it**

by it, of it, for it, there: *iyang.*

he, she, it: *iiy, ye₁.*

him, her, it: *-y.*

**itch:** *feffanng.*

to itch, (be) itchy: *feffanng.*

**itchy**

make it itchy: *gakeotiu.*

to be itchy: *barig₁, gett.*
to be itchy from eating raw, special kind of non-swamp taro, hot
(from such a taro): keot.

(to be) itchy: fanng.

(to be) itchy, itching: fainng.

to itch, (be) itchy: feffanng.

**item**

thing, article, item, stuff: faiariumil.

**itinerary**: faan₁.

**its**

his, her, its: -l₃.
jacket
wrapper, jacket: tiugiumeiul.
jail
arrest him, put him in jail: kaalebuusa.
prison, jail: kaalebuus.
to be arrested, be put in jail: kaalebuus.
jammed
to be full, tight, jammed, overflowing: sseg.
to be squeezed, pushed, packed, jammed: tiy.
Japan: Saapaan, Sepaal.
Japanese
Japanese flag: kinomaru.
Japanese people: resaapaan, resepaal.
jar
bottle, jar: maileor.
jasmine
gardenia, Cape jasmine: yang4.
jaw
chin, jaw: yat1.
jealous
make him jealous: gangolo.
to be jealous: ngol.
to be jealous of him: sagenngewaagili.
to be jealous, envious, selfish: sagenngaw.
(to be) jealous, show off, be admirable physically but unadmirable mentally: gangolongol.
jelly-fish
jelly-fish (Portuguese man-of-war): siniyangiletow.
jerk
shake it, jerk it: *gemwaiuchiu*.

to jump, jerk, spring up, start with surprise: *niut*.

**jerked**

to be yanked, jerked, pulled: *sefingeg*.

**jest**

to make a joke, jest: *geffas*.

**Jesus Christ:** *Yesius*.

**jet**

to stick out, jet out, project: *ti1*.

to stick up, jet up, project up, be pierced up: *tiitag*.

**job**

work, job: *yengaang2*.

**join**

to splice, fasten the ends of, join the ends of: *siplees*.

**joint**

curve, joint: *mago*.

joint of arms or legs: *mwaliu*.

**joke**

to make a joke, jest: *geffas*.

**jostle**

to push, shove, thrust, jostle: *tiiti*.

**journey**

trip, tour, journey: *sai*.

voyage, sailing, trip, journey: *waiy*.

**juice**
pounded coconut husk, its juice: *ileiuwat*.

**jump**

jump on it, leap on it: *liutiungi*.

make him jump off: *gamwuso*.
make it jump: *ganiutiu*.

to dive in, jump into water, plunge into water: *tuulong*.

to dive, plunge, jump: *mmwus*.

to jump (as a game): *likaamwusomwus*.

to jump, dive: *mwus*.

to jump, jerk, spring up, start with surprise: *niut*.

to jump, leap, spring: *liut*.

to jump, whirl, chip up, pop up, skip: *ssig*.

**jumping**

game of jumping: *likaamwusomwus*.

**jungle**

the lower-side of a jungle, the lower fourth part: *nibolosapetiw*.

the upper-side of a jungle, the upper fourth part: *nibolosapetag*.

**just**

finally, at last, just: *mwaash*.

just, only, unexpectedly, continually: *shag*.
kamani
mahogani tree, kamani tree: *sefang*.

**Kapingamarangi**: *Pigeremaalang*.

**katakan**a
Japanese characters, katakana: *ketakena*.

**keel**
center of the keel of a canoe: *faat*₂.
center, central point, a unit of hand circumference measurement, the central point on the keel of a canoe: *luug*.
four short vertical lines at both ends of the canoe keel: *paiu*₂.
keel angle point of a canoe: *fatengal*.
keel or bottom of a canoe, hip of a person: *gap*₂.
mark on the canoe keel: *fetang*₁.

**keel-section**
heart, keel-section of a canoe: *bun*.

**keep**
even, indeed, ever, for the moment, in the first place, first of all, keep on doing: *mwo*.
keep it, be responsible for it: *geoli*.
put it, keep it, store it: *iseli*.
to keep it, retain it: *isal*.
to put, keep, store: *iseis*.
to repeat, keep calling, reiterate: *yapiyep*.

**kept**
to be saved, preserved, kept, have marginal saving, stored, hoarded: *tau*₃.

**kerchoo**
to sneeze, go kerchoo: *mwosiy*.

**kernel**
core of breadfruit, kernel: *far*₂.
kerosene: kaarisil.
kettle
cooking pot, kettle: kaama2.
cooking pot, iron pot, kettle: raw.
key: kiiy.
unlock it with a key: kiiya.
key chain: yoalikiiy.
kick
kick it: shepegi.
kick it, give (one) a kick: faati.
stomp on it, kick it, stamp on it: faaligiiy.
to kick: ffa.
to kick (as in swimming): guruffa.
to kick by feet (as in chicken fighting): shep2.
to kick, give (one) a kick: faafa1.
kicking
to be kicking with the feet: shepeshep.
kill
kill it, beat it: liiy.
slaughter it, kill it, conquer it, get possession of it: roopiiy.
to kill, beat: liili.
to kill, hit: ni3.
to slaughter, kill (animals) for food, conquer, get possession of:
    roop.
kimchi
Korean pickles, kimchi: kiimchi.
kind
kind of, variety of, various: matemetal.
kind, sort: tapp2.
kind, variety: \textit{matemat}_2.

\textbf{kinky}

(to be) curly, kinky (of hair): \textit{mwangerenger}.

(to be) kinky (as of hair): \textit{kokol}.

\textbf{kinship terms}

aunt (father’s sister): \textit{mwangeyattam}.

aunt (mother’s sister): \textit{bisissila}-.

brother and brother-in-law at the same time: \textit{bisigeushemaa}-.

brother and nephew at the same time or sister and niece at the same time: \textit{bisifetiwa}-.

brother-in-law (of a male): \textit{gaushema}.

brother-in-law, sister-in-law: \textit{fitiyelibisi}-.

child: \textit{laiu}_2.

child’s father: \textit{temane}-.

cross-sibling: \textit{mwangeya}-.

eldest female of a family: \textit{silelap}.

eldest male of a family: \textit{tamelap}.

father: \textit{tema}-1.

grandchild: \textit{laiuneiu}-.

maternal grandfather: \textit{temasile}-.

maternal grandmother: \textit{sinisila}-.

mother: \textit{sila}-.

niece, nephew: \textit{fatiuw}.

niece’s or nephew’s spouse: \textit{begiyel fatiuw}.

paternal grandfather: \textit{temattema}-.

paternal grandmother: \textit{sinitema}-.

paternal great grandfather: \textit{temattemattema}-.

relatives: \textit{rebugota}-.

sibling of the same sex: \textit{bisi}-.
sister-in-law (of a female): *geos*.
son-or daughter-in-law: *begiyen*.
spouse: *fitiya*, *yaiuteg*.
uncle: *mwalelap*.
uncle (father’s side): *bisittema*.
uncle (mother’s brother): *mwaalenap*.
**kiss**: *ngiulew*.
kiss him: *ngiuleweey*.
kiss him by rubbing noses: *faisongoow*.
lick it, kiss it: *tumwuri*.
to kiss: *ngiulew*.
**kit**
fishing kit: *ssab*₁, *tafitef*₂.
**kitchen**
cooking-house, kitchen: *mwaluumw*.
**knead**
grind it, knead, mash, beat: *sheleey*.
**knee**
area from knee to ankle: *pesheesitiw*.
marble-like thing on the outer skin of breadfruit, knee: *biugiuw*.
**kneel**
to kneel down, fall on one’s knees, kneeling: *gasiubiugiuw*.
**kneeling**
to kneel down, fall on one’s knees, kneeling: *gasiubiugiuw*.
**knees**
to kneel down, fall on one’s knees, kneeling: *gasiubiugiuw*.
**knife**: *saar*₁.
a special kind of knife: *saar masowasow*.
axe, knife, stone adze, axe-like tattoo: *shoapal*. 
big and wide knife used for cutting copra: *mariyaalas*.

knife (big kind, commonly used by men): *tapetap*₁.

pocket knife: *litoufish*.

regular-sized knife: *fatilebu*.

small knife used for making copra meat: *masowasow*₁.

small sharp knife used for cutting tuba: *saariuligosh*.

**knock**

- crack it, knock it, split it: *gota*.
- hit it, strike it, knock it, slap it, smack it, give a blow to it: *wishiiy*.
- pierce or lance the boil on it, knock it, snap it: *fishiiy*.
- strike it, hit it, knock it off: *nipiungiungali*.
- to crack, knock, split: *gotoat*.
- to move with a lot of noise, knock, tap: *tapiungiupiung*.
- to pierce boils (with something sharp), knock, snap: *fishifish*₂.
- to strike, hit, knock: *nipiungiuar-.*

**knocked**

to be unbuckled, snap off from what it was tied to (as in rope), be knocked: *ffish*.

**knots**

- be making knots of it: *nenemasi*.
- divination by knots, fortune telling: *be₅*.
- make knots in (rope, etc.) it (without pulling it tight): *lemasi*.
- tie it, connect it, make knots of it: *bugosi*.
- to tie, bind, fasten, connect, make knots of: *bugobug*.

**know**

- know it, be aware of it, be able to tell: *giula*.
- notify it, let (one) know about it, inform (one) of it: *gagiulaali*.
- to get accustomed to, familiar with, aquainted with, know: *yam*₂.
knowledge
detailed information, detailed knowledge: rongoshig.
expert knowledge of house or canoe building: bang2.
superficial information, superficial knowledge: rongolap.
to be aware (of), informed, have knowledge of: it3.
tradition, knowledge that passes down from the father to son, heritage in terms of wisdom: rong.

knowledgeable
to get familiar with, be accustomed to, be acquainted with, get used to, knowledgeable, informative: yeo1.

known
make him known, make him famous: geffaayagiyy.
to be known to everybody, gradually found out by people: gaaremat.

Korea: Chooseeng.
Koreans: rechooseeng.
laborer
servant, laborer: niimpu.
lace
string, cord, band, lace: fa₂.
lack
not to exist, there isn’t, to lack, be missing, free from: toar.
ladder
ladder, pole, platform, steps: teraap.
lagoon
deep lagoon: lamw metaw.
inside of the lagoon: lenamw.
lagoon side: peelamw.
lagoon, sea, lake: lamw₁.
sea, ocean, lagoon, a big body of sea water: metaw.
lake: leoriy.
lagoon, sea, lake: lamw₁.
liquid, fresh water, water-well, lake: shal.

Lamotrek
Greater Lamotrek, i.e., Lamotrek, Elato and Satawal: Lamwocheg Lapelap.
Lamotrek (an island in the vicinity of Woleai): Lamwocheg.
lamp
lamp, lamp-oil container, lamp light: lam.
lance
pierce or lance the boil on it, knock it, snap it: fishiiy.
spear it (fish, etc.), lance it: ligaffishiiy.
spear, lance: pisega.
land
family, home, home village, possessed land, estate: bugot.
field, clear section of the land: *rat*.
land on it, be washed up on it: *petangi*.
land, island: *faliuw*₂.
low island, outer island, flatland: *felaapiy*.
reach it, arrive at it, land on it: *tiwegi*.
to arrive, land, come ashore, be safe home, reach in good condition: *tog*₂.
to arrive, reach, land: *gola*₂, *il*₁.
to land after drifting, be washed up on the beach, land on: *pat*₁.
to land, make a landing: *up*.
to own land temporarily, use land: *faliuwelieuw*.
to rise (sun, moon, etc.), ascend, land, be placed: *tegash*.
**lane**
road, way, path, street, pass, lane, passage: *yal*₁.
**language**
foreign language: *kas*.
the English language: *kapetal Mariiken*.
word, language, speech, rule, regulation: *kepat*.
**lap**
thigh, lap: *gofo*.
**large**
large, big, superficial: *-lap*.
to be big, huge, large, enormous: *wooki*.
to be big, large: *farikitigit*.
to be large (of a hole), open: *waawa*₂.
(to be) big, general, large, huge, great: *lap*₁.
(to be) large, huge, enormous, big: *yaiulap*.
**larger**
(to be) big, bigger, grow big, become larger: *farikikit*. 
(to be) greater, larger, bigger: lapelap.

**larva**

maggot, larva (of a dipterous insect): iul2.

**lash**

to tie, twist, fold, lash: pilipil.

twist it, fold it, lash it, make leis by tying it: pili.

**lashing**

stringer-float lashing of a canoe, stick connecting outrigger float and boom: sooso.

**last**

make it last longer: gassiuyelaiiy.

tail, last person on both ends of either a sitting or standing dance: gaashiyesh.

to be last: gaashiyesh.

to endure, be resistant, last long: gosh3.

to have occurred a long time ago, take long, be of a long period of time, last: ssiuyelai.

to last long, endure: wa3.

**late**

to be slow, late: mmwai.

to get late (at night): bong1.

**later**

later, just in the future: baab.

**laugh**

laugh at him: ffesaagili.

make him laugh: gaffesa.

to laugh loudly, chuckle, haw-haw, roar with laughter:tegaag.

to laugh, smile, chuckle: ffas1.

to laugh, smile, grin: mmal.

**laughing**
to be laughing: *ffeffas*.

to burst into crying or laughing: *nnga*.

**launch**

pull it, drag it, launch it, strike it (as to strike a flint with a file in order to catch fire from sparks): *iuriu*.

to drag, pull, launch, strike, push: *iuriur*.

**lava**

floating piece of log, lava: *ma₁*.

**lava rock**: *uwaal*.

**lavalava**

a kind of lavalava: *gebagiul₂, ilepaat, ligos₂, peig₂, satewal*.

a kind of lavalava (a ceremonial white woven skirt), a type of tribute consisting of woven skirts: *marub*.

a kind of lavalava decoration or design: *tab₂*.

a kind of lavalava design: *faiulimat₂, peopeo₄, peshalibule-gaaley, sepasseilibil, waassiug*.

a kind of lavalava which has only two or three stripes and is not well woven: *gap₁*.

a kind of lavalava worn by females only: *gilifeo₁*.

a kind of lavalava, usually worn by a chief for ceremonial occasions: *mashiy*.

a special kind of fibers used in lavalava making: *gagil*.

black color of lavalava: *lugoshol*.

ceremonial black and white woven skirt, black and white lavalava: *gaariyer₁*.

certain fibers of the lavalava, weft, yarn: *ifag*.

clothes, lavalava: *gapela-*.

going-away present, cloth or lavalava given to a person who is going on a journey: *gapeopeo*.

have it as one’s lavalava: *gappelali*.

lavalava that covers a dead person, covering: *gous*.

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lavalava with a special design: *teor ligos*.
lavalava, clothes, anything used for covering the pubic area, loincloth: *gepalepal*.
lavalava, lavalava weaving, woven skirts, loincloth: *teor*.
make it a *ligos* lavalava: *ligosoow*.
part of a lavalava: *yeol*1.
striped lavalava: *gaariyer*2.
to wear a lavalava or loincloth: *gepalepal*.
to weave, do the first stage of lavalava weaving: *shou*2.

**lavalava net**
lavalava net, part of loom: *tal*3.

**lavalava weaving**
lavalava, lavalava weaving, woven skirts, loincloth: *teor*.

**lavalavas**
a bundle of lavalavas hanging down from the ceiling: *shimw*1.

**lay**
to lie down, lay oneself down, stretch oneself, exist, be located: *wol*2.

**lazy**
to be lazy, disobedient: *sheoweraw*.
to be lazy, sluggish, dull, lethargic: *uumas*.
(to be) lazy: *faalag*.
(to be) lazy, not eager or willing to work: *gaagu*.

**lead**
guide it, lead it, locate it, direct it (a canoe): *gepaiuw*.
lead him, guide him, direct him: *paali*2.
lead or weight for a fishing line: *piloomw*2.
to go first, lead, guide: *gommw*.
to guide, lead, locate, direct: *gepaiupeiu*1.
to lead the chorus, take the lead (in): *gatiuttiul*$_1$.

**leader**

man, male adult (from 40’s to 50’s), leader: *mwal*$_1$.
wire connecting a hook with the fish-line, leader: *yeraar*.

**leaf**

cocoanut leaf, coconut frond: *paaley, paaniu*.
coconut screen, coconut husk, leaf (of a tree): *iul*$_3$.
dried coconut leaf: *paatiul*.
fallen coconut leaf, coconut thatch, mat: *mwoocha*.
leaf used for holding cut fish: *rourou$_2$*.
leaf, foliage, leafage: *sheo$_1$*.
plate or leaf to put fish on: *sheoliig*.

**leak**

hole, opening, slit, leak: *pilat*.

**leaking**

to be waterproof, be safe, not leaking: *mal*$_3$.

**lean**

lean on it, rely on it, depend upon it: *gafelagiiy*.
(to be) dry, without grease, lean: *ffing*.
to lean (against, on), rest (against): *ilaat*.
to lean against, rest (against): *gailaat*.
to lean on one side, (be) tilted, slanted: *peegiyeg*.
to lean on the arms, lean over, depend upon: *it$_2$*.
to lean, incline: *gappey*.
to lean, incline, bend: *gaafelag*.
to slant, incline, decline, lean (to), tilt, slanted: *tig$_1$*.

**leap**

jump on it, leap on it: *liutiungi*.
to jump, leap, spring: *liut*.

**learn**

learn it: *gabiungiu*.

learn, teach: *gabiung*.

to learn fast, have quick memory, fast learning: *lishou*.

to learn, study: *kabiung, skuul*.

**leave**

depart from it, leave it (place), start from it (place), set out from it: *ligiti2*.

leave it, put it, let it be there, place it: *ligiti1*.

make him walk out, make him leave: *gatoowaiuw*.

to be speedy, leave a crowd unattended: *taiul*.

to depart, leave, set out, start out: *sou*.

to leave secretly, sneak off: *gawotag*.

to leave, depart, move away: *shiuw3*.

to move, leave to another place: *mwagiut*.

to put (things) down, set aside, leave: *ligilig*.

**leaves**

first few leaves close to the coconut frond: *talingeliyol*.

leaves used for covering an underground oven: *iuf1*.

to pick leaves by hand: *gooiul2*.

woven coconut leaves used on sailing canoes: *peras1*.

**lecture**

speech, lecture, conversation: *yalo*.

**lee-platform**

lee-platform, outrigger beam brace: *shiulap1*.

**lees**

dregs, lees, residium, waste part of tuba: *boora*.

**leeward**
leeward side (opposite of windward side): *faalib*.

**left**
left hand, left hand side: *paiutakof*.

**leftovers**
spoiled leftovers: *ba3*.

**leg**
back-side (calf) of upper leg: *mwereo*.
leg, foot: *peshe*.

**legacy**
property left by a deceased person, inheritance, legacy: *peiraag*.

**legend**
story, legend: *fiyang*.

**legendary**
legendary people who were supposed to be giants: *Metang*.
name of a legendary hero in Japan: *Mwomwotaro*.

**legs**
to move the legs around as in dancing: *rip*.

**lei**
lei, floral wreath, garland: *mwaremwar*.
lei, sweetheart, lei flowers: *mwar2*.
to wear (a lei): *mwaremwar*.
wear it as one’s lei, have it as one’s flower or lei: *mwerali*.

**leis**
woven white coconut leaves used as leis: *tepeliumwan2*.

**lemon:** *loomwul*.

**length:** *yelai*.
end-of-fourth-finger length in hand circumference measurement: *metaligusar*.
end-of-third-finger length in hand circumference measurement: *metaligiumwiush*.

length from end of the fingers to the elbow of the opposite arm with the arms stretched: *woopaiu*.

length from joint of thumb and palm around the tips of fingers: *siurelisheolifash₂*.

length from sternum to the finger tips with arm stretched, yard: *siteloub*.

middle of the fourth finger length in hand circumference measurement: *luugolimwaarepiy*.

one-finger-joint length in measurement: *magooshig*.

two finger joint length: *magooolap*.

**lengthen**

make it long, lengthen it, extend it: *gelaalaaiiy*.

make it long, lengthen it, make it tall: *gefarimwoshooow*.

**lenient**

(to be) patient, lenient, of loose temper, generous: *laloolai*.

**Lent**

Easter, Lent: *Paaska*.

Lent (in the Roman Catholic religion): *Paasika*.

**leprosy:** *bbatiur₂*.

**let**

expect it, depend upon it, let it: *liugiuw*.

let it go: *gafenga*.

let it go, free it, loosen it, throw it: *tegashe*.

to let, allow, permit: *fang₂*.

**lethargic**

to be lazy, sluggish, dull, lethargic: *uumas*.

**letter**


letter of the alphabet, numeral: *ish*.
letter, note, message: *teengami.*

to write a letter: *teengami.*

**lever**

lever with water inside: *sikooyang.*

lever, stick used as a pry, any handle or other projection used to operate something, parts (sticks) of the loom: *tib.*

**liar:** *ligamwelimwel.*

liar, cheater: *taamit.*

liar, lie: *yewalimwashog.*

to tell a lie, be a liar: *yewalimwashog.*

**liberal**

(to be) generous, liberal in action or ideas, openhanded, magnanimous: *mmweol.*

**liberate**

let it go, free it, liberate it: *getalishi.*

**liberated**

to be untangled, free, solved, liberated: *taletag.*

**lice**

look for lice on one’s head: *fagiti.*

to look for lice: *fagit.*

**lick**

lick it: *lewegi.*

lick it, kiss it: *tumwuri.*

to lick, eat: *lewelew.*

**lie**

liar, lie: *yewalimwashog.*

lie to him: *rutuuw.*

lie, falsehood: *misimis.*

tell him a lie: *gartiga, misiity.*

to fool, lie, cheat: *mis.*
to lie (lit. make a lie): \textit{rutuffoor}.

to lie around awkwardly, lay oneself awkwardly, sleep fitfully, fitfully sleeping: \textit{woloshib}.

to lie down here and there, lie randomly: \textit{gailetab}.

to lie down, lay oneself down: \textit{wolotiw}.

to lie down, lay oneself down, stretch oneself, exist, be located: \textit{wol2}.

to lie flat with face up, face upward (as a sign of defeat): \textit{tafelang}.

to lie with crossed legs: \textit{felalimwalog}.

to lie, tell a lie: \textit{gattig1, rut}.

to settle, lie still, be set: \textit{wolopag}.

to tell a lie (jokingly): \textit{taamit}.

to tell a lie, lying: \textit{misimis}.

to tell a lie, to lie: \textit{ligamwelimwel}.

\textbf{life}

source of life (a hypothetical place in our body from which life originates): \textit{leolimelaw}.

\textbf{life-coral}

life-coral with yellow color: \textit{woshomaiur}.

\textbf{lift}

carry it, lift it up from the ends: \textit{faataboow}.

lift it up with a fork or chopsticks: \textit{tibeiy}.

lift it up, elevate it, put it up: \textit{tarofi}.

lift it with an instrument, raise it: \textit{shibeti}.

lift it with hands, raise it: \textit{shifeti}.

pull it (something) up, move it (something) up, lift it, take it apart: \textit{teragi}.

to carry (a canoe from both ends), lift up: \textit{faatab}.

to lift oneself up, rise, get up from a sitting position: \textit{nang}.

to lift up the arms and get ready for action: \textit{paiussap}.
to lift with the hands, raise: shifeshif.
to lift, elevate, hoist, hold up: genang.

**lifted**
to be lifted up, taken up, raised: shibetag.

**light**: teram.
flame, light, blinking of light: bbubbul.
light, firelight, gleam, flash: wer₁.
lightning, shine, light, flash: werewer.
set a fire to it, apply light to it, light it, ignite it, burn it: gagiuw.
to be light (not heavy), decrease (as a load), be unloaded: geppal₂.
to be light, not heavy, lacking in weight: ppal.
to burn, light up: bbul.

**light-house**
tower, watchtower, light-house: tootai.

**lighted**
(to be) lighted, brightened: teram.
to spark, blink (as of light), make a short interval (as of falling rain), be lighted: ffius.

**lightning**
flash, lightning, thunder: wereffius.
lightning, shine, light, flash: werewer.
thunder, lightning, sound that follows a flash of lightning: pach₁.

**like**
like him welcome him: gaseshaafiya.
like it, want it, admire it: gachiuw.
love her, like her, be fond of him: gemwaiiuw.
love it, like it, pity for it: fageow. to be fond of, like: mwan₂.
to love, like, pity for: fageo.
want it, desire it, like it: *tipeli.*

**likely**
to be common, likely, habitual, probable: *nam.*
(to be) likely, undoubted, true, obvious, certain: *negeiu.*

**liken**
compare him to, liken him to, think him to resemble: *gawe.*

**lily**
broad-leafed spider lily, white lily: *giyob.*

**lime:** *besh*$_1$.
apply lime on it: *besheey.*
betel nut, lime and leaf: *fishifish*$_1$.
reef, coral, lime: *wosh.*

**limit**
restrict him, limit it: *gefali.*
restrict it, forbid it, limit it: *ganimeshangiuw.*
restrict it, limit it, set a limit to it, forbid it: *melangiuw.*
set a limit to it, restrict it: *fisha*$_1$.

**limited**
to be narrow, limited: *sheomwit.*
(to be) restricted, forbidden, limited: *ganimeshang.*
(to be) restricted, limited, forbidden: *melang*$_1$.

**line**
edging line, measuring line in canoe construction: *tanifalefal.*
line, trace, row, mark: *kaiur.*
rope, line: *tal*$_1$.

to line up, form a line, come into line, come into a straight row: *ttal*$_2$.
wire, line: *seeng.*

**lined**
to be wrinkled, lined: *firoaroa*.

**lines**

imaginary lines between stars which are used by navigators: *yoapariuper*.

**lion**

cat, lion: *gaatu*.

**lion fish**

lion fish which has poisonous spines: *laaligere*. 

**lip**: *tiuliuyaw*.

**liquid**

be filling it with liquid: *chechaliuw*.

liquid, fresh water, water-well, lake: *shal*.

to be filled with water or liquid, produce plenty of liquid: *leoleo*.

to run down, drip, with liquid: *tegariwu*.

water, liquid: *-chal*.

**liquor**

a kind of strong liquor: *soochu*.

tuba, liquor, alcoholic beverage: *gashi*.

whisky, strong Western alcoholic liquor: *roomw*.

**listen**

listen to him, obey him: *talinga*.

to hear, listen to: *rongorong*.

to listen to: *tettaling*.

to listen to, give consideration to: *mafil*.

**little**

a few, some, a little: *sebis*.

a little, somewhat: *sar*₃.

little, not much: *git*₂.

one small portion, a little: *sekiit, sekiut, semmwit*.
small, little, detailed: -shig.
to be small, tiny, little: galesemmwit.
(to be) small, little: gitigiit.
(to be) small, little, scanty, scarce (in size or quantity): git₂.
(to be) small, little, tiny: chiil.
(to be) tiny, little, small: kit.

**live**
to live in a house, use a house temporarily: imweimw.
to stay, live: mil.

**lived**
to be inhabited, lived in, have inhabitants: sog₁.

**lively**
(to be) active, quick in physical movement, lively: mwetange-.taang.

**liver**: yas₁.

**living**
to get along, have been living: minag.

**lizard**
a kind of lizard: giuweel, tagiuriupaai.
a kind of lizard (big ones): galiuf.
a kind of small lizard: gumwashel.
gecko (a lizard sp.): usel.

**load**
content of, load of: yauten.
fill it, load it, pack it: gaauta, gaauteli, yauteli.
load it: geshoashoaw.
load it, fill it: gaaiuta.
load, belonging: uwat.
load, burden, pack, cargo, freight: iutal.
load, capacity: \textit{tak}_1.

load, loading, burden, packs, cargo, freight: \textit{shoashoa}_1.

to carry a load: \textit{tak}_1.

to fill, load, pack: \textit{yaut}.

to fill, pack, load it: \textit{gaaaut}.

to load, fill: \textit{gaauiut}.

\textbf{loaded}

to be loaded, packed, freighted: \textit{shoashoa}_1.

(to be) filled, loaded, packed (of a bag or any kind of container): \textit{yaut}.

(to be) loaded with fish or animals, to catch a lot of fish or animals, lucky: \textit{liyap}.

\textbf{lobster}: \textit{iur}_2.

a kind of lobster: \textit{iureshap}.

back part of a lobster, tail of a lobster: \textit{wiisa}-.

\textbf{locate}

guide it, lead it, locate it, direct it (a canoe): \textit{gepaiuw}.

to guide, lead, locate, direct: \textit{gepaiupeiu}_1.

watch it, spot it, locate it: \textit{galinga}.

\textbf{located}

to be located slightly above the target, be placed upward: \textit{toatag}.

to lie down, lay oneself down, stretch oneself, exist, be located: \textit{wol}_2.

\textbf{lock}: \textit{look}.

cover it up, lock it up, keep it secret, hamper it, stop it up: \textit{gewaliu}.

lock it: \textit{looka}_2.

\textbf{locked}

(to be) locked: \textit{look}.
(to be) unlocked, locked: *kiiy.*

**lofty**

(to be) high, tall, great, lofty: *tagiyat.*

**log**

floating piece of log, lava: *ma₁.*

tree, wood, log: *ira.*

**loincloth**

lavalava, clothes, anything used for covering the pubic area, loincloth: *gepalepal.*

lavalava, lavalava weaving, woven skirts, loincloth: *teor.*

stringed loincloth, loincloth: *funtoosi.*

to wear a lavalava or loincloth: *gepalepal.*

**lonely**

make her feel lonely: *galiyourema.*

make her feel sad, make her feel lonely: *galiyemaama.*

(to feel) sad, feel lonely: *lalomweiu.*

to long for something, be love-sick, pine with love, be lonely: *liyemaam, liyouram.*

**long**

long for him: *liyouremagili.*

long for it: *liyemaameyagili.*

make it long, lengthen it, extend it: *gelaalaaïiy.*

make it long, lengthen it, make it tall: *gefarimwoshooow.*

to be greedy for food, long for food: *shingaanga.*

to be long, tall, become long, grow tall: *farimwoshomwosh.*

(to be) long, extended: *yenai.*

(to be) long, tall: *farimwosh, lelaai.*

to hang down, droop down, (be) long: *peitaag.*

to long for food, (be) hungry for fish or meat: *geraiu.*
to long for something, be love-sick, pine with love, be lonely: liyemaam, liyouram.

**long for**
long for it, miss it, yearn after it, pine for it, be willing to do it, be attracted by it, be interested in it, enjoy it: mesaigeeti.

**long-sided**
to come side by side, move together side by side (as of ships, canoes), long-sided: getaata.

**look**
hunt around for, look for (a narrow escape): gettawe.
look at him with binoculars: miyaariiy.
look at him, look for it (object, place), visit it: mwaari.
look at it, scrutinize it, look into it: woori.
look at it, scrutinize it, observe it: sasheey.
look at it, spy on him, watch him, gaze at him, peep at him, observe him: gamelangi.
look at it, visit him, watch it: yemwari.
look at it, watch it, gaze at it, observe it: piipiyy.
resemble him, take after him, look like him, be similar to him: pagiuw.
take care of him, look after him: gefaniiy.
take good care of it, look after him: gammwele.
to expect, anticipate, look to: liugiuliuig2.
to look: sagiur.
to look (at), scrutinize: wo1.
to look around insecurely: yesalimwar.
to look around unconvincingly, crazily: tarof.
to look at, gaze at, observe: gammelang.
to look at, gaze, watch: piipi2.
to look at, spy on, peep: kamelangileng.

to look for, search, scrutinize: sessash.

to look, appear: gaus.

to look, gaze at, watch: fal2.

to look, peep, watch, gaze at, spy on: gamelang.

to look, watch, glance: sur.

to prepare, test, look for, finish, complete: geman2.

to search hard for, look for desperately, try hard: giutt.

to take a quick glance, look suddenly and briefly, have a quick look, glance: nelimat.

to take care of, look after: gammwel.

to visit, look at, watch: yemwaamw.

to watch the enemy, look through binoculars: miyaari.

to watch, gaze at, look at amusedly: yengag.

to watch, look at, guard, peep at (naked people): mmas.

watch it, look at it, observe it: faniiy.

look for

look for it, search for it, hunt it: fagili.

look for lice on one’s head: fagit.

look for the drifting log which is usually accompanied by certain kinds of fish: chemaali.

to look for lice: fagit.

to look for, search: ffag2.

look good

make him look sexy, make him look good: garisi.

to make oneself look good, show off, look sexy: garis.

loom

flying shuttle of the loom: gesaap.

lavalava net, part of loom: tal3.
lever, stick used as a pry, any handle or other projection used to operate something, parts (sticks) of the loom: *tib*.

loom for making lavalava: *maniyel*.
loom for making lavalavas: *biisal*.
loom of: *biisan*.
part of a loom: *tepang*.
part of the loom: *goapoop, ulut*.
sticks (five altogether) of (the lavalava loom): *iraal*.
to appear, loom up: *ling*.
to appear, show up, come into sight, loom: *naamw*.
to appear, show up, loom up, be barely seen: *mmwar*.
to peep, loom up, stretch one’s neck either up or out to spy on something, stick one’s head out: *yamw*.
to rise up, loom before, come up (of something which was once hidden): *tibeyag*.

**loose**
loose part: *shof*.
to be in the process of being removed, become loose: *bbib-biliteg*.
to be loose (as a rope that is not taut): *maliuw*.
to be loose, not tightly screwed: *balebal*.
(to be) loosened, loose: *belagiuleg*.

**loosen**
let it go, free it, loosen it, throw it: *tegashe*.
loosen it up, release it from restraint: *gabela*.

**loosened**
to be loosened: *maliuweliuw*.
to be loosened, removed: *biliteg*.
(to be) loosened, loose: *belagiuleg*.

**lost**
(to be) misleading, confused, get lost: mwaal.

**lot**

to be a lot, many, much, numerous, abundant, plentiful: toulap.

**loud**

to be loud, sound (out) noisily, be noisy: ttig.
to talk loud, make a loud noise: gaterenng.

**louse**

baby louse (second stage of louse development): linnger.
louse, vermin: gius3.

**louse egg**
louse egg (first stage of louse development): tiil2.

**love**

love her, like her, be fond of him: gemwaaiuw.
love it, like it, pity for it: fageow.
romantic love: fagol1.
to be in love, make love: gefai.
to have romantic love, be proud of a friend: baiu.
to love, like, pity for: ffageo.
to make love between a man and somebody else’s wife: ririyo2.

**love-sick**

to long for something, be love-sick, pine with love, be lonely: liyemaam, liyouram.

**loved**

(to be) loved, precious, of high value, cherished, special: shang.

**lover**

female lover, beloved: giuliut.
sweetheart, lover: gemwar.

**loving**

to be loving, cherishing: geshangisheng.
low
(to be) low: tettal₃.

low-caste
low-caste people: resefash.

low-tide: maaf.
(to become) low-tide: maaf.
(to become) low-tide, bailed (of water), pumped: mmat₂.
wait till it becomes low-tide: gemaaфи.

lower
lower part of the sky above the horizon: faatettarenag.
lower side of a house: faatettar.
to bend down, lower: biung₂.
to bend one’s head down, drop one’s head, lower one’s head: gaiuleshimw.
to put down the sail, lower the sail: niutìw.

lower-side
the lower-side of a jungle, the lower fourth part: nibolosapetìw.

lowtide: mmat₂.
to be lowtide, diminish, decrease: mar₂.

lubricant
apply lubricant to it, rub it with the hands, anoint it: gapiti.

lubricate
lubricate it, oil it: gagurumeshaliyìi.

luck
bad luck, misery, misfortune: paabut.
fortune, luck: faiye-.
good luck, good fortune: paafish.
to wish him good luck: gawelibuwuва.

lucky
to be lucky: *faiyemwaaiu*.

to be lucky (or fortunate) because one is present at the funeral of his relative: *sheonimefish*.

to be lucky, fortunate: *faiyefish*.

(to be) lucky, fortunate: *welibuuw*.

**lukewarm**

(to be) lukewarm, not hot, become cool, be in the state of reducing warmth: *mach*$_1$.

**lungs**: *fariyaw*.

**lure**

bait, food put on a hook or trap to lure fish, anything used as a lure: *pa*.

bait, lure, something used in luring fish: *gepaapa*.

lure, lure fishing: *wait*.

their lure, their bait: *paar*.

**lure fishing**

lure, lure fishing: *wait*.

to do (go) trolling, do lure fishing: *wait*.

**lustful**

(to be) horny, sexually aroused, lustful: *pash*$_4$.
**machine**: *misiil, misin.*

to use a machine: *misiil.*

**mackerel scad**
a kind of fish (mackerel scad): *mamwushig.*

**mad**
make her angry, make her mad: *galingeringeriyy.*
make him angry, make him mad: *gasige.*
slightly angry or mad, feel unpleasant: *pitissoong.*
tease him, make him angry or mad: *gassoonga.*
to be angry, mad: *ssoong.*
to be mad, angry, hostile: *sig.*
to get mad easily, be angry easily: *sigesig.*
to get mad, build up anger: *lingeringer.*
to make people mad, make people tired: *gangiushigliush.*

**magazine**
Japanese magazine: *sassi.*
magazine, picture, photograph: *sasiing.*

**maggot**
maggot, larva (of a dipterous insect): *iul₂.*

**magic**
a kind of magic for attracting girls: *ilemes.*
a kind of magic in which the magician does magical protection
by uttering some incantation, magical protection: *baliubel₁.*
a kind of magic whereby people get together and shout to scare
away the ghost of an epidemic: *peomas.*
a kind of magic which foretells future events: *shib₁.*
act of making magic and giving native medicine to sick persons,
magic-making ceremony: *bangibeng.*
black magic: *sausou.*
cast a spell for him, make the magic protection for him: *baliuw₁.*
exercise magic or divination for it: *shiba*.
make black magic to him: *saungeli*.
spell it by magic: *bangiiy*.
to make black magic, cause someone to die, cause some physical handicaps or disabilities by magic: *sausou*.
to utter magic to stop rain or wind: *fariuwelius*.
utter magic to it: *fariuweliusiu*.

**magnanimous**
(to be) generous, liberal in action or ideas, openhanded, magnanimous: *mmweol*.

**magnitude**
size, magnitude: *nap1*.

**mahogani**
mahogani tree, kamani tree: *sefang*.

**maiden**
unmarried female, maiden, spinster: *sinilipish*.

**main-plate**
main-plate (longitudinal tie-beam) of a house: *iraalap*.

**maize**
corn, maize: *maiis*.

**make**
make (leis, etc. by tying flowers together with a string): *ppil*.
make it (wrapping of cooked preserved breadfruit): *kootiyaali*.
make it, do it, build it: *foori*.
make them one after another: *gewoatelagiiy*.
to construct, make, build (a fish-trap): *iugiug*.
to make a mark: *kaiur*.
to make, do: *ffoor*.

**malady**
sickness, illness, ailment, malady: *piyooki*.
male
a male of a few months old, baby boy: saugaaw.
male child of a few months old: koakoa.
male of approximately nine to ten years of age, boy: sar mwal.
man, male: gaal.
man, male adult (from 40’s to 50’s), leader: mwal1.
nickname of male: saiyooll.
nickname of male (used by a third person): saumweetir.
(to be) manhood, male: mwal1.

man
boy, young man, youth, male between puberty and twenties: tarimwal.
earlier part of tarimwal, young man: tarimwaalekit.
man, male: gaal.
man, male adult (from 40’s to 50’s), leader: mwal1.

manage
decide it, make up one’s mind on it, determine it, manage it, talk about it, arrange it: gafile.
to discuss, consult, decide, determine, manage: gafilefil.

maneuver
to think, ponder, consider, maneuver, concentrate on: yagiyyeg.

mangrove
a variety of mangrove: shiya.

mangrove tree: maliil.

manner
shape, manner, way, method: ssenga-.
shape, manner, way, method, situation: senga-.
way, method, manner, style: uniun.

manure
fertilizer, manure, human waste: koyaas.
many
to be a lot, many, much, numerous, abundant, plentiful: *toulap.*

map
map, navigation chart: *shob₂.*

marathon
marathon, long-distance race: *maarasoong.*

marble
marble, electric bulb: *taama.*

margin
edge, margin, rim, brink: *ngash.*

**Mariana Islands:** *Mariyaalas.*

mark
emblem, visible symbol of a thing or idea, mark: *tiger.*
line, trace, row, mark: *kaiur.*
mark (normally with an x sign): *kakeeru.*
mark it: *kakeeruuw.*
mark it, leave a trace on it: *gaiuriu.*
mark it, symbolize it: *tigeriiy.*
mark on the canoe keel: *fetang₁.*
mark, score, points: *teeng₂.*
mark, tattoo: *faliufel.*
mark, visible symbol: *gin₁.*
set the mark on it, mark points on it: *fatenga.*
spread it out, mark it, write it, flip it (as a page of a book): *wolati.*
to be spotted, have a small mark: *tafiusiufius.*
(to be) marked, mark with an emblem: *tiger.*
to make a mark: *kaiur.*
to write, mark, draw a line, paint: *fatofat.*
marked
to be marked: kakeeru.

marker
marker on the canoe keel: siurelisheolifash1.

marlin: mwarelasho.

marriage
marriage, matrimony, wedding: riiri.
marriage, wedding: fitiyeti.

married
to be married, wed: fitiyeti.

married couple
married couple (used in songs and romantic situations):
   koomach.

married person: maliumwesh.

marrow
cococonut cream, bone marrow, coconut milk: yareng.

marry
marry him or her: fitiyeli.
marry him or her (widower or widow of one’s relative): gamwiri.
to get married, marry, be united, wed: riiri.
to marry in church, wed in church: gabbiuiliupeiu.

Marshall Islands: Saliwis.

Marshallese
Marshallese people: resaliwis.

Mary
name of a woman, Mary: Maariya.

mash
grind it, knead, mash, beat: sheleey.

mass
(Christian) mass, Catholicism: *miisa*.

**massage**
give a massage to him, press it: *shoashoaw.*
massage it, rub it: *gameragi, sheogi.*
massage, rubbing or kneading of part of the body with the hands to stimulate circulation and make muscles or joints supple: *toataoa*.
press it, give massage to him: *shoangi.*
rub it, massage it: *toafi.*
to massage, rub: *sheo*2, *sheosheo.*
to press, give a massage to: *shoashoa*2.

**massaged**
to be massaged, rubbed: *gammerag.*
to be rubbed, massaged: *toafag.*
**masseur:** *tausheo.*

**mast**
mast of a canoe, tower, pole, school of navigational training: *gaius.*
stand for the mast of a canoe: *laabuw.*

**masticate**
chew it, masticate it: *liuliuw, ngiuti.*
to chew, masticate: *liuliu*2.

**masturbate**
masturbate him: *gasiri.*
to masturbate: *galobulob, sir.*

**mat**
a kind of mat like basket, woven coconut leaves: *giliyetaiuteiu.*
a kind of mat with a line in the center: *felu.*
a kind of mat with no line in the center, one-sided mat: *faiusepeig.*
a kind of outdoor mat made of coconut leaves, woven coconut leaves used for sitting on: *giliyepo peo*.

baby’s mat, infant’s mat: *yep*.

coconut mat (inside use): *tapegau*.

fallen coconut leaf, coconut thatch, mat: *mwoocha*.

outdoor mat, coconut leaves used as outdoor mats: *giliy*.

pandanus leaves used for mats, mat: *giyegiy*.

put a coconut mat in it (a house, etc.): *tapegauu*.

woven coconut leaves for storing dry copra, copra basket, mat for drying copra: *giliyecho*.

**match**

measure it, match it: *gapeow*.

to be measured, match: *peo*.

**matched**

to be counted, kept track of, followed up, matched: *rag*.

**matches**: *maasiyes*.

**maternal**

maternal grandfather: *temasile*.

maternal side of oneself: *ilaalifat*.

**matrimony**

marriage, matrimony, wedding: *riiri*.

**mattock**

hoe, mattock: *kuwa*.

**mattress**: *fitoong, sitoong*.

**mature**

let it mature, make it well-done: *gaiumasowa*.

to be strong, ready to eat, ripe, mature, mellow: *maaw*.

(to be) overgrown, mature, well-done (in the process of making tuba): *gaiumasow*.

(to be) thick, bushy, mature: *bol*.
**may**

should not, won’t, may not, ought not: $te_3$.

will, shall, need, should, would, have to, may: $be_4$.

**maybe**

maybe, perhaps: $malibe$.

perhaps, maybe, probably: $mali$.

**me:** -$yai$.

**meager**

(to be) stingy, meager, miserly: $mmwiig_2$.

**meaning**

meaning, significance, import, sense: $faa$-$1$.

**means**

means of, tool of, instrument of: $min_2$.

tool, instrument, means, device, measure: $mela$-$-$.

**measure**

measure it by the length of both arms: $ngefa$.

measure it with a ruler: $meitaali$.

measure it, match it: $gapeow_1$.

measure, span: $yengaang_1$.

to measure: $kapeo$, $kapeopeo$, $yengaang_1$.

tool, instrument, means, device, measure: $mela$-$-$.

**measured**

(to be) measured, match: $peo_3$.

(to be) measured with a ruler: $meita$.

**measurement:** $peo_3$.

center, central point, a unit of hand circumference measurement, the central point on the keel of a canoe: $luug$.

end-of-fourth-finger length in hand circumference measurement: $metaligusar$.
end-of-third-finger length in hand circumference measurement: *metaligiumwiush*.

leeward or non-outrigger side of a canoe, measurement used in constructing this side: *igeta*.

middle of one part of an object, measurement of the mid-side: *luugolipeig*.

middle of the fourth finger length in hand circumference measurement: *luugolimwaarepiy*.

one-finger-joint length in measurement: *magooshig*.

outrigger side (or windward side) of a canoe, measurement used in constructing the outrigger side: *itam*.

ruler, any kind of measurement devices: *kapeo*.

**meat**

copra sponge, copra meat: *far₁*.

extract some meat from it: *fitigoow*.

lower part (meat) of the side of a fish: *fooshoabut*.

meat, flesh: *fitig*.

sliced raw fish, sliced raw meat: *sasimi*.

the larger part of the meat on the chest of a turtle: *fitigoterag*.

the smaller part of the meat on the chest of a turtle: *fitigomwosh*.

upper part (meat) of the side of a fish: *foomwaal*.

whale, whale meat: *ras*.

white coconut meat: *pel*.

**medal**

medallion or medal that Catholic people hang around their neck: *maataaniya*.

**medallion**

medallion or medal that Catholic people hang around their neck: *maataaniya*.

**mediator**
chief for foreigners, local mediator who is in charge of coordination between the local political organization and the administration of the trust government: *tamweniuyepisash*.

**medical**

druggist, medicine expert, medical specialist: *tautafey*.

**medicine:** *tafey*.

give medicine to him, treat him: *tafeya*.

native medicine which is cooked on open fire and put on the body to reduce pain: *yatibesh*.

**meet**

meet him, encounter him, agree to it: *shuungi*.

to have a meeting, get together, meet: *tteiuy1*.

to meet, encounter, come up with, agree (to): *shu*.

**meeting**

meeting, gathering, conference, council: *tteiuy1*.

to have a meeting, get together, meet: *tteiuy1*.

**mellow**

to be strong, ready to eat, ripe, mature, mellow: *maaw*.

**memory:** *tanomw*.

romantic memory such as flowers: *melang2*.

to learn fast, have quick memory, fast learning: *lishou*.

**men’s**

main men’s house, main club house: *fenap*.

**men’s house**

have it as one’s men’s house: *faleli*.

**menstrual**

carry it to a menstrual house: *shoulagoow*.

menstrual house: *pal2*.

**menstrual house**
a small menstrual house which is found near a dwelling: fe-tattiul.

main birth house used for baby delivery, menstrual house: inwetemwaaiu.

regular menstrual house, small menstrual house which is found near a dwelling: imweteing.

small menstrual house where girls go at the time of their first menstruation: imweligabiitag.

to carry a number of fish to a menstrual house: shoulag.

**menstruate**

to menstruate for the first time: rigoat.
to menstruate, be in one’s menstrual period: taing.

**menstruation:** rigoat.

**mentally**

(to be) crazy, foolish, mentally retarded: mmang.

**mention**

call him, miss him, mention it: yarofali.
tell him, talk to him, mention to him: gaaiuw.
tell, say, mention: gaaiu.

**message**

letter, note, message: teengami.

news, information, message: gashu₁.

**messed**

to be confused, messed up: fitikooko, fitilog.
to be disorganized, tangled up, not properly set, messed up, scattered: tar₆.

**messy**

to be plastered, splashed, spread, messy: bilibil₂.

**metal:** paking.

iron, wire, bell, metal: paarang.

metal tool: sepaiki.
two pieces of metal on which a pot is placed: yetang1.

**method**
shape, manner, way, method: ssenga-.  
shape, manner, way, method, situation: senga-.  
tactics, way, method: ffi-.  
way, method, manner, style: uniun.

**middle**
center or middle of a place: maaraw2.  
center, middle: bolabol.  
center, middle (of an island, jungle, etc. and not of people): bol2.  
(in) the interior part of the island, interior, middle, center: nibol.  
middle of one part of an object, measurement of the mid-side: luugolipeig.  
middle, in the middle of: lugo-.  
**midnight:** lugolibong.

**migrate**
to come, walk, come out, move, migrate: too-.  
to move, migrate: magi-.  
to move, migrate (a short distance): shewar.

**mild**
to be calm, mild (of weather): geraashig.  
to be calm, peaceful, mild (of weather): raalimwaaiu.  
to be warm, mild, genial: patepat.  
(to be) calm, mild, decreased: shigar.

**milder**
to subside, decrease, become milder: goofag.

**mileage**
mileage used in navigation: gaatag.

**military**
military officer, military headquarters: sereibu.

**milk**: milik.

to suck milk, drink milk from one’s mother’s breasts: tiut.

**million**
ten million (se- ‘one’ + -ngit ‘ten million’): sengit.

**mimic**
to mimic others, imitate somebody either verbally or nonverbally: gasosomal.

**mind**
feeling, mind, mood, frame of mind, sentiment: tip₁.

inside, mind, heart: lal₂.

to make up one’s mind and set to move: fau.

**mine**
underwater bomb, mine: kiraii.

**mingle**
mix it, commingle it, mingle it: peta.
mix it, mingle it, blend it: telaali.
to mix (liquid), commingle, mingle: pat₃.

**mingled**
to be mixed well, mingled, blended: tela₁.

**minute**: minet.

(to be) small, tiny, minute: mmwit.

**miracle**
miracle, power: kemal.

**mischievous**
make him mischievous: geyangekiuwa.

(to be) disobedient, mischievous, indulge in bad behavior: iloumaaw.

to touch things constantly, be very touchy, mischievous: yangekiuw.
miserly
(to be) stingy, meager, miserly: *mmwiig₂*.

misery
bad luck, misery, misfortune: *paabut*.

misfortune
bad luck, misery, misfortune: *paabut*.

misleading
to be misleading, impossible, unmaneuverable: *taliib*.
(to be) misleading, confused, get lost: *mwaal*.

misplaced
to be misplaced, not properly attached: *sapir*.

miss
be homesick for it, miss it, envy it: *paketi*.
call him, miss him, mention it: *yarofali*.
long for it, miss it, yearn after it, pine for it, be willing to do it,
    be attracted by it, be interested in it, enjoy it: *mesaigeeti*.
mis his, yearn for him, long for him: *gachiga*.
to miss someone or something very much, miss a person who
    has recently died, be sad for: *lish*.
to regret, miss, repent: *niyefiyef₂*.

missed
to be desired, wishful, missed: *gabel*.

missing
not to exist, there isn’t, to lack, be missing, free from: *toar*.

missionary
missionary, priest, Catholic father: *paatere*.

mist
mist, dust, fog, cloud: *geraatiuyet*.

mistake
error, mistake: *mwasheý₁*. 
misty

to be misty, dusty, foggy, cloudy: *geraatiuyet*.

mitt

catcher’s mitt in baseball: *mitto*.

mix

fill it compactly or tightly, plug it up, squeeze it, mix it: *gangiuti*.

mix it up, confuse him: *gafitilogoow*.

mix it, commingle it, mingle it: *peta*.

mix it, mingle it, blend it: *telaali*.

to mix (liquid), commingle, mingle: *pat*.

to mix preserved breadfruit with all ingredients and then pound and squeeze it, mix (e.g., flour with yeast): *gangiut*.

to mix, blend, fuse: *garus*.

to mix, mixed: *tarog*.

mixed

mixed, mingled: *pat*.

to be mixed well, mingled, blended: *tela*.

to consist of many kinds, be mixed with different things: *gepaar*.

mixed-blood

half-caste, mixed-blood child, half-breed: *yainoko*.

Mogmog

Mogmog (an island in Ulithi Atoll): *Mwegiumweg*.

moisten

make it wet, moisten it: *getaluutu*.

put it in water, moisten it, wet it: *shiiri*.

to wet, moisten, wash: *shiishi*.

wet it, moisten it: *gashiiregi*.

moistened
to be wet, moistened: *shiireg*.

**mole**
mole on skin (lit. excrement of house fly): *peganang*.

**mollusc**
white shell, cowry, bivalve mollusc: *ubil*.

**mom**
mother, mom (for babies): *naana*.

**Monday**: *Montaag*.
Monday (lit. first day of work, beginning of work): *Gachitagel yengaang*.

**money**: *selaapiy*.

**moneybag**
wallet, moneybag: *saaif*.

**monkey**: *lituung*.

**month**
moon, month: *meram*.

**mood**
bad feeling, bad mood: *tipebut*.
feeling, mind, mood, frame of mind, sentiment: *tip1*.
good feeling, good mood: *tipefish*.

**moon**: *chuki*.
moon, month: *meram*.
wait till the moon rises: *gemarema*.

**moon-set**
after moon-set: *mwirittub*.

**more**
only, almost, more: *fai*.

**morinda**: *lel*.

**morning**: *loosor, sor, soral*.
in the morning: *nisor*.
tomorrow morning: *lisoroneiu*.
very early in the morning: *nikemaaugoug*.
**morning-glory**
white morning-glory (*ipomoea tuba*): *gefaamash*.
**mortality**
destiny, doom, mortality: *itiit*.
**mosquito**: *lamw*.
a kind of mosquito: *meimei*.
**mosquito net**
fish net, mosquito net: *batu*.
sheet, mosquito net: *taulomw*.
**mosquito-coil**: *sengko*.
**mosquitoes**
to have plenty of mosquitoes: *lamw*.
**moss**
moss, seaweed: *lumw*.
to be covered with moss, having moss: *lumw*.
**moth**
a kind of moth: *gos*.
**mother**: *sila-*.
mother, mom (for babies): *naana*.
the eldest female of either the family of origin or the family of procreation, senior mother: *silelap*.
**motorcycle**
scooter, motorcycle: *wotoobaai*.
**mountain**
mountain, hill: *taiit*.
mountain, island, eminence: *shug*.
mourn
to mourn for a dead person: wololimas.

mourning: wololimas.

mouse
rat, mouse: gesh.

mouth: yaw1.

mouthful: kumw.

move
bend it, make it move inwardly: gemwaliuw.
make him go, make it move: gefatela.
make him move, elect him: gatoow.
make it move away, chase it away, remove it, get rid of it, fire him: gashiuwa.
make it move up and down: gashimwe.
move it, change the position of it: gagiureogiu.
move it, remove it, shift it: gauru1.
move it, shake it: gemwagiutiu.
pull it (something) up, move it (something) up, lift it, take it apart: teragi.
push it, move it, shove it: seigi.
remove it, move it, transfer it, put it: gateow1.
to be about to die, be unconscious, move around without consciousness: gachelimas.
to be slipped, glide, move out of place by sliding: ssa.
to circle, go round, revolve, rotate, move round: faaliyel.
to climb, move, be rich: teo1.
to climb, move, go (up or down): ppash1.
to come side by side, move together side by side (as of ships, canoes), long-sided: getaata.
to come, walk, come out, move, migrate: too-. 
to flow, move, be dispersed, drip: seet.
to fly, move through the air, flying: yal2.
to go back and forth quickly, move to and fro: failichig.
to go out, walk out, move out: toowaiu.
to leave, depart, move away: shiuw3.
to move: bii-.
to move (things) around, as in a chess game: kateoteo.
to move (up), get (up), rise: giutapp.
to move an object back and forth, push, shove: seisei.
to move around for something, struggle hard: filaag.
to move around in a sitting position: giureog.
to move around, walk about, hang about, gad about, wander from one place to another: tiwaag.
to move backward: koostaang.
to move by its own power, as in moving objects in the water, go: fetal2.
to move downward, come down: biitiw.
to move forward: kooyei.
to move inwardly, bend, be bent: mwaliu.
to move the legs around as in dancing: rip.
to move things around (as in a chess game), remove, transfer: gateoteo.
to move up and down, be in imbalance: chichimw, shimweshimw.
to move up, rise, come up: gatetag.
to move violently after being quiet for a long time, make a big movement: giuwaat.
to move with a lot of noise, knock, tap: tapiungiupiung.
to move, change places: tapiung.
to move, leave to another place: mwagiut.
to move, migrate: magi-.
to move, migrate (a short distance): *shewar*.
to shake, move irregularly to and fro, quiver: *mwaiushiush*.
to slip around, move without attracting notice, slide: *sseet*.
to sneak back and forth, move quietly and stealthily: *ruw*.
to swing, sway, move backward and forward: *seiul*.
to turn (as of a sailing canoe), move around: *sap*.
to turn around, move round: *faan1*.

**movie**

movie, motion-picture: *kachito*.

**moving**
to be moving, shaking: *mwagiutiugiut*.

**much**: *lap1*.

small, not much (in quantity and size): *-git*.
to be a lot, many, much, numerous, abundant, plentiful: *toulap*.
very, much, indeed, extremely, awfully, greatly: *ppiung3*.

**mucus**
mucus, nose drippings, nose runnings, snivel: *shan boot*.
nasal mucus: *nngius*.

**mud**
dirt, soil, mud, filth: *meshar, meshor*.
mud, small spring, muddy water: *tebaaileoleo*.

**muddy**
to be dirty, muddy: *meshar, meshor*.
to be wet, muddy: *tebaaileoleo*.
(to be) muddy, dirty, filthy: *machochor*.

**multiplication**
multiplication, multiplication table: *kakesang*.

**murky**
make it murky, make it obscure, make it impure: *gemagola*.
to be very murky, dark, gloomy, obscure, impure: *megolagol.*  
(to be) murky, impure, unclear, gloomy, obscure, dark: *megol.*

**muscle**

muscle, body: *kereeta.*

**muscular**

(to be) tight, taut, drawn, muscular: *neg*$_3$.

**mushroom:** *talingelipach.*

**musket**

gun, rifle, musket, arms: *pak*$_2$.

**mustache:** *gomwaliyaw.*

mustache (of the mouth), wiskers: *rebeliyaw.*  
mustache, wiskers: *reb.*

**muster**

to have a roll-call, call the roll, muster out: *teengko.*

**my:** *-i*$_1$.  

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**ENGLISH-WOLEAIAN FINDER LIST**

710
nail: chiifel.

nailed
(to be) nailed: chiifel.

nailing
to be nailing: chichiifel.

naked
(to be) naked, nude, unclothed, bared: washewash.

name
give a name to him: gaita.
name, personal name: it$_1$.

names
their names: iteer.

narrate
tell it (a story), narrate it: fiyangoow.

narrow
to be narrow: sheogit.
to be narrow, limited: sheomwit.
to be very skinny, thin, narrow: yaiushigishig.
(to be) skinny, thin, slender, narrow: yaiushig.

nastily
nastily, in a bad way, terribly: ngewa.

nasty
tell him off, make nasty remarks to him: gefalefela$_2$.

native
native islanders: kenaaka.

native inhabitant
native inhabitant, islanders: tooming.

nature
Nauru
Nauru Island: *Laaworo*.

**nausea**
sea-sickness, nausea: *maaileoleo*.
to have nausea, vomit: *mmeo*.

**nautilus shell**: *waaligiy*.

**navel**: *bus*.
area two inches above the navel (lit. turtle shell of drifting log): *boshal ma*.
part of the back corresponding to the navel: *shiuwelimwar*.

**navigation**
Altair star (the most prominent star in Carolinian navigation): *Maailap*.
certain fixed sign for locating places (in navigation): *yepar*.
early stage of learning about those stars used for navigation,
arrangement of stars used in navigation, compass, counting
of stars: *paafius, paafius*.
guiding-point, anything (a tall tree or a whole island) which
serves as a fixed point of departure in navigation: *mwir*.
mileage used in navigation: *gaatag*.
use the star *Paiuyefang* as a guiding star in navigation: *paiuye-fangiyy*.
use the star *Paiuyeirur* as a guiding star in navigation: *paiuyeiruriuw*.

**navigational**
a kind of tropical bird with red feet, navigational term of refer-
ence for such a bird: *uruwa*.
a legendary founder of a navigational school, one of the naviga-
tional schools, a branch of a navigational school: *Faaluush*.
a legendary founder of one of the navigational schools: *Weriyeng*.
a special star course line along which a type of small porpoise
is found (a navigational guidance): *taaiumeyaang*.
big waves (a navigational term): *loalapelap.*
mast of a canoe, tower, pole, school of navigational training: *gaius.*
name of a branch of a navigational school: *Sagiur.*
northern waves (a navigational term): *loayefang.*
rising stars (navigational): *getagefius.*
southern waves (a navigational term): *loayeiu.*
to learn about rising stars (navigational stars): *getagefius.*
to learn about setting stars (navigational stars): *gatubufius.*
to name the positions of the stars in terms of their place of rising and setting (navigational term): *goshoumw.*
to sail a canoe at an angle of 40 to 45 degrees from the wind direction (navigational term): *gafetalemwar.*
wave direction (a navigational term): *bogol loa.*

**navigator**

 canoe navigator, powerful magico-religious functionary: *paliuw.*

**navy:** *kaigiung.*

**near:** *maro-.*

 be close to it, near it, approach it: *garepa.*

 near, side of, by: *getaa-.*

to be close by, near, a short distance from, near at hand: *rep.*

to be near, come close, close-by, neighboring: *garep.*

**nearby**

(a place) nearby, closeness of, in the vicinity of, in the neighborhood of: *yaro-1.*

**necessarily**

 absoluteness (of), necessarily, absolutely: *sipegil.*

**neck:** *iuw₂.*

 throat, neck: *worong.*

**neck-and-neck**
to compete, run neck-and-neck: *gafitegiteg*.

**necklace**
necklace, bead: *usous*.

**need**
will (shall, need, would, should, must) immediately, to be ready to: *bel3*.

will, shall, need, should, would, have to, may: *be4*.

**needle**: *gaguuwa*.
bone, needle for lavalava design: *shiu*.

**needle fish**: *tag3*.
a kind of needle fish: *fela1, tagiuliwosh, tagiuter*.
young needle fish: *mwag*.

**needlework**
sew it, do needlework for it: *teey, tigi*.
to sew, do needlework for: *tiit2*.
to sew, do needlework for, join or fasten with needle and thread: *teete*.

**needy**
(to be) poor, needy, destitute: *geffageo*.

**neglect**
neglect it, do not cooperate with him: *liugiunngaweeti*.
to neglect, (be) uncooperative, evil-minded, be not satisfied with: *liugiunngaw*.

**negros**: *reneegoro*.

**neighborhood**
(a place) nearby, closeness of, in the vicinity of, in the neighborhood of: *yaro-1*.

**neighboring**
to be near, come close, close-by, neighboring: *garep*.

**nephew**
brother and nephew at the same time, sister and niece at the same time (of the same sex): *bisifetiwa-*.
niece, nephew: *fatiuw*.

**nervous**
(to get) nervous, high-strung, easily excitable, easily frightened: *gaarius*.

**nest:** *ffat*$_1$.

**net**
cargo net: *mwuko*.
public net: *yating*.
scooping net: *shou*$_4$.
take it up in the net: *mwukooli*.
throwing net: *telaaiya*.
to fish with a throwing net: *telaaiya*.

**net-fishing**
to go net-fishing: *ug*$_1$.

**neutral**
to be undecided, neutral, confused: *mwar*$_1$.

**new**
new, cleaned: *feo*.
to be new, cleaned: *ffeeo*.
(to be) raw, not cooked, new: *yemat*.

**New Guinea**

**New Guinean**

**New Year:** *meeteto*.

**newcomer**
stranger, newcomer, tourist: *sheefeo*.
news

news, information, message: $gahu_1$.

newspaper: $simpiung$.

nice

good, nice: -$ngas$.

(to be) good, pretty, nice, super, superior: $gach_2$.

nicely

well, good, nicely, beautifully: $gach_2$.

niece

brother and nephew at the same time, sister and niece at the same time (of the same sex): $bisifetiuwa$.

niece, nephew: $fatiuw$.

night

atmospheric condition of night, night: $yaiulibong$.

delay it till night: $gabongi$.

night of, evening of: $bongilel$.

night, darkness: $rosh$.

night, evening: $bong_1$, $bongil$.

previous evening, yesterday night, last night: $fegaaf$.

night-time

night-time uproar, night-time fighting, night-time emergency: $sseriuliubong$.

nine: $ku$, $tiw_2$, $tiwa$, $tiwa$.

nine broken pieces: $tiwegofet$.

nine general objects: $tiwouw$.

nine hundred: $tiwebiugiuw$.

nine hundred thousand: $tiwalob$.

nine thousand: $tiwengeras$.

nineteenth
nineteenth day of the month: soapash.

ninety: tiweig.
ninety thousand: tiwan.

ninth
ninth day of the month: yeppei.

nip
pick it, pluck it, nip it: feshingi.

nipped
to be plucked, picked, nipped: feshingeg.

nipple
nipple, teat: metalittiu.

no: yeeb.
no longer, not any longer, no more: taai.

nod
to nod, beckon: chimw.

noddy
white capped noddy: resh2.

noise: shingaag, shingishing.
a light kind of sound, a light noise: ching.
a loud, sudden noise, as of hitting: chab.
sound, noise, thunder, rumble, thud: mangiungiu.
to be bothered (by noise), get ear-bothering: chorong.
to be noisy, make a loud noise: gashingaag.
to make a racket, make unnecessary noise: gachorong.
to make noise: shingaag.
to make noise by beating something: gapiungiupiung1.
to make noise, be played (as of a musical instrument): tittig.
to make noise, chatter, patter, gabble: terenng.
to make noise, whistle with the mouth using the fingers, play (a musical instrument): *gattig*$_2$.

to roar, make a loud noise: *piungiupiung*.

to talk loud, make a loud noise: *gaterenng*.

voice, noise, high sound (as a female voice): *ttig*.

**noises**

to be making noises: *chichingaag*.

**noisy**

to be loud, sound (out) noisily, be noisy: *ttig*.

to be noisy, make a loud noise: *gashingaag*.

**noodles**

noodles, soup noodles, vermicelli: *uutoong*.

**noody tern**

a kind of bird (noody tern): *sheolap*$_1$.

**noon**

(at) noon time (lit. in the straight of the sun): *nuuweleliyal*.

(to be) straight, be at noon, be overhead: *uwel, uwwel*.

**north**: *-fang, iyefang, yefangilap*.

north, northern direction: *yefang*$_1$.

outward, to the north, to the south: *-waiu*.

**north-northeast**

north-northeast (halfway between north and northeast): *yefangileyas*.

**north-northwest**

north-northwest (halfway between north and northwest): *yefangilesal*$_2$.

**northeast**

northeast, southeast, eastwest, northwest: *nimach*.

**northwest**

northeast, southeast, eastwest, northwest: *nimach*.
northwest wind: *yefangilesal*.

**nose**: *boot*.

area slightly below the tip of nose: *rouwetiw*.

mucus, nose drippings, nose runnings, snivel: *shan boot*.

nose ridge, nose top: *sowaliboot*.

**nose tip**: *mesheliboot*.

**nostril**

nostril (lit. door of nose): *gatemaliboot*.

**not**: *tai*.

no longer, not any longer, no more: *taai*.

not to exist, there isn’t, to lack, be missing, free from: *toar*.

not yet, not as yet: *teit*.

should not, won’t, may not, ought not: *te3*.

**note**

letter, note, message: *teengami*.

**nothing**

there’s nothing, to be nothing: *nanimwonai*.

**notify**

notify it, let (one) know about it, inform (one) of it: *gagiulaali*.

**notorious**

(to be) famous, well-known, notorious: *lagolipil*.

**now**

now, today, (at) this time: *igela*.

**nude**

(to be) naked, nude, unclothed, bared: *washewash*.

**Nukuoro**: *Liugiuwor*.

**numb**

to be unconscious (when referring to the whole body), numb (when referring to parts of the body): *remasiul*. 
(to be) numb, devoid of sensation: *uweshig₂.*

**number**

count it, number it, calculate it: *paangi.*
count it, reckon it, enumerate it, number it: *wetagi.*
to count, number, calculate, take a count of: *paapa₄.*
to count, reckon, enumerate, number: *watewat.*

**numbered**

to be counted, numbered, calculated: *paangag.*

**numberous**

make it more numberous, large, big, enlarge it, make it bigger: *gefarigitiyi.*

**numeral**

letter of the alphabet, numeral: *ish.*

**numeral classifier**

numeral classifier for a cluster of banana hands: *-is.*
numeral classifier for a handful of sponge-like objects (usually breadfruit): *-ut.*
numeral classifier for a small amount: *-bis, -kiit, -kiut, -mmwit.*
numeral classifier for an arm length: *-paiu.*
numeral classifier for animate beings such as animals, human beings, ghosts, insects: *-mal.*
numeral classifier for breaks in things: *-biun.*
numeral classifier for broken or torn parts or pieces: *-gofet.*
numeral classifier for bundled or grouped objects: *-pileg.*
numeral classifier for bundles or groups of ten (or eight) referring to coconuts, eggs, copra, etc.: *-yaf.*
numeral classifier for chained or strung objects such as palm fronds, leis, shell belts: *-pa.*
numeral classifier for cut pieces, usually of vegetables, fruits, etc.: *-matip.*
numeral classifier for cut-up segments (of breadfruit, taro, etc.): -tip.

numeral classifier for days: -ran.

numeral classifier for finger lengths: -gatt.

numeral classifier for flat objects: -peo.

numeral classifier for forearm lengths, from elbow to the end of forefinger: -mwaliu.

numeral classifier for fragments of utterance: -pat.

numeral classifier for general objects including those which are not covered by other classifiers: -uw.

numeral classifier for generations, age groups, size groups, layers, etc.: -tar.

numeral classifier for groups of countable things: -mweiu.

numeral classifier for halves of objects: -tab.

numeral classifier for handfuls of leaves (except for coconut leaves) and hair: -iul.

numeral classifier for handfuls of things: -fiy.

numeral classifier for kinds of things: -tap.

numeral classifier for kinds of things, usually inorganic things: -mat.

numeral classifier for layers of a canoe sail: -il.

numeral classifier for lengths from the wrist to the end of the fingers: -gumwush.

numeral classifier for lines, processions, layers: -tal.

numeral classifier for long and compact bundles (or strings or ropes): -shimw.

numeral classifier for long objects such as canoes, trees, paddles, sticks, cigarettes, shoes, swords, ropes, poles, spears: -fash.

numeral classifier for nights: -bong, -bongil.

numeral classifier for palm widths: -peshanim.

numeral classifier for pieces of grass skirts worn by young girls: -boot.
numeral classifier for portions of fish, wood, pandanus, etc. which are cut off and distributed: -bulog.

numeral classifier for round objects such as stones, marbles, bulbs, balls, beads, testicles, nuts, potatoes, bananas, oranges, young coconuts: -faiu.

numeral classifier for sides: -peig.

numeral classifier for stretched arm-lengths or fathoms: -ngaf.

numeral classifier for stretched finger lengths: -yang.

numeral classifier for strung objects such as fish and fruits: -faat.

numeral classifier for such groups as stalks of bananas and clusters of coconuts, betel nuts, certain bushy flowers, etc.: -umw.

numeral classifier for the amount of liquid placed in a cup or for mouthfuls: -gumw.

numeral classifier for the arms of an octopus or a squid: -gaw.

numeral classifier for the digit of hundred million: -ngerai.

numeral classifier for the digit of hundred thousand: -lob.

numeral classifier for the digit of hundreds: -biugiuw.

numeral classifier for the digit of million: -piy.

numeral classifier for the digit of ten million: -ngit.

numeral classifier for the digit of ten thousand: -n1.

numeral classifier for the digit of thousands: -ngeras.

numeral classifier for the group of ten each of which includes eight or ten members: -ngaul.

numeral classifier for the length from one shoulder to the fingertips on the opposite shoulder: -yefar.

numeral classifier for the tenth digit: -ig.

numeral classifier for thick flat sides: -paliy.

numeral classifier for thick objects such as boards, sides of canoe: -sheo.

numeral classifier for thin pieces or sheets: -yal.
numeral classifier for wrist-lengths (from wrist to finger-tips): -giumwiush.

numeral classifier for years: -rag.

**numeros**

to be a lot, many, much, numerous, abundant, plentiful: toulap.  
(to be) numerous, big, great: farigit.

**nurse:** kanngof.

**nut**

betel nut (*areca catechu*). Originally brought from Yap.: bbuw.  
betel nut, lime and leaf: fishifish₁.

nut of a fruit (usually breadfruit): bigil.
oar
to paddle, pull an oar, row: *shep*₁.

**obedient**
to be obedient, generous: *gakiula*.

**obey**
listen to him, obey him: *talinga*.

**object**
belonging, thing, article, goods, object: *piteg*.
oppose it, be against it, object to it: *geppaliuweliiy*.
oppose it, object to it, respond to it: *gepaliuweliiy*.

**obligated**
interrupt him, interfere with him, cause him to be concerned, make him obligated: *gematepengagiyy*.
to be busy (with), obligated to, engaged in: *matepengag*.

**obligation**
obligation, chore, duty: *mwash*₁.

**obscure**
make it murky, make it obscure, make it impure: *gemagola*.
to be very murky, dark, gloomy, obscure, impure: *megolagol*.
(to be) dark, black, obscure: *rosh*.
(to be) murky, impure, unclear, gloomy, obscure, dark: *megol*.

**observe**
look at it, scrutinize it, observe it: *sasheey*.
look at it, spy on him, watch him, gaze at him, peep at him, observe him: *gamelangi*.
look at it, watch it, gaze at it, observe it: *piipiyy*.
to look at, gaze at, observe: *gammelang*.
to see, observe: *wer*₂, *weriwer*.
watch it, look at it, observe it: *faniyi*.

**obstruct**
prevent it, block it, hinder it, obstruct it, stop it: *gatiweli*.

**obtainable**

to be obtainable, capable (implying creativity), dextrous, able: *bang*₁.

**obvious**

(to be) likely, undoubted, true, obvious, certain: *negeiu*.

**occupied**

to be busy, tied up, occupied: *isongasi*.

(to be) busy, occupied: *mwash*₁, *mwashiulek*.

**occur**

to happen, occur, appear, arise: *wel*₂.

to happen, occur, show up, come: *ki*₁.

**ocean**

ocean between Eauripik and Fais: *Faalimogal*.
ocean between Elato and Lamotrek: *Matol*.
ocean between Fais and Ulithi: *Matewalimwarefash*.
ocean between Faraulep and Guam: *Matewaliwoal*.
ocean between Ifaluk and Elato: *Gapiileeirub*.
ocean between Ifaluk and Faraulep: *Metawepengag*.
ocean between Lamotrek and Satawal: *Wooireg*.
ocean between Soral and Eauripik: *Matewaligilimwar*.
ocean between Ulithi and Yap: *Matewairuwepal*.
ocean between Woleai and Eauripik: *Matewalibul*.
ocean between Woleai and Fais (traditionally considered a dangerous sea): *Gapilimogol*.
ocean between Woleai and Faraulep: *Faaliigemwatur*.
ocean between Woleai and Ifaluk: *Faaliyaroma*₁.
ocean between Yap and Palau: *Metawemwal*.

sea, ocean: *sat*.  

725
sea, ocean, lagoon, a big body of sea water: *metaw*.

**ocean bottom**
deep ocean bottom (where seaweed is found): *pomw*₂.
ocean bottom, underwater: *ilal*.

**ocean-side**
outside the village, ocean-side of an island, opposite side of a village: *iliug*.

**octopus**: *gius*₂.
young octopus: *rowaf*.
**octopus arm**: *gewal*.
**of**: *-i₂*.
of, about, ’s: *-l₅*.

**of course**
of course, indeed: *yengoa*.

**offering**
prayer, chant, religious offering: *maipil*.
**office**: *yoofius*.
district administration, government office, office: *yam*₁.

**offspring**
child, offspring: *laiu*₂.

**often**
usually, readily, habitually, expertly, often: *tau*₁.
**oh**: *yoo, youwa*.
oh, alas, ah: *yek*.
opps, oh: *yok*.
**oil**: *weiyol*.
coconut oil: *gapigep, tika*.
grease, oil, human fat: *kiriis*.
lubricate it, oil it: *gagurumeshaliyi*.
make coconut oil out of it, press oil from it: *tikaali*.

to rub with the hands, oil the body, anoint: *gapit*.

**oily**

animal fat, oily or greasy matter: *chal*.

(to be) greasy, oily: *uwiy*.

**Okinawa**: *Kinawa*.

**old**

ancient time, old days, a long time ago: *mwosuwe*.

old days, a long time ago: *mwos*.

to be aging, becoming old: *bbebbes*.

(to be) old (not new): *bes*.

(to be) old, aged: *tugofaiy*.

to pass through a childish stage of development even though the child is still little, be old enough to get some sense: *tog*$_3$.

**old man**

old man, male in his sixties (or over): *mwaletugofaiy*.

**omen**

omen, sign of the future: *gagin*.

**on**

at, in, with, for, to, upon, on: *ree*.-

on, topside of: *wel*$_5$.

on, topside of, above: *we*$_2$.

on, topside, upside: *woa*.-

**one**: *ichi, se*-, *yet, yeta*.

number one, first place: *ichibang*.

one animate object: *semal*$_1$.

one arm-length: *sepaiau*.

one fathom (the length from fingertips to fingertips with arms outstretched): *sengaf*.
one finger-length, one finger: segatt.
one flat object: sepeo, sesheo.
one forearm length: semwaliu.
one general object: seuw1.
one group, some: semweiu.
one hand-span (the length from the tip of the thumb to the tip of any of the remaining four fingers): seyang.
one hundred: sebiugiuw.
one hundred million: sangerai.
one hundred thousand: selob.
one kind: semat.
one length from one shoulder to the finger tips on the opposite shoulder: seyefar.
one long object: sefash.
one million: sepiy.
one palm width: sepeshanim.
one piece from a whole: segofet.
one portion (of fish, wood, etc.) which is cut off and distributed: sebulog.
one round object: sefaiu.
one short part (lit. one break): sebiun.
one side: sepeig.
one small portion, a little: sekiit, sekiut, semmwit.
one thousand: sangeras.
one wrist-length (from wrist to finger-tips): segiumwiush.

**oneself**
by oneself, alone: semal2.

**onion:** subuuyasi.

**only:** gal.
just, only, unexpectedly, continually: shag.
only, almost, more: fai.
usually, habitually, only: ga.

open
open it (something with liquid inside): bisigi.
open it up, disclose it, uncover it: gewaawaay.
open it with fingers (referring to vagina), pull it apart: tafiyy.
open it, disclose it: suugi.
open it, split it, crack it, break her hymen: tilengi.
to be large (of a hole), open: waawa2.
(to be) wide open, hollow: waaru.
to open (something with liquid inside): bisibis2.
to open (vagina), pull apart: tafitef1.
to open, disclose: suusu.

opened
to be opened (of something with liquid inside): bisingeg.
to be opened (of vagina), pulled apart: ttaf.
to be opened, disclosed: suugeg.
to be opened, split, cracked: tilengag.

openhanded
(to be) generous, liberal in action or ideas, openhanded, magnanimous: mmweol.

opening
big crack in the reef, reef opening: wau2.
hole, opening, hollow place, burrow: lib.
hole, opening, orifice: sheeshe.
hole, opening, slit, leak: pilat.

operate
run it (the engine), operate it: misiila.

oppose
oppose it, be against it, object to it: geppaliuweliyi.
oppose it, object to it, respond to it: gepaliuweliyi.

**opposite**
to be sarcastic, do the opposite, be contrary: teraaiu.

**opposite side**
outside the village, ocean-side of an island, opposite side of a village: iliug.

**opps**
opps, oh: yok.

**or**
or, whether, if: gare.

**orange**
orange, trifoliate orange, citrus fruit: gurugur.

**orator**
orator, good speaker, great talker: taukepat.

**order**
order him: kiuleow.

order, ordering, ordered thing: chiumwong.

(to be) arranged, put in order, lined up: ragireg1.

to order: chiumwong.

to order (someone to do something): kiuleo.

**ordering**
order, ordering, ordered thing: chiumwong.

**ordinary**
usualness, already, customarily, ordinary: fasiu-.

**origin**
beginning, origin, ancestor, base, bottom, foundation, back of a body: shap.
to trace back to the origin of a clan, a family, an individual, or a problem in a form of argument, trace the origin in terms of quarreling, tell off: geshapishep.

**originate**
originate it, start it: beliuw, shapiy.

**originating**
be (in the process of) originating it, starting it: chechapiy.

**ornament**
bracelet, wrist ornament: lag₁.
decorate it, furnish it with an ornament: rosi.
to decorate, ornament, adorn, embellish: gauweliuw.
to use as a bracelet, wear as a wrist ornament: lagelag.

**ornamentation**
decoration, adornment, ornamentation: gauweliuw.

**ornamented**
to be decorated, ornamented, adorned: weliuw₁.

**orphan:** silemas.

**ought**
should not, won’t, may not, ought not: te₃.

**our**
our (excluding you): -mam.
our (including you): -sh.

**out**
out (in baseball), outside (foul ball): aut.
out, outward, to the north or south: waiu.
to go out, go outwards: buuweiu.

**outcome**
its result, its outcome, its consequence, its effect: toowaiul₁.
result of, outcome of, consequence of, effect of: toowaiul₂.
result, outcome, consequence: *toowaiu*.

**outline**
to form an outline, sketch, delineate: *faliufel*.

**outrigger**
bottom of the outrigger boom support: *shapiliyamw*.
lee-platform, outrigger beam brace: *shiulap1*.
outrigger boom stringer of a canoe: *waassooso*.
outrigger boom, rafter: *giyoa*.
outrigger connective tie-brace (outside): *gapiche*.
outrigger float: *tam1*.
outrigger float braces of a canoe: *she1*.
outrigger platform stringer of a canoe: *iuweiuwelifang*.
outrigger platform-beam of a canoe: *materefang*.
outrigger side (or windward side) of a canoe, measurement used in constructing the outrigger side: *itam*.
outrigger side (or windward-side) of a canoe: *palietam*.
two pairs of V-like sticks which are placed on the outrigger float to hold up the two outrigger booms: *yamw2*.
V-shaped parts of the outrigger supporter: *paiuliyanamw*.

**outside**
edge, outside, backside, yonder: *sow2*.
out (in baseball), outside (foul ball): *aut*.
outside of an island, uninhabited side of an island: *meseeliug*.
outside the village, ocean-side of an island, opposite side of a village: *iliug*.
outside, backside (of): *liugi-1*.
to be far, outside, distant, a long way off, afar: *ttaaw*.

**outstanding**
to stand out, be outstanding, be conspicuous: *ney*.

**outstretch**
to sit with one’s legs outstretched, outstretch one’s legs: gat-tefash.

**outward**
out, outward, to the north or south: waiu.
outward, to the north, to the south: -waiu.
to go out completely, be outward: failiweiu.

**outwards**
to go out, go outwards: buuweiu.

**oven**
to cook in an earth oven: umw.
underground oven, earth oven: umw.

**over**
to split, cut, divide, break, be dispersed, be over: megal.

**over-mature**
to be overgrown, over-mature (of coconut stocks, in the process of making tuba): gaiutag.

**overcounted**
to be overcounted: paasan.

**overflow**
make it overflow, cause it to be overloaded: gauuw.
to overflow, be overloaded: uu-.

**overflowing**
to be full, tight, jammed, overflowing: sseg.

**overgrown**
to be overgrown, over-mature (of coconut stocks, in the process of making tuba): gaiutag.
(to be) overgrown, mature, well-done (in the process of making tuba): gaiumasow.
to sprout, be overgrown, sprouting: tapeg.

**overhang**
to be removed, suspended, overhang: kashiuw.

**overhead**
(a place, area) in the sky, above the ground, in the air; overhead: weliuliwaas.

(to be) straight, be at noon, be overhead: uwel, uwwel.

**overloaded**
make it overflow, cause it to be overloaded: gauuw.
to overflow, be overloaded: uu-.

**overtake**
catch it, overtake it, seize it, capture it: torofi.

**overwhelm**
to overwhelm, come down (describing the climax of a state being influenced by supernatural force): chiitiw.

**own**
own (the land) permanently, possess it: faliuweli.
own it as one’s bracelet: legali.
own it, possess it (a canoe): waali.
own it, possess it, become the owner of it: yaali.
possess it as home, own it as one’s estate: bugotali.
to own land temporarily, use land: faliuweliuw.
to own, have, possess (permanently): -li2.
to use (general objects), own temporarily: yaaya.

**owner**
use it, become the owner of it, employ it: gooli.

**oyster**
a kind of oyster: geriuger2.
a kind of oyster shell, a kind of shell bait used in bonito fishing: saariuliyepisash.
a kind of shell bait used on bonito fishing, oyster shell from New Guinea: saariunukil.
big oyster shell used for scraping the inside portions of banana layers: \textit{paiureo}.

oyster shell: \textit{saar}_2.

oyster shell used by women for scraping or cutting out Hawaiian taros: \textit{saariulibel}.
**Pacific mackerel**: yasiuneiu.

**pack**
cigarette pack: *shob*₁.
compact it, fill it tightly, pack it firmly: *ngitiyi*.
fill it, load it, pack it: *gaauta, gaauteli, yauteli*.
load, burden, pack, cargo, freight: *iutal*.
to fill, load, pack: *yaut*.
to fill, pack, load it: *gaaut*.
to wrap, pack: *tiugiumeiul*.

**packed**
to be compact, closely and firmly packed: *nngit*.
to be compact, stuck, packed closely, condensed: *ppes*₂.
to be loaded, packed, freighted: *shoashoa*₁.
to be squeezed, pushed, packed, jammed: *tiy*.
(to be) filled, loaded, packed (of a bag or any kind of container):
  *yaut*.

**packs**
load, loading, burden, packs, cargo, freight: *shoashoa*₁.

**paddle**: *fatiul*.
big steering paddle: *tip*₂.
make noise with a paddle by paddling: *gasseriu*.
paddle it: *kootipiyy*.
paddle to it (a place, etc.) habitually: *fatiuleoti*.
steering paddle: *shep*₁.
tip of a canoe paddle: *sser*₁.
to paddle slowly: *gemwashiumwesh*.
to paddle with great force: *lup*.
to paddle with it: *fatiulaagili*.
to paddle with the paddle thrown up in the air (as in chasing porpoises): fatiulelifaalipash.

to paddle with two paddles: kootip.

to paddle, paddling: fatiul.

to paddle, pull an oar, row: shep1.

**paddling**
to paddle, paddling: fatiul.

**pain:** metag1.

a kind of chest pain (which usually doesn’t last long but sometimes causes death): tilifeg.

hurt him, give pain to him: garousa.

**painful**
to be painful, hurting: rous.

to be painful, sick, hurt: metagiteg.

(to be) painful, sick, hurt: metag1.

**paint**
apply red paint on it (a surface): lepa.

paint it, anoint it: gamisiyi.

paint, anointment: gamis.

red dirt used for painting, red clay, red paint: lap2.

to draw (a picture), paint: sunga.

to paint, draw: sumi.

to write, mark, draw a line, paint: fatofat.

**painted**
to be painted red: lap2.

(to be) painted, anointed, drawn: gamis.

**pair**
one of the two sides of a pair: sera2.

**palate**
gum, hard palate: *faalipingaash*.
palate, gum, alveolar ridge: *piingaach*.

**palce**
palce to stay: *laniy*.

**pandanus**
a kind of pandanus tree: *nuuta₂, poguw*.
hat, pandanus leaves: *sheolifash₂*.
pandanus root above the ground: *ius*.
pandanus, pineapple: *fash*.

**pandanus leaf**: *mang₂*.

**pandanus leaves**
pandanus leaves used for mats, mat: *giyegiy₁*.

**panic**
to be in a state of panic, uptight, worry: *faalimwaretapiung*.

**panties**
pants, panties, briefs: *paanch*.

**pants**
pants, panties, briefs: *paanch*.
underwear, short pants: *saremaata*.

**papaya**
papaya (*carica papaya*): *beibaay*.

**paper**

**papule**
pimple, papule, pastule: *lor*.

**parachute**: *raakaasang, raakesang*.

**paranoid**
to be suspicious, paranoid, doubtful, dubious: *mmwag*.

**pare**
peel it (with bare hands), pare it, skin it, husk it: *ngeisi.*
peel it, rind it, pare it: *burongi.*
to peel (with bare hands), pare, skin, husk: *ngeingei.*

**pared**
to be peeled, rinded, pared: *burongag.*

**parrot fish**: *gemasugul.*

**part**
divide it, separate it, part it, split it, sever it: *gaiyaagiiy.*
division, district on an island, part, end: *tab₁.*
one short part (lit. one break): *sebiun.*
to divide, separate, part, split, sever: *gaiyaag.*

**parted**
(to be) parted, divided (of hair, with a comb or hands): *yetalimat.*

**particle**
foreign particle (in eyes): *bol₃.*

**partition**
boundary, partition: *iuweiuw.*
partition it, set a boundary for it: *leppa.*
partition, boundary: *lapp.*
partition, house wall: *tiit₁.*
room, partition, compartment: *goop.*
separate it, partition it, restrict it: *gaiyemweiuw.*

**party**
party, dinner, banquet: *giubul.*

**pass**
exchange them, make them pass each other: *gefaili.*
go beyond it, pass it: *galuuw.*
pass each other: *failek.*
road, way, path, street, pass, lane, passage: *yal₁.*
to fly over, pass: *tepal*.

to go beyond, pass by, go ahead (of): *ttas*₁.

to go through an improper way, go in different directions, pass each other, be out of the way: *fail*.

to pass each other: *gefailek*, *geffail*.

to pass the word, disseminate a report, set a rumor afloat: *uweli*.

to pass, go past: *yafelag*₂.

**passage**

road, way, path, street, pass, lane, passage: *yal*₁.

**passed**

to be passed: *lu*.

**passengers**

passengers, tourists: *kangkootai*.

**passes**

wait until it passes: *gariugi*.

**past**

to undergo, be a past event, be past: *riug*.

**pastule**

pimple, papule, pastule: *lor*.

**patch**

patch it (a hole), plug it, tap it: *pilet*₂.

patch it, put a patch on it: *paala*.

patch, slices of coconut husk which are used to block up a long opening between two pieces of boards, especially in canoes: *paal*₁.

to patch (a hole): *pilat*.

**patched**

(to be) patched: *paal*₁.

**paternal**
paternal grandfather: *temattema*.

**path**
road of, way of, path of: *yan*$_2$.
road, way, path: *yenap*.
road, way, path, street, pass, lane, passage: *yal*$_1$.

**patient**
make him patient, cause him to control himself: *gageolagiiy*.
sickness, illness, patient, sick person: *temwaaiu*.
to be patient, control oneself, be able to bear something: *geolag*.
(to be) patient, lenient, of loose temper, generous: *laloolai*.
to settle down mentally, be patient: *legag*.

**patrilineality**
father side, patrilineality: *tam*$_2$.

**patter**
to make noise, chatter, patter, gabble: *terennng*.

**pause**
to stop, cease, halt, pause: *iugiufeg*.
to stop, halt, refrain, pause, be silent: *ppaiu*.

**pay**
pay his fare: *gateow*$_2$.
to pay the fare: *gatteo*.

**payment**
fare, payment of fare: *gatteo*.

**peace**
time of peace and prosperity: *felaafish*.

**peaceful**
let it be calm, make it peaceful: *gashigera*.
make it calm, make it peaceful: *galiuwaali*.
to be calm, peaceful, mild (of weather): *raalimwaaiu*.
to be peaceful, calm, settle down: *pass*.
(to be) calm, peaceful (as of a peaceful ocean), smooth: *shan*.
(to be) peaceful, calm, enjoy oneself with, good: *mwatiyetiy*.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>peak</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>top (of trees, poles, masts, etc.), peak, crest: <em>siyabo-</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>gravel, pebble: <em>faiumwag</em></td>
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<td>put gravel on it, put pebble on it: <em>faiumwega</em></td>
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<td>bite it (as of birds, chickens, etc.), pick at it, peck it: <em>fileey</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>to bite quickly, as a chicken bites, peck it repeatedly: <em>felefel</em></td>
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<td>peel it, rind it, pare it: <em>burongi</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>scale it, skin it, peel it off: <em>teraiula</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>stab it, slash it, gash it, cut it, chop it, peel it off: <em>saagi</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>to gash, slash, cut, split, chop, peel off: <em>saasa</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>to peel (as in bananas), peeled: <em>bbur</em></td>
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<td>to peel (with bare hands), pare, skin, husk: <em>ngeingei</em></td>
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<td>to be pulled up, peeled back, raised up: <em>taregag</em></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>to scale (fish), skin, (to be) scaled, skinned, peeled: <em>teraiul</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>peep</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>look at it, spy on him, watch him, gaze at him, peep at him, observe him: <em>gamelangi</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to look at, spy on, peep: <em>kamelandileng</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to look, peep, watch, gaze at, spy on: <em>gamelang</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
to peep, loom up, stretch one’s neck either up or out to spy on something, stick one’s head out: *yamw*$_1$.

to watch, look at, guard, peep at (naked people): *mmas*.

watch it, peep at her: *mmesa*.

**pen:** *pen*.

pen for keeping animals: *shimwan*.

pen, fountain-pen: *maneeng*.

pig pen: *sikeero*.

put it in the pen, encircle it: *shimwanoow*.

to be put in the pen: *shimwan*.

**penance**

penance (in Roman Catholic religious practice): *paliwe-limolofit*.

**pencil:** *waaliish*.

**peninsula**

peninsula, small body of land sticking out into water: *tamwuut*.

**penis**

nickname for penis: *wang*.

penis, male genital: *gai*$_3$.

**people:** *we-*.

person, people, folk, human being: *yaremat*$_1$.

to be known to everybody, gradually found out by people: *gaaremat*.

**pepper:** *tebaasiko*.

hot red pepper: *mmwiig*$_1$.

put pepper on it: *tebaasikooli*.

**perceive**

feel it, perceive it by physical sensation: *meyafi*.

to feel, perceive by physical sensation: *meyaf*$_2$.

**perfectly**
good, completely, perfectly: \textit{-fish}.

\textbf{perfume}: \textit{leolingas}.

\textbf{perhaps}
maybe, perhaps: \textit{malibe}.
perhaps, maybe, probably: \textit{mali}.

\textbf{perilous}
(to be) dangerous, perilous, hazardous, unsafe: \textit{abonai}.

\textbf{period}
era, period of time: \textit{mweiu}.
period of time, generation, era: \textit{giutal}.

\textbf{permit}
to let, allow, permit: \textit{fang2}.

\textbf{perplexity}
confusion, perplexity: \textit{fitikooko, fitilog}.

\textbf{persistant}
(to be) constant, consistent, persistant, changeless, frequent:
\textit{ragiusiugius}.

\textbf{person}: \textit{tamweog}.
common person, commoner: \textit{mauwesh}.
death, dead person: \textit{mas}1.
good person: \textit{maliugach}.
marrried person: \textit{maliumwesh}.
person, crew: \textit{shoa}.
person, people, folk, human being: \textit{yaremat}1.
thief, robber (lit. stealing person): \textit{maliumwashog}.
ugly person, bad person: \textit{maliunngaw}.
unmarried person, bachelor, spinster: \textit{lipish}.

\textbf{personal names}
Mary: \textit{Maariiya}.
a Woleaian who had fungus first: Sebau.
a legendary founder of a navigational school: Faaluush, Weriyeng.
a legendary ghost of Eauripik: Teraaiu.
a legendary hero: Ruwelimeitiit, Wolofaat, Yool.
a legendary hero in Japan: Mwomwotaro.
a legendary king: Luugoileng.
a legendary king of the sky: Yaliulap.
a legendary thief: Mwashogoshoog.
a legendary woman (wife of Yool): Yaat.
a legendary young man: Sigaalool.
a male divination spirit: Beingeg, Bugolimar, Bugor, Ilagoomal, Ilebai, Ilefauw, Ilemmail, Inifar, Langeperal, Libbul, Lisheoliwel, Magoomweiu, Meseiug, Tegaulap, Tilifeg.
a person: Tooto.
the first inhabitant of Fais: Loarob.

perspiration
perspiration, sweat: mwiyemwiy.

perspire
to sweat, perspire: mwiyemwiy.

persuade
comfort him, persuade him, console him: gashipe.
make him agree, persuade him: gamweshali.
to comfort, apologize, persuade, console: gashipeship.

persuaded
to agree, be persuaded: mweshal.
to be persuaded, convinced: sare-.

persuasion
persuasion (by), appeasement (by): ship1.

Philippines: Maliila, Piseya.
**phonograph**
disk, record, stereo, phonograph: *rekooto*.
record player, phonograph, stereo: *chikongki*.

**photograph**: *litiroat*.
magazine, picture, photograph: *sasiing*.
take his picture, take a photograph of him: *fotografiyi*.

**physician**
doctor, physician, surgeon: *toagota*.

**physiology**
human physiology: *tigirang*.

**pick**
bite it (as of birds, chickens, etc.), pick at it, peck it: *fileey*.
choose it, pick it up, select it: *fili*.
climb it, pick it: *teogi*.
pick it, pluck it (as in picking fruits or flowers): *giliiy2*.
pick it, pluck it, nip it: *feshingi*.
pickax, pick: *turubbas*.
pinch it, pluck it, nip it, pick it up with finger-tips: *fatigi*.
to carry, pick up and move, transport: *rooro*.
to choose, pick up, decide, select: *ffil*.
to climb up, pick: *teoteo*.
to collect, pick up, gather: *gatteiuy*.
to pick (flowers, etc.), pluck: *ffesh*.
to pick (with a fork), plug up, prop, stab: *ttou*.
to pick fruit with a stick: *iyeiy1*.
to pick leaves by hand: *gooiul2*.
to pick up with an instrument such as a fork or a pair of chopsticks: *chib2*.
to pick, dig, make something to come up: *gebra*. 

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to pick, pluck with hands: *gil*$_2$.

to take up, pick up with a fork, a spoon or chopsticks: *ttib*.

**pickax**
pickax, pick: *turubbas*.

**picked**
to be plucked, picked, nipped: *feshingeg*.

**pickles**
Korean pickles, kimchi: *kiimchi*.

**picnic**
tour, picnic, sightseeing: *menaigaag*.

**picture**
crayon, drawing, picture: *sunga*.
image, picture (photograph): *yaiung*.
magazine, picture, photograph: *sasiing*.
picture, image, ghost: *ngel*$_2$.
take his picture, take a photograph of him: *fotograaffiyy*.
to take a picture, take a photograph (of): *fotograaf*.

**piece**
handful, piece: *ut*$_2$.

**pieces**
to be rotten, spoiled, broken into tiny pieces: *mong oung ou*.

**pierce**
hook it, connect it by a fish hook, pierce it with a hook: *geosi*.
make a hole in it, pierce it, dig a hole in it: *ngetali*.
pierce or lance the boil on it, knock it, snap it: *fishi iy*.
scratch him, bruise it, pierce it, tattoo it: *faliuw$_1$*.
spear it, innoculate it, stab it, pierce it with something pointed: 
*touuw*.
stick it in, pierce with it, thrust it into something: *tilifegili*. 
strike it (with a knife), spear it, pierce or stab with something pointed: \textit{ttouuw}.

to pierce boils (with something sharp), knock, snap: \textit{fishifish}\textsubscript{2}.

to pierce, make holes: \textit{ngatengat}.

to spear (fish, etc.), innoculate, stab, pierce with something pointed: \textit{toutou}.

to stick something into (a young coconut), pierce, stab: \textit{togatog}.

\textbf{pierced}

to be hooked, connected, pierced with a hook: \textit{geotag}.

to have a hole, be pierced: \textit{ngat}.

to stick up, jet up, project up, be pierced up: \textit{tiitag}.

\textbf{pig}

pig, hog, boar, sow, swine: \textit{paabiyy}.

pig, hog, swine: \textit{siilo}.

\textbf{pig pen}: \textit{sikeero}.

\textbf{pile}

to pile, form a heap, piled: \textit{woatelag}.

\textbf{piled}

to pile, form a heap, piled: \textit{woatelag}.

\textbf{pilfer}

steal it, pilfer it: \textit{galifa}.

to steal, filch, pilfer: \textit{galifelif}.

\textbf{pillow}: \textit{iliul}.

pillow, support for the head of a sleeping person: \textit{iliung}.

\textbf{pimple}

pimple, papule, pastule: \textit{lor}.

\textbf{pinch}

pinch it: \textit{baikeshiiy}.

pinch it, extract it: \textit{utuuw}.

pinch it, pluck it, nip it, pick it up with finger-tips: \textit{fatigi}.
to pinch: *baikesh*.  

to pinch, give a pinch to: *ffat₃*.  

**pinched**  

to be pinched, cracked: *ban₁*.  

to be stuck (as of a knife into something), get caught, be sandwiched between something, pinched: *ttilifeg*.  

**pine**  

long for it, miss it, yearn after it, pine for it, be willing to do it, be attracted by it, be interested in it, enjoy it: *mesaigeeti*.  

**pine tree**: *lash*.  

a kind of pine tree: *maareta*.  

**pineapple**: *ngeongeor*.  

pandanus, pineapple: *fash*.  

**ping-pong**  

ping-pong, table-tennis: *pimpong*.  

**pink**  

to be red, pink, pinkish: *rowarow*.  

**pinkish**  

to be red, pink, pinkish: *rowarow*.  

(to be) dark red, (become) reddish, pinkish: *ngius*.  

(to be) reddish, pinkish, bloody: *yariushaasha*.  

**pip**  

seed, stone (as in peach stone), pip: *faiul₁*.  

**pipe**  

cone-shaped thing, such as a piece of bamboo or a pipe, used for keeping soft and old hibiscus inside (This is used for stoking a fire.): *gulugul₂*.  

hose, pipe, pump: *poomw*.  

pipe, tube: *paip*.  

**pisonia**
pisonia tree: *mweg*.

**pistol**
pistol, shooter, revolver: *piistoor*.

**pitch**
throw it straight, pitch it straight: *gasouw*₂.
throw it, hurl it, fling it, cast it, pitch it: *ganipiungiuw*.
throw it, pitch it, cast it, hurl it, make him escape: *gasheey*.
to throw (a stone, etc.) at, pitch, hurl or cast something at: *ttar*.
to throw straight, pitch straight: *gasousou*.

**pitcher**
baseball pitcher: *picha*.
glass pitcher: *shuushu*.

**pity**
love it, like it, pity for it: *fageow*.
to love, like, pity for: *ffageo*.

**place**
a place where a Japanese house was located on Woleai: *Kokaito*.
high place, raised place: *tagiyetaat*.
leave it, put it, let it be there, place it: *ligiti*₁.
place it apart, take it apart, separate it: *weey*₁.
place, area: *biuleiu*.
place, this place: *biuleiuga*.
put it, place it: *gabbiuliu*.

**place names**
America: *Mariiken*.
Eastern Lagoon of Woleai: *Lamwolaiyat*.
Eauripik: *Yaurupig*.
Elato: *Yelaat*.
England: *Inngeres*. 
Fais: Faiss.
Falalap in Woleai: Felaalap.
Falalus in Woleai: Felaalius.
Faraulep: Feshaiulap.
Germany: Toichi.
Gilbert Islands: Gilibat.
Hong Kong: Kongkong.
Ifaluk: Ifaliug.
Kapingamarangi: Pigeremaalang.
Lamotrek: Lamwocheg.
Mariana Islands: Mariyaalas.
Marshall Islands: Saliwis.
Mogmog (island in Ulithi): Mwegiumweg.
Nauru: Laaworo.
New Guinea: Metang, Yapisash.
Nukuoro: Liugiuwor.
Okinawa: Kinawa.
Palau: Belaau.
Philippines: Maliila, Piseya.
Ponape: Foalopei.
Pulap in Truk District: Benap1.
Puloanna island in Palau: Bbul.
Pulusuk Island: Soug.
Puluwat Island: Bulowat.
Saipan: Saipel.
Satawal: Satewal.
Sorol: Soroal.
Sulywap: Seliuwap.
Tinian Island: Chiliyal.
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Tobi in Palau District: Gatogobei.
Truk: Shug.
Ulithi: Julitiw.
Western Lagoon of Woleai: Lamwolaital.
Woleai: Weleya.
Wottagai: Wetegaiu.
Yap: Yap.
Yasor in Ulithi: Yasor.
a place on Falalus: Ttipaap.
administrative district in Wottagai: Pigel.
administrative district on Wottagai: Nigepilamw.
an island: Ngeliuw.
area to the west of Truk: Faaishug.
channel between Falalus and Piyal: Tawelap.
district on Sulywap: Faretaiy, Luugolifaliuw, Tabokutiw2.
district on Wottagai: Tabogap2.
eastern end of Falalus: tabokutag.
imaginary island: Gaafurush.
island in Eauripik: Lakitigiit, Pigefas, Siting, Weew, Yetalingel, Yetalipiy.
island in Elato: Kar, Lamwoliyeor, Tewaas, Uleor, Wolotal.
island in Elato and in Welimeraau: Faalipiy.
island in Faraulep: Yatt.
island in Faraulep and Ulithi: Piig.
island in Ifaluk: Felaashig, Yela, Yelangelap.
island in Lamotrek: Biug, Felait.
island in Palau District: Meeriyer, Yengaur.
island in Truk District: Uloul.
island in Ulithi: Faitabol, Fateraiy, Giuwelab, Letow, Lousiyap, Maas, Mweyangeyang, Petangoras, Pigeluug, Sagelaiu, Songoshigishig, Toroilang, Yaiur, Yalimat, Yeew, Yewech, Lamw.


island in Woleai (Tagailap): Tegaiulap.

island in the Hall Islands: Felaaliu.

island in the eastern-most part of Yap District: Pigenoot.

island in the vicinity of Woleai: Welimeraau.

legendary island: Ururuyal.

official name of Nigepilamw: Welimera.

place on Falalap: Paachiug.

place in Woleai: Faiuyeew.


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place on Falalus and Falalap: Faaliyar, Welibiuginw, Welifal, Weluwar.

place on Falalus and Sulywap: Gatiyeppiy, Tabokuweiu, Welifaui.

place on Falalus and Wottagai: Shiussep, Soomat.

place on Falalus, Sulywap and Tagailap: Tabogap1.


place on Sulywap and Falalap: Weliyeiushig.

place on Sulywap and Falalus: Maisheosheo.

place on Sulywap and Wottagai: Tabowat.

place on Tagailap: Faalimweg, Galingelamw, Laalimwar, Leegawe, Siureliu, Weiras.


place on Wottagai and Falalus: Maategitigiit.
place on Wottagai and Sulywap: Faassefang, Maitab.
place on Wottagai, Falalus and Sulywap: Maugoyang.
place where a Japanese house was located on Woleai: Kokaito.
sand-bar in Woleai: Ppiyewaliuwel.
village in Falalap: Wosafeo.
village in Ifaluk: Raawaiu.
village on Falalap: Iyefang, Iyeiur, Leolipelig, Luugolap1.
western end of Falalus: Tabokutuw1.

placed
to be located slightly above the target, be placed upward: toatag.
to rise (sun, moon, etc.), ascend, land, be placed: tegash.

placenta
a part of a female’s womb, afterbirth, placenta: seoiul.

plain
field, plain, open land area: wolaag1.

plan
have a secret plan to do it: bbasiuw.
plan, project, scheme, contemplation: gaagiyeg.
to have a plan (usually a bad one) to do something: bbag1.
to have a secret plan to do something: bbas2.
to plan, behave: wegiteg2.
to plan, project, think, contemplate: gaagiyeg.

plane
airplane (lit. flying vehicle), plane, aircraft: waayal.
airplane, plane: skooki.
four-engine plane: kunsoori.

plank
board, plank, taro-pounding board: yanif.
plank, strake, the planking (of a canoe): *paap₂*.

**planking**
plank, strake, the planking (of a canoe): *paap₂*.

**planning**
behavior, demeanor, planning: *wegiteg₂*.

**plant**: *fat₃*.
plant it, put it in place: *fatogi₁*.
plant set aside for a particular purpose, usually for planting at a new taro patch or new garden: *fatog₂*.
plant, tree: *waliuwel*.
young shoots surrounding an old plant, young plant: *il₄*.
young taro, young taro plants surrounding the parent taro plant, young plant, young one: *tar₅*.

**plant species**
Royal-palm tree: *mal₁*.
Trukese banana: *wishichug*.
a bamboo sp.: *sich*.
a banana sp.: *biungiush, kimooiu, wishibesh, wishilifoalopei, wishital*.
a breadfruit sp.: *sewaig*.
a breadfruit tree sp.: *maichaiiur, maifaay, maifeiuw, mailife-shaiulap, maimwashey, mairaaw, maiselag, maisheosheo, maiyenai, maugoyang, mauali, tagomeliiw, welipomw*.
a coastal tree sp. (*guettarda speciosa*): *ut₁*.
a fern sp. (*nephrolepis biserrata*): *gemaarag*.
a flower sp.: *maripiisa*.
a hard-land plant sp.: *guruwel*.
a hard-land plant sp. (*asplenium nidus*): *iliuniug*.
a hard-land plant sp. (*callicarpa* sp.): *ligetar*.
a hard-land plant sp. (*centella asiatica*): *garegalinal*.
a hard-land plant sp. (*crateva speciosa*): *yafuush*.
a hard-land plant sp. (*crinum sp.*): *giyeb*.
a hard-land plant sp. (*ficus tinctoria*): *gewan*.
a hard-land plant sp. (*hedyotis biflora*): *gobbusal*.
a hard-land plant sp. (*ipomoea littoralis*): *ririy01, shaiuwel*.
a hard-land plant sp. (*piper fragile*): *gatogobei*.
a hard-land plant sp. (*portulaca samoensis*): *gobb*.
a hard-land plant sp. (*pteris tripartita*): *sifiligiuweel*.
a hard-land sp. (*clerodendrum inerme*): *gabi*.
a hard-land tree sp.: *kil2, yaroma*.
a hard-land tree sp. (*cordia subcordata*): *galiuw*.
a hard-land tree sp. (*ficus prolixa*): *giliyaw*.
a hard-land tree sp. (*hernandia sonora*): *goshal2*.
a hard-land tree sp. (*ochrosia oppositifolia*): *umo*.
a hard-land tree sp. (*soulamea amara*): *merat1*.
a hard-land tree sp. (*terminalia catappa*): *kel1*.
a hibiscus sp.: *gilifeolima*.
a mangrove sp.: *shiya*.
a pandanus sp.: *poguw*.
a pandanus tree sp.: *nuuta2*.
a pine tree sp.: *maareta*.
a plant sp.: *gaagolug, peopeo5, waish*.
a seaweed or reed sp.: *soomw*.
a squash sp.: *taruus*.
a strand plant sp.: *burak*.
a strand plant sp. (*ipomoea pes-caprae*): *garebal*.
a strand plant sp. (*scaevola taccada*): *nat*.
a strand plant sp. (*vigna marina*): *gooluw*.
a strand plant sp. (*wedelia biflora*): *wal*.

a strand tree sp. (*calophyllum inophyllum*): *ragish*.

a strand tree sp. (*heliotrope*): *chel*.

a swamp plant sp. (*curcuma*): *yangoshig*.

a swamp plant sp. (*cyperus brevifolius*): *bugoringas*.

a swamp plant sp. (*cyperus odoratus*)): *yaalegeshiliu*.

a swamp plant sp. (*eleusine indica* and *paspalum distichum*): *bugorimwaal*.

a swamp plant sp. (*hedychium coronarium*): *telan*.

a swamp plant sp. (*ludwigia octovalvis*): *gooiul*.

a swamp plant sp. (*ocimum canum*): *wareng*.

a swamp taro sp.: *felaal, liwess, sar*, *talingelap*, *tewaayou*.

a swamp tree sp. (*bruguiera gymnorrhiza*): *song*.

a swamp tree sp. (*lumnitzera littorea*): *wei*.

a sweet coconut sp.: *yatool*.

a taro sp.: *bulag besh, bulegal wal, leeligu, mweliuw, pesheeliyang, sapelaliig, sepaiya, waaligo, wotomweliuw, wotoshal*.

a taro sp. (*alocasia macrorrhiza var.*): *mwashing*, *mweoliuw*, *wotofile*.

a taro sp. (*alocasia macrorrhiza*): *file*.

a tree sp.: *fashetaur, gaasaas, gaayang, ganog, gatoolang, giuwelab, keel, mmash*, *ngeo, pileo, remag, ssoal, yefuush*.

a tree sp. (*erythrina variegata*): *par*.

a tree sp. with red bushy flowers (*ixora casei*): *gashiyou*.

a vine sp.: *gerag*.

a vine sp. (*canavalia cathartica*): *waliumag*.

a white flower sp.: *peobesh*.

a yam sp.: *sep, tog*. 

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a yellow flower sp.: peolang, peorang.
arrownoot (tacca leontopetaloides): mwegiumweg.
banana: wish1.
barringtonia, fish-poison tree: gul3.
betel nut (areca catechu): bbuw.
birs’s nest fern: sheoniug.
breadfruit tree (artocarpus altilis and artocarpus marian-
nensis): mai.
breadfruit tree sp.: nuuta1.
cherry-blossom tree: sakura.
citrus sp.: liumwul.
coconut: liu.
coffee senna (fleurya ruderalis): gefalefal1.
gardenia: yang4.
grass (thuarea involuta or stenotaphrum): fatil.
grasses of several types: bugor.
hernandia: giushel.
hibiscus: gilifeo2.
iron-wood tree (pemphis acidula): gaingiy.
mahogani or kamani tree: sefang.
mangrove: maliil.
morinda: lel.
mountain apple tree (eugenia javanica): faaliyap.
mushroom: talingelipach.
orange: gurugur.
pandanus, pineapple: fash.
papaya: beibaay.
pine tree: lash.
pisonia: mweg.
polypodium: *shiishi₂*.  
premna tree: *yar₃*.  
spider lily, white lily: *giyob*.  
sugar cane: *wou*.  
sweet banana: *wishisukar*.  
sweet potato: *gamwuutiy*.  
taro (*cyrtosperma chamissonis*): *bulag*.  
ti tree: *rish*.  
tomato: *tomaato*.  
vine with bright red berries (*cassytha filiformis*): *tig₂*.  
white morning-glory (*ipomoea tuba*): *gefaamash*.  
young coconut tree: *woloshig*.  

**plants**  
let the plants grow in the place: *gewaliuweliu*.  
(to be) full of plants, bushy: *waliuwel*.  

**plaster**  
adhesive, tape, plaster: *teep₂*.  
plaster it, overlay it with plaster: *gabilibiliiy*.  

**plastered**  
to be plastered, splashed, spread, messy: *bilibil₂*.  
(to be) plastered: *bbil*.  

**plastering**  
plastering of (something): *bbin*.  

**plastic**  
plastic, any article made of plastic: *plaskit*.  

**plate**  
plate or leaf to put fish on: *sheoliig*.  
steel plate, iron plate, sheet iron: *teppang*.  

**platform**
canoe platform supporter: langol yepeep.
ladder, pole, platform, steps: teraap.
leeward platform on a large canoe: yepeep.
platform of a house, stones around the house used to keep the gravel from spreading out: taiif.
platform on the outrigger boom of a canoe: peraf.
platform, outrigger platform of a canoe, storage platform of a house, platform used to smoke fish or meat: fang3.
raised platform made up of rocks (for meeting places or houses): peeì.
raised platform on a big canoe: feolag.
side of a canoe opposite the outrigger, projecting canoe platform: geta.
supporter of a raised platform on a big canoe: pesheelifeolag.

play
dance, play, game: ur.
make it sound, play it (a musical instrument): gattigi.
play with him: gauru2.
to dance, play: ur.
to make noise, whistle with the mouth using the fingers, play (a musical instrument): gattig2.
to play in the current, do a game-like action: likaaiut.

played
to make noise, be played (as of a musical instrument): tittig.

playfully
temporarily, playfully: ke-.

playground: kuraanto.
playground, field, court for basketball, etc.: maag.

playing
to be playing: uruur.
to be playing (a musical instrument), making noises: gattittig.
pleasant
to be happy, glad, rejoice, delightful, pleasant: ker.

please
excuse, please: faal peshee-.
please, will you?, for goodness’ sake: geo2.

plentiful
to be a lot, many, much, numerous, abundant, plentiful: toulap.
(to be) bushy, plentiful, have lots of fruit, have a lot of people:
umwuumw.

pliers
pliers, small pincers in any of various forms for gripping small
objects or bending wire, etc.: penchi.

plough
hoe it, plough it, break it (the ground): kuwaali.
to hoe, hoe up the soil, plough, break ground: kuwa.

plover
plover (smaller than gulung): iliil.

pluck
pick it, pluck it (as in picking fruits or flowers): giliiy2.
pick it, pluck it, nip it: feshingi.
pinch it, pluck it, nip it, pick it up with finger-tips: fatigi.
pull it, draw it, pluck it, tug it, pull it out, take it to pieces, de-
stroy it: taiuw.
to pick (flowers, etc.), pluck: ffesh.
to pick, pluck with hands: gil2.
to pull, draw, tug, pluck: taiuteiu.

plucked
to be plucked, picked, nipped: feshingeg.

plug
fill it compactly or tightly, plug it up, squeeze it, mix it: *gangiutiui*.

patch it (a hole), plug it, tap it: *pileta2*.

plug it up, block it up, stop it up: *gapiuniuw*.

plug it up, stop it up, block it up: *gapiuniu*.

to pick (with a fork), plug up, prop, stab: *ttou*.

**plugged**

to be full, filled compactly, plugged up, stuffed up: *ngiut*.

to be plugged up, constipated, stopped up: *piun*.

(to be) plugged up, constipated: *gapiun*.

**plumeria**: *seiur, seoiur*.

**plunge**

to dive in, jump into water, plunge into water: *tuulong*.

to dive, plunge, jump: *mmwus*.

**pocket**: *bbaketo*.

**point**

point it, direct it: *gatiipaiuw*.

pointed end prow of a canoe, point, cutting edge, projection, representative: *mat2*.

sharp point of a spear: *rumw*.

stick it up, thrust it, push it, point it: *gatiiy*.

to point, direct: *gatiipeiu*.

to point, make stick out: *gatiiti*.

**points**

mark, score, points: *teeng2*.

set the mark on it, mark points on it: *fatenga*.

**poison**

poison, fish poison: *sup*.

**pole**

ladder, pole, platform, steps: *teraap*.
mast of a canoe, tower, pole, school of navigational training: 
  *gaius*.

pole, fishing pole: *bau*.

supporting pole of a house, house post: *siur*.

upper end of a pole: *mesh*.

**policeman**: *poulis*.

**political ties**

formal system of political ties which exist between islands and which is symbolized by exchanges of food and goods: *geo*₃.

**poll**

to vote, ballot, cast a vote, poll: *fout*.

**polygamy**

polygamy type of marriage: *garuwouw*.

**polypodium**

polypodium (a kind of hard-land fern used for leis, love magic, and also grass skirts): *shiishi*₂.

**pomade**: *poomaato*.

**Ponape**: *Foalopei*.

**ponder**

think it, ponder it, consider it: *yagiyy*.

to think, ponder, consider, maneuver, concentrate on: *yagiyyeg*.

to think, remember, consider, ponder, expect: *mangimeng*.

**poor**

to be bad, worse, poor, foul, base, inferior: *nngaw*.

to be poor: *kuuli*.

(to be) imperfect in doing something, clumsy, sloppy, poor: *yan-ngenngaw*.

(to be) poor, needy, destitute: *geffageo*.

**poor people**

needy people, poor people: *kuuli*.
pop
make it pop up: gassigi.
to jump, whirl, chip up, pop up, skip: ssig.

Pope: Paapa.

popular
(to be) popular, socially well accepted: seshaafiy.

porpoise
a kind of porpoise or whale: moasooos.
porpoise, porpoise-like tattoo: giuw₂.

porridge
gruel, porridge, usually made from bananas or preserved or plain breadfruit: shel.

portion
one portion (of fish, wood, etc.) which is cut off and distributed: sebulog.
sliced portion: shilinig.

portmanteau
suitcase, case for carrying clothes, trunk, portmanteau: terangku.

pose
appearance, pose, feature: gaus.

possess
cause him to possess something: gabugotagota.
own (the land) permanently, possess it: faliuweli.
own it, possess it (a canoe): waali.
own it, possess it, become the owner of it: yaali.
possess it as home, own it as one’s estate: bugotali.
to own, have, possess (permanently): -li₂.

possessive classifier
possessive classifier for anointing oil: gapita-, gapite-.
possessive classifier for bait: *paa*-1.
possessive classifier for bracelets: *lega*.-
possessive classifier for caught objects: *golaaya*.-
possessive classifier for children, domestic animals, toys, tools, etc.: *laiu*.-
possessive classifier for coverings such as sheets, mosquito-nets and raincoats: *gouse*.-
possessive classifier for drinkable objects: *iuliuma*.-
possessive classifier for dwellings or sleeping places: *imwa*.-
possessive classifier for ear-rings: *shiuwa*.-
possessive classifier for food: *gale*, *gela*.-
possessive classifier for general objects: *yaa*.-
possessive classifier for honored males: *tema*-2.
possessive classifier for islands: *faliuwe*.-
possessive classifier for land property: *bugota*.-
possessive classifier for leis: *mware*.-
possessive classifier for long, slender objects such as sticks, canes and spears: *sogo*.-
possessive classifier for mats: *giliya*.-
possessive classifier for men’s houses: *fale*.-
possessive classifier for places to stay: *laniya*.-
possessive classifier for raw food such as eggs, fish, meat, apples, oranges, papayas, bananas, ghosts: *goshaa*.-
possessive classifier for shoes: *lokaa*.-
possessive classifier for skirts: *sifi*.-
possessive classifier for spare things: *geoliuigu*.-
possessive classifier for taro-patches: *beliu*.-
possessive classifier for vehicles: *waa*.-
possessive classifier for water wells (only for taking a shower): *shaliu*.-
to be able to get through, be possible: tawe.
to be possible, capable: yog1.
to be possible, good, able: mmwel.

**post**
king post of roof: bot1.
put a post under it, give support to it: siura.
supporting pole of a house, house post: siur.
**post office**: pos.

**posture**
gesture (as in a dance), posture: pomw1.

**pot**
cooking pot, kettle: kaama2.
cooking pot, iron pot, kettle: raw.

**potato**
sweet potato: gamwuutiy.

**pound**
pound it: bbooli.
pound it, beat it, hit it, hammer it: siugi.
to pound: bbo.
to pound (taro) mixing boiled coconut milk: gebabb.
to pound, beat, hit, hammer: sius.
to splash, pound, hit: gaselaab.
to stomp, stamp on, pound, strike or thrust the foot forcibly or noisily downward: faalig.

**pounded**: gebabb.

**pounder**
pounder, pounding stone: faiuliubbo.

**pounding**
pounding stone: bbo.
**pour**
make it hit, cause it to bump (against), pour it, spill it: *gasere.*
pour it (as in pouring water from a bottle into a cup): *gaki.*
pour it, spill it: *galiya.*
pour it, spill it, bottom it up: *gasuuw.*
to drop, drip, trickle, pour, drizzle: *ssob.*
to emerge, come out slowly, pour out (of sweat): *ttiung.*
to pour, fill: *gaauwel.*
to pour, spill: *galiyeliy, gasesser.*
to spill, pour: *gasuusu.*
to trickle, pour, drizzle: *sseb.*

**poured**
to be poured, rushed out, discharged: *ki₃.*

**powder**
apply powder on him: *chechenga.*
to apply (yellow) powder: *chechang.*
turmeric, yellow or orange-colored baby powder: *rang₁.*

**power**
miracle, power: *kemal.*

**powerful**
to be strong, powerful: *maamaaw.*
(to be) powerful: *kemal.*

**practice**
practice, exercise, training, drill, rehearsal: *rensu.*
to take exercise, to practice, train, drill: *rensu.*

**pray**
pray for him, worship him: *maipila.*
to pray: *maipil.*
to pray with a rosary: *roosaariyo.*
prayer
prayer, chant, religious offering: maipil.

preach
advise him, preach him, talk to him: felaiuw.
preach, discipline, sermon: felaiu.

precede
go ahead of it (or someone), precede it: mmwa.

precious
(to be) loved, precious, of high value, cherished, special: shang.

predict
to predict the weather: geman1.

prefix
causative prefix: ga-1, ka-1.
nominal or verbal prefix: ga-3, likaa-.
nominal prefix: la-2, le-, li-, ni-, re-, tau-.
numeral prefix: ga-2.
plural prefix: ka-2.
reciprocal prefix attached to ngal ‘to’ and tang ‘away from’: fe-.
verbal prefix: che-, gaa-, ke-, liugiu-2, piti-.
verbal prefix, describing the state of a thing or an event in an opposite way: fari-.
verbal prefix, making the verb negative: ta-.

pregnancy
pregnancy sickness: paawol1.

pregnant
to be pregnant: ub2.
to be pregnant, conceive: siyal.

premature
(to be) immature or premature (of coconut stocks, in the process of making tuba): gaiumengiush.

**premna**
premna tree: yar₃.

**preparations**
to make preparations, wait cautiously: gefalefal₂.

**prepare**
have it ready, prepare it: gemalemela₂.
to prepare, test, look for, finish, complete: geman₂.

**prepared**
to be ready, prepared: tap₃.

**present**
gift, present: gefangefang.
going-away present, cloth or lavalava given to a person who is going on a journey: gapeopeo.
present this way, give hither, furnish this way: ttog₂.

**presents**
to give away one’s valuable things during a dance ceremony, give away dancing presents: gepaar₂.

**preserved**
to be saved, preserved, kept, have marginal saving, stored, hoarded: tau₃.

**preserved breadfruit:** buurou, mar₁.
preserved breadfruit, preservation of breadfruit: pamuchi.
small rounded preserved breadfruit which is cooked in coconut milk: libbigil.
small wrapping of preserved breadfruit cooked in an underground oven: kootiya.
to make preserved breadfruit: mar₁.
to make wrapping of cooked preserved breadfruit: kootiya.
press
give a massage to him, press it: shoashoaw.
press it, give massage to him: shoangi.
squeeze it, press it hard (in order to extract liquid, juice, etc.): wongiti.
squeeze it, press it, wring it, extract it: fiyengi.
to crunch, be crunchy, chew with a noisy, crackling sound, press, grind, tread, etc. with a noisy sound: siungeriunger.
to hurry, press, urge, tempt: gewaiwei.
to press, give a massage to: shoashoa2.
to squeeze, press hard: wongiwong.
to squeeze, press, wring, extract: fiyefiy1.
urge him, press him, tempt him, make him hurry up: gewaiiy.

pressed
to be pressed, flattened, squeezed: shoangag.
to be squeezed, pressed, wrung, extracted: fiyengag.

pressure
to be under physical pressure, to be squeezed: bett.

pretend
ascribe it (erroneously) to someone, pretend that it belongs to someone: iufa.
pretend it: gemassigachiuw.
pretend it (something): gemassi.
to ascribe something (erroneous) to someone, pretend: iuf2.
(to be) indifferent, pretend to have no interest: gassiung.
to pretend, cheat, deceive: gachepar.

pretentious
to be impudent, conceited, pretentious, cocky: naamaiki.

pretty
(to be) beautiful, pretty: kemwatiyetiy.
(to be) beautiful, pretty, good-looking, fancy: ning.
(to be) good, pretty, nice, super, superior: gach₂.
(to be) pretty, good, beautiful: gemwatiyeti.

**prevent**
prevent it, block it, hinder it, obstruct it, stop it: gatiweli.

**price**
price, value: paliuwa-.

**pride:** bbag₂, faasiu.
to show off, boast, give oneself airs, talk big, pride oneself upon, boastful: gatiig.

**priest**
missionary, priest, Catholic father: paatere.

**prison**
prison, jail: kaalebuus.

**probable**
to be common, likely, habitual, probable: nam.
to be probable: teosh.
to be true, sure, settled, set, certain, probable: tiwegil.

**probably**
perhaps, maybe, probably: mali.
probably, supposedly: teos₂.

**problem**
problem, thing to be concerned about, issue: gootou.

**procession**
to walk in line, form a procession: getal.

**profession**
confession, profession, admission: puwaafaai.

**prohibit**
forbid it, prohibit it (something) with regard to a funeral ceremony, etc.: sapeta.
prohibited

to be forbidden, prohibited: sapet.
to be prohibited by taboo, restricted by taboo: tab3.

project

plan, project, scheme, contemplation: gaagiyeg.
to plan, project, think, contemplate: gaagiyeg.
to stick out, jet out, project: ti1.
to stick up, jet up, project up, be pierced up: tiitag.

promise

promise, swear: kekepal.
to promise, swear: kekepal.

prop

to pick (with a fork), plug up, prop, stab: ttou.

proper

(to be) proper, right, decided, determined: fil.

proper stage

(to be) at the proper stage of development (as of coconut stocks), at the right time for harvesting, ready: mwaamwa.

property

property left by a deceased person, inheritance, legacy: peiraag.

property, belonging, thing: gapiteg.

proportion

size, proportion: iureiur.

proportionate

to be proportionate, in proportion to: iureiur.

prosperous

to be prosperous, wealthy, rich, win: win.

protect

protect him, support him: geoliugiu.
protect it, save it: *gemalo.*
to guard it, protect it, defend it: *poosuuw.*
to guard, protect, defend: *poos.*

**protected**
protected by magic: *touber.*

**protector**
protector, supporter: *geoliug.*

**Protestant**
Protestant (any Christian not belonging to the Roman Catholic or Orthodox Eastern Churches): *Proostaan.*

**proud**
to be proud (referring to a sweetheart): *bbag2.*
to be proud of it (thinking about accomplishing a goal): *bbagiuw.*
(to be) proud, boastful: *faasiu.*
(to be) proud, inspired, show off: *cheifaas.*
to have romantic love, be proud of a friend: *baiu.*

**provisions**
provisions for a voyage, food supply or rations for a long trip: *paiu3.*

**prow**
end-piece of a canoe, prow: *pach2.*
part of the prow of a canoe: *seelaang.*
pointed end prow of a canoe, point, cutting edge, projection, representative: *mat2.*

**puberty**
female of puberty to post puberty: *rigcoat.*

**pubescence**
pubescence, pubescent girl (who is at the stage immediately before the first menstruation): *ulut1.*
**pubic**
female’s pubic area, female’s groin or private parts: *pur.*

male’s pubic area, male’s groin or private parts: *pas.*

**pubic hair:** *gor.*

**Pulap**
Pulap in Truk District: *Benap₁.*

**pull**
make it tight, pull it to make it tight: *legiuw.*

open it with fingers (referring to vagina), pull it apart: *tafiiy.*

pull back the foreskin of it, circumcise it: *giureey.*

pull it (something) up, move it (something) up, lift it, take it apart: *teragi.*

pull it apart very tightly: *gettafi.*

pull it loose, pull it off, draw it down, tug it: *tefingi.*

pull it tightly, draw it taut: *gemaina.*

pull it up, tug (on) it: *lugosi.*

pull it up, uproot it, extract it: *wiiy.*

pull it, drag it, launch it, strike it (as to strike a flint with a file in order to catch fire from sparks): *iuriu.*

pull it, draw it, pluck it, tug it, pull it out, take it to pieces, destroy it: *taiuw.*

pull it, make it tight, be pulling it: *legiulegiuw.*

to drag, pull, launch, strike, push: *iuriur.*

to open (vagina), pull apart: *tafitef₁.*

to pull loose, pull off, draw down, tug: *tefitef.*

to pull to make tight, tie: *legiuleg.*

to pull up, remove: *tettar₂.*

to pull, draw: *tettal₂.*

to pull, draw, pull something from a group: *iuliul₁.*

to pull, draw, tug, pluck: *taiuteiu.*
to pull, tug, draw, drag, trail: *lug*.
to pull, uproot, extract: *wiiwi*.
tug it, pull it, pull and fold it: *tali*.
yank it, pull it, extract it with a quick vigorous movement: *sefingi*.

**pulled**
to be opened (of vagina), pulled apart: *ttaf*.
to be pulled by a rope which is tied to a rock, warp: *gashiuwefaiu*.
to be pulled quickly, be surprised: *ssef*.
to be pulled up, peeled back, raised up: *taregag*.
to be pulled up, uprooted, extracted: *wiiteg*.
to be yanked, jerked, pulled: *sefingeg*.
(to be) pulled back (as of the foreskin), circumcised: *kiur*.
(to be) pulled loose, fall off, drawn down, tugged: *tefingeg*.

**Puloanna**
Puloanna in Palau District: *Bbul*.

**pulp**
gum, sap, glue, pulp: *bilis*.

**Pulusuk**
Pulusuk Island: *Soug*.

**Puluwat**: *Bulowat*.

**pump**
bail water out of it, pump water of it: *gammeta*₂.
hose, pipe, pump: *poomw*.
pump it, raise or move it (fluid) with a pump, apply force to it with a pumping, up-and-down motion: *poomwuuw*.
to bail, pump out: *gemmat*₁.
to pump (water, etc.): *poomw*.

**pumped**
(to become) low-tide, bailed (of water), pumped: mmat₂.

**pumpkin**
squash, pumpkin: galebaas.

**puncture**
puncture, flat tire: pangku.

**punish**
punish him, fine him: bakiinga.

**punished**
to be punished, to be fined: bakiing.

**punishment**
fine, punishment: bakiing.

**pure**
(to be) clear, pure, real: ffat₂.

**purlin**
eave purlin of a house: gapiliweiu.
end-wall eave purlin of a house: gapilipiing.
end-wall thatch purlin of a house: gaapengagilinipiing.
mid purlin of a house: luugoligapengag.
purlin battens of a house: yaw₂.
purlin of a house: gaapengag.
thatch purlin of a house: gaapilal.

**purse**: betau, boorsa.
basket or purse made up of pandanus leaves: geigash.
capacious purse made of woven coconut leaves, usually used by old people: betau tug.
purse (for male and female) made of woven coconut leaves: betaul geliuw.
purse made of woven coconut leaves: betau giliy.
Yapese purse: betaul Yap.

**pursue**
chase it, follow it, pursue after it: \textit{faiuw}2.

chase it, pursue after it, run after it: \textit{faachageey}.

chase it, pursue it, follow him: \textit{shageey}.

to chase, pursue: \textit{chag}1.

to chase, pursue, run after: \textit{faachag}.

\textbf{pus:} \textit{laal}2.

to have pus in a scratch or wound: \textit{mmash}3.

to have pus, be contaminated with pus: \textit{laal}2.

\textbf{push}

make it compact, compress it, squeeze it, push it: \textit{gatiya}.

push it with tremendous force, shove it: \textit{pariungiu}1.

push it, move it, shove it: \textit{seigi}.

push it, shove it, thrust it, jostle it: \textit{tiingi}.

stick it up, thrust it, push it, point it: \textit{gatiyi}.

to drag, pull, launch, strike, push: \textit{iuriur}.

to move an object back and forth, push, shove: \textit{seisei}.

to push forcibly, shove: \textit{pariuper}1.

to push, shove, thrust, jostle: \textit{tiiti}.

to thrust (against), push against something, force one’s way: \textit{nap}2.

\textbf{pushed}

to be squeezed, pushed, packed, jammed: \textit{tiy}.

\textbf{put}

carry on the head, put on the head: \textit{pariuper}2.

fasten it with a \textit{natto}, screw it on with a \textit{natto}, put a \textit{natto} on it: \textit{nattooli}.

gather them together, put them together, collect them together: \textit{iuyelifenganiiy}.

leave it, put it, let it be there, place it: \textit{ligiti}1.
lift it up, elevate it, put it up: *tarofi*.
put him down: *gawolootiw*.
put it in a box: *kaagoola*.
put it in the basket: *shiugiuw*.
put it on the head, carry it on the head: *pariungiu₂*.
put it, keep it, store it: *iseli*.
put it, place it: *gabbiuliu*.
put something under it: *langoow*.
remove it, move it, transfer it, put it: *gateow₁*.
set it down, put him down: *gematto*.
stick it, thrust it, put it into: *gameta₁*.
to be put up (as of a sail), raised, hoisted: *iuriutag*.
to put (things) down, set aside, leave: *ligilig*.
to put (water) in one’s mouth, suck, gobble, slurp: *gumwugumw*.
to put down the sail, lower the sail: *niutiw*.
to put, keep, store: *iseis*.
to stick, thrust, put something into: *ttiyeg*.
wear it (cloth or clothes), put it on: *mengaaguuw*. 
quantity
amount, quantity, size: *tou*.

quarrel
to quarrel, argue: *gaangiyaw*.

question
ask him, question him: *gassiya*.
question him, investigate it, search it: *gattiugeow*.
question, interrogation: *gassi*.
to ask, question, interrogate: *gassi*.
to question, investigate, search for the truth: *gattiugeo*.

quick
to be rapid, quick, fast, unfit: *selesel*.
(to be) active, quick in physical movement, lively: *mwetange-taang*.

quiet
(to be) quiet, silent (as in water), gentle (as in a good personality): *maliuweliuw*.

quietly
quietly, still: *stiil*.

quiver
to shake, move irregularly to and fro, quiver: *mwaiushiush*.
race: gagurumw.

to race: likikirimw.

to race, take part in a competition of speed, run a race: gagurumw.

**racket**

to make a racket, make unnecessary noise: gachorong.

radio: raasiwo.
dispatch, radio, telegram, cablegram: teempo.

raft: feofat.

rafter

diagonal struts of a house, oblique brace across rafters of a canoe: itebut.

rage

anger, indignation, rage, fury, wrath: ssoong.

ragged

to be torn, ragged (said of woven materials, papers, cloth, mats, etc.): feingeg.

rail

rail, track: kelaisal.

rain: ut₃.

rain, rainfall, rainwater: yaroiut₁.

rain, rainfall, shower, down-pour: goshou.
**rain-storm**

Typhoon, rain-storm, wind: *lang*₂.

**rainbow**: *laiuliyar*.

**raincoat**: *sikeeta*.

Plastic raincoat: *kappa*.

**raise**

Care for it, raise it (child, pet, plant, etc.): *fagola*.

Lift it with an instrument, raise it: *shibeti*.

Lift it with hands, raise it: *shifeti*.

Raise him, rear him: *gatogo*.

Raise it, grow it, rear it: *gatumwulo*.

To lift with the hands, raise: *shifeshif*.

**raised**

To be lifted up, taken up, raised: *shibetag*.

To be pulled up, peeled back, raised up: *taregag*.

To be put up (as of a sail), raised, hoisted: *iuriutag*.

(to be) rolled, raised with supporters: *lang*₅.

To grow, be raised: *fagol*₂.

**rake**

To claw, rake, seize, dig with (as if with claws): *wet*₂.

**random**

To occur at random, do randomly, behave without discretion, be rough: *tatiwegil*.

**randomly**

Randomly, arbitrarily, haphazardly, hit-or-miss: *tatiwegil*.

**rape**

To rape, ravish, violate: *gemaiu*.

**raped**

To slip under a heavy load, be raped: *iuriur*.
rapid
to be rapid, quick, fast, unfit: selesel.
(to be) swift, be rapid, flow fast: kir.
rat
rat, mouse: gesh.
rather
rather, somewhat, reasonably, sensibly: us.
rather, unexpectedly: far4.
ration
distribute it, divide it, ration it, deal it out: iletiiy.
distribute it, ration it: gaileti.
to distribute, divide, ration, deal out: ilet.
rationally
rationally, with careful consideration, reasonably: toashig.
ravish
to rape, ravish, violate: gemaiu.
raw
sliced raw fish, sliced raw meat: sasimi.
(to be) raw, not cooked, new: yemat.
(to be) raw, unripe, uncooked (with regard to fruit): maaraw1.
to eat raw (fish, meat, etc.): goshoash2.
to eat raw, raw: sasimi.
rayfish
a kind of rayfish: fairiyap, faiygegetaf.
a kind of rayfish (manta alfredi): mwura.
a kind of rayfish (taeiura brocki): faiyelisheoliligifeo.
rayfish (general term): faiy2.
razor blade: reesa.
reach
reach for it, touch it: *yengasi*.
reach it, arrive at it, land on it: *tiwegi*.
to arrive, land, come ashore, be safe home, reach in good condition: *tog2*.
to arrive, reach: *seer*.
to arrive, reach, land: *gola2, il1*.
to stick one’s hand out, reach out for, extend one’s hand (giving or taking something): *yang2*.
to touch, take, reach for, get ready for: *gettap*.
touch it, put a hand on it, reach it, get ready for it: *gattepa*.

**reach out**
reach out for it, wish for it: *changeeti*.
to reach out for, reach out without touching, be short of, be greedy for food: *chang1*.

**read**
read it: *geragi*.
to read, be reading: *geragireg*.
to read, recite: *riit*.

**readily**
easily, readily: *gaa-*.
usually, readily, habitually, expertly, often: *tau1*.

**ready**
have it ready, prepare it: *gemalemela2*.
to be aware of it, ready, familiar with it: *tipeneg*.
to be ready: *malemal2*.
to be ready, prepared: *tap3*.
to be strong, ready to eat, ripe, mature, mellow: *maaw*.
(to be) at the proper stage of development (as of coconut stocks), at the right time for harvesting, ready: *mwaamwa*.
(to be) finished, completed, ready: *man3*. 

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(to be) ready to be picked (as of breadfruit), ripe: masow3.

(to be) safe, secure, ready: liyetag.

to get ready (for something): gemalemal.

to touch, take, reach for, get ready for: gettap.

touch it, put a hand on it, reach it, get ready for it: gattega.

will (shall, need, would, should, must) immediately, to be ready to: bel3.

will immediately, to be ready to (do): bele.

real

make it become real: gefauw.

to be true, real, sure: teos1.

(to be) clear, pure, real: fflat2.

(to be) true, sure, reliable, real: net1.

reality

truth, fact, reality: net1.

really

absolutely, completely (lit. body of), really: galongal.

rear

raise him, rear him: gatogo.

raise it, grow it, rear it: gatumwulo.

(the) behind, after, backside, rear: mwiri-.

reason: bame.

because, as, for the reason that: bon, bon be.

cause, reason: bel2, ter.

reason, benefaction, cause, due to, because of: yagi-.

reasonably

rather, somewhat, reasonably, sensibly: us.

rationally, with careful consideration, reasonably: toashig.

recalled
to be recalled, occur to one’s mind: *mangitog*.

to recite

sing it, recite it, relate it, verbalize it: *rongiiy*.
to read, recite: *riit*.
to sing, recite, relate, verbalize: *rongirong*.

to reckon

count it, reckon it, enumerate it, number it: *wetagi*.
to count, reckon, enumerate, number: *watewat*.

recognize

guess it, recognize it: *gagila*.

recognized

to be clear, seen clearly, recognized: *gil*.

recommendation

advice, counsel, recommendation, suggestion: *folofol*.

record

disk, record, stereo, phonograph: *rekooto*.
record it (with a tape-recorder): *teepiiy*.

record player

record player, phonograph, stereo: *chikongki*.

recover

to recover (from sickness): *chib*.
to recover from crying or anger: *ship*.

recovering

to be recovering from crying or anger: *chipeship*.
to be recovering slowly: *chichib*.

red

make it red: *gechaali*.
red part of fish flesh: *yariusha*.
to be red: *rowaas*.
to be red, pink, pinkish: rowarow.
(to be) dark red, (become) reddish, pinkish: ngius.
(to be) red, bloody: cha.
to become red, be reddening: checha.

reddening
to become red, be reddening: checha.

reddish
a reddish mark which resulted from burning: bbey2.
make it bloody, make it reddish: geyariushaashaali.
(to be) dark red, (become) reddish, pinkish: ngius.
(to be) reddish, pinkish, bloody: yariushaasha.
to turn reddish: bbey2.

reduce
make them small, diminish it, reduce it: gakiti.

reed
a kind of seaweed, a kind of reed: soomw.

reef
a kind of yellow coral reef, a kind of coral (yellow, itchy kind): yautong.
reef sticking out from an island, outside curved projection: bi-ugiuw.
reef where fishes usually stay: gefat1.
reef which lies far below the surface but which is recognized by a large number of birds that feed above it: faiuteiurang.
reef, coral, lime: wosh.
yellow reef, yellow coral: woshorang.

referee
umpire, referee: yampaang.

reflect
think it, think about it, consider it, reflect on it: liuwaneey.
refrain
to stop, halt, refrain, pause, be silent: ppaiu.

refuse
garbage, dirt, rubbish, refuse: pes.

register
register him, sign up for him: saaina.
to register, sign up: saain.

regret
to regret, miss, repent: niyefiyef2.

regulation
word, language, speech, rule, regulation: kepat.

rehearsal
practice, exercise, training, drill, rehearsal: rensu.

reindeer: meloash.

reiterate
to repeat, keep calling, reiterate: yapiyep.

rejoice
to be happy, glad, rejoice, delightful, pleasant: ker.

relate
sing it, recite it, relate it, verbalize it: rongiyy.
to sing, recite, relate, verbalize: rongirong.

relationship: teo3.

relatives
relatives, kinsmen or kinswomen: rebugota-.

relax
to rest, relax: gaseoseo.

relaxed
to be relaxed, slackened, enervated: gachebal.

release
loosen it up, release it from restraint: *gabela*.
to release little by little: *selaik*.

**reliable**
(to be) true, sure, reliable, real: *net₁*.

**relieve**
go to the toilet, relieve oneself (lit. make oneself light): *gappela*.

**relieved**
to have a narrow escape, be saved, relieved, rescued: *tour₁*.

**religious ceremony**
to perform a religious ceremony in which one throws spears, rocks, etc. toward a menstrual house to protect a new-born baby from evil ghosts: *touber*.

**reluctant**
make him reluctant: *gechauw₁*.
to be unwilling to go (especially on a long voyage), reluctant: *chau₁*.

**rely**
lean on it, rely on it, depend upon it: *gafelagiiy*.

**remain**
to remain in the bottom (as *piigu* remains in the bottom of tuba): *sog₂*.

**remainder**
remainder, extra, remnant: *par₁*.

**remaining**
continuation, remaining: *shiuwe-*.

**remember**
remember it (in his stomach instead of his mind): *segali*.
think about it, remember it: *niuniuwaneey*.
think it, think about it, expect it, remember it: *mangiiy*.
to think, remember: *niuniwan*.
to think, remember, consider, ponder, expect: **mangimeng**.

**remnant**
dregs or remnant of tuba: **piigu**.
remainder, extra, remnant: **par**

**remove**
make it move away, chase it away, remove it, get rid of it, fire him: **gashiwa**.
move it, remove it, shift it: **gauru**
remove it, eliminate it, get rid of it: **rasi**.
remove it, move it, transfer it, put it: **gateow**
remove it, take it off: **bili**
strip it off, remove it: **gatiwe**.
to move things around (as in a chess game), remove, transfer: **gateoteo**.
to pull up, remove: **tet**
to remove (by using an instrument as in removing the meat of sea clams), get rid of, eliminate: **rasires**.
to remove, eliminate, get rid of: **chechas**.
to strip off, remove: **katiw**.
uncover it, unwrap it, take it off, remove it (the natural wrapper of a coconut tuba, etc.): **mangoshongoshwo**.

**removed**
to be in the process of being removed, become loose: **bbib-biliteg**.
to be loosened, removed: **biliteg**.
to be removed, suspended, overhang: **kashiuw**.
(to be) taken off (of the natural wrapper of a coconut tuba, etc.), uncovered, unwrapped, removed: **mangoshongosh**.
to break away from the main body, chip off the main part, come off, be removed from something: **tip**.

**rend**
rip it, tear it, rend it, destroy it: \textit{gatecha}.

rip it, tear it, rend it, destroy it, break it: \textit{gatera}.

to rip, tear, rend, destroy: \textit{getach}.

to rip, tear, rend, destroy, be breaking, destroyed: \textit{gatettar}.

\textbf{rent}

to be ripped off, torn, rent, cut apart: \textit{ttaaring}.

\textbf{repeat}

to repeat, keep calling, reiterate: \textit{yapiyep}.

\textbf{repeatedly}

to carry continuously, carry repeatedly: \textit{gaapiyep}.

\textbf{repent}

to regret, miss, repent: \textit{niyefiyef}_2.

\textbf{replace}

change it, replace it: \textit{liiweliiy}.

change it, replace it, substitute it: \textit{galiweliiy}.

\textbf{replaced}

to be changed, replaced: \textit{liiwel}.

\textbf{replacement}

its replacement, its substitute: \textit{liiwen}.

substitute, replacement: \textit{sogosog}_2.

\textbf{reply}

answer him, reply to him, respond to him: \textit{paliuweli}.

\textbf{representative}

pointed end prow of a canoe, point, cutting edge, projection, representative: \textit{mat}_2.

representative, delegate: \textit{metaliyaloo-}.

\textbf{request}

ask him for something, request him to give something: \textit{tin-garoow}.

to imply, hint, suggest, make an indirect request: \textit{gatibetib}.
to request, ask for, beg for: *tingar.*

**rescued**
to have a narrow escape, be saved, relieved, rescued: *tour₁.*

**resemble**
compare him to, liken him to, think him to resemble: *gawe.*
resemble him, take after him: *liyoosali.*
resemble him, take after him, look like him, be similar to him: *pagiuw.*
resemble it, be similar to it, be the same as it: *weey₂.*
to be alike, resemble each other: *weeweefengan.*
to resemble, be alike in appearance, be the same, similar: *weewe.*

**reside**
to stay, exist, reside: *log.*

**residence**
traditional or recognized residence of a chiefly lineage, main house: *yeraw.*

**residium**
dregs, lees, residium, waste part of tuba: *boora.*

**resistant**
to be durable, unbreakable, resistant, rigid: *ngiut.*
to endure, be resistant, last long: *gosh₃.*

**respect**
respect him, honor him, revere him: *gasorouuw.*
respect, humility toward a chief: *sorou.*
to show esteem, honor, revere or respect: *gassorou.*

**respond**
answer him, reply to him, respond to him: *paliuweli.*
oppose it, object to it, respond to it: *gepaliuweliiy.*

**responsibility**
responsibility, one who is responsible for: *usuua*.  
**responsible**
be responsible for it: *lemali*.
keep it, be responsible for it: *geoli*.
to be responsible for: *lamelam*.
**rest**
to lean (against, on), rest (against): *ilaat*.
to lean against, rest (against): *gailaat*.
to rest, relax: *gaseoseo*.
to take a break, take a rest, stop working: *yasimi*.
**restore**
revive him, restore him to life, resuscitate him: *ganngesa*.
**restrict**
forbid it, restrict it, ban it, make it taboo: *getabu*.
put up a sign on it, restrict it, forbid it: *meshangiuw*.
restrict him, limit it: *gefali*.
restrict it (an area), forbid it: *yattemweiuw*.
restrict it, forbid it, limit it: *ganimeshangiuw*.
restrict it, limit it, set a limit to it, forbid it: *melangiuw*.
separate it, partition it, restrict it: *gaiyemweiuw*.
set a limit to it, restrict it: *fisha*.  
to put up a sign, forbid by putting up a sign, forbidden, restrict:  
*meshang*.
to restrict (a certain area for visiting, etc.), forbid: *yattemweiu*.
**restricted**
to be prohibited by taboo, restricted by taboo: *tab*.
(to be) forbidden, restricted: *pees*.
(to be) restricted, forbidden, limited: *ganimeshang*.
(to be) restricted, limited, forbidden: *melang*.  

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(to be) restricted, stay away from impure things, keep away from eating certain foods: fal₄.

(to be) separated, partitioned, restricted: iyemwoi.

**restriction**

taboo, ban, ritual restriction protected by supernatural sanction (marked by a taboo sign): tab₃.

taboo, restriction: pil.

taboo, restriction (in terms of food): pees.

taboo, social restriction: falitemwar.

**restroom**

toilet, restroom: kelaisiis.

**result**

its result, its outcome, its consequence, its effect: toowaiul₁.

result of, outcome of, consequence of, effect of: toowaiul₂.

result, benefit, usage, worth, value: pilaa-.

result, outcome, consequence: toowaiu.

**resuscitate**

revive him, restore him to life, resuscitate him: ganngesa.

**retain**

to keep it, retain it: isal.

**return**

make him go back, return him, send him back: gatefaali.

to return, go back, come back: tefaal.

to turn, return, shift (of wind): tagun.

**reveal**

to disclose, reveal, betray: gapetaag.

**revealed**

to be revealed, disclosed: baatag.

**revere**
respect him, honor him, revere him: gasorouuw.
to show esteem, honor, revere or respect: gassorou.

**revive**
revive him, restore him to life, resuscitate him: ganngesa.
to breathe, revive, exhale: nngas.

**revolve**
to circle, go round, revolve, rotate, move round: faaliyel.

**revolver**
pistol, shooter, revolver: piistoor.

**rib**
rib, costa: ragerag.

**rice**: koome, peraas.
cooked rice which is compressed into a bunch: ningerimes.
huge bag of rice, long and large bag: naangkimmai.

**rice-cooker**: ganngo, sanngo.

**rich**
to be prosperous, wealthy, rich, win: win.
to climb up, be rich: teotag.
to climb, move, be rich: teo₁.

**rid**
clear it (ground, court, etc.), get rid of obstructions or entanglements from it: melati.
make it move away, chase it away, remove it, get rid of it, fire him: gashiuwa.
remove it, eliminate it, get rid of it: rasi.
to remove (by using an instrument as in removing the meat of sea clams), get rid of, eliminate: rasires.
to remove, eliminate, get rid of: chechas.

**ride**
ride it, sail in it: tageey.
to ride: tettag.

**ridgepole**
main ridgepole of a house, primary ridgepole: ungelap.
middle ridgepole of a house, secondary ridgepole: ungeshig.
ridgepole of a house, ceiling: ung2.
upper ridgepole, thatch rafter ridgepole: sogoram.

**rifle**
gun, rifle, musket, arms: pak2.

**right**
is that so?, right?: gare.
right hand, right hand side: paiukof.
to be right, correct: biung1.
(to be) proper, right, decided, determined: fil.

**right time**
(to be) at the proper stage of development (as of coconut stocks), at the right time for harvesting, ready: mwaamwa.

**rigid**
to be durable, unbreakable, resistant, rigid: nngiut.

**rim**
edge, margin, rim, brink: ngash.

**rind**
peel it, rind it, pare it: burongi.

**rinded**
to be peeled, rinded, pared: burongag.

**ring**: ring.
ring it, make it clang, make it sound: gakiungiu.
to ring: kiung1.

**ringing**
bell-ring, ringing: kiung1.
rip
rip it, tear it: taaringa.
rip it, tear it, rend it, destroy it: gatecha.
rip it, tear it, rend it, destroy it, break it: gatera.
to rip, break, destroy: gettar.
to rip, tear, rend, destroy: getach.
to rip, tear, rend, destroy, be breaking, destroyed: gatettar.
ripe
to be strong, ready to eat, ripe, mature, mellow: maaw.
(to be) ready to be picked (as of breadfruit), ripe: masow3.
(to be) ripe immaturely (in the stage of breadfruit development):
   yeog.
(to be) ripe, fermented, soft, wet: mmash3.
ripped
to be ripped off, torn, rent, cut apart: ttaaring.
to be ripped, torn: taaring, tach.
to stop, be broken, ripped, torn, dismissed, destroyed: tar1.
rise
to float, rise up, be afloat: ppes1.
to lift oneself up, rise, get up from a sitting position: nang.
to move (up), get (up), rise: giutapp.
to move up, rise, come up: gatetag.
to rise (sun, moon, etc.), ascend, land, be placed: tegash.
to rise up, loom before, come up (of something which was once hidden): tibeyag.
rising
rising of Crux star: tegalibbu.
rising of Scorpio star: tegalimetariuw.
rising stars (navigational): getagefius.
rite
rite, ceremony (ceremonial accumulation and redistribution during a funeral taboo period): baaiu1.

the great bamboo rite: baaiulap.

rival
to be competing, contest, rival: gemmagiuf.
to compete, contest, rival, emulate, competing: gaingeing.

river
river, water-ditch, stream: melaiuliul.

road
road of, way of, path of: yan2.
road, way, path: yenap.
road, way, path, street, pass, lane, passage: yal1.

roar
to laugh loudly, chuckle, haw-haw, roar with laughter:tegaag.
to make a heavy sound, roar: ngiungiu3.
to roar, make a loud noise: piungiupiung.

roast
burn it, roast it, broil it, grill it, bake it: fisigi.
to roast, burn, broil, grill, bake: fisifis2.
to roast, burn, heat, cook over an open fire: gabbesh.

roasted
to be burnt, roasted, broiled, grilled, baked: fisingeg.

rob
rob someone of it (something), steal it: pira.
to steal, rob: piraf.

robber
thief, robber (lit. stealing person): maliumwashog.

rock
beach rock, huge flat rock: *porou.*
big flat rock at seaside: *geshaweshaw.*
stone, rock: *faiu2.*

**rock-pile**
strip of a rock-pile: *yelang.*

**roll**
roll it up: *baailiiy.*
roll it up (cigarette, etc.): *baaiiy.*
to roll away, be freed: *talishilish.*
to roll up (cigarettes, etc.): *bbaai.*
to roll up, put into a roll: *taliweshig.*

**roll-call**
to have a roll-call, call the roll, muster out: *teengko.*

**rolled**
(to be) rolled, raised with supporters: *lang5.*

**roller**
canoe roller, fulcrum: *lang5.*

**romantic**
romantic love: *fagol1.*
romantic memory such as flowers: *melang2.*

**romantic husband:** *yesag.*

**roof**
one layer of the roof of a house: *faaishimw.*
roof it (a house, etc.), cover it with a roof: *feta.*
roof, thatch, coconut-frond thatch: *yas3.*
to roof, change the roof: *fatefat.*

**roofed**
to be roofed, have a roof: *yas3.*
room
house, dwelling, room, shelter: *imw.*
inside the house, in the house, inner room: *niimw.*
room (of a house, etc.): *ruumw.*
room, partition, compartment: *goop.*

**roomy**
(to be) wide (as of a hole), broat, spacious, roomy: *war₂.*

**rooster**
chicken, hen, rooster: *maliug, niwatori.*
rooster (sometimes used also as male’s nickname): *seigoool.*

**root:** *wegar.*

**roots**
to have many roots, be rooty: *wegaregar.*
to have roots, be rooty: *wegar.*

**rooty**
to have roots, be rooty: *wegar.*

**rope**

canoe rope, rope which runs from the upper side of the sail
down to the outrigger float, rope which runs from the mast
to the outrigger float: *tanitam.*

main rope on the sailing canoe which runs from the top of
the canoe mast to the triangle-like stick which connects the
ends of the two outriggers: *yangelap.*

public (community) rope: *tanifaliuw.*

rope or sennit connecting the canoe sail to the sail frame:
*gefach.*

rope used on a canoe to control the sail: *mweel.*

rope, line: *tal₁.*

small rope attached to the canoe sail: *shoosh.*

string, thin rope used to connect or secure the sides of a canoe:
*fireg.*
tackling rope of a canoe: *tanigash*.

**ropes**

to be tangled up with ropes: *tal₁*.

**rosary**

rosary (a string of beads used in saying prayers, especially of the Roman Catholic rosary: *roosaariyo*).
to pray with a rosary: *roosaariyo*.

**rotate**

to circle, go round, revolve, rotate, move round: *faaliyel*.
to spin (many times), rotate, turn: *tagulugul*.

**rotten**

cause it to decay, cause it to become rotten: *gegashi*.
spoil it, let it become rotten: *gagumiti*.
to be being destroyed, rotten, decomposed, broken, torn down: *tettewas*.
to be rotten, spoiled, broken into tiny pieces: *mongoungou*.
(to be) rotten, spoiled: *ba₃*.
(to be) rotten, spoiled, have a bad smell, stink: *mash*.
(to be) spoiled, rotten: *bboa*.
(to be) spoiled, rotten, stale: *gumit*.
to become rotten, become spoiled: *mashemash*.
to decay, be stale, decaying, rotten: *gash₂*.

**rough**

to be coarse, rough, crude: *sowasow*.
to be rough, wild (of an ocean or a person): *tamwumw*.
(to be) coarse, not smooth, rough: *mengaringer*.
to occur at random, do randomly, behave without discretion, be rough: *tatiwegil*.

**round**: *bbaaliyel*.
(to be) round: *uluul*. 
to circle, go round, revolve, rotate, move round: *faaliyel*.
to circle, to be round: *baaliyel*.
to turn around, move round: *faan1*. 

**row**
line, trace, row, mark: *kaiur*.
to line up, form a line, come into line, come into a straight row: *ttal2*.
to paddle, pull an oar, row: *shep1*.

**Royal-palm tree**: *mal1*.

**rub**
apply lubricant to it, rub it with the hands, anoint it: *gapiti*.
file it, rub it, sharpen it: *faiya*.
massage it, rub it: *gameragi, sheogi*.
rub it: *faiira*.
rub it, massage it: *toafi*.
to file, rub, sharpen: *faiy1*.
to massage, rub: *sheo2, sheosheo*.
to rub people’s faces up and down during the celebration of a chief’s death (only done by women with men): *toamat*.
to rub with the hands, oil the body, anoint: *gapit*.
to rub, move along the surface of a body with pressure: *faiir*.
to rub, scrub, daub: *iriir*.
to scrape off (the inside part of banana layers, etc.), rub against: *reo*.
to scratch, rub: *geriger*.

**rubbed**
to be massaged, rubbed: *gammerag*.
to be rubbed, massaged: *toafag*.

**rubber**
rubber, rubber eraser: *kooma*.
rubbing
massage, rubbing or kneading of part of the body with the hands to stimulate circulation and make muscles or joints supple: toataoa₁.
to be scraping off, rubbing against: reoreo.
rubbish
garbage, dirt, rubbish, refuse: pes.
ruin
to spoil, ruin, destroy, frustrate, bring to naught, wreak havoc with, bungle, cause confusion to: getaroperop.
rule
word, language, speech, rule, regulation: kepat.
ruler: meita.
a ruler (for measurement): mwunosasi.
ruler, any kind of measurement devices: kapeo.
rumble
sound, noise, thunder, rumble, thud: mangiungiu.
rumple
crumple it, wrinkle it, rumple it: mwuloti.
to crumple, crumpled, wrinkle, rumple: mwulomwul.
rumpled
to be crumpled, wrinkled, rumpled: mwulotag.
run
chase it, pursue after it, run after it: faachageey.
run it (the engine), operate it: misiila.
to chase, pursue, run after: faachag.
to chase, run after: ttab₁.
to escape, run away, flee: che₂.
to flee, run away, escape, fly (away), escaping, avoid: gaw.
to race, take part in a competition of speed, run a race: *gagurumw.*

to run: *mwet.*

to run (as a game): *likaarigirig.*

to run down, drip, with liquid: *tegariuwa.*

to run fast: *ruweruw.*

to run long-distance: *maarasoong.*

to run, hurry, rush: *rig.*

**run after**

to chase, run after: *faattab.*

**run down**

let the liquid run down: *gategariuwaali.*

**runner**

fast runner: *ruweruw.*

runner, fast runner: *rigirig.*

**running**

game of running: *likaarigirig.*

to be running: *chigirig.*

**rush**

to run, hurry, rush: *rig.*

**rushed**

to be poured, rushed out, discharged: *ki3.*

**Russia:** *Ruusiya.*

**rust**

to chip off rust: *kangekang.*

**rustle**

to rustle, make a rustling sound (as when walking along an area full of gravel): *mwetangiteng.*
sacrament: sakurament.
sacred
sacred ceremony where people get together and get baptized by a magician (At the time of baptism, each person is given a black and white string with a special plant attached to it.): tariyeg.
sacred place, taboo place where sacred affairs are performed: rang2.
.taboo arms, sacred arms: paiufel.
to have a sacred ceremony: tariy.
sacrifice
sacrifice, contribution to the church: maliigach.
to try hard, sacrifice: gashooyag.
sad
make her feel sad, make her feel lonely: galiyemaama.
make him feel sad: gelalomweiuw.
(to feel) sad, feel lonely: lalomweiu.
to miss someone or something very much, miss a person who has recently died, be sad for: lish.
safe
to arrive, land, come ashore, be safe home, reach in good condition: tog2.
to be safe, free from damage or loss: seef.
to be waterproof, be safe, not leaking: mal3.
(to be) safe, secure, ready: liyetag.
sail
attach it (a sail to its frame): gefarefera.
back-part of the canoe sail: metaliiuw.
body of a canoe sail: segaliiuw.
canoe sail: iuw1.
canoe sail supporter: langol iuw.
lower frame of the canoe sail: *faaisal*.
lower part of the sail frame (bottom part of the front stick): *gobur*.
lower-side of a canoe sail: *nim*.
pull the rope controlling the sail: *gemaiya*.
ride it, sail in it: *tageey*.
steer it, guide it by means of a rudder, direct the course of it, sail it: *gaagoow*.
to attach (a sail to its frame): *gefarefar*.
to float in shallow water, sail in shallow water: *tag₁*.
to put down the sail, lower the sail: *niutiw*.
to sail a canoe at an angle of 40 to 45 degrees from the wind direction (navigational term): *gafetalemwar*.
to sail against the wind: *gemmaiy, maiy*.
to sail around, use a canoe to wander around: *kewaawa*.
to sail away from the wind, without using a sail: *kepal*.
to sail, (go) fishing: *tetterag*.
to sail, travel by water (said of a vessel), manage a sailboat: *terag*.
to steer a boat, sail, guide a boat, direct: *gaag*.

**sailing**
a sailing method in which the sail is being narrowed, so that there won’t be too much wind in the sail: *niutag*.
tack (sailing term): *gash₁*.
voyage, sailing, trip, journey: *waiy*.

**sailor**: *seela*.

**Saint**: *Santus*.

**Saipan**: *Saipel*.

**sake**
benefit, sake, advantage, behalf: *gemmag*.

**saliva**: *shan yaw*.
**salmon**: sanmwoon.

**salt**: gasiiga.

Residue of salt on skin left after evaporation: tamwur.

**salty**

(to be) bitter, sour, salty, indigestible: merat₂.

(to be) salty: gasiiga, tettat.

**same**

resemble it, be similar to it, be the same as it: weey₂.

to be similar, the same, equal: gaffiteg.

to resemble, be alike in appearance, be the same, similar: weewe.

**sand**

Sand, sand beach, beach: ppiy.

**sandal**

Zori, sandal, slipper: soori.

**sandbeach**

Sand, sand beach, beach: ppiy.

**sandwiched**

To be stuck (as of a knife into something), get caught, be sandwiched between something, pinched: ttilifeg.

**sap**

Gum, sap, glue, pulp: bilis.

**sarcastic**

To be continuously sarcastic: feffaali.

to be sarcastic, do the opposite, be contrary: teraaiu.

to be sarcastic, ironical, satirical: faali.

**sardines**

Sardines (canned): saatiin.

**Satawal**: Satewal.

**satiated**

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to be full (after eating), satiated: *mat*.  

**satirical**
to be sarcastic, ironical, satirical: *faali*.

**satisfaction**
satisfaction, use: *gaful*.

**satisfy**
make him happy, delight him, satisfy him: *gakere*.
to make happy, satisfy, delight: *gaker*.

**Saturday**: *Sebaato*.

**save**
protect it, save it: *gemalo*.

**saved**
to be saved, neatly assembled: *gofag*.
to be saved, preserved, kept, have marginal saving, stored, hoarded: *tau*.
to have a narrow escape, be saved, relieved, rescued: *tour1*.

**saw**
saw it, cut it, sever it, amputate it, use a saw to cut it: *reey*.
saw, saw-like tattoo: *reere*.
to saw, cut, sever: *reere*.

**say**
say it, talk about it: *gapeta*.
tell, say, mention: *gaaiu*.
to say: *ser3*.
to say something in order to spoil what one wants to talk about: *gessapewel*.

**scabbard**
sheath, scabbard: *baila*.

**scabies**
scrofulous swelling, scabies, deep or chronic abscess: *mwooy.*

**scale**

body hair, feather (of a bird), scale (of a fish): *iul₁.*

scale for weighing copra: *kiino.*

scale it, skin it, peel it off: *teraiula.*

to scale (a fish), skin (a pig): *teoraiul.*

to scale (fish), skin, (to be) scaled, skinned, peeled: *teraiul.*

**scales**

remove or pull off its scales or feathers: *iulefi.*

to remove or pull off feathers or scales: *iuleiul.*

**scanty**

(to be) small, little, scanty, scarce (in size or quantity): *git₂.*

**scar**

my scar: *batiu.*

scar (either inherited or acquired): *bat₃.*

**scarce**

(to be) small, little, scanty, scarce (in size or quantity): *git₂.*

**scare**

frighten him, scare him: *gariusiu.*

hit it, sweep it (with a broom), scare it away: *peoli.*

make him afraid, scare him, frighten him: *gemmetagiu.*

make him scared, scare him away, frighten him, chase it away: *galewa₂.*

make him scared, scare him, frighten him: *galiuwa.*

make him suffer, torture him, scare him: *gegari.*


to scare, frighten: *gelawelaw.*


to sweep (with a broom), dust, scare away a ghost, hit: *peopeo₂.*

**scare away**


to scare away an epidemic by magic: *peomas.*
scared

be afraid of him, fear it, be scared at it, be frightened at it: li-uwaagili.

be scared of it, fear it: metagiu.

make him scared, scare him away, frighten him, chase it away: galewa2.

make him scared, scare him, frighten him: galiuwa.

to be afraid, fearful of, scared of: metag2.

to be frightened, scared: rius1.

to be scared, afraid, frightened: liuw.

to be scared, frightened, astonished, startled: law.

scars

(to be) coarse, full of scars, bumpy: giuriugiur.

scary

to be tired of, sick of, fearful of unwanted past experiences, scary: gar2.

(to be) a coward, timid, cowardly, scary: liuweeta.

scatter

scatter it, crack it up: gemagelagela.

scatter it, disperse it, dissipate it, splash it, sprinkle it: geparesa.

scatter it, disperse it, throw it: gaperette.

to scatter around, disperse: mwetarotar.

to scatter, disperse, be cracked up, break up, be broken into pieces: megalegal.

to scatter, disperse, throw: gaperett.

to splash (water), scatter a liquid substance: geshawit.

to spread, scatter all over an area: sheoiu.

scattered

to be destroyed, disassembled, scattered: taroperop.
to be disorganized, tangled up, not properly set, messed up, scattered: *tar*₆.

to be scattered, disassembled: *mwe*₄*tar*₂.

to be scattered, dispersed: *perett*.

to be spilled, scattered: *su*.

to be spread, scattered (usually in colloid state): *bitibit*.

(to be) scattered brained, crazy, easily confused: *mate-mangemang*.

(to be) scattered, dispersed, dissipated: *peraseras*.

**scent**

smell it, scent it, sniff it: *ngiuri*.

to smell good, have scent, fragrant, sweet (smell): *ngas*.

to smell, scent, sniff: *ngiungiu*₂.

**scheme**

plan, project, scheme, contemplation: *gaagiye*₂*g*.

**school**: *skuul*.

a legendary founder of a navigational school, one of the navigational schools, a branch of a navigational school: *Faaluush*.

mast of a canoe, tower, pole, school of navigational training: *gaius*.

name of a branch of a navigational school: *Sagiur*.

name of a school of canoe building: *Gobutog, Tanigesh*.

school of fish which usually does a lot of jumping and splashing in the water: *wiy*.

**schooner**

schooner, fore-and-aft rigged ship having two masts with a smaller sail on the foremast and with the mainmast stepped nearly amidships: *iuwefaaib*.

schooner, steamship: *iuweyaf*.

**scissors**: *tiiras*.

cut it with scissors, shorten it with scissors: *tiiresa*.
**scissors-paper-stone**

scissors-paper-stone (a method with a hand to decide as to which side will win): *sanken*.

**scold**

to scold: *kasigesig*.

to scold, yell, shout, make a loud sound: *sser₂*.

**scoop**

capture it, scoop it, seize it: *shougi*.

scoop it out, dig it out: *wetigi*.

scoop it out, dig it out, take it out: *ifetiiy*.

scoop it out, dip it, draw it (water), take it out or up with or as if with a scoop: *itifi*.

scoop it up, dig it out: *yereti*.

to capture, scoop (with a scooping net): *shou₄*.

to scoop out, dig out: *wetiwet*.

to scoop up, dip up (from a shell): *yariyer*.

to scoop, dip, draw, take out or up with scoop, fill with liquid: *itiit₁*.

**scooped**

to be captured, seized by force, scooped: *shougeg*.

to be scooped out, dug out: *wetigege*.

**scooper**

spoon, scooper: *itiit₁*.

**scooping**

to be capturing, scooping up: *shoushou*.

**scooping net**: *shou₄*.

handle of a scooping net used to catch flying fish with: *ib*.

**scooter**

scooter, motorcycle: *wotoobaai*.

**score**
mark, score, points: *teeng*$_2$.

**scrape**
scape it, sweep it: *gereoti*.
to scrape off (the inside part of banana layers, etc.), rub against: *reo*.

**scraped**
(to be) scraped, swept: *kero*.

**scraping**
to be scraping off, rubbing against: *reoreo*.

**scratch**
hit him, scratch him: *gefaliu*.
scratch him, bruise it, pierce it, tattoo it: *faliuw*$_1$.
scratch it: *baigeoreow*.
to scratch: *baigeoreo*.
to scratch, rub: *geriger*.

**scratched**
to be scratched, abraded: *ngar*.
(to be) scratched, to bruise: *fal*$_5$.

**scratches**
to have blisters, have scratches between the legs as a result of walking or wading in the water, abrade: *tatifeng*.

**screen**
screen, barbed wire: *ugopaarang*.

**screw**: *saakuru*.
fasten it with a *natto*, screw it on with a *natto*, put a *natto* on it: *nattooli*.
screw it, tighten it, fasten it: *saakuruuw*.

**screwdriver**: *saakuruteraiba*.

**screwed**
(to be) screwed, tightened, fastened: *saakuru*.
**screws**
piece of iron used to hold screws: *natto*.

**scribble**
to write it, scribble it, spell it: *fatogi*_2.

**scrub**
to rub, scrub, daub: *iriir*.

**scrutinize**
look at it, scrutinize it, look into it: *woori*.
look at it, scrutinize it, observe it: *sasheey*.
to look (at), scrutinize: *wo*_1.
to look for, search, scrutinize: *sessash*.

**scythe**
sickle, grain sickle, scythe: *kaama*_1.

**sea**
atmospheric condition of the sea, sea: *yaiuttet*.
(in) the sea: *lettet*.
lagoon, sea, lake: *lamw*_1.
sea, ocean: *sat*.
sea, ocean, lagoon, a big body of sea water: *metaw*.
sea, sea water: *tat*_2.

**sea creature**
a kind of sea creature: *ligeshibbil, limilimitaulomw*.
a kind of sea creature which looks like a rope: *taniwaaliyool*.
**sea-cucumber:** *pelipel*.

**sea-gull**
sea-gull, blackbird, tern: *giuriugaag*.

**sea-sick**
to be sea-sick: *maselimetaw*.
(to be) sea-sick, dizzy: *maaileoleo*. 

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**sea-sickness**
sea starvation, sea-sickness: *maselimetaw.*
sea-sickness, nausea: *maaileoleo.*

**sea-urchin**
spiny sea-urchin: *lar.*

**search**
look for it, search for it, hunt it: *fagili.*
question him, investigate it, search it: *gattiugeow.*
to look for, search: *ffag₂.*
to look for, search, scrutinize: *sessash.*
to question, investigate, search for the truth: *gattiugeo.*
to search hard for, look for desperately, try hard: *giutt.*

**seashell**
a kind of seashell: *leyang.*

**seashore**
seashore, near the shore: *mwashengattet.*

**seaside**
(toward) the seaside, the beach-side: *metaar.*

**season**
summer season: *rag₂.*
summer season, breadfruit season, summer: *lecheg.*
time, season: *faaliyat.*
winter season: *niyefang.*
winter, season with few or no breadfruit: *yefang₂.*

**seat**
have it as one’s seat: *laniyeli.*

**seaweed**
a kind of seaweed, a kind of reed: *soomw.*
moss, seaweed: *lumw.*
second
second base in baseball: sikaanto.
second day of the month: yeling.

secret
cover it up, lock it up, keep it secret, hamper it, stop it up: gewaliu.
(to be) hidden, secret: nibaag.

section
section of taro-patch: nag2.

secure
to be confident, feel secure, feel dependable: liugiuliug1.
(to be) safe, secure, ready: liyetag.

sediment
silt, a deposit of sediment: megol.

seduce
seduce her, tempt her: gepashiu.
to seduce people, blackmail people, cheat: tiniyaurupig.

see
not to see him: taweri.
see it, attack it, get it: weri.
to see, observe: wer2, weriwer.

seed
seed, stone (as in peach stone), pip: faiul1.

seen
to appear, show up, loom up, be barely seen: mmwar.
to be barely seen, vague: mwaar1.

seethe
to boil, give off bubbles, bubble up, seethe: wach.

seize
capture it, scoop it, seize it: *shougi*.
catch it, clasp it, clench it, grasp it, hold it, seize it: *toari*.
catch it, grab it, capture it, seize it: *gola*.
catch it, overtake it, seize it, capture it: *torofi*.
to catch (a bird, etc.), capture, seize: *ttor*.
to catch with the hands, capture, gather, seize, (be) caught: *tottor*.
to catch, clasp, clench, grasp, hold, seize: *toa*.
to catch, seize and hold, support: *toatoa*.
to claw, rake, seize, dig with (as if with claws): *wet*.

**seized**
to be captured, seized by force, scooped: *shougeg*.

**select**
choose it, pick it up, select it: *fili*.
to choose, pick up, decide, select: *ffil*.

**selfish**
to be jealous, envious, selfish: *sagenngaw*.

**sell**
barter it, buy it, sell it: *chuwaaiiy*.
to barter, buy, sell: *chuwaai*.

**semen**
sperm, semen, male fecundating fluid: *wet*.

**send**
give him, send something to him: *ganeey*.
to give, send: *fang*.

**send words**
to invite, send words for, call for: *tengag*.

**sennit**: *galogal*.
make it (into) sennit: *galo*.

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rope or sennit connecting the canoe sail to the sail frame: 
  gefach.

**sense**
meaning, significance, import, sense: faa-1.

**sensibly**
rather, somewhat, reasonably, sensibly: us.

**sentiment**
feeling, mind, mood, frame of mind, sentiment: tip₁.

**separate**
divide it, separate it, part it, split it, sever it: gaiyaagiïy.
place it apart, take it apart, separate it: weey₁.
separate it, detach it, break it: gaiyemwesiuw.
separate it, partition it, restrict it: gaiyemweiïuïu.
to divide, separate, part, split, sever: gaiyaag.
to separate, set apart, sever: iyaag₁.

**separated**
to be compressed, separated, flattened: shaperag₂.
to be separated, detached, drawn apart, broken away: iyemwes.
(to be) separated, partitioned, restricted: iyemwoi.

**sepulcher**
grave, tomb, sepulcher: peïy.

**sergent-major**
a kind of fish (sergent-major): limoulaang.

**serious**
(to be) heavy, serious: chau₂.

**sermon**
preach, discipline, sermon: felaiu.

**serpent**
snake, serpent: prochooyog.
servant
servant, laborer: niimpu.

serve
serve for him, work for him as a laborer: niimpuuli.

service
to be of help, be helpful, be of service: gashiyeshiy.

set
set it down, put him down: gematto.
to be complete, agreed upon, set, fixed: ppag2.
to be true, sure, settled, set, certain, probable: tiwgil.
(to be) slanted, decline, set in a 45 degree position: gatigetig.
to depart, leave, set out, start out: sou.
to put (things) down, set aside, leave: ligilig.
to set, go down (as of the sun, moon, stars): tub.
to settle, lie still, be set: wolopag.
to sink down, sunken, set down: mweius.

setting
setting stars: gatubufius.

settle
settle it, appease it, make it calm down: gepasso.
to be peaceful, calm, settle down: pass.
to settle down mentally, be patient: legag.
to settle, lie still, be set: wolopag.

settled
to be true, sure, settled, set, certain, probable: tiwgil.
seven: fis, fisi, fisi-, sishi.
seven general objects: fisuuw.
seven hundred: fisibiugiuw.
seven hundred thousand: fisilob.
seven thousand: fisingeras.

**seventeenth**
seventeenth day of the month: gileiy.

**seventh**
seventh day of the month: mesatiw.

**seventy**: fisiig.
seventy thousand: fisin.

**sever**
divide it, separate it, part it, split it, sever it: gaiyaagiyy.
saw it, cut it, sever it, amputate it, use a saw to cut it: reey.
to divide, separate, part, split, sever: gaiyaag.
to saw, cut, sever: reere.
to separate, set apart, sever: iyaag1.

**severed**
to be snapped off, snatched, broken or severed suddenly with a snapping sound: ttalish.
(to be) short, severed, cut short: mwoshomwoosh.

**sew**
sew it, do needlework for it: teey, tigi.
to sew, do needlework for: tiit2.
to sew, do needlework for, join or fasten with needle and thread: teete.

**sex organ**
his food, his sex organ: gan.
my sex organ (lit. my belonging): gapitegi.

**sexual**
have sexual intercourse with him: feey.
sexual intercourse: fe.
to have sexual intercourse: senchu.
to have sexual intercourse, having sexual intercourse: fe.
sexually
(to be) horny, sexually aroused, lustful: \textit{pash}\textsubscript{4}.

sexy
make him look sexy, make him look good: \textit{garisi}.
to make oneself look good, show off, look sexy: \textit{garis}.

\textbf{shade}: \textit{niur}.

shaded
(to be) shady, shaded, have shade: \textit{niur}.

\textbf{shady}
(to be) shady, shaded, have shade: \textit{niur}.
to become shady, be decreasing: \textit{niuniur}.

\textbf{shake}
move it, shake it: \textit{gemwagiutiu}.
shake it, cause it to twitch: \textit{ganngonngo}.
shake it, collect it: \textit{iushiugiu}.
shake it, jerk it: \textit{gemwaiuchiu}.
shake it, wave it, swing it: \textit{gache}.
throw it quickly, shake it off, snap it off, toss it: \textit{liuweti}.
to shake, collect fruit: \textit{iushiush}.
to shake, move irregularly to and fro, quiver: \textit{mwaiushiush}.
to shake, wave, swing: \textit{gachech}.
to tremble, shake, shiver, twitch: \textit{nngonng}.
to tremble, shiver, vibrate, shake, flutter: \textit{check}.

\textbf{shake hands}
to shake hands: \textit{iushiupeiu}.

\textbf{shaken}
to be shaken, collected (of fruit): \textit{iushiungeg}.
to be snapped, thrown quickly, shaken, toss: \textit{liuwetag}.

\textbf{shaking}
to be moving, shaking: *mwagiutiugiut*.

**shall**

will (shall, need, would, should, must) immediately, to be ready to: *bel*$_3$.

will, shall, need, should, would, have to, may: *be*$_4$.

**shallow**

make it shallow: *gapete*.

to be shallow, be low tide: *bat*$_2$.

(to be) shallow, having little depth: *pet*.

**shameful**

to be ashamed, disgraceful, feel shameful: *ma*$_2$.

**shape**

appearance, condition, shape: *yaiu*-

shape, condition, size: *paa*-2.

shape, manner, way, method: *ssenga*-.

shape, manner, way, method, situation: *senga*-

stature, toy, shape, image: *liyoos*.

**share**

distribute it (food), divide it, allot it, share it: *pigerema*.


to have each male bring his share of whatever has been assigned to him by a group of elders (Lit. provisions of man): *paiulimwal*.

**shark**: *pagow*.

a kind of shark: *paab*.

a kind of shark (a slow swimming shark which is said to have only one-half of a dorsal fin): *liugiulimat*.

baby shark: *liimwei*.

hammerhead shark: *matefaaib*.

**sharks**
an area of many sharks (derived from a group of sharks): *lawiye-limwar*.

an area of many sharks (derived from a name of a group of sharks): *laiuwemwaaiu*.

**sharp**

(to be) sharp: *kang*.

(to be) sharp (of edges), have many corners: *ingiing*.

**sharpen**

file it, rub it, sharpen it: *faiya*.

sharpen it, make it sharper: *taimi*.

to file, rub, sharpen: *faiy₁*.


to sharpen, make sharper: *taitei*.

**shattered**

to break, (be) shattered, broken: *marip*.

**shave**

grind it, shave it, crush it, cut it: *geriu*.

shave him completely: *geyateffesha*.

shave it off, make it bald: *gaffesha*.

to grind, be ground, shave, crush: *geriuger₁*.

**she**

he, she, it: *ye₁*.

**sheath**

sheath, scabbard: *baila*.

**sheet**

sheet, covering: *skiif*.

sheet, mosquito net: *taulomw*.

**sheet iron**

steel plate, iron plate, sheet iron: *teppang*.

**shell**
a kind of oyster shell, a kind of shell bait used in bonito fishing: *saariuliyepisash*.  
a kind of sea shell: *gaouroura, peraiy*.  
a kind of shell: *baiy*.  
a kind of shell bait used on bonito fishing, oyster shell from New Guinea: *saariunukil*.  
a kind of spotted shell (*strombus maculatus*): *mwiyaau*.  
banded bubble shell, shining white shell in a belt: *bul*.  
big oyster shell used for scraping the inside portions of banana layers: *paiureo*.  
body, shell, tree-trunk: *galong*.  
conch shell, trumpet: *tawi*.  
cone shell: *moashoosh*$_2$.  
conical sea shell: *ung*$_1$.  
helmet shell: *mweyal*.  
autilus shell: *waaligiy*.  
oyster shell: *saar*$_2$.  
oyster shell used by women for scraping or cutting out Hawaiian taros: *saariulibel*.  
perspective sun-dial shell: *ileng*.  
pharoah’s horn shell: *tepekang*.  
red shell used for making a lei: *faiupar*.  
ribbed turbine shell (*turbo intercostalis*): *limatemeram*.  
sea clam, sea shell (a large kind): *gamwe*.  
sharp end of a corn shell: *tepeliumwan*$_1$.  
shell (of skull, coconut, etc.), cup: *tegag*$_1$.  
spirula shell (found on drifting wood): *paligiy*.  
wavy periwinkle shell: *tawilifaalipaaley*.  
white shell, cowry, bivalve mollusc: *ubil*.  

**shell-bait**
a kind of shell-bait used for bonito fishing: *maniutalegaaraw*.

**shelter**
	house, dwelling, room, shelter: *imw*.

underground air-raid shelter: *bookugo*.

wall, boundary, shelter: *ssiyaa-*.

**sheltered**

sheltered area on a canoe which is used on a long voyage: *gaimweimw*.

**shift**

move it, remove it, shift it: *gauru₁*.

to change, shift, take one’s turn, alternate: *kootai*.

to turn, return, shift (of wind): *tagun*.

**shine**

lightning, shine, light, flash: *werewer*.

to be shiny, shine, glitter, flash, sparkle: *ngeliuweliuw*.

to shine, be bright by reflection of light, shining: *mariweriw*.

to shine, glow, twinkle: *ttiul*.

to shine, sparkle, glitter: *wer₁*.

**shining**

to be shining, glittering, gleaming: *mariwesheesh*.

to be shining, shine, glitter, gleam: *mariwesh*.

to shine, be bright by reflection of light, shining: *mariweriw*.

**shiny**

to be shiny, bright, glitter: *shariweriw*.

(to be) bright, shiny: *uwar, uwwar*.

(to be) shiny, flaming, glisten, flash: *bulobul*.

**ship**: *baarekow*.

big boat, ship: *taiyaash*.

**shiver**
to be cold, cool, shiver: *feoiu*.
to tremble, shake, shiver, twitch: *ngonng*.
to tremble, shiver, vibrate, shake, flutter: *chech*.

**shoes**
a kind of rubber shoes: *taabi*.
have them as one’s shoes: *lookaali*.
shoes of any kind: *looka*$_1$.
to wear shoes: *looka*$_1$.

**shoot**
shoot at it with a slingshot: *paachingkooli*.
shoot it, fire at it: *pakiyy*.
to shoot up (of water), usually in a very small quantity: *bbis*.
to shoot, fire (a gun): *pak*$_2$.

**shooter**
pistol, shooter, revolver: *piistoor*.

**shoots**
young shoots surrounding an old plant, young plant: *il*$_4$.

**shop**
store, shop: *stoowa*.
store, shop, booth: *kaantiin*.

**shore**
seashore, near the shore: *mwashengattet*.

**short**
(to be) short: *galesebiun*.
(to be) short, brief: *mmwosh*.
(to be) short, severed, cut short: *mwoshomwoosh*.

**shorten**
cut it with scissors, shorten it with scissors: *tiiresa*.

**shortly**
very soon, after a while, shortly: *faisekiut*.

**should**

should not, won’t, may not, ought not: *te3.*

**shoulder**: *yefar.*

to put one’s arm on another’s shoulder: *weliyefar.*

**shoulder bone**

shoulder bone of a turtle, a kind of turtle meat: *yengal.*

**shoulders**

carry it on the shoulders: *gaiuwefera.*
to carry on the shoulders: *gaiuwefar.*

**shout**

a shout, yell: *tauul.*
bark at him, shout at him, yell to him: *gabetaagili.*
to bark, shout: *gebasiuw.*
to scold, yell, shout, make a loud sound: *sser2.*
to shout (usually in a large group of people), yell: *mweir.*
to shout, to yell: *tauul.*
to yell, shout, bark: *gebat.*

**shouting**

make a loud sound as in shouting: *bba1.*
yelling, shouting: *gebat.*

**shove**

push it with tremendous force, shove it: *pariungiu1.*
push it, move it, shove it: *seigi.*
push it, shove it, thrust it, jostle it: *tiingi.*
to move an object back and forth, push, shove: *seisei.*
to push forcibly, shove: *pariuper1.*
to push, shove, thrust, jostle: *tiiti.*

**show**
show it, demonstrate it: *gaweri*.

to appear, show up, come into sight, loom: *naamw*.

to appear, show up, loom up, be barely seen: *mmwar*.

to happen, occur, show up, come: *ki*₁.

to show off, (be) boastful: *gatinap*.

to show off, be of show-off type: *likaashif*.

to show off, boast, give oneself airs, talk big, pride oneself upon, boastful: *gatiig*.

**show off**

cause him to show off: *gaboso*.

(to be) jealous, show off, be admirable physically but unadmirable mentally: *gangolongol*.

(to be) proud, inspired, show off: *cheifaas*.

to make oneself look good, show off, look sexy: *garis*.

to show off, be courageous, be excited (implying romantic excitement): *chegas*.

to show off, brag: *gabos*.

**show-off**

to show off, be of show-off type: *likaashif*.

**shower**

rain, rainfall, shower, down-pour: *goshou*.

**showing**

to be showing off, be boastful: *kekatinap*.

**shut**

close it, shut it: *miuliuw, ttiiy*.

close it, shut it (off): *pilesi, pileta₁*.

to be a fool, stupid, shut up: *pageero, pakeero*.

to be closed, enclosed, shut: *tti₁*.

to be closed, shut: *miul, piletag*. 
to be closed, shut, clogged (as a result of the two adjacent lands being connected): giu₁.

**shuttle**

flying shuttle of the loom: gesaap.

**sibling**

(to be) in sibling relation of the same sex: bisibis₁.

**sick**

be tired of it, get bored with it, be sick of it: uluuti.

make him sick: gatemwaaiuw.

to be painful, sick, hurt: metagiteg.

to be sick, ill: piyooki.

to be tired of, have an aversion to, be sick of: gu₁.

to be tired of, sick of: ul₂.

to be tired of, sick of, fearful of unwanted past experiences, scary: gar₂.

(to be) painful, sick, hurt: metag₁.

(to be) sick, ill: temwaaiu.

to feel bad, to be sick: kemoaru.

**sick person**

sickness, illness, patient, sick person: temwaaiu.

**sickle**

sickle, grain sickle, scythe: kaama₁.

**sickness**

a kind of sickness: faiu₁, gius₁, iloulimwaaiu, maabbut, rius₂, siyemwaaiu, yaliulimmwaregiy, yeolaw₁.

disease, ailment, sickness: mas₂.

disease, sickness: tisiis.

pregnancy sickness: paawol₁.

sickness, illness, ailment, malady: piyooki.
sickness, illness, patient, sick person: temwaaiu.

**side**

near, side of, by: getaa-.

side, flank: paliy.

side, flank, position or space alongside one: peig1.

the side of the island opposite the village side: liugiulap.

**sideburns**

beard, chin, sideburns: yalius1.

body parts: beard, chin, sideburns: yalius1.

**sight**

to appear, show up, come into sight, loom: naamw.

**sightseeing**

to go sightseeing: yasefaliuw.

tour, picnic, sightseeing: menaigaag.

**sign**

certain fixed sign for locating places (in navigation): yepar.

put up a sign on it, restrict it, forbid it: meshangiuw.

register him, sign up for him: saaina.

sign which forbids people from trespassing in certain areas:

meshang.

to register, sign up: saain.

**signal**

signal by hands: seiniyas.

to make a mouth signal with sound for calling a female (normally in darkness), make a sound with one’s lips: gammwit.

**significance**

meaning, significance, import, sense: faa-1.

**silence**

calm, silence: liuwa.
silent
(to be) quiet, silent (as in water), gentle (as in a good personality): *maliuweliuw*$_1$.

to stop, halt, refrain, pause, be silent: *ppaiu*.

**silkworm**
caterpillar, silkworm: *mwul*$_1$.

**silt**
silt, a deposit of sediment: *megol*.

**similar**
resemble him, take after him, look like him, be similar to him: *pagiuw*.
resemble it, be similar to it, be the same as it: *weey$_2$*.
to be similar, the same, equal: *gaffiteg*.
to resemble, be alike in appearance, be the same, similar: *weewe*.

**sin**
sin, wrong-doing: *molofit*.

**sinew**
vein, sinew, blood vessel, artery: *wag*$_1$.

**sing**
sing a song for him (as entertainment): *bariugiuw*.
sing it, recite it, relate it, verbalize it: *rongiiy*.
to sing: *bariug*.
to sing a song (over a dead person): *gashiuweshiuw*.
to sing, recite, relate, verbalize: *rongirong*.

**sink**
sink it: *gamweiusiu*.
sink it, let it sink, let it go down: *gatubu*.
to sink down, sunken, set down: *mweius*.
to sink, sinking: *shaul*.
sinking
to sink, sinking: *shaul*.

sip
drink it, sip it, suck it: *soromi*.
to suck, drink, sip: *sessor*.

sir: *mauwesh*.

sister
brother and nephew at the same time, sister and niece at the same time (of the same sex): *bisifetiwa*.
brother, sister (of the same sex): *bisi*.
cross-sibling (brother or sister): *mwangeya*.
woman, sister: *faifil*.

sister-in-law
brother-in-law, sister-in-law (sister’s husband when the speaker is female, or brother’s wife when the speaker is male): *fitiyelibisi*.
sister-in-law (of a female): *geos*.

sit
to sit (down) very slowly and passively: *gammwoorag*.
to sit around, usually doing nothing important: *mweiuy*.
to sit with one’s legs outstretched, outstretch one’s legs: *gattefash*.
to sit, squat down: *matt*.

sitting-dance
to do sitting-dance (where two people standing at both ends outstretch their arms): *mal*.

situation
shape, manner, way, method, situation: *senga*.
situation, happening, thing, condition, status: *kofa*.

six: *roku, wol*, *wola, wola*, *wolo, wolo*.
six broken pieces: *wologofet*. 
six general objects: *wolouw*.
six hundred: *wolobiugiuw*.
six hundred thousand: *wololob*.
six thousand: *wolongeras*.

**sixteenth**
sixteenth day of the month: *net₂*.

**sixty**: *woloig*.
sixty thousand: *wolon*.

**size**
amount, quantity, size: *tou-*.  
shape, condition, size: *paa-2*.  
size (used with thin, long objects), thickness: *yaiur*.  
size, magnitude: *nap₁*.  
size, proportion: *iureiur*.

**skeptical**
suspect it, doubt it, be skeptical about it: *kiiiy*.  
to be suspicious, skeptical: *kil₁*.  
to be unsure, undecided, skeptical: *mwerag*.

**sketch**
to form an outline, sketch, delineate: *faliufel*.

**skillful**
(to be) careful, skillful: *limegach*.  
(to be) expert in, good at, experienced in, accustomed to, skillful at: *yeoyam*.  
(to be) good, skillful: *limefish*.  
(to be) skillful, expert, dextrous, adroit, handy: *peshekiul*.

**skin**
bark, skin: *gil₃*.
bead-like prominences on the skin which are hard and rough on the surface: *giteiyap*.

his skin, skin of: *gin₂*.

husk it, skin it: *gotongi*.

peel it (with bare hands), pare it, skin it, husk it: *ngeisi*.

scale it, skin it, peel it off: *teraiula*.

skin fungus: *ginisebau*.

to peel (with bare hands), pare, skin, husk: *ngeingei*.

to scale (a fish), skin (a pig): *teoraiul*.

to scale (fish), skin, (to be) scaled, skinned, peeled: *teraiul*.

**skin fungus:** *taamwisi*.

to be affected by skin fungus: *taamwisi*.

**skinny**

make it skinny, make it thin: *geyaiushigiiy*.

to be very skinny, thin, narrow: *yaiushigishig*.

(to be) dry, dead (as in plant), skinny, thin: *bbat*.

(to be) skinny: *liyoamwashing*.

(to be) skinny, thin, slender, narrow: *yaiushig*.

(to be) thin, skinny: *bbas₁*.

(to be) weakened, weak, skinny: *peyaaya*.

**skinny person:** *liyoamwashing*.

young skinny person: *lipeomwashing*.

**skip**

to jump, whirl, chip up, pop up, skip: *ssig*.

**skirt:** *sukaato*.

ceremonial black and white woven skirt, black and white lavalava: *gaariyer₁*.

grass skirt: *yengiuyeng*.

woman’s skirt, grass skirt: *sif*.

**skull**
human skull: *mesuwa*.

skull (lit. cup or shell of head): *tegagiuchimw*.

**sky**: *lang*₁.

(a place, area) in the sky, above the ground, in the air, overhead: *weliuliwaas*.

in the sky, in the air: *weliuniumwar*.

lower part of the sky above the horizon: *faatettarenag*.

sky or any of the heavenly bodies: *yaliuwelang*.

sky, heaven, up in the air: *weneng*.

**slackened**

to be relaxed, slackened, enervated: *gachebal*.

**slam**

slap it, strike it, hit it, slam it: *pigiri*.

to slap, strike, hit, slam: *pigipig*.

**slant**

slant it, bend it: *gapeya*.

tilt it, slant it: *gatige*.

to slant, incline, decline, lean (to), tilt, slanted: *tig*₁.

**slanted**

(to be) slanted, decline, set in a 45 degree position: *gatigetig*.

to lean on one side, (be) tilted, slanted: *peegiyeg*.

to slant, incline, decline, lean (to), tilt, slanted: *tig*₁.

**slap**

hit it, slap the ears, hit him in the ear: *beta*.

hit it, strike it, knock it, slap it, smack it, give a blow to it: *wishiiy*.

slap it, strike it, hit it, slam it: *pigiri*.

to slap, strike, hit, slam: *pigipig*.

**slapped**
(to be) deaf, slapped (in the ear), hit (in the ear): *bat*$_1$.

**slapping**

to be slapping the ears: *bbebbeta*.

**slash**

stab it, slash it, gash it, cut it, chop it, peel it off: *saagi*.

to gash, slash, cut, split, chop, peel off: *saasa*.

**slaughter**

slaughter it, kill it, conquer it, get possession of it: *roopiiy*.

to slaughter, kill (animals) for food, conquer, get possession of:

*roop*.

**slaughtering**

area where (animal) slaughtering takes place: *rourou*$_1$.

**sledge**

hammer, sledge: *yemma*.

**sleep**

make him sleep well, get him to bed: *gammwe*.

put him to sleep: *gemasiuriu*.

to be about to sleep, be sleeping: *titiwemmw*.

to lie around awkwardly, lay oneself awkwardly, sleep fitfully, fitfully sleeping: *woloshib*.

to make someone sleep: *gemmasiur*$_2$.

to sleep: *masiur*$_2$, *saipash*.

to sleep well, sleep soundly: *mmwe, tiwemmw*.

**sleeping**

(to be) sleeping: *memmasiur*.

**sleepy**

make him sleepy (lit. make his eyes heavy): *gechauw metal*.

to be sleepy, drowsy: *gatel*.

**slender**
(to be) skinny, thin, slender, narrow: *yaiushig*.

(to be) thin, slender, slim: *paashig*.

**slice**

Cut it, slice it: *tefali*.

Cut it, slice it, apportion it: *giliy*$_1$.

Cut it, slice it, chop it, hash it: *pari*.

Cut it, slice it, write it: *tefa*.

Slice it, cut it into small pieces: *shilinigi*$_1$.

Slice it, cut it into small pieces (usually meat): *uleey*.

To chop up, slice: *tipeshig*.

To cut, slice, chop, hash: *pariper*.

To cut, slice, write: *tafetaf*.

To divide into small pieces, slice, apportion: *giligil*$_2$.

To slice, cut (usually meat) into small pieces: *uloul*.

To slice, cut into small pieces: *shilinig*.

**sliced**

Sliced portion: *shilinig*.

**slide**

To slip around, move without attracting notice, slide: *sseet*.

**slight**

Slight, slightly: *piti-*.

**slightly**

Slight, slightly: *piti-*.

Slightly angry or mad, feel unpleasant: *pitissoong*.

Superficially, slightly: *liugiu*$_2$.

**slim**

(to be) thin, slender, slim: *paashig*.

**slimy**

(to be) slippery, smooth, velvety, slimy: *gurumeshal*.
sling
fly it, sling it, make it fly: gaali.
throw it, sling it, hurl it, toss it: nifitiy.
to sling, throw, boomerang: gaiul.
slinging
be flying it, slinging it: kekaali.
slingshot
slingshot (for catching birds): paachingko.
slink
to sneak (off), go stealthily or furtively, slink: yo.
slip
to slip: mmit.
to slip around, move without attracting notice, slide: sseet.
to slip out, be disconnected, strained: ppish.
to slip under a heavy load, be raped: iuriur.
to slip, fall off, come off: tapiiss.
slipped
to be slipped, glide, move out of place by sliding: ssa.
slipper
zori, sandal, slipper: soori.
slippery
make it slippery, make it greasy, make it smooth: gamisi.
to be slippery, greasy, smooth: mmis.
(to be) slippery, smooth, velvety, slimy: gurumeshal.
slit
hole, opening, slit, leak: pilat.
slope
behind the slope: faassapesap.
sloppy
(to be) careless, not carefully done, sloppy: lamelap.

(to be) imperfect in doing something, clumsy, sloppy, poor: yan-ngennngaw.

(to be) sloppy, careless: limelap.

**slow**

to be slow, late: mmwai.

(to be) careful, cautious, slow, gentle: mwaamwaiu2.

to slow down, go slow: siro.

**slow down**

make it slow down, make it subside, decrease it: gagofagiyy.

**slowly:** mmwai.

**sluggish**

to be lazy, sluggish, dull, lethargic: uumas.

**slurp**

to put (water) in one’s mouth, suck, gobble, slurp: gumwugumw.

**smack**

hit it, strike it, knock it, slap it, smack it, give a blow to it: wishiiy.

**small**

make it small: gagitigiti.

make them small, diminish it, reduce it: gakiti.

small, little, detailed: -shig.

small, not much (in quantity and size): -git.

to be small, tiny, little: galesemmwit.

(to be) small, little: gitigiit.

(to be) small, little, scanty, scarce (in size or quantity): git2.

(to be) small, little, tiny: chiil.

(to be) small, thin, tiny: paashigishig.

(to be) small, tiny, minute: mmwit.

(to be) tiny, little, small: kit.

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very small, tiny: *gasemmwit.*

**small pox:** *smonki, smoolbogius.*

**smart**

to be wise, smart: *yan1.*

(to be) smart, clever, have know-how: *reepiy.*

**smash**

break it, destroy it, crush it, smash it: *ripiiy.*

to break, destroy, crush, smash: *ripirip.*

**smashed**

to be broken, destroyed, crushed, smashed: *ripingeg.*

(to be) broken, cracked, smashed, wrecked: *tewa.*

**smell**

smell it, scent it, sniff it: *ngiuri.*

smell of octopus: *booligius.*

smell, stink: *bo2.*

sperm-like smell: *boomwas.*

stench, bad smell: *boomash.*

to be of shit-like smell: *boopag.*

(to be) of sperm-like smell: *boomwas.*

to smell good, have scent, fragrant, sweet (smell): *ngas.*

to smell of raw fish, smell fishy, stink (from the odor) of fish: *gach1.*

to smell, scent, sniff: *ngiungiu2.*

to smell, stink: *bo2.*

to stink (with a kind of bad odor usually found under the armpits), smell bad: *boolap.*

to stink, smell bad: *boomash.*

**smile**

smile, beam: *pitiffas, pitimmal.*
to laugh, smile, chuckle: *ffas*₁.

to laugh, smile, grin: *mmal*.

**smoke**

- drink it, smoke it (a cigarette): *iuliumi*.
- smoke it (as fish): *fangiiy*.
- smoke it up, make it foggy: *geraatiu*.
- smoke, steam: *buraag*.

- to drink, smoke a cigarette: *iul*₄.

- to smoke: *buraag*.

**smoked**

- (to be) smoked (as fish): *fang*₄.

- (to be) smoky, foggy, black or dark due to smoke, smoked, sooty: *geraat*.

**smoky**

- (to be) smoky, foggy, black or dark due to smoke, smoked, sooty: *geraat*.

**smooth**

- make it slippery, make it greasy, make it smooth: *gamisi*.

- to be slippery, greasy, smooth: *mmis*.

- (to be) calm, peaceful (as of a peaceful ocean), smooth: *shan*.

- (to be) slippery, smooth, velvety, slimy: *gurumeshal*.

- (to be) smooth (like baby skin): *maisiis*.

- (to be) smooth, have an even or level surface: *maariss*.

**smother**

- to suffocate, smother, choke: *ssug*.

**snail**

- sea snail (*nerita neglecta*): *lifouresh*.

- sea snail (*nerita plicata*): *limasherefaιu*.

**snake**

- fresh-water snake: *gafiιy*.
snake, serpent: *prochooyog*.

snake, worm, eel: *labut*.

**snap**

break it, disconnect it, take him (a child) away from his mother for the first time, cut it off, snap it off: *mweiuti*.
pierce or lance the boil on it, knock it, snap it: *fishiiy*.
snap it off, break it off: *belingi*.
throw it quickly, shake it off, snap it off, toss it: *liuweti*.
to be unbuckled, snap off from what it was tied to (as in rope), be knocked: *ffish*.
to break, snap: *bbiubbiun*.
to pierce boils (with something sharp), knock, snap: *fishifish2*.
to snap off, break off: *belibel*.
to strike (a match), snap: *gettalish*.

**snapped**
to be snapped off, fall off the main body: *belingeg*.
to be snapped off, snatched, broken or severed suddenly with a snapping sound: *ttalish*.
to be snapped, thrown quickly, shaken, toss: *liuwetag*.

**snapper**
a kind of red snapper: *let, mweliuseram*.
a kind of red snapper (small and black): *mweliutemwiush*.
red snapper (general term): *mwel2*.

**snare**
to trap, snare: *tafish*.
trap it, set a trap for it, snare it: *tafishiiy*.
trap, snare: *tafish*.

**snatch**
grab it (a knife, etc.), clutch it, snatch it: *waiti*.

**snatched**
to be snapped off, snatched, broken or severed suddenly with a snapping sound: *ttalish.*

**sneak**

to leave secretly, sneak off: *gawotag.*
to sneak: *lif.*
to sneak (off), go stealthily or furtively, slink: *yo.*
to sneak back and forth, move quietly and stealthily: *ruw.*
to sneak out at night, commit adultery: *gamwesau.*
to sneak out hurriedly and secretly: *waiteg.*

**sneaking**
to be sneaking, going stealthily: *yooyo.*

**sneeze**
sneeze at it, snort at it: *ngiusiuri.*
to sneeze, go kerchoo: *mwosiy.*
to sneeze, snivel, snort (at), blow the nose: *nngius.*

**sniff**
smell it, scent it, sniff it: *ngiuri.*
to smell, scent, sniff: *ngiungiu₂.*

**snip**
cut it (as in a haircut), snip it: *suluuw.*
to cut, snip: *siussiul.*

**snivel**
mucus, nose drippings, nose runnings, snivel: *shan boot.*
to sneeze, snivel, snort (at), blow the nose: *nngius.*

**snore**
to snore, breathe with harsh sounds caused by vibration of soft palate: *tingorongor.*

**snort**
sneeze at it, snort at it: *ngiusiuri.*
to sneeze, snivel, snort (at), blow the nose: *nngius.*
so
because, so that: be3.
is that so?, right?: gare.
**soap:** soop.

**sob**
to weep, cry, sob: tang.

**sociable**
to enjoy oneself, sociable: mmetau.

**socks**
socks, stockings: kuchusita.

**soft**
(to be) ripe, fermented, soft, wet: mmash3.
(to be) soft, tender: meshagiusheg.

**soil**
dirt, soil, dirty: bbel.
dirt, soil, mud, filth: meshar, meshor.
earth, soil: salop.
earth, soil, ground: tal5.
ground, earth, soil: tetal1.

**soldier:** siuliutaaw.
soldier, army, corps, troops: geitei.

**sole**
sole (of a foot): faalipeshe.

**solicit**
to beg, bow, entreat, solicit: geffaalipeshe.

**solid**
(to be) gelatinous (as of jello, etc.), in solid state: faiufeiu1.

**solve**
untangle it, free it, solve it: telati1.
solved
to be free, solved, untangled: tettal1.
to be untangled, free, solved, liberated: taletag.
some
a few, some, a little: sebis.
how many?, a few, some: fita-.
one group, some: semweiu.
something
something, thing: mel-.
somewhat
a little, somewhat: sar3.
rather, somewhat, reasonably, sensibly: us.
son-in-law
son-in-law, daughter-in-law (lit. one whom one’s son has taken): begiyen.
song
hymn, song: gapingeping.
song for me, dance for me: bariugiu.
song, dance: bariug.
Sonsorol
Sonsorol in Palau District: Songoshal.
soon
(to be) fast, early, soon: ttir.
very soon, after a while, shortly: falsekiut.
soothsayer
soothsayer, fortune teller: taube.
sooty
(to be) smoky, foggy, black or dark due to smoke, smoked, sooty: geraat.
sore
to have a sore feeling in the throat, as when one drinks water with too much sugar: *mengarengar*.

**Sorol**: *Soroal*.

**sort**

kind, sort: *tapp*₂.

**sound**

a light kind of sound, a light noise: *ching*.

bang, sound of a falling bottle: *nesh*.

heavy sound, roaring sound: *piungiupiung*.

howl (as of a ghost), humming sound made with the mouth: *ngeongeo*.

hum, sound (as of an airplane engine), grunt (as of a pig): *ngiungiui*₃.

humming sound made with the mouth, voice: *ngiingi*.

make a humming sound, make it produce a heavy sound: *gangiungiuw*.

make a loud sound as in shouting: *bba*₁.

make a sound: *bbir*.

make a sound from it: *gachingi*.

make a sound of disapproval with the mouth: *gabbir*.

make it sound, play it (a musical instrument): *gattigi*.

sound it: *gemwaliya*.

sound it, cause it to make a sound: *gangiingiiy*.

sound made by forcing the air out: *bbir*.

sound, noise, thunder, rumble, thud: *mangiungiui*.

to be cackling, making a sound: *tiutiugeog*.

to be loud, sound (out) noisily, be noisy: *ttig*.

to be making a cracking sound: *chiching*.

to be whistling, making a sound: *gatigitig*.

to boom, make a hollow deep sound, explode: *pfiungi*₂.
to cackle, make a sound: *tiugeog*.

to make a bang, to make an instantaneous sound (which comes about as a result of hitting a board against something hard): *chab*.

to make a deep, heavy, rolling sound, as thunder: *mangiungiu*.

to make a heavy sound, roar: *ngiungiu*3.

to make a light sound: *ching*.

to make a mouth signal with sound for calling a female (normally in darkness), make a sound with one’s lips: *gammwit*.

to make a sound, whine, make a low sound in the form of crying: *ngiingi*.

to rustle, make a rustling sound (as when walking along an area full of gravel): *mwetangiteng*.

voice, noise, high sound (as a female voice): *ttig*.

**soup**

native soup made by squeezing leaves of certain plants and fruits: *fiyefiy*2.

**sour**

(to be) bitter, sour, salty, indigestible: *merat*2.

(to be) sour: *mwan*1.

**source**

source of life (a hypothetical place in our body from which life originates): *leolimelaw*.

**south: -ar, iyeiur, yaiuriulap, yeriu.-**

outward, to the north, to the south: *-waiu*.

**South Pacific**

South Pacific Trading Company: *Namwbbo*.

**south-southeast**

south-southeast (halfway between southeast and south): *yeriu-leyas*.

**southeast**
northeast, southeast, eastwest, northwest: *nimach*.

**sow**
pig, hog, boar, sow, swine: *paabiiy*.

**soy**
soy sauce: *sooiu*.

**soybean**
soy sauce, soybean paste: *miiso*.

**soysauce**
soy sauce, soybean paste: *miiso*.

**space**
gap, space between two points, between: *pat2*.

**spacious**
to be wide, broad, spacious: *sheolap2*.
(to be) wide (as of a hole), broat, spacious, roomy: *war2*.

**spade fish**: *mwul2*.

**Spain**: *Sepaiyool*.

**span**
measure, span: *yengaang1*.

**spank**
hit him, spank him: *wauti*.

**spanked**
to be hit, spanked: *wauteg*.

**spanner**
wrench, spanner: *sepaana*.

**spark**
to flash, spark: *wereffius*.

to spark, blink (as of light), make a short interval (as of falling rain), be lighted: *ffius*.

**sparkle**
make it sparkle: getafishfishi.

to be shiny, shine, glitter, flash, sparkle: ngeliuweliuw.

to shine, sparkle, glitter: wer1.

to sparkle: tafishifish.

**sparks**

ashes falling from the main fire, sparks: pelang.

**spathe**

coconut spathe (leaf): yat2.

state of coconut spathe growth: gaiu.

**speak**

speak it (the words) in a foreign accent: kesagili.

to speak in a foreign accent, change voice: kas.

to speak, talk, talking: mwaliyeliy.

to talk, speak, be talkative: kepat.

to talk, speak, chat: yoalag.

to whisper, speak softly: gemwangiul.

**speaker**

orator, good speaker, great talker: taukepat.

**spear**

arrow-like spear: ligaaaffish.

have it as one’s spear, own it as one’s stick: sogoli.

sharp point of a spear: rumw.

spear it (fish, etc.), lance it: ligaaaffishiiy.

spear it, innoculate it, stab it, pierce it with something pointed: touuw.

spear, lance: pisega.

strike it (with a knife), spear it, pierce or stab with something pointed: ttouuw.

to spear (fish, etc.), innoculate, stab, pierce with something pointed: toutou.
**spear-fish**
to spear-fish: *ligaaffish*.

**special**
(to be) loved, precious, of high value, cherished, special: *shang*.

**specialist**
expert, specialist: *limeshig*.

**speech**
speech, lecture, conversation: *yalo*.
speech, talk, voice: *mwaliyeliy*.
word, language, speech, rule, regulation: *kepat*.
word, speech, talk, conversation: *mwaliya-*.

**speed**
its speed, its moving: *fetan*.
make it fast, speed it: *gammeraali*.
speed it up: *terenngiuw*.

**speedy**
to be speedy, leave a crowd unattended: *taiul*.
(to be) fast, swift, speedy: *mmara*.

**spell**
cast a spell for him, make the magic protection for him: *baliuw*$_1$.
spell it (word), write it: *sepeela*.
spell it by magic: *bangiiy*.
to spell, write: *sepeel*.
to write it, scribble it, spell it: *fatogi*$_2$.

**spent**
(to be) wasted, spent carelessly, squandered: *toalap*.

**sperm**: *mwas*.
a person’s sperm: *kus*.
sperm, semen, male fecundating fluid: *wet*$_1$.
spider
spider, cobweb: ligesuburaara.

spider lily
broad-leafed spider lily, white lily: giyob.

spigot
stopper, bung, cork, cock, plug, spigot, tap: pilepil.

spill
make it hit, cause it to bump (against), pour it, spill it: gasere.
pour it, spill it: galiya.
pour it, spill it, bottom it up: gasuuw.
spill it, dump it (a solid thing): gapouw.
to dump, spill: gapoupou.
to pour, spill: galiyeliy, gassetser.
to spill, pour: gasuusu.

spilled
to be spilled: liy.
to be spilled (of solid stuff), dumped: pou.
to be spilled, flow: ser2.
to be spilled, scattered: su.

spin
to spin (many times), rotate, turn: tagulugul.

spine
poisonous stringer, spine: gos1.

spines
dangerous things such as spines, blades, thorns: gefal.

spinster
unmarried female, maiden, spinster: sinilipish.
unmarried person, bachelor, spinster: lipish.
tie it, bind it, tangle it, spiral it, wrap it: *fiti*$_2$.

to spiral, be binding, be winding: *tapilibi*.

**spirit**

benevolent spirit, benevolent ghost: *ngeliugach*.

evil spirit, bad ghost: *ngeliunngaw*.

ghost, spirit, god, chant directed to a god or a spirit: *yalius*$_2$.

name of a male divination spirit: *Beingeg, Bugolimar, Bugor, Ilagoomal, Ilebai, Ilefaauw, Ilemmail, Inifar, Langeperal, Libbul, Lisheoliwel, Magoomweiu, Meseiug, Sauppes, Sawiiyag, Tegaulap, Tilifeg*.

spirit, holy spirit: *spiritus*.

**spit**

blow it out (with the mouth), spit it out: *gusufi*.

chewed food spit out of the mouth: *git$_1$*.

spit it out: *mattipiyy*.

spit on it: *gutufi*.

spit, spittle: *kut*.

to spit: *kut*.

to spit out: *mattip*.

**spite**

in spite of the fact that, although: *ligitibe*.

**spittle**

spit, spittle: *kut*.

**splash**

scatter it, disperse it, dissipate it, splash it, sprinkle it: *ge-paresa*.

splash water made by a paddle in the process of paddling: *shan fatiul*.

to be splashing, making a splash: *yasiuyes*.

to drop, splash: *sesob*.
to splash: yas₂.
to splash (water), scatter a liquid substance: geshawit.
to splash, pound, hit: gaselaab.
to splash around with paddles: shan fatiul.
to splash, dash water about: yat₄.
to splash, sprinkle: peras₂.

**splashed**
to be plastered, splashed, spread, messy: bilibil₂.

**splashing**
to be splashing, making a splash: yasiuyes.

**splice:** siplees.
to splice, fasten the ends of, join the ends of: siplees.

**split**
break it, split it: gamegela.

- crack it, knock it, split it: gota.
- divide it, separate it, part it, split it, sever it: gaiyaagiyy.
- open it, split it, crack it, break her hymen: tilengi.

- to be opened, split, cracked: tilengag.
- (to be) cut, split, cut off, broken, cracked open: pag₂.
- to break (as of waves), crush, split: niu.
- to crack, knock, split: gotoat.
- to cut with a knife or an axe, split in two (lengthwise): tittil.
- to cut, split (taro, etc.), cut off the end evenly: pagiupeg.

- to divide, separate, part, split, sever: gaiyaag.
- to gash, slash, cut, split, chop, peel off: saasa.
- to split, cut, divide, break, be dispersed, be over: megal.

**spoil**
spoil it, let it become rotten: gagumiti.
to spoil, ruin, destroy, frustrate, bring to naught, wreak havoc with, bungle, cause confusion to: getaroperop.

**spoiled**
spoiled food: gefaaiul.
to be rotten, spoiled, broken into tiny pieces: mongoungou.
(to be) rotten, spoiled: ba₃.
(to be) rotten, spoiled, have a bad smell, stink: mash.
(to be) spoiled, decay, stale: petopet.
(to be) spoiled, rotten: bboa.
(to be) spoiled, rotten, stale: gumin.
to become rotten, become spoiled: mashemash.
to become spoiled, stale: beiubeiu.
**spoiled food**: gumin.

**sponge**
apply sponge to it: farewaali.
native sponge: farewa.
**spoon**: supuun.
spoon, scooper: itit₁.

**spot**
watch it, spot it, locate it: galinga.

**spotted**
to be spotted, have a small mark: tafiusiuflu.
**spouse**: yaiuteg.
niece’s or nephew’s spouse (lit. one whom one’s nephew has taken): begiyel fatiuw.
spouse, husband, wife: fitiya-.
**spout**
to eject sperm, spout, emit: kus.
**sprained**
to be dislocated, twisted, sprained (as of bones): shiriweg.
to be twisted (as of arms or legs), sprained, dislocated: *mwaang*.

**spread**

spread it out, mark it, write it, flip it (as a page of a book): *wolati*.

spread, unfold: *ferag*.

to be plastered, splashed, spread, messy: *bilibil₂*.

to be spread out, flipped: *woletag*.

to be spread, scattered (usually in colloid state): *bitibit*.

to be spread, unfolded: *fferag*.

to spread (as of news), be announced (of something that had been lost for a long time and finally discovered), get through an object, discover: *she₃*.

to spread out gracefully toward the water: *mwuraag*.

to spread, scatter all over an area: *sheoiu*.

unfold it, spread it: *feragili*.

**spring**

mud, small spring, muddy water: *tebaaileoleo*.

spring (a device, as a coil or wire, that returns to its original form after being forced out of shape): *sipriing*.

to jump, jerk, spring up, start with surprise: *niut*.

to jump, leap, spring: *liut*.

**sprinkle**

scatter it, disperse it, dissipate it, splash it, sprinkle it: *ge-paresa*.

to splash, sprinkle: *peras₂*.

**sprout**

to sprout, be overgrown, sprouting: *tapec*.

to sprout, grow: *iy*.

to sprout, grow (as of young plants or new teeth): *chi*.

to sprout, grow, thrive, sprouting: *tumwul*.

**sprouting**
to be sprouting, growing: *tutumwul*.

to sprout, be overgrown, sprouting: *tapeg*.

to sprout, grow, thrive, sprouting: *tumwul*.

**spur**

spur or horn on rooster’s legs: *fal₁*.

**spurt**

to urinate, spurt out: *galeoleo*.

**spy**

look at it, spy on him, watch him, gaze at him, peep at him, observe him: *gamelangi*.

to look at, spy on, peep: *kamelangileng*.

to look, peep, watch, gaze at, spy on: *gamelang*.

**squad**

team, class, squad: *kumi*.

**squadron**

fleet, squadron: *butai*.

**squall**

squid, squall: *ngit*.

**squander**

waste it, abuse it, squander it: *getoalepa*.

**squandered**

(to be) wasted, spent carelessly, squandered: *toalap*.

**squash**

a kind of squash: *taruus*.

squash, pumpkin: *galebaas*.

**squat**

to sit, squat down: *matt*.

**squeeze**

fill it compactly or tightly, plug it up, squeeze it, mix it: *gangiutiu*. 
make it compact, compress it, squeeze it, push it: *gatiya*.
squeeze it: *fiya*.
squeeze it, press it hard (in order to extract liquid, juice, etc.): *wongiti*.
squeeze it, press it, wring it, extract it: *fiyengi*.
to bite, hold, chew, squeeze: *giugi*.
to squeeze, press hard: *wongiwong*.
to squeeze, press, wring, extract: *fiyefiy1*.

**squeezed**
to be pressed, flattened, squeezed: *shoangag*.
to be squeezed, pressed, wrung, extracted: *fiyengag*.
to be squeezed, pushed, packed, jammed: *tiy*.
to be under physical pressure, to be squeezed: *bett*.

**squid**
squid, squail: *ngit*.

**stab**
spear it, innoculate it, stab it, pierce it with something pointed: *touuw*.
stab it, slash it, gash it, cut it, chop it, peel it off: *saagi*.
strike it (with a knife), spear it, pierce or stab with something pointed: *ttouuw*.
to pick (with a fork), plug up, prop, stab: *ttou*.
to spear (fish, etc.), innoculate, stab, pierce with something pointed: *toutou*.
to stick something into (a young coconut), pierce, stab: *togatog*.

**stainless**
stainless steel: *takiing*.

**staked**
to be staked, stuck: *ffat4*.

**stale**
fallen coconut, stale coconut: paawol₂.

(to be) spoiled, decay, stale: petopet.

(to be) spoiled, rotten, stale: gumit.

to become spoiled, stale: beiubeiu.

to decay, be stale, decaying, rotten: gash₂.

**stalk**

stalk, trunk (of a tree): gaaga.

**stamp**

stomp on it, kick it, stamp on it: faaligiïy.

to stomp, stamp on, pound, strike or thrust the foot forcibly or noisily downward: faalig.

**stand**

build it, make it stand, erect it: gasiuw.

stand for the mast of a canoe: laabuw.

stand on it: siuri.

to stand on one’s head: saketachi.

to stand out, be outstanding, be conspicuous: ney.

to stand with hands on sides: siteiug.

to stand, take an upright position: siu.

**star:** fius.

a special star course line along which a type of small porpoise is found (a navigational guidance): taaiumeyaang.

Aldebaran (star): Uul.

alpha Centauri (a star on meridian): Machemeital.

Altair star (the most prominent star in Carolinian navigation): Maailap.

an Aquila star: Paiuyefang, Paiuyeur.

Andromeda (star): Yalimateo.

Antares (star): Tumwir.

Aquarius star: Seota.
Arcturus (star): Yaremooi.
be guided by the Altair star: maailepa.
Cassiopeia (star): Iugiuliig.
Cetus (star): Giuw.
Corvus star: Sarebel.
Cross (star): Bbu.
Delphinus star: Tapiy.
go under the Pleiades star: mwegarigeriyy.
Hydra (star): Ich.
Kochab star: Maailepalefang.
name of a Corona Borealis star: Shouu.
name of a star: Buub.
name of a star (Vega, a very bright star in the constellation Lyra): Mel.
Orion’s Belt star: Yeliuyel.
Pegasus star: Lag.
Pleiades (star): Mwegariger.
Polaris (star): Welewelel Iyefang.
rising alpha Centauri star: Machemeiyat.
rising of Crux star: tegalibbu.
rising of Scorpio star: tegalimetariuw.
Scorpio star: Metariuw.
Scorpius (star): pariungettumwur.
setting of Ursa Major star: tubuliweleogeo.
Sirus or Procyon-sirus-canopus star: Mal.
star used to designate seasons and their sub-divisions: fiusi- ulirag.
star used to forecast weather: mworalifiis.
the mid-position of Crux (star): welewelel iuyeir.
to be guided by the Pleiades (star): mwegariger.
Ursa Major (star): Weleoge.

use the star Paiuyefang as a guiding star in navigation: paiuye-fangiiy.

use the star Paiuyeuir as a guiding star in navigation: paiuyeuiriuw.

**star fish:** gattiuliyal.

**stare**

stare at it, gaze at it: falemasowa.
to stare around, staring: falemasow.
to stare, gaze at: che1.
to watch closely, stare: kauruur.

**staring**
to stare around, staring: falemasow.

**stars**

eyear stage of learning about those stars used for navigation, arrangement of stars used in navigation, compass, counting of stars: paafius.

rising stars (navigational): getagefius.

setting stars: gatubufius.

to count stars: paafius.

to learn about rising stars (navigational stars): getagefius.

to learn about setting stars (navigational stars): gatubufius.

to name the positions of the stars in terms of their place of rising and setting (navigational term): goshoumw.

**start**

begin it, start it: shiitageey.

depart from it, leave it (place), start from it (place), set out from it: ligiti2.

originate it, start it: beliuw, shapiiy.

to begin, start: shap, shiitag.

to depart, leave, set out, start out: sou.
to jump, jerk, spring up, start with surprise: *niut*.

**starting**
be (in the process of) originating it, starting it: *chechapii*.

**startled**
to be frightened, surprised, astonished, alarmed, startled:
  *boobo*.

to be scared, frightened, astonished, startled: *law*.

**starvation**
sea starvation, sea-sickness: *maselimetaw*.

**starve**
make him starve: *gemaaro*.
to starve, suffer from hunger, starving: *maar*.

**starving**
to starve, suffer from hunger, starving: *maar*.

**stature**
  stature, toy, shape, image: *liyoos*.

**status**
  situation, happening, thing, condition, status: *kofa*.

**stay**
palce to stay: *laniy*.
to stay, exist, reside: *log*.
to stay, live: *mil*.

**stay away**
(to be) restricted, stay away from impure things, keep away from eating certain foods: *fal*.

**staying**
to be staying: *mimmil*.

**steadily**
still, steadily: *welewel*.

**steady**
make it straight or steady: gawelewele.
(to be) straight, steady, still: welewel.

steal
rob someone of it (something), steal it: pira.
steal it, pilfer it: galifa.
to steal, filch, pilfer: galifelif.
to steal, rob: piraf.
to steal, stealing: mwashog.

stealing
be stealing it: ppippira.
to be stealing: ppippiraf.
to steal, stealing: mwashog.

steam
smoke, steam: buraag.

steamship
schooner, steamship: iuweyaf.

steel
stainless steel: takiing.

steel plate
steel plate, iron plate, sheet iron: teppang.

steer
drive it, steer it: gateragi.
steer it, guide it by means of a rudder, direct the course of it, sail it: gaagoow.
to steer a boat, sail, guide a boat, direct: gaag.

stench
stench, bad smell: boomash.

step
to step, tramp, tread: ssib.
steps
ladder, pole, platform, steps: teraap.
make steps on it: gefalefela₁.
steps on a coconut tree: gefalefala₂.
to make steps on (a tree, etc.): gefalefala₃.

stereo
disk, record, stereo, phonograph: rekooto.
record player, phonograph, stereo: chikongki.

stick
bamboo stick, stick for picking breadfruit: iyat₂.
bar or stick used for carrying things: gemmwar.
carry it on the shoulders with a stick: gammwera.
have it as one’s spear, own it as one’s stick: sogoli.
lever, stick used as a pry, any handle or other projection used to
operate something, parts (sticks) of the loom: tib.
stick it in, pierce with it, thrust it into something: tilifegili.
stick it into something: geffato.
stick it up, thrust it, push it, point it: gatiiy.
stick it, thrust it, put it into: gameta₁.
stick to it, attach to it, hold on it, cling to it, adhere to it: pe-
shangi.
stick used to scrape off the inside portion of banana layers: waal
paiureo.
stick, cane: sog₃.
stirring stick: yariuyer.
stringer-float lashing of a canoe, stick connecting outrigger
float and boom: sooso.
to be straight, stick out: sit.
to carry with a carrying stick: gemmwar.
to peep, loom up, stretch one’s neck either up or out to spy on something, stick one’s head out: \textit{yamw}_1.

to pick fruit with a stick: \textit{iyeiy}_1.

to point, make stick out: \textit{gatiiti}.

to stick (to), be attached (to): \textit{mat}_4.

to stick downward: \textit{tiitiw}.

to stick into something: \textit{tiilong}.

to stick one’s hand out, reach out for, extend one’s hand (giving or taking something): \textit{yang}_2.

to stick out from something: \textit{tiweiu}.

to stick out, jet out, project: \textit{ti}_1.

to stick out, stick away: \textit{tiilag}.

to stick something into (a young coconut), pierce, stab: \textit{togatog}.

to stick this way: \textit{tiitog}.

to stick up one’s neck: \textit{gaiurang}.

to stick up, jet up, project up, be pierced up: \textit{tiitag}.

to stick, hold to something firmly, become fixed, adhere: \textit{ppash}_2.

to stick, thrust, put something into: \textit{ttyeg}.

\textbf{stick-dance:} \textit{laiura}.

to do a stick-dance: \textit{laiura}.

\textbf{sticks}

two pairs of V-like sticks which are placed on the outrigger float to hold up the two outrigger booms: \textit{yamw}_2.

\textbf{stiff}

to be straight, stiff, taut (as of rope, etc.): \textit{chif}.

(to be) erected, be stiff: \textit{kif}.

\textbf{still}

quietly, still: \textit{stiil}.

still, yet, more: \textit{shiuwel}.
(to be) straight, steady, still: *welewel*.

**stimulate**
stimulate him, make him excited: *gaatiu<sub>1</sub>.*

**stimulated**
to be excited, aroused, stimulated, highly strung, wrought up: *yat<sub>5</sub>.*

**sting**
to bite (as of mosquitos), sting: *kiuk.*

**stingy**
(to be) stingy, meager, miserly: *mmwiig<sub>2</sub>.*

**stink**
(to be) rotten, spoiled, have a bad smell, stink: *mash.*
to smell of raw fish, smell fishy, stink (from the odor) of fish: *gach<sub>1</sub>.*
to smell, stink: *bo<sub>2</sub>.*
to stink (with a kind of bad odor usually found under the armpits), smell bad: *boolap.*
to stink, smell bad: *boomash.*

**stinking**
stinking smell: *boolap.*

**stir**
to blow (as of wind), wave, stir, turn: *filefil.*
to stir: *yariuyer.*
turn it, stir it, blow it: *fileti.*

**stirred**
to be turned, stirred: *filetag.*

**stirring**
stirring stick: *yariuyer.*

**stockings**
socks, stockings: *kuchusita.*
**stodgy**

to be tight, stodgy, feel heavy: *ffoar.*

**stomach**

stomach, belly: *sag.*

**stomp**

stomp on it, kick it, stamp on it: *faaligiidy.*

to stomp, stamp on, pound, strike or thrust the foot forcibly or noisily downward: *faalig.*

**stone:** *fas*₃.

flint, a kind of stone used for making a fire: *pesha.*

pounder, pounding stone: *faiuliubbo.*

seed, stone (as in peach stone), pip: *faiul₁.*

stone it, throw a stone at it: *tera.*

stone, rock: *faiu₂.*

**stone fish:** *lou.*

**stone-money**

Yapese stone-money: *paalang.*

**stoop**

to bow, stoop, enter with one’s head bowing: *riugiu-*.

to walk with one’s body stooped, bow, stoop: *gebbarog.*

**stop**

cover it up, lock it up, keep it secret, hamper it, stop it up: *gewaliu.*

plug it up, block it up, stop it up: *gapiuniuw.*

plug it up, stop it up, block it up: *gapiuniu.*

prevent it, block it, hinder it, obstruct it, stop it: *gatiweli.*

put a stop to it: *giugiuwegiyy.*

to stop, be broken, ripped, torn, dismissed, destroyed: *tar₁.*

to stop, cease, halt, pause: *iugiufeg.*
to stop, halt, refrain, pause, be silent: *ppaiu.*

**stopped**
to be covered, hampered, stopped: *wal*$_4$.
to be plugged up, constipated, stopped up: *piun.*

**stopper**
stopper, bung, cork, cock, plug, spigot, tap: *pilepil.*

**store**
put it, keep it, store it: *iseli.*
store, shop: *stoowa.*
store, shop, booth: *kaantiin.*
to put, keep, store: *iseis.*

**stored**
to be saved, preserved, kept, have marginal saving, stored, hoarded: *tau*$_3$.

**storehouse**
warehouse, storehouse: *sooko.*

**storm**
storm, typhoon: *maliumel.*
to have a storm, having typhoon: *maliumel.*

**story**
story, legend: *fiyang.*

**straight**
make it straight: *gauwele.*
make it straight or steady: *gawelewele.*
make it straight, make it taut: *gachera.*
to be straight: *toafag.*
to be straight, stick out: *sit.*
to be straight, stiff, taut (as of rope, etc.): *chif.*
to be taut, straight: *char.*
(to be) straight, be at noon, be overhead: uwel, uwwel.
(to be) straight, steady, still: welewel.

**strained**
to slip out, be disconnected, strained: ppish.

**strait**
channel, strait: mweoiu3.

**strake**
plank, strake, the planking (of a canoe): paap2.

**stranger**
foreigner, stranger, alien: waaseola.
stranger, newcomer, tourist: sheefeo.

**strangle**
choke him, wring his neck, strangle him: woronga.

**stream**
current, stream: fangosh.
river, water-ditch, stream: melaiuliul.

**street**
road, way, path, street, pass, lane, passage: yal1.

**strength**
food to give strength: gemasowasow.

**strengthen**
strengthen it, make it strong: gekaila.

**strengthened**
to get strengthened, become stronger (as of wind): mwoorag2.

**stretch**
to lie down, lay oneself down, stretch oneself, exist, be located: wol2.
to peep, loom up, stretch one’s neck either up or out to spy on something, stick one’s head out: yamw1.
to stretch out one’s arms: *getag₂*.

**stride**

to act like a big-shot, stride, give oneself airs, bear oneself haughtily: *gaiuseius*.

to walk, stride in a sexy manner: *gesangesang*.

**strike**

hit it, strike it, knock it, slap it, smack it, give a blow to it: *wishiiy*.

pull it, drag it, launch it, strike it (as to strike a flint with a file in order to catch fire from sparks): *iuriu*.

slap it, strike it, hit it, slam it: *pigiri*.

strike (in baseball, one strike): *sterai₃k*.

strike it (with a knife), spear it, pierce or stab with something pointed: *ttouuw*.

strike it, hit it (with a thing): *nifitiingeli*.

strike it, hit it, knock it off: *nipiungiungali*.

to drag, pull, launch, strike, push: *iuriur*.

to hit (a ball, etc.), strike: *peo₁*.

to hit, strike, give a blow to, hunt: *wau₁*.

to slap, strike, hit, slam: *pigipig*.

to stomp, stamp on, pound, strike or thrust the foot forcibly or noisily downward: *faalig*.

to strike (a match), snap: *gettalish*.

to strike, hit, knock: *nipiungi₃u-*.  

to touch, border on, strike lightly, come up to, come into contact with: *ttug*.

**string**: *ffaat*.

a two-line string tied to the lower side of the sail frame: *faailemeo*.

fishing line, string used for carrying baskets: *yoa₂*.

heddle (part of the loom), string used as heddle: *ngiunɡ₁*.  

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string it, tie it with a string: *faatali*.
string, cord, band, lace: *fa2*.
string, thin rope used to connect or secure the sides of a canoe: *fireg*.
to string, run through (something) with a string: *ffaat*.
**stringer**
poisonous stringer, spine: *gos1*.
**strings**
one or more separate strings of coconut husk used for making rope: *moroligosh*.
**strip**
strip it off, remove it: *gatiwe*.
to strip off, remove: *katiw*.
**striped**
(to be) striped: *gaariyer2*.
to have stripes (on a fish-body), striped: *kaariyer*.
**striped lavalava**: *gaariyer2*.
**stripes**
to have stripes (on a fish-body), striped: *kaariyer*.
**strong**
make it strong, make it forceful, make it hard: *gassita*.
strengthen it, make it strong: *gekaila*.
strong and handsome man: *piichoowaai*.
strong man: *masowasow2*.
to be brave, strong: *faatagiteg*.
to be extreme, strong, hot: *ki2*.
to be hard (not soft), strong: *chemaaw*.
to be strong, forceful, great, big, hard: *ssit*.
to be strong, powerful: *maamaaw*.
to be strong, ready to eat, ripe, mature, mellow: *maaw.*
to be windy, strong (like the wind): *mmwor.*
(to be) strong: *masowasow₂.
(to be) strong, brave: *faatag.*
(to be) strong, hard: *masow₂.
(to be) strong, healthy: *kail.*
to make strong, make hard: *gassit.*

**stronger**
to get strengthened, become stronger (as of wind): *mwoorag₂.*

**strongly**
very well, strongly: *bech.*

**struggle**
to move around for something, struggle hard: *filaag.*

**strung**
to be excited, aroused, stimulated, highly strung, wrought up: *yat₅.*

(to be) strung: *ffaat.*

**struts**
diagonal struts of a house: *wolabei.*
diagonal struts of a house, oblique brace across rafters of a canoe: *itebut.*

**stuck**
to be compact, stuck, packed closely, condensed: *ppes₂.*
to be filled up completely, firmly stuck inside: *ngiutiuppes.*
to be staked, stuck: *ffat₄.*
to be stuck (as of a knife into something), get caught, be sandwiched between something, pinched: *ttilifeg.*

(to be) stuck in the throat: *shiyor.*
(to be) stuck, hooked: *lo.*
to get (something) stuck in the throat: *shiulaaw.*
(to get) stuck, be unmovable, held, caught: *mmwash*.
to have the throat stuck with something: *laaw*.

**student**
youth, student: *seito*.

**study**
study it: *bengkiyooli*.
study it, investigate it: *baabiyoroow*.
to learn, study: *kabiung, skuul*.
to study: *bengkiyo, staati*.
to study, work: *pengkyo*.

**stuff**
fill it compactly, stuff it full: *ngiutiuw*.
thing, article, item, stuff: *faiuriumil*.

**stuffed**
to be full, filled compactly, plugged up, stuffed up: *ngiut*.

**stumble**
to stumble, walk in an unsteady manner: *tarigaag*.
to trip, fall, stumble, especially by catching the foot: *toroshapp*.

**stumbling**
to be stumbling: *tottoroshap*.

**stunned**
(to be) confused, absent-minded, stunned, stupefied: *mwaaliyas*.

**stupefied**
(to be) confused, absent-minded, stunned, stupefied: *mwaaliyas*.

**stupid**
to be a fool, stupid, shut up: *pageero, pakeero*.
(to be) crazy, stupid: *bush*.

**style**
way, method, manner, style: *uniun*. 
submarine
carrier, warship, submarine: kokobokang.
submarine (lit. swimming vehicle): waailil₁.

submerge
to disappear, submerge, go out of sight, vanish, die away: tol.

subside
make it slow down, make it subside, decrease it: gagofagiiy.
to subside, decrease, become milder: goofag.

substitute
change it, replace it, substitute it: galiweliiy.
its replacement, its substitute: liiwen.
substitute, replacement: sogosog₂.

success
being good, success: limegach.

suck
drink it, sip it, suck it: soromi.
suck it, draw it up (of liquid), swallow it: gumwuuw.
to put (water) in one’s mouth, suck, gobble, slurp: gumwugumw.
to suck milk, drink milk from one’s mother’s breasts: tiut.
to suck, drink, sip: sossor₁.

suffer
make him suffer, torture him, scare him: gegari.
make him suffer, trouble him: gariyaali.
to get in trouble (as a result of doing things socially not ac-
ceptable), to suffer the consequences, convicted, troubled: riya.
to suffer (from), have trouble, have a hard time: iuwet.

sufficient
make it enough or sufficient: getauw.
to be enough, sufficient: *tau*₂.

**suffix**
aspectual suffix: *-l₄*.
demonstrative suffix: *-iy*.
directional suffix: *-lago, -longo, -tage, -tiwe, -togo, -waiu*.
location-specifying suffix attached to a demonstrative: *-l₂*.
nominal or verbal suffix: *-but, -fish, -lap, -ngas*.
nominal suffix: *-shig*.
nominal suffix, occurring with the prefix *iye-* or *ye-*: *-fang*.
passive suffix: *-ag*.
plural suffix: *-ka*.
time-space suffix: *-ga*.
transitive verb suffix: *-li₂*.
verbal suffix: *-git, -ru, -yel₁*.
1st per. exclusive pl. ob. suffix: *-gemam*.
1st per. exclusive pl. possessive suffix: *-mam*.
1st per. inclusive pl. ob. suffix: *-gish*.
1st per. inclusive pl. possessive suffix: *-sh*.
1st per. sing. ob. suffix: *-yai*.
1st per. sing. possessive suffix: *-i₁*.
2nd per. pl. ob. suffix: *-gami*.
2nd per. pl. possessive suffix: *-mi₂*.
2nd per. sing. ob. suffix: *-g*.
2nd per. sing. possessive suffix: *-mw*.
3rd per. pl. ob. suffix: *-n₂, -r₁*.
3rd per. pl. possessive suffix: *-r₂*.
3rd per. sing. defective possessive suffix: *-i₂, -l₅*.
3rd per. sing. ob. suffix: *-y*.
3rd per. sing. possessive suffix: -l₃.

**suffocate**
suffocate him, choke him: *gassugu.*
to suffocate, smother, choke: *ssug.*

**sugar**: *sato, sukar.*

**sugar cane**: *wou.*

**sugary**
to be too sweet, too sugary: *memman.*
(to be) sweet, sugary: *mam, shaliugar.*

**suggest**
to imply, hint, suggest, make an indirect request: *gatibetib.*

**suggestion**
advice, counsel, recommendation, suggestion: *folofol.*

**suit**
to fit, suit, be suitable, be attached: *far₃.*

**suitcase**
suitcase, case for carrying clothes, trunk, portmanteau: *terangku.*

**sukiyaki**
sukiyaki, a kind of Japanese food (dish): *sukiyaaki.*

**Sulywap**
name of an island in Woleai, Sulywap: *Seliuwap.*

**summer**
summer season, breadfruit season, summer: *lecheg.*

**sun**: *yal₄.*
daylight, day, sun: *taiuwat.*
sun, sunlight: *taiyo.*

**sun glasses**
sun glasses (lit. glass of underside of sun): *piipiilifaaaliyal.*
Sunday: Santei.
sunken
to sink down, sunken, set down: mweius.
sunlight
sun, sunlight: taiyo.
sunrise: tageshaliyal, tegaliyal.
sunset
early evening, time right after sunset: nifegaaf mangiush.
sunset, the setting sun: tubuliyal.
time immediately before sunset: yatossefash.
super
(to be) good, pretty, nice, super, superior: gach₂.
superficial
large, big, superficial: -lap.
superficially
superficially, slightly: liugiu-2.
superintendent
superintendent of a school: koocho₂.
superior
(to be) good, pretty, nice, super, superior: gach₂.
supervise
supervise him, direct him: kaantookuuw.
supervisor
foreman, supervisor: kaantooku.
support
protect him, support him: geoliugiu.
put a post under it, give support to it: siura.
support him, back him up: getoatoaw.
to catch, seize and hold, support: toatoa₂.
to help, support, assist, give assistance: *getapetap*.
to support, help, assist: *getoatoa*.

**supporter**
protector, supporter: *geoliug*.

**supposedly**: *fetal*<sub>1</sub>.
probably, supposedly: *teos*<sub>2</sub>.

**sure**
cross-examine him, make it sure: *ganeta*.
make it sure, make it certain, convince someone of it: *galiugiuliugi*.
to be true, real, sure: *teos*<sub>1</sub>.
to be true, sure, settled, set, certain, probable: *tiwegil*.
(to be) true, sure, reliable, real: *net*<sub>1</sub>.
to make sure, convince: *galiugiuliug*.

**surf**
to surf: *tageloa*.

**surgeon**
doctor, physician, surgeon: *toagota*.

**surprised**
to be frightened, surprised, astonished, alarmed,startled: *boobo*<sub>2</sub>.
to be pulled quickly, be surprised: *ssef*.

**surrender**
to surrender: *koosang*.

**survive**
help him survive, have him escape: *gatoura*.

**suspect**
suspect it, doubt it, be skeptical about it: *kiliyi*.
suspect it, guess it: *gammwega*.
suspended
to be removed, suspended, overhang: kashiuw.
suspicion
a slight anger, suspicion, light feeling of a fish biting the bait: nngir.
suspicious
to be suspicious, paranoid, doubtful, dubious: mmwag.
to be suspicious, skeptical: kil1.
to be very suspicious: mwemmwa.
swallow: chubaame.
suck it, draw it up (of liquid), swallow it: gumwuuw.
swallow it, gulp it down: gabuusowa, woromi.
swarm
to swarm (of a school of fish), appear (from behind): ba1.
to swarm, assemble in a crowd: uwapp.
sway
swing it, sway it: gaseiule.
to swing, sway, move backward and forward: seiul.
swear
promise, swear: kekepal.
to promise, swear: kekepal.
sweat
perspiration, sweat: mwiyemwiy.
to sweat, perspire: mwiyemwiy.
sweep
hit it, sweep it (with a broom), scare it away: peoli.
scrape it, sweep it: gereoti.
to sweep (with a broom), dust, scare away a ghost, hit: peopeo2.
sweet
good smell, sweet smelling: \textit{ngas}.
sweet tuba: \textit{gashiimem}.
to be too sweet, too sugary: \textit{memmam}.
(to be) sweet, sugary: \textit{mam, shaliugar}.
(to be) sweet, taste good, delicious: \textit{neo}.
to smell good, have scent, fragrant, sweet (smell): \textit{ngas}.

\textbf{sweet-scented}
to be fragrant, sweet-scented, sweet-smelling, aromatic: \textit{boongas}.

\textbf{sweetheart}: \textit{taniich}.
heroic sweetheart (man): \textit{matiil}.
lei, sweetheart, lei flowers: \textit{mwar}_2.

male sweetheart: \textit{yaroiut}_2.
sweetheart, lover: \textit{gemwar}.
sweetheart, person who is pining with love: \textit{taaliyemaam}.

\textbf{swell}
(to be) swollen, swell: \textit{bo}_1.
to bulge, swell outwards irregularly, extend (bag etc.) by stuffing it: \textit{shiugiushiug}.

\textbf{swelling}: \textit{bo}_1.
scrofulous swelling, scabies, deep or chronic abscess: \textit{mwooy}.
to be swelling, get swollen: \textit{boobo}_1.

\textbf{swept}
to be swept off, hit: \textit{peotag}.
(to be) scraped, swept: \textit{kereo}.

\textbf{swift}
make it fast or swift: \textit{gatiri}.
(to be) fast, swift, speedy: \textit{mmara}.
(to be) swift, be rapid, flow fast: \textit{kir}.
swiftly
fast, swiftly: ttir.

swim

to dive, swim underwater: il3.
to swim: yaf₁.
to swim swiftly by using arm strokes: gasheppaiu.
to swim vigorously: yefaaf.

swindle

blackmail him, cheat him, swindle him, defraud him: mekaatiiy.
to blackmail, cheat, swindle, defraud: mekaat.
trick him, deceive him, swindle him, fool him: silooga.

swine
pig, hog, boar, sow, swine: paabiiy.
pig, hog, swine: siilo.

swing

shake it, wave it, swing it: gache.
swing it, sway it: gaseiule.
to shake, wave, swing: gachech.
to swing, hang down loosely: seiuleiul.
to swing, sway, move backward and forward: seiul.

swinging
be swinging it: gaseiuleiule.

swollen

to be swelling, get swollen: boobo₁.
to be swollen, increase in size, volume, extent, degree, etc.: toulibol.
(to be) swollen, swell: bo₁.

swoon

to become unconscious, faint, swoon: niyarosh.
sword: saital.
sword fish: tagiuraar.
symbol
emblem, visible symbol of a thing or idea, mark: tiger.
mark, visible symbol: gin₁.
symbolize
mark it, symbolize it: tigeriiy.
syphilis
syphilis, venereal disease, social disease: paitok.
syrup
coconut syrup: lush.
to make coconut syrup: lush.
syrup-like
make it syrup-like: galusho.
system
a tribute system, a system linking Yap with outer islands and also representatives of the social groups of respective islands: sawey₂.
**table**
altar, Communion table: *yantaar.*
table, desk: *teebol.*

**table-tennis**
ping-pong, table-tennis: *pimpong.*

**taboo**
forbid it, restrict it, ban it, make it taboo: *getabu.*
taboo arms, sacred arms: *paiufel.*
taboo, ban, ritual restriction protected by supernatural sanction (marked by a taboo sign): *tab*$_3$.
taboo, restriction: *pil.*
taboo, restriction (in terms of food): *pees.*
taboo, social restriction: *falitemwar.*

**taboo place**
sacred place, taboo place where sacred affairs are performed: *rang*$_2$.

**tack**
tack (sailing term): *gash*$_1$.

**tactic**
tactic for catching a turtle: *gaffiliwong.*

**tactics**
tactics, way, method: *ffi*.-

**Tagailap**
name of an island in Woleai (Tagailap): *Tegaiulap.*

**tail**
back part of a lobster, tail of a lobster: *wiisa*.-
back part of the tail (of a fish): *pasheshig.*
front part of the tail (of a fish): *pashelap.*
tail of a bird: *iug*$_2$.
tail, last person on both ends of either a sitting or standing dance: *gaashiyesh*.

tail, tail of fish: *pash*$_1$.

**take**
break it, disconnect it, take him (a child) away from his mother for the first time, cut it off, snap it off: *mweiuti*.
carry it, take it, convey it, transport it: *gasi*.
catch it in a container, take it, get it: *talomi*.
place it apart, take it apart, separate it: *weey*$_1$.
remove it, take it off: *biliti*.
scoop it out, dig it out, take it out: *ifetiwy*.
take a handful of it, eat it clumsily: *ragiuw*.
take it: *begi*.
take it (a path), walk on it, make one’s way on it: *tegari*.
take it away: *guluuw*.
take it up from underground, from the sea or from the mud: *beey*.
take it up in the net: *mwukooli*.
take it up with a fork: *shibeiy*.

to break (away from), divorce, take a child away from mother for the first time: *mweiumweiu*.
to carry, convey, transport, take: *gak*.
to catch (in a container), get, take: *tetal*$_2$.
to eat, take or have (food): *mwongo*.
to take: *beg*.
to take a handful, eat clumsily: *ragiureg*.
to take freely and greedily (as of leftovers), gobble, usurp, take away someone’s property by order of the chief: *gul*$_1$.
to take off, take down (clothes, tuba containers, etc.): *bilibil*$_1$.
to take up from underground: *beebe*. 
to take up, pick up with a fork, a spoon or chopsticks: *ttib.*

to touch or take something without giving consideration to who
owns it: *paiuppal.*

to touch, take, reach for, get ready for: *gettap.*

**take after**

resemble him, take after him: *liyoosali.*

resemble him, take after him, look like him, be similar to him:
*pagiuw.*

**take care**

to beautify oneself, take care of one’s body: *galimelim.*

to take care of a child playfully, pretend to be a parent: *ke-
laiuleiu.*

**taken**

to be broken, taken away (as a child from its mother): *mweiuteg.*

to be given away, be taken: *kiu₂.*

to be lifted up, taken up, raised: *shibetag.*

to be taken up or removed from underground: *beetag.*

(to be) taken off (of the natural wrapper of a coconut tuba, etc.),
uncovered, unwrapped, removed: *mangoshongosh.*

**talk**

advise him, preach him, talk to him: *felaiuw.*

decide it, make up one’s mind on it, determine it, manage it, talk
about it, arrange it: *gafile.*

say it, talk about it: *gapeta.*

speech, talk, voice: *mwaliyeliy.*

talk about her: *sholoow.*

talk about him: *tiuleey.*

talk about it: *felaauta, kekapeta.*

talk of the canoe, a gift made by travelers to their host at the
time of their arrival: *kapetaliwa.*
talk, discipline, tradition: *felaut*.
tell him, talk to him, mention to him: *gaiuw*.
to speak, talk, talking: *mwaliyeliy*.
to talk about girls: *shol*.
to talk about someone, gossip: *tiuttiul*.
to talk in English: *kapetal Mariiken*.
to talk loud, make a loud noise: *gaterenng*.
to talk, be talking: *kekepat, kepatepat*.
to talk, speak, be talkative: *kepat*.
to talk, speak, chat: *yoalag*.
to whisper, talk under one’s breath: *ngiuliungiul*.
word, speech, talk, conversation: *mwaliya-*.

**talkative**
talkative woman, woman who talks big: *lisaf*.
(to be) talkative: *lisaf*.
(to be) talkative, gossipy: *sheeta*.
to talk, speak, be talkative: *kepat*.

**talker**
orator, good speaker, great talker: *taukepat*.

**talking**
to talk, be talking: *kepatepat*.

**tall**
make it long, lengthen it, make it tall: *gefarimwoshooow*.
to be long, tall, become long, grow tall: *farimwoshomwosh*.
(to be) high, tall, great, lofty: *tagiyat*.
(to be) long, tall: *farimwosh, lelaai*.

**tame**
domesticate it, make it tame: *gafegira*.
to tame, domesticate: *gaffegir*.
tamed
(to be) tamed, domesticated: \textit{fegir}.

tangle
tangle it, cramp it, apply a full nelson on him: \textit{gaffi}.
tie it, bind it, tangle it, spiral it, wrap it: \textit{fiti}_2.
to apply a full nelson (wrestling), tangle, cramp: \textit{gaff}.

tangled
to be disorganized, tangled up, not properly set, messed up, scattered: \textit{tar}_6.
to be twisted, tangled: \textit{shaff}.
(to be) cramped, tangled up: \textit{ffi}.
to get tangled, tied: \textit{fiif}.

tank
oil can, oil tank, oil drum: \textit{teraimwekang}.
water tank, large container for liquid: \textit{teeng}_1.

tap
patch it (a hole), plug it, tap it: \textit{pileta}_2.
stopper, bung, cork, cock, plug, spigot, tap: \textit{pilepil}.
to move with a lot of noise, knock, tap: \textit{tapiungiupiung}.
to tap one’s palm on one’s elbow: \textit{gashemwoal}.

tape
adhesive, tape, plaster: \textit{teep}_2.
tape it, apply adhesive plaster to it: \textit{teepa}.

\textbf{tape-recorder:} \textit{teep}_1.

taro
a kind of swamp taro: \textit{felaal}, \textit{liwess}, \textit{sar}_2, \textit{talingelap}_2, \textit{tewaayou}.
a kind of swamp taro (\textit{colocasia}): \textit{wot}.
a kind of taro (*alocasia macrorrhiza var.): mweoliuw, wotofile.

a kind of taro (*alocasia macrorrhiza): file.

a kind of taro (lit. taro of bush): bulegal wal.

a kind of taro that grows in a field but not in a muddy place (*alocasia macrorrhiza var.): mwashing2.

pounded taro which is divided into square sections: bait.

taro (*cyrtosperma chamissonis): bulag.

young taro, young taro plants surrounding the parent taro plant, young plant, young one: tar5.

**taro leaf:** limilim1.

**taro-patch:** bel1.

section of taro-patch: nag2.

**taste**

taste it, try the taste of it: nari.

(to be) sweet, taste good, delicious: neo.

to have a terrible taste, have a stinging taste: barig2.

to taste, try the taste of: nan.

**tatter**

tear it off, tatter it: feingi.

to tear with the fingers, tear apart, tatter: feifei.

**tattoo:** mak1.

a kind of complex tattoo decoration for women: fagesar.

a kind of fancy design such as a calf or forearm tattoo of Fais women: bol4.

axe, knife, stone adze, axe-like tattoo: shoapal.

bridge, bridge-like tattoo: yoaf.

mark, tattoo: faliufel.

porpoise, porpoise-like tattoo: giuw2.

put a tattoo on it: makeey.
saw, saw-like tattoo: reere.
scratch him, bruise it, pierce it, tattoo it: faliuw1.
triangular shape tattoo on women’s pubic area: bar1.

**tattooed**
(to be) tattooed: mak1.

**tattooing**
to be tattooing: memmak.

**taut**
make it straight, make it taut: gachera.
pull it tightly, draw it taut: gemaina.
tighten it, make it taut: ganegiu.
to be in the process of becoming taut: chichif.
to be straight, stiff, taut (as of rope, etc.): chif.
to be taut, straight: char.
(to be) taut, not slack, tightly drawn: main.
(to be) tight, taut, drawn, muscular: neg3.

**tea:** tti2.

**teach**
learn, teach: gabiung.
teach him: gasukuula.
teach him, instruct him: gaskuula.
teach him, instruct him, guide him: gabiunngali.
to teach, instruct: gaskuul, sensei.

**teacher**
make him a teacher: gasenseiiy.
teacher, instructor, school teacher: sensei.

**team**
team, class, squad: kumi.

**teapot:** tipoat.
tear
break it, destroy it, tear it up: tewasiiy.
rip it, tear it: taaringa.
rip it, tear it, rend it, destroy it: gatecha.
rip it, tear it, rend it, destroy it, break it: gatera.
tear it off, tatter it: feingi.
to rip, tear, rend, destroy: getach.
to rip, tear, rend, destroy, be breaking, destroyed: gatettar.
to tear with the fingers, tear apart, tatter: feifei.
tears: shan mat.
tease
tease him, make him angry or mad: gassoonga.
to tease, make angry: gassoong.
teat
nipple, teat: metalittiu.
technique
a fighting technique, a kind of wrestling technique in which knives are used for self-defense: maagoileefal.
teenager
older part of tarimwal, teenager, youth: tarimwaaleyaiunap.
teeth
person with rotten teeth: ngiiba.
to have a gap between teeth, having a gap in one’s teeth: ngiitaw.
teleogram
dispatch, radio, telegram, cablegram: teempo.
tell
tell him off, make nasty remarks to him: gefalefela₂.
tell him, talk to him, mention to him: gaaiuw.
tell it (a story), narrate it: fiyangoow.
tell, say, mention: gaaiu.
to converse, tell stories, chat (about): tittinap.
to tell a story: fiyang.
to trace back to the origin of a clan, a family, an individual, or a problem in a form of argument, trace the origin in terms of quarreling, tell off: geshapishep.

**temper**
to have a short temper, be impatient, hot-headed: sagemwosh.

**temperature**
to be reducing temperature, becoming cool: memmach.

**temporarily**
temporarily, playfully: ke-.

**tempt**
seduce her, tempt her: gepashiu.
to hurry, press, urge, tempt: gewaiwei.
urge him, press him, tempt him, make him hurry up: gewaiiy.

**ten:** chu, seig.
make it ten: gaseiga.

**tender**
(to be) soft, tender: meshagiusheg.

**tent:** taamppooning.
tent, portable shelter made out of canvas: teento.
tent, tent house: imwetaamppooning.

**tenth:** gaseigel.
tenth day of the month: shiuwaabong.

**termite:** bbatiur₁.

**tern**
gray-backed tern: garegar.
sea-gull, blackbird, tern: giuriugaag.
sooty tern: mashigou.
white or fairy tern: giyegiy2.

**terrible**
to be terrible, bad, of sudden and short anger (caused by certain indirect cursing which may be unconsciously said): welinngaw.

**terribly**
nastily, in a bad way, terribly: ngewa.

**test**
exam, test: sikeeng.
to prepare, test, look for, finish, complete: geman2.
to take a test: sikeeng.

**testicle:** faiulimor, kintama.
testicle, balls: mor.

**than**
before, front, than: imwowa-.
from it, away from it, than it: tangi.
from, at, to, than: me2.

**that:** be2, le1, me4.
that (thing), the thing: i-.
that (we are talking about), that thing: iwe1.
that near you: la2.
that near you (pointing): imwu.
that one, that thing: mena.
that one, that thing (we know): melewe.
that over there: ilaal.
that there near you: laal1.
that there near you (pointing): imwuul.
that there, that thing: ila1.
that, the: we1.
that, who, which, he who, those who: le₂.

**thatch**
fallen coconut leaf, coconut thatch, mat: mwoočhₐ.
roof, thatch, coconut-frond thatch: yas₃.
thatch rafter batten of a house: gapiligat.
thatch rafter of a house: gat₂.

**the**
that (thing), the thing: i⁻.
that, the: we₁.

**their:** -r₂.

**them:** -n₂,-r₁.

**then:** iwe₂.

and so, and then, but: ye₂.

and then: iwe nge.

and, then: nge.

**there**
before (in time), long time ago, there (invisible): igawₑ.
by it, of it, for it, there: iyang.
here, there: -l₂.

over there, that place over there: igelaal.
there near you (pointing): igemwu, igemwuul.

**these:** ka.

these here: ika, ikaal, kaal.

these in which I am: kaiy.

these ones, these things: meleka.

**they:** iir, re.

**thick**
to be thick (in diameter): geshabulap.
(to be) thick, bushy, mature: bol₁.

(to be) thick, close-packed, dense: maaliuyel.

**thickness**

size (used with thin, long objects), thickness: yaiur.

**thief**

thief, robber (lit. stealing person): maliumwashog.

**thigh**

thigh, lap: gofo.

**thin**

make it skinny, make it thin: geyaiushigiiy.

to be very skinny, thin, narrow: yaiushigishig.

(to be) dry, dead (as in plant), skinny, thin: bbat.

(to be) skinny, thin, slender, narrow: yaiushig.

(to be) small, thin, tiny: paashigishig.

(to be) thin, lack thickness: malif, malifilif.

(to be) thin, skinny: bbas₁.

(to be) thin, slender, slim: paashig.

**thing**

belonging, thing, article, goods, object: piteg.

property, belonging, thing: gapiteg.

situation, happening, thing, condition, status: kofa-.

something, thing: mel-.

that one, that thing: mena.

that one, that thing (we know): melewe.

thing of, things for: min₁.

thing, article, item, stuff: faiuriumil.

thing, inanimate object: mal₂.

this one, this thing: mele.

**things**
these ones, these things: *meleka*.

**think**

think about it, contemplate it: *gaagiyegiiy.*

think about it, remember it: *niuniuwaneey.*

think it, ponder it, consider it: *yagiyy.*

think it, think about it, consider it, reflect on it: *liuwaneey, liuwaneey.*

think it, think about it, expect it, remember it: *mangiiy, mangiiy.*

to plan, project, think, contemplate: *gaagiyyeg.*

to think: *yan1.*

to think, ponder, consider, maneuver, concentrate on: *yagiyyeg.*

to think, remember: *niuniuwan.*

to think, remember, consider, ponder, expect: *mangimeng.*

**third**

third base in baseball: *saato.*

third day of the month: *mesaling.*

**thirsty**

to be thirsty: *batebat.*

(to) dry (of throat), thirsty: *gar1.*

**thirteenth**

thirteenth day of the month: *wolomwaaiu, yeshaff.*

**thirty**: *seliiy.*

thirty thousand: *selin.*

**this**

here, this place: *iga1.*

here, this place (The speaker is located within the area.): *igaal.*

this (near me): *ye3.*

this here: *iiye, iyeel.*

this here (The speaker is in that place): *iyeiy2.*
this here (near me): yeel.
this one here, this thing here: meeleel.
this one, this thing: mele.

thither
away (from the speaker), thither: -lago.

thorns
dangerous things such as spines, blades, thorns: gefal.

those
those (we are talking about): ikawe.
those near you: kela.
those near you (pointing): ikemwu, kamwu.
those ones we know, those things we know: melekaue.
those over there: ikelaal, kelaal.
those there: ikela.
those there near you (pointing): ikemwuul, kamwuul.
those things over there, those ones over there: melekaal.
those we are talking about: kawe.

though
even though, even if: geraamwo.

thread
hair, thread, thin object: yal3.

three: seli-, yel, yeli.
make it three (animate objects): gaselimeliuw.
three general objects: seluuuw.
three hundred: selibiugiuw.
three hundred thousand: selilob.
three thousand: selingeras.

thrive
to sprout, grow, thrive, sprouting: tumwul.
**throat:** *yoalikeo*.

Adam’s apple, throat: *faiulikeo.*

inside of the throat: *lanoworong.*

throat, neck: *worong.*

to clear one’s throat (by a cough-like action): *ganger.*

to have the throat stuck with something: *laaw.*

**throw**

let it fall, drop it, throw it down: *peiti.*

let it go, free it, loosen it, throw it: *tegashe.*

scatter it, disperse it, throw it: *gaperette.*

stone it, throw a stone at it: *tera.*

throw it: *getagesha.*

throw it quickly, shake it off, snap it off, toss it: *liuweti.*

throw it straight, pitch it straight: *gasouw₂.*

throw it, hurl it, fling it, cast it, pitch it: *ganipiungiuw.*

throw it, pitch it, cast it, hurl it, make him escape: *gasheey.*

throw it, sling it, hurl it, toss it: *nifitiyy.*

to scatter, disperse, throw: *gaperett.*

to sling, throw, boomerang: *gaiul.*

to throw (a stone, etc.) at, pitch, hurl or cast something at: *ttar.*

to throw (as a ball, a dart, etc.): *kash.*

to throw straight, pitch straight: *gasousou.*

vomit it up, throw it up: *mmwutaagili.*

**throw up**

to vomit, throw up, disgorge contents of the stomach: *mmwut.*

**thrown**

to be snapped, thrown quickly, shaken, toss: *liuwetag.*

(to be) thrown down, torn down, destroyed, broken: *ttewas.*

**throws**
to perform a religious ceremony in which one throws spears, rocks, etc. toward a menstrual house to protect a new-born baby from evil ghosts: touber.

**thrust**
push it, shove it, thrust it, jostle it: tiingi.
stick it in, pierce with it, thrust it into something: tilifegili.
stick it up, thrust it, push it, point it: gatiiy.
stick it, thrust it, put it into: gameta1.
to push, shove, thrust, jostle: tiiti.
to stick, thrust, put something into: ttiyeg.
to stomp, stamp on, pound, strike or thrust the foot forcibly or noisily downward: faalig.
to thrust (against), push against something, force one’s way: nap2.

**thud**
sound, noise, thunder, rumble, thud: mangiungiu.

**thumb**
the thumb, the big finger: gattiulap.

**thunder**
flash, lightning, thunder: wereffius.
sound, noise, thunder, rumble, thud: mangiungiu.
thunder as an omen for the death of a sick person: pechal maiuriutiw.

thunder, lightning, sound that follows a flash of lightning: pach1.

**Thursday**
Thursday (lit. fourth day of work): Gefaaranel yengaang.

**thwart**
mid-point of the bow thwart of a canoe: ttoalifatofat.
second thwart of a canoe: matengoar.
wedge placed across the hull of the canoe, thwart: ttoa.
ti tree (any of several Pacific trees or shrubs of the lily family with leaves in terminal tufts): *rish*.

**tickle**

to tickle, excite the surface nerves: *gach₃*.

**tickling**

feeling of pleasure (as in sexual intercourse), tickling feeling: *mwagiligil*.

**ticklish**

to be ticklish, feel good: *mwagiligil*.

**tide**

to be shallow, be low tide: *bat₂*.

**tie**

anchor it, tie it: *feotagiiy, feotagili*.
gather it, collect it, tie them together: *gashuuw*.
mid-purlin tie brace of a house: *faaibeliniimw*.
string it, tie it with a string: *faatali*.
tie it (hair, etc.), bind it, bunch it, fasten them together: *mweliyi*.
tie it tight, bind it tight, hug it: *farogi*.
tie it, bind it: *faaishimwa, feoti, kati, katiyi*.
tie it, bind it, connect it (an object): *sooti*.
tie it, bind it, tangle it, spiral it, wrap it: *fiti₂*.
tie it, connect it, make knots of it: *bugosi*.
to pull to make tight, tie: *legiuleg*.
to tie (hair), bind, bunch, fasten together: *mwelimwel*.
to tie together, bind: *yagoyag₁*.
to tie, bind: *feofeo*.
to tie, bind, connect: *sooso*.
to tie, bind, fasten: *mwel₁*.
to tie, bind, fasten, connect, make knots of: *bugobug*.
to tie, twist, fold, lash: *pilipil*.

**tie-beam**
auxiliary tie-beam (only in a men’s house): *meloufeiu*.
longitudinal tie-beam of a house: *tariyelap*.
main-plate (longitudinal tie-beam) of a house: *iraalap*.
put the auxiliary tie-beam up: *meloufeiuw*.
tie-beam of a house: *geiushamw*.

**tie-brace**
end-wall tie-brace of a house: *faaibelipiing*.
outrigger connective tie-brace of a canoe: *faaisque*.
purlin-kingpost tie-brace of a house: *faaibelibut*.

**tied**: *feofeo*.
to be anchored, tied: *feotag*.
to be tied, connected, bound, fastened: *bugotag*.
(to be) tied, fastened: *nem*.
(to be) tied, tie, bind: *kat*.
to get tangled, tied: *fiif*.

**tied up**
to be busy, tied up, occupied: *isongasi*.

**tight**
hold it tight, grasp it, grab it: *gemmwashiu*.
make it tight, (make it) compact: *ganngiti*.
make it tight, pull it to make it tight: *legiuw*.
to be full, tight, jammed, overflowing: *sseg*.
to be tight, stodgy, feel heavy: *ffoar*.
(to be) tight, taut, drawn, muscular: *neg3*.

**tighten**
screw it, tighten it, fasten it: *saakuruuw*.
tighten it, make it taut: *ganegiu*.
tightened
(to be) screwed, tightened, fastened: saakuru.

tightly
(to be) taut, not slack, tightly drawn: main.

tilt
tilt it, slant it: gatige.
tilt it, twist it: gapeigiigiyi.
to slant, incline, decline, lean (to), tilt, slanted: tig1.

tilted
to lean on one side, (be) tilted, slanted: peegiyeg.

time
at the time when, if: iga2.
(at) the time, time span, age, era, during: libe-.
time around five to six o’clock in the afternoon: yatoligosh.
time around four o’clock in the afternoon: yatoligosholiniwel.
time around three to four o’clock in the afternoon: yatolibaaiu.
time immediately before sunset: yatossefash.
time of peace and prosperity: felaafish.
time, at the time when: yat6.
time, hour: sikang.
time, season: faaliyat.

timid
(to be) a coward, timid, cowardly, scary: liuweeta.

tin: koobre.
tin, copper, tin-pot: takelesh.

tin-pot
tin, copper, tin-pot: takelesh.

Tinian Island
Tinian Island in the Mariana Islands: Chiliyal.
tiny

to be small, tiny, little: *galesemmwit*.
(to be) small, little, tiny: *chiil*.
(to be) small, thin, tiny: *paashigishig*.
(to be) small, tiny, minute: *mmwit*.
(to be) tiny, little, small: *kit*.
very small, tiny: *gassemmwit*.

**tip**

end, tip, extremity: *gareta-*.
front, first, tip, before: *mmwa-*.

tire: *taiya*.

tired

be tired of it, get bored with it, be sick of it: *uluuti*.
bother him, make him tired: *gangiushiu*.
make him exhausted, make him tired: *gaila*.
make him tired, bore him: *gebasiuw*.
make him tired, make him exhausted: *gapeeyouuw*.
make him tired, weaken him: *gapeyaagusuuw*.
make him weak, make him tired, make him exhausted: *gemaaluuw*.
to (become) fatigued, (become) tired, (be) exhausted: *maalu*.
to be exhausted, get tired, be worn out: *il2*.
to be exhausted, tired: *ber, peeyou*.
to be impatient, tired, bothered: *bas*.
to be tired of, have an aversion to, be sick of: *gu1*.
to be tired of, sick of: *ul2*.
to be tired of, sick of, fearful of unwanted past experiences, scary: *gar2*.
to be tired, bored, breathless, hungry: *ngiush*.
to be tired, exhausted: *shigeshig.*
to be weary, tired: *mwaayou.*
(to be) exhausted, tired (as a result of hard physical work),
weak: *peyaagus.*
(to be) exhausted, tired, worn out: *gashetag.*
(to be) tired, exhausted from staying too long in the sun: *wich.*
(to get) tired, take trouble: *gashigeshig.*
to make people mad, make people tired: *gangiushiungiush.*

**to**
at, in, with, for, to, upon, on: *ree-.*
from, at, to, than: *me2.*
to it (direction), for it (causal), with it: *ngali.*

**tobacco**
tobacco, cigarette: *temaag.*

**today**
now, today, (at) this time: *igela.*
today (lit. the day in which I am): *raaleiy.*

**toe**
finger, toe: *gatt.*

**toenail**
fingernail, toenail, claw: *kiu1.*

**together:** *fengan.*
to collect, heap up, gather, bring together: *tteiuy2.*
to have a meeting, get together, meet: *tteiuy1.*
together, all together: *seuw2.*

**toilet:** *bencho.*
go to the toilet, relieve oneself (lit. make oneself light): *gappela.*
to go to the toilet, move one’s bowels, ease oneself: *metagisag.*
toilet, restroom: *kelaisiis.*
tomato: tomaato.
tomb
grave, tomb, sepulcher: peiy.
tomorrow: laiu1.
tomorrow morning: lisoroneiu.
tongue: lew.
too
also, too: bal.
tool
means of, tool of, instrument of: min2.
metal tool: sepaiki.
tool, instrument, means, device, measure: mela-.
tooth: ngi.
gum, tooth ridge (lit. ridge of tooth): boshalingi.
top
top (of trees, poles, masts, etc.), peak, crest: siyabo-.
top-shell
top-shell (trochus intextus): yagoyag2.
topside
on, topside of: wel5.
on, topside of, above: we2.
on, topside, upside: woa-.
topside, on (canoe, tree, pole and any thin, long, inanimate objects that are raised above the ground): shiu-.
torch
torch, torch-light: tiul.
torch-fishing
to do torch-fishing: tiul.
torn
to be being destroyed, rotten, decomposed, broken, torn down: 
tettewas.
to be ripped off, torn, rent, cut apart: ttaaring.
to be ripped, torn: taaring, tach.
to be torn, ragged (said of woven materials, papers, cloth, mats, 
etc.): feingeg.
(to be) thrown down, torn down, destroyed, broken: ttewas.
to stop, be broken, ripped, torn, dismissed, destroyed: tar₁.

tortoise
turtle, tortoise: wong.

torture
make him suffer, torture him, scare him: gegari.

toss
throw it quickly, shake it off, snap it off, toss it: liuweti.
throw it, sling it, hurl it, toss it: nifitiy.
to be snapped, thrown quickly, shaken, toss: liuwetag.

totality
a whole, the entire thing, the totality, integrated parts: niuw₁.

totally
completely, totally: mwaamwaiu₁.

touch
reach for it, touch it: yengasi.
(to be) inconsiderate, disobedient, touch things without per-
mission: limwelat.
to touch or take something without giving consideration to who 
owns it: paiuppal.
to touch things constantly, be very touchy, mischievous: 
yangekiuw.
to touch, border on, strike lightly, come up to, come into contact 
with: ttug.
to touch, take, reach for, get ready for: gettap.
touch it inconsiderately (without permission): limwelatiiy.
touch it, put a hand on it, reach it, get ready for it: gattepa.

**touching**
be touching it: kekatepa.

**tour**
tour, picnic, sightseeing: menaigaag.
trip, tour, journey: sai.

**tourist**
stranger, newcomer, tourist: sheefeo.

**tourists**
passengers, tourists: kangkootai.

**tower**
mast of a canoe, tower, pole, school of navigational training: gaius.
tower, watchtower, light-house: tootai.

**toy**
stature, toy, shape, image: liyoos.

**toy-canoe**
small toy-canoe: likel.

**trace**
line, trace, row, mark: kaiur.
mark it, leave a trace on it: gaiuriu.

to trace back to the origin of a clan, a family, an individual, or a problem in a form of argument, trace the origin in terms of quarreling, tell off: geshapishep.

**track**
rail, track: kelaisal.
to be counted, kept track of, followed up, matched: rag1.

**tradition**
custom, tradition: kofalifaliuw.
talk, discipline, tradition: *felaaut*.

tradition, knowledge that passes down from the father to son, heritage in terms of wisdom: *rong*.

**trail**

to pull, tug, draw, drag, trail: *lug*.

**train**
to take exercise, to practice, train, drill: *rensu*.

**training**
practice, exercise, training, drill, rehearsal: *rensu*.

**tramp**
to step, tramp, tread: *ssib*.

**transfer**
remove it, move it, transfer it, put it: *gateow1*.

to move things around (as in a chess game), remove, transfer: *gateo*.

turn it, change it, transfer it, convert it: *wegiti*.

**transferred**
to turn over, change from primitive ways of life to modern, civilized ones, be converted, transferred: *weg*.

**translate**
interpret it, translate it: *gateow3*.

**translated**
to be interpreted, translated: *teo4*.

**translator**
interpreter, translator: *reikateo*.

**transport**
carry it, take it, convey it, transport it: *gasi*.
carry it, transport it, convey it: *roogi*.
to carry, convey, transport: *gaasib, gachewar*.
to carry, convey, transport, take: *gak*.
to carry, pick up and move, transport: rooro.
transport it on kuruuma: kuruumaali.

**trap**
deceive him, cheat him, trap him: gatefati.
to trap, snare: tafish.
trap him, deceive him, cheat him, trick him: gafilenngewa.
trap it, set a trap for it, snare it: tafishiyy.
trap, snare: tafish.

trick him, put him in difficulty, trap him, cheat him: gefaiyen-ngewa.

**trapped**
(to be) deceived, trapped, blackmailed: ttefat.

**travel**
to take a trip, go, travel from one place to another and return, fall: tor.
to travel far, fly (by the force of some agent): key.

**tread**
to step, tramp, tread: ssib.

**treat**
give medicine to him, treat him: tafeya.
to cure, heal, treat (sickness): gemoamoa.

**treated**
to be treated: tafey.

**treatment**
careful treatment, careful consideration: toashig.
heritage in terms of treatment, treatment: toa-.

**tree**
a kind of hard-land tree (soulamea amara): merat$_1$.
plant, tree: waliuwel.
tree, wood, log: ira.
**tree-trunk**
body, shell, tree-trunk: *galong*.

**tremble**
to tremble, shake, shiver, twitch: *nngonng*.
to tremble, shiver, vibrate, shake, flutter: *chech*.

**trench**
artificial ditch, drain, trench, dug-out: *tewaagal*.

**tribe**
clan, clan member, tribe: *tapp1*.
clan, tribe, tribal division: *gailang*.

**tribute**
a tribute system, a system linking Yap with outer islands and also representatives of the social groups of respective islands: *sawey2*.

tribute of the land, tribute paid by Outer Islands people to Yap Proper (i.e., gift given during the *sawey* exchange): *yaut-enibun*.

**trick**
trap him, deceive him, cheat him, trick him: *gafilenngewa*.
trick him, deceive him, swindle him, fool him: *silooga*.
trick him, put him in difficulty, trap him, cheat him: *gefaiyen-ngewa*.

trick, deception, mischievous act: *silooog*.

**tricked**
to be tricked, deceived, cheated, blackmailed: *pin*.

**trickle**
to drop, drip, trickle, pour, drizzle: *ssob*.
to trickle, pour, drizzle: *sseb*.

**tricky**
(to be) deceptive, crooked, tricky: *riugiuriug*.

**trifoliate orange**
orange, trifoliate orange, citrus fruit: *gurugur*.

**trigger fish**: *buub, pashemach.*

a kind of trigger fish: *bbusaf, bbutelitel, buub besh, ngiungiu*.

**trigger’fish**

a kind of trigger’fish: *buub shal.*

**trip**: *yap.*

say goodbye to him, see him off on a trip: *gasouw*.

to go on a trip, go on a long voyage: *waiy.*

to say goodbye to, see on a trip: *gassou.*

to take a trip: *sai.*

to take a trip, go, travel from one place to another and return, fall: *tor.*

to trip, fall, stumble, especially by catching the foot: *toroshapp.*

trip, tour, journey: *sai.*

voyage, sailing, trip, journey: *waiy.*

**trips**

to make trips repeatedly, carry things back and forth: *sooruk.*

**troll**

teach him how to troll (for the first time): *gabili.*

to troll (in fishing), to angle: *bil.*

**trolling**: *bil.*

to do (go) trolling, do lure fishing: *wait.*

trolling (in fishing) of: *bin.*

**troops**

soldier, army, corps, troops: *geitei.*

**trouble**

make him suffer, trouble him: *gariyaali.*

to feel bad, be in trouble: *komaaru.*
to get in trouble (as a result of doing things socially not acceptable), to suffer the consequences, convicted, troubled: *riya.*

(to get) tired, take trouble: *gashigeshig.*

to suffer (from), have trouble, have a hard time: *iuwet.*

trouble, difficulty: *tamwumw.*

**troubled**

to get in trouble (as a result of doing things socially not acceptable), to suffer the consequences, convicted, troubled: *riya.*

**true**

to be true, real, sure: *teos₁.*

to be true, sure, settled, set, certain, probable: *tiwegil.*

(to be) likely, undoubted, true, obvious, certain: *negeiu.*

(to be) true, sure, reliable, real: *net₁.*

**Truk: Shug, Toraku.**

**trumpet**

conch shell, trumpet: *tawi.*

trumpet, bugle, horn: *rebba.*

**trumpet fish:** *tagiunal.*

**trunk**

stalk, trunk (of a tree): *gaaga.*

suitcase, case for carrying clothes, trunk, portmanteau: *terangku.*

**trust**

to be expected, convinced, confident, feel secure, trust: *niguiuliuig.*


to trust, believe, be convinced with: *shepar.*

**truth**

look for the truth: *ganegeiuw.*

truth, fact, reality: *net₁.*
try

to search hard for, look for desperately, try hard: giutt.
to try desperately, try hard: gashoosho.
to try hard, sacrifice: gashooyag.
to try, endeavor, make an effort: yatemagil.
to try, guess, make an effort: kagil.
try it, endeavor (to do) it, do one’s best for it: yatemagiliiy.
try it, endeavor to have it, make an effort for it: gagila₁.

trying

to be trying it: kekagila.

tuba

sweet tuba: gashiimem.
tuba, liquor, alcoholic beverage: gashi.
tuba, sour tuba, alcoholic tuba: faluuba.

tube

pipe, tube: paip.
tube attached to a stick of dynamite: raikang.

Tuesday

Tuesday (lit. second day of work): Gariuweranel yengaang.

tug

pull it loose, pull it off, draw it down, tug it: tefingi.
pull it up, tug (on) it: lugosi.
pull it, draw it, pluck it, tug it, pull it out, take it to pieces, destroy it: taiuw.
to pull loose, pull off, draw down, tug: tefitef.
to pull, draw, tug, pluck: taiuteiu.
to pull, tug, draw, drag, trail: lug.
tug it, pull it, pull and fold it: tali.

tug-of-war
tug-of-war (a kind of game): *tal₄*.

**tugged**
(to be) pulled loose, fall off, drawn down, tugged: *tefingeg*.

**tumble**
to fall (down), be off one’s feet, tumble down: *bur₂*.

**tuna-fish**
king-size tuna-fish: *tangir*.
yellow-fin tuna-fish: *taguw*.
**turkey:** *tuuruki*.
**turmeric:** *taig*.
to apply turmeric on one’s body: *taig*.
turmeric, yellow or orange-colored baby powder: *rang₁*.

**turn**
corner, turn: *fat₁*.
make him turn: *galiuweki⁵*.
to blow (as of wind), wave, stir, turn: *filefil*.
to change, shift, take one’s turn, alternate: *kootai*.
to face, turn: *tagiur₁*.
to flip, turn over: *woloal*.
to spin (many times), rotate, turn: *tagulugul*.
to turn (as of a sailing canoe), move around: *sap*.
to turn around: *sessor₂*.
to turn around, be turned (of the ends): *sessor*.
to turn around, be turned over: *wegiteg₁*.
to turn around, move round: *faan₁*.
to turn one’s head: *liuwek*.
to turn out, appear, become clear, come into view: *nag₁*.
to turn over, change from primitive ways of life to modern, civilized ones, be converted, transferred: *weg*.
to turn, be bent, be twisted: *iyaap.*
to turn, return, shift (of wind): *tagun.*
turn it: *gefaani.*
turn it, change it, transfer it, convert it: *wegiti.*
turn it, stir it, blow it: *fileti.*
turn the two ends around, turn it: *soroow.*
twist it, turn it, bend it: *iyaapiiy.*

**turn away**
to be isolated, face away from society, turn away (from people): *faliug.*

**turned**
to be turned, stirred: *filetag.*
(to be) capsized, turned upside down: *shapp.*
to turn around, be turned (of the ends): *sessor.*
to turn around, be turned over: *wegiteg*₁.

**turtle**
a kind of turtle: *masow*₁.

male turtle waiting for his turn of sexual intercourse: *yetang*₂.
shoulder bone of a turtle, a kind of turtle meat: *yengal.*
tactic for catching a turtle: *gaffiliwong.*
the larger part of the meat on the chest of a turtle: *fitigoterag.*
turtle, tortoise: *wong.*

**turtle egg**
small yellow turtle egg: *reemangiu*sh.
white mature turtle egg: *reemasow.*

**turtle fat**
long rope-like fat on both sides of the turtle shell, turtle fat: *ge-sawepar.*

**turtle shell:** *bosh*₁.
twelveth
twelveth day of the month: *wolebuw.*
twentieth
twentieth day of the month: *yafelag*₁.
twenty: *riuweig.*
make it twenty: *gariuweiga.*
twenty thousand: *riuwan.*
twenty-eighth
twenty-eighth day of the month: *yeiu.*
twenty-fifth
twenty-fifth day of the month: *gemwalo*₂.
twenty-first
twenty-first day of the month: *gosolang.*
twenty-ninth
twenty-ninth day of the month: *yefaing.*
twenty-second
twenty-second day of the month: *geretaliyafelag.*
twenty-seventh
twenty-seventh day of the month: *yerafiu.*
twenty-sixth
twenty-sixth day of the month: *gemwalofal.*
twenty-third
twenty-third day of the month: *soapashemeimwir.*
twig
branch (of a tree), bough, twig: *ra.*
twin
to be twins, twin: *libbey.*
twin of different sex: *libbeyaaaliu.*
twin of same sex: *libbeyeyarem*. 
twin, twin brothers (sisters): libbey.

twinkle

to blink, wink, twinkle: gapelenng.
to shine, glow, twinkle: ttiul.

twins

to be twins of different sex: libbeyaaliu.
to be twins of same sex: libbeyeyaremat.

twist

bend it, curl it, twist it: ganesiu.
tilt it, twist it: gapeigiiigiyi.
to tie, twist, fold, lash: pilipil.
twist it, crook it: yapili.
twist it, fold it, lash it, make leis by tying it: pili.
twist it, turn it, bend it: iyaapiiy.

twisted

make it crooked, make it twisted: geyapilegiyi.
to be curling, being twisted: nenes.
to be dislocated, twisted, sprained (as of bones): shiriweg.
to be twisted (as of arms or legs), sprained, dislocated: mwaang.
to be twisted, tangled: shaff.
(to be) twisted, crooked: yapileg.
(to be) twisted, deformed, have sharp corners, not straight: peigiig.
to curl, (become) curled, (be) twisted: nes.
to turn, be bent, be twisted: iyaap.

twitch

shake it, cause it to twitch: ganngonngo.
to tremble, shake, shiver, twitch: nngonng.

two: ni₂, riuw, riuwa, riuwa-.
two animate objects: *riuwemal*.

two broken pieces: *riuwegofet*.

two flat objects such as mats, lavalava, and knives: *riuwapeo*.

two general objects: *ruwouw*.

two hundred: *riuwebiugiuw*.

two hundred thousand: *riuwalob*.

two long objects such as pencils, coconut trees, and all trees: *riuwefash*.

two mouthfuls: *riuwegumw*.

two thin objects such as papers, leaves, and cigarettes: *riuwaaal*.

two thousand: *riuwengeras*.

twofold
double it, increase it twofold, make it double: *pilaaiiy*.

typhoon
cause a typhoon to occur on it: *gelangi*.
storm, typhoon: *maliumel*.
(to be) struck by a typhoon: *lang2*.

to have a storm, having typhoon: *maliumel*.
typhoon, rain-storm, wind: *lang2*.

**tyrant**

Yapese chief, conqueror, tyrant: *sawey1*. 

ugly person
ugly person, bad person: maliunngaw.
ugly-looking
(to be) ugly-looking, bad-looking: gausunngaw.
Ulithi
Ulithi atoll: Iulitiw.
umbrella: naamwebbereena.
umpire
umpire, referee: yampaang.
unable
to be impossible, incorrect, wrong, unable, inadequate: tammwel.
unacceptable
to be unacceptable socially and culturally: falitemwar.
(to be) taboo, socially and culturally unacceptable: pil.
unbelievable
(to be) unbelievable, fantastic, wonderful, beautiful, incredible: gaasefaliuw.
unbreakable
to be durable, unbreakable, resistant, rigid: nngiut.
unbuckled
to be unbuckled, snap off from what it was tied to (as in rope), be knocked: ffish.
uncertain
to be in doubt, be uncertain, hesitate: tipemwaremwar.
to be uncertain about it: gayeiyewela.
to wonder, be uncertain about, guess, assume: gareere.
uncle: mwalelap.
uncle (father’s side): bisittema-.
uncle (mother’s brother): mwaalenap.
unclear
(to be) murky, impure, unclear, gloomy, obscure, dark: *megol.*

unconscious

to be about to die, be unconscious, move around without consciousness: *gachelimas.*

to be unconscious (when referring to the whole body), numb (when referring to parts of the body): *remasiul.*
to become unconscious, faint, swoon: *niyarosh.*

uncooked
(to be) raw, unripe, uncooked (with regard to fruit): *maaraw1.*

uncooperative

to neglect, (be) uncooperative, evil-minded, be not satisfied with: *liugiunngaw.*

uncover

open it up, disclose it, uncover it: *gewaawaay.*
uncover it, unwrap it, take it off, remove it (the natural wrapper of a coconut tuba, etc.): *mangoshongoshooow.*

uncovered

(to be) bald, without hair, uncovered, clean: *ffash1.*
(to be) taken off (of the natural wrapper of a coconut tuba, etc.), uncovered, unwrapped, removed: *mangoshongosh.*
(to be) uncovered: *waawa2.*

undecided

to be undecided, discouraged: *yeiyewal.*
to be undecided, feel undecided: *koyaaya.*
to be undecided, neutral, confused: *mwar1.*
to be unsure, undecided, skeptical: *mwerag.*

under

underside, bottom, base, under: *faa-3.*

undergo
to undergo, be a past event, be past: riug.

underside
underside, bottom, base, under: faa-3.

understand
to begin to understand: metafetaf.
to understand, be clarified, be made clear: metaf.

underwater
ocean bottom, underwater: ilal.

underwear
underwear, short pants: saremaata.

undoubted
(to be) likely, undoubted, true, obvious, certain: negeiu.

uneasy
to be worried, worry about, be concerned about, feel uneasy: simpai.

unexpectedly
just, only, unexpectedly, continually: shag.
rather, unexpectedly: far₄.

unfasten
unhook it, remove it from a hook, unfasten by disengaging a hook: wooti.

unfavorable
to be disadvantageous, unfavorable, adverse, detrimental, be in bad position: yangit.

unfit
to be rapid, quick, fast, unfit: selesel.
to be unfit, not properly touched: bbang₂.

unfold
spread, unfold: ferag.
unfold it, spread it: feragili.
unfolded
to be spread, unfolded: *fferag.*

unfortunate
to be unlucky, unhappy, unfortunate: *paabut.*

unhappy
to be unlucky, unhappy, unfortunate: *paabut.*

unhealthy
(to be) unhealthy, barren, not bearing fruits: *faairo.*
(to be) weak, unhealthy: *taikeil.*
to grow very unhealthily, be unhealthy: *yaiungeiung1.*

unhook
unhook it, remove it from a hook, unfasten by disengaging a hook: *wooti.*

uninhabited
small uninhabited island: *yaliut.*

unlawful
(to be) unlawful, do impure things: *falinngaw.*

unlike
to be different, changed, unlike: *wel3.*

unload
to unload something: *niiyaaku.*

unloaded
to be light (not heavy), decrease (as a load), be unloaded: *geppal2.*

unlock
unlock it with a key: *kiiya.*

unlocked
(to be) unlocked, locked: *kiiy.*

unlucky
to be unlucky (or unfortunate) because one is not present at the funeral of his relative: sheonimebuut.

to be unlucky, unhappy, unfortunate: paabut.

to have bad luck, be unlucky, be at a disadvantage: faiyebut, faiyenngaw.

**unmaneuverable**

to be misleading, impossible, unmaneuverable: taliib.

**unmarried**

(to be) unmarried: lipishish.

unmarried female, maiden, spinster: sinilipish.

unmarried male, bachelor: temanipish.

**unmovable**

(to get) stuck, be unmovable, held, caught: mmwash.

**unpleasant**

slightly angry or mad, feel unpleasant: pitissoong.

**unpopular**

(to be) unpopular, disliked, hated (especially of a titled person): seshaaul.

**unripe**

(to be) raw, unripe, uncooked (with regard to fruit): maaraw1.

**unsafe**

(to be) dangerous, perilous, hazardous, unsafe: abonai.

**unsure**

to be unsure, undecided, skeptical: mwerag.

**untangle**

make it free, untangle it: getaletagiyy.

untangle it, free it, solve it: telati1.

**untangled**

to be free, solved, untangled: tettal1.

to be untangled, free, solved, liberated: taletag.
untie

to untie: bai-, baibei.
untie it: baisi.

untied

to be untied: baiteg.

until

boundary, boundary line, until: lessiyaa-.

unwilling

to be unwilling to go (especially on a long voyage), reluctant: chau1.

unwrap

uncover it, unwrap it, take it off, remove it (the natural wrapper of a coconut tuba, etc.): mangoshongoshoow.

unwrapped

(to be) taken off (of the natural wrapper of a coconut tuba, etc.), uncovered, unwrapped, removed: mangoshongosh.

up

up, upside: -yas.
upward, eastward, up: tag2.
upward, up, eastward: -tage.

upon

at, in, with, for, to, upon, on: ree-.

upper-side

the upper-side of a jungle, the upper fourth part: nibolosapetag.

uproar

night-time uproar, night-time fighting, night-time emergency: sseriuliubong.

uproot

pull it up, uproot it, extract it: wiyy.
to pull, uproot, extract: wiwi.
uprooted
to be pulled up, uprooted, extracted: *wiiteg*.

upset
make it (stomach, etc.) feel bad, get it upset: *geyagiunngewa*.
to have an upset stomach, not feel well: *yagiunngaw*.

upside
above, upside: *iyat*₁.
on, topside, upside: *woa*.-
up, upside: *-yas*.

uptight
to be in a state of panic, uptight, worry: *faalimwaretapiung*.

upward
upward, eastward, up: *tag*₂.
upward, up, eastward: *-tage*.

urge
to hurry, press, urge, tempt: *gewaiwei*.
urge him, press him, tempt him, make him hurry up: *gewaiiy*.

urinate
to urinate: *kaleoleo*.
to urinate, spurt out: *galeoleo*.
urinate on it: *kaleoleoti*.

urine: *kaleoleo*.

us
us (excluding you): *-gemam*.
us (including you): *-gish*.

usage
result, benefit, usage, worth, value: *pilaa*.-

use
have or use it as covering such as sheets, blankets, or mosquito nets: *gouseli*.
satisfaction, use: *gafil*.
to live in a house, use a house temporarily: *imweimw*.
to own land temporarily, use land: *faliuweliuw*.
to use: *tapetap2*.
to use (general objects), own temporarily: *yaaya*.
to use a canoe (temporarily): *waawa*.
to use a fork or chopsticks to lift something: *tibetib*.
to use, be a temporary owner, employ: *googo*.
use it, become the owner of it, employ it: *gooli*.
use the chisel to cut it, chisel it: *noomiiy*.
**used**
to get familiar with, be accustomed to, be acquainted with, get used to, knowledgeable, informative: *yeo1*.
**usually**
usually, habitually: *gal*.
usually, habitually, only: *ga*.
usually, readily, habitually, expertly, often: *tau1*.
**usualness**
usualness, already, customarily, ordinary: *fasiu*.
**usurp**
to take freely and greedily (as of leftovers), gobble, usurp, take away someone’s property by order of the chief: *gul1*.
**uvula**: *tololiyaw, toniyaw*.
vacant
to be empty (as a container), vacant: peo₂.
(to be) empty, vacant, hallow, deformed: war₁.
vacate
empty it, vacate it: gapeow₂.
vacation: fikeisiun.
vagina
vagina lips: fir.
vague
to be barely seen, vague: mwaar₁.
value
price, value: paliuwa-.
result, benefit, usage, worth, value: pilaa-.
vănish
to disappear, submerge, go out of sight, vanish, die away: tol.
variety
kind of, variety of, various: matemetal.
kind, variety: matemat₂.
various
kind of, variety of, various: matemetal.
Veja
name of a star (Vega, a very bright star in the constellation Lyra): Mel.
vegetables: iyaasai.
vehicle
canoe, vehicle: wa₁.
vein
vein, sinew, blood vessel, artery: wag₁.
velvety
(to be) slippery, smooth, velvety, slimy: *gurumeshal*.

**venereal**
syphilis, venereal disease, social disease: *paitok*.
venereal disease: *koriyo*.

**veranda**
both sides of a house, veranda: *tettar*.

**verbalize**
sing it, recite it, relate it, verbalize it: *rongiiy*.
to sing, recite, relate, verbalize: *rongirong*.

**vermin**
louse, vermin: *gius*.

**vertically**
(to be) woven vertically (as of a basket, a mat, etc.): *weisiu*.

**very**
all, every, very: *ilegi*-.
extremity of, very, extremely, exceedingly: *gaben*.
very, extremely, exceedingly, indeed: *gemas*.
very, indeed: *te*.
very, much, indeed, extremely, awfully, greatly: *ppiung*.
very, taking the quality of (the thing denoted by the word to which it is attached): *che*-.

**vibrate**
to tremble, shiver, vibrate, shake, flutter: *chech*.

**vicinity**
(a place) nearby, closeness of, in the vicinity of, in the neighborhood of: *yaro*-.

**view**
the point in view: *welinag*.
to turn out, appear, become clear, come into view: *nag*.
village
home village, (in the) village: ireiut.
(romantic) village: metaaiu.
village, hamlet: gasogasog.
village, hamlet, rural community: gapilamw.

vine
a kind of vine (canavalia cathartica): waliumag.
a kind of vine on the ground (triumfetta procumbens): gerag2.
vine with bright red berries (cassytha filiformis): tig2.

violate
to rape, ravish, violate: gemaiu.

viscous
make it gluey, make it viscous: gamwitiyoayoali.
(to be) viscous, gluey (thick but still drippable): mwitiyoayoa.

visible
to be hardly or barely visible due to rain, distance or darkness:
yaiungeiung2.

visit
look at him, look for it (object, place), visit it: mwaari.
look at it, visit him, watch it: yemwari.
to go, visit, complete: mwiuch.
to visit, look at, watch: yemwaamw.
visit every place: gamwiuchiu.
visit it, go to it: gareta1.

voice
humming sound made with the mouth, voice: ngiingi.
speech, talk, voice: mwaliyeliy.
to speak in a foreign accent, change voice: kas.
voice, noise, high sound (as a female voice): ttig.
voice-box
area below the voice-box in the throat: *pachiutor*.

vomit
- to have nausea, vomit: *mmeo*.
- to vomit, throw up, disgorge contents of the stomach: *mmwut*.
- vomit it up, throw it up: *mmwutaagili*.

vomiting
- to be vomiting: *mwummwut*.
- to feel like vomiting, lose appetite, dislike: *nou*.

vote
- to vote, ballot, cast a vote, poll: *fout*.

voyage
- to go on a trip, go on a long voyage: *waiy*.
- voyage, sailing, trip, journey: *waiy*.
wade

to wade, cross over, go across: uraag.

wading

to be wading, crossing over: urouraag.

wahoo

a kind of fish (wahoo or kinfish): ngal.

waist

side of the belly, waist: peigissag.

to make a round-and-round waist movement, do a hula dance: gesail.

to move the waist up and down: nenap.

waist, side of the body: faaligatogat.

wait


to make preparations, wait cautiously: gefalefal2.

wait for him, look forward expectantly to (seeing) him: weti.

wait for it, expect it: sauli.

wake


to wake up (someone), awake, arouse: gemmat2.

to wake up, be awaken: meyaf1.

wake him up, arouse him: gammeta1.

wake him up, arouse him, awake him: gameyafi.

wake him up, awake him, arouse him: fangiuli.

waked


to be awakened, aroused, waked: fang6.

walk

make him walk: gefaaragiity.

make him walk out, make him leave: gatoowaiuw.

take it (a path), walk on it, make one’s way on it: tegari.

to come, walk, come out, move, migrate: too-. 
to enter, come in, walk in: *toolong.*

to go out, walk out, move out: *toowaiu.*

to move around, walk about, hang about, gad about, wander from one place to another: *tiwaag.*

to stumble, walk in an unsteady manner: *tarigaag.*

to walk (together, usually holding hands): *mwil.*

to walk around with a fighting weapon: *wish2.*

to walk in line, form a procession: *getal.*

to walk on the beach or along the beach, go alongside of: *ssaw.*

to walk with the arms placed on the back: *felaliug.*

to walk, go on foot, make one’s way: *faarag.*

to walk, stride in a sexy manner: *gesangesang.*

to walk, walk along the shore: *tar4.*

**wall**

board wall of a house: *ttipaap.*

house wall: *shiun.*

lowest part of a wall of a house: *goshoash1.*

partition, house wall: *tiit1.*

wall of a house: *rising1.*

wall, boundary, shelter: *ssiyaa-.*

**walled**

to be walled with boards: *ttipaap.*

**wallet**

wallet, moneybag: *saaif.*

**wander**

to move around, walk about, hang about, gad about, wander from one place to another: *tiwaag.*


to wander about or go around hoping to find something (which he usually finds): *gaiuliung.*


to wander around, go around: *baasaas.*
want
like it, want it, admire it: gachiuw.
want it, desire it, like it: tipeli.
wish for it, want it, desire it: gabeleey.

war
native war, fight, battle: maaul.
war, fighting: fiteg.

warehouse
warehouse, storehouse: sooko.

warm
to be dry, warm: liugiupalepal.
to be warm, mild, genial: patepat.

warmed
to get warmed up (near a fire): chang2.

warp
to be pulled by a rope which is tied to a rock, warp: gashiuwefaiu.

warship
carrier, warship, submarine: kokobokang.
warship, battleship: kiungkang.

wash
to clean, wipe, wash: niuw2.
to wash one’s face: urumat.
to wash, cleanse: ubuub1.
to wet, moisten, wash: shiishi1.
wash (someone’s) face: gaurumeta.
wash it, clean it, wipe it: niuwa.

washed
to land after drifting, be washed up on the beach, land on: pat1.
washstroke
washstroke of a canoe: mesapp.

waste
excrement, waste materials: pag1.
fertilizer, manure, human waste: koyaas.
waste it, abuse it, squander it: gotalepa.
waste materials: fanigat.

wasted
(to be) wasted, spent carelessly, squandered: toalap.

watch
clock, watch: klook, kolook.
look at it, spy on him, watch him, gaze at him, peep at him, observe him: gamelangi.
look at it, visit him, watch it: yemwari.
look at it, watch it, gaze at it, observe it: piipiiy.
to look at, gaze, watch: piipi2.
to look, gaze at, watch: fal2.
to look, peep, watch, gaze at, spy on: gamelang.
to look, watch, glance: sur.
to visit, look at, watch: yemwaamw.
to watch closely, stare: kauruur.
to watch expectantly: galingeling.
to watch something going down: gatub1.
to watch the enemy, look through binoculars: miyaari.
to watch, gaze at, look at amusedly: yengag.
to watch, look at, guard, peep at (naked people): mmas.
watch it, look at it, observe it: faniiy.
watch it, peep at her: mmesa.
watch it, spot it, locate it: galinga.
watchtower
tower, watchtower, light-house: tootai.

water
inside of the water, in the water-well: lechal.
liquid, fresh water, water-well, lake: shal.
sea, sea water: tat₂.
to be fueled, to be filled with water: chechal.
water, liquid: -chal.

water well
my water well: shaliu₂.

water-ditch
geriver, water-ditch, stream: melaiuliul.

water-well
have it as one’s water-well: shaliuli.
inside of the water, in the water-well: lechal.
liquid, fresh water, water-well, lake: shal.

watermelon: saniiya.

waterproof
to be waterproof, be safe, not leaking: mal₃.

wave: nami.
shake it, wave it, swing it: gache.
to blow (as of wind), wave, stir, turn: filefil.
to shake, wave, swing: gachech.
to wave, call by hand, fan oneself: gaalipeo.
wave direction (a navigational term): bogol loa.

waves: loa.
big waves (a navigational term): loalapelap.
northern waves (a navigational term): loayefang.
southern waves (a navigational term): loayeiur.
(to be) wavy, have too many waves: *loaloa*.

**wavy**
make it wavy: *geloaw*.
to be wavy: *loa, nami*.
(to be) wavy, have too many waves: *loaloa*.

**way**
road of, way of, path of: *yan₂*.
road, way, path: *yenap*.
road, way, path, street, pass, lane, passage: *yal₁*.
shape, manner, way, method: *ssenga-*.
shape, manner, way, method, situation: *senga-*.
tactics, way, method: *ffi-*.
way, method, manner, style: *uniun*.

**we**
we (excluding the hearer): *gai₁*.
we (hearer excluded): *gaamam*.
we (including the hearer): *giish, si₁*.

**weak**
make him weak, make him tired, make him exhausted: *gemaaluuw*.
(to be) exhausted, tired (as a result of hard physical work),
weak: *peyaagus*.
(to be) weak, unhealthy: *taikeil*.
(to be) weakened, weak, skinny: *peyaaya*.
(to become) wilted, grow weak: *mag*.

**weaken**
make him tired, weaken him: *gapeyaagusuuw*.
make him weak, weaken him: *gapeyaayaali*.

**weakened**
(to be) weakened, weak, skinny: peyaaya.

**wealthy**
to be prosperous, wealthy, rich, win: win.

**weapon**
instrument, weapon, hand: lima-2.

**wear**
to have as earrings, wear in one’s ears: shiuweshiuw.
to wear (a lei): mwaremwar.
to wear a belt: tettar3.
to wear a grass-skirt: sifisif.
to wear a lavalava or loincloth: gepalepal.
to wear around the arms: gatilipeiu.
to wear cloth or clothes: mengaag.
wear it (cloth or clothes), put it on: mengaaguuw.
wear it as one’s lei, have it as one’s flower or lei: mwerali.
wear it in the ears, have them as one’s earrings: shiuweli.

**wearing**
to be wearing: mmemmengaag.

**weary**
to be weary, tired: mwaayou.

**weather**
atmosphere, weather condition: yaiuchaal.
fair weather, mild day: raalimwaaaiu.
to predict the weather: geman1.

**weave**
to weave: faiufeiu2.
to weave (a lei or a strap): ffir.
to weave (lavalavas): teor.
to weave, do the first stage of lavalava weaving: shou2.
weave it: *faiuw₁*.  
weave it (a lei, etc.): *firegi*.  
weave it (lavalava): *teoriungiu*.  
weave it, do the first stage of its weaving, start to weave it:  
*shouuw*.  

**weaving**  
a type of weaving in which one line goes on top of another alternately: *tareseyal*.  
a type of weaving in which two lines go on top of other two lines:  
*tareriuwaal*.  
to be weaving: *choushou, ffaiufeiu*.  

**wed**  
to be married, wed: *fitiyeti`.  
to get married, marry, be united, wed: *riiri*.  
to marry in church, wed in church: *gabbiuliueiu*.  

**wedding**  
marrige, matrimony, wedding: *riiri*.  
marrige, wedding: *fitiyeti`.  

**Wednesday**  
Wednesday (lit. third day of work): *Gaseliranel yengaang*.  

**week**: *wiik*.  

**weep**  
make him cry, make him weep: *getangi*.  
to cry a lot, weep frequently: *tangiteng*.  
to weep, cry, sob: *tang*.  

**weft**  
certain fibers of the lavalava, weft, yarn: *ifag*.  

**weigh**  
to weigh (copra): *kiino*.  
to weigh, make heavy: *gechau*.  

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weigh it: *kinoow*.
weigh it, make it heavy: *gechauw*$_2$.

**weight:** *chau*$_2$.
lead or weight for a fishing line: *piloomw*$_2$.

**welcome**
hello, welcome: *welimmwa*-
like him welcome him: *gageshaafiya*.
welcome to those who visit one’s island: *toalig*.

**well**
dug-out well on the seaside of an island used for bathing: *leo*$_1$.
man-made well: *shaliukel*.
very well, strongly: *bech*.
well, good, nicely, beautifully: *gach*$_2$.

**well-done**
let it mature, make it well-done: *gaiumasowa*.
to be well-done, well decomposed: *bech*.
(to be) overgrown, mature, well-done (in the process of making tuba): *gaiumasow*.

**well-known**
(to be) famous, well-known, notorious: *lagolipil*.
(to be) well-known, famous: *geffaayag*.

**west:** *iletow, letow, letowelap*.
west, downward: *sal, tal*$_6$.

**west-northwest**
west-northwest (halfway between west and northwest): *letowaafang*.

**west-southwest**
west-southwest (halfway between west and southwest): *letowaar*.

**western**
western end: *tabogap.*
western end of an island: *tabokuweiu.*

**Western Lagoon**
Western Lagoon of Woleai Atoll: *Lamwolaital.*

**westernized**
to be westernized, of foreign nature: *yapishash.*

**westward**
down, downward, westward: *tiw₁.*
downward, down, westward: *-tiwe.*

**wet**
make it wet, moisten it: *getaluutu.*
put it in water, moisten it, wet it: *shiiiri.*
to be wet, moistened: *shireg.*
to be wet, muddy: *tebaaileoleo.*
(to be) ripe, fermented, soft, wet: *mmash₃.*
(to be) wet: *chog.*
to get wet (usually when the hair is completely wet): *taluut.*
to wet the hair (by taking a bath or diving into water): *torofag.*
to wet, moisten, wash: *shiiishi₁.*
wet it, moisten it: *gashiiregoiiy.*

**whale**
a kind of porpoise or whale: *moasoos.*
female whale seen along the navigational course line: *laigeriug.*
whale, whale meat: *ras.*

**wharf**
dock, wharf: *kaampeek.*

**what:** *me₃.*
do what with it?: *fiteey.*
what has happened?: *feita.*
what?: *metta, naani.*
where?, which?, what?: *ifa.*
which? where?, what?: *kefa.*
which?, where?, what?: *fa₁, ikefa.*

**when**
when?: *ileet.*

**where**
where?, which place?: *iiya.*
where?, which?, what?: *ifa.*
which? where?, what?: *kefa.*
which?, where?, what?: *fa₁, ikefa.*

**whether**
or, whether, if: *gare.*

**which**
that, who, which, he who, those who: *le₂.*
where?, which?, what?: *ifa.*
which (lit. how many-th): *gafiteuwel.*
which? where?, what?: *kefa.*
which?, where?, what?: *fa₁, ikefa.*

**while**
to be quite a while, delayed: *bongiy.*
very soon, after a while, shortly: *faisekiut.*

**whine**
to make a sound, whine, make a low sound in the form of crying: *ngiingi.*

**whirl**
to jump, whirl, chip up, pop up, skip: *ssig.*

**whirlwind:** *bigil ssig.*

**whisky:** *wiiski₁.*
whisky, strong Western alcoholic liquor: *roomw*.

**whisper**

to whisper: *nngiulingiul*.

to whisper, speak softly: *gemwangiul*.

to whisper, talk under one’s breath: *ngiuliungiul*.

**whistle**

to make noise, whistle with the mouth using the fingers, play (a musical instrument): *gattig₂*.

to whistle with the lips: *gauwa*.

whistle to him: *gauwaali*.

**whistling**

to be whistling: *kekauwa*.

to be whistling, making a sound: *gatigitig*.

**white**

to be white: *bbesh*.

(to be) white: *beshebesh*.

white men, foreigners: *reyapishash*.

white part: *beshebesh*.

white, snow-white: *besh₂*.

**white lily**

broad-leafed spider lily, white lily: *giyob*.

**who**

that, who, which, he who, those who: *le₂, le₂*.

**whole**

a whole, the entire thing, the totality, integrated parts: *niuw₁*.

**why**

why, for what: *bame*.

**wide**

to be wide, broad, spacious: *sheolap₂*. 
(to be) wide (as of a hole), broat, spacious, roomy: \textit{war}_2.

\textbf{wife}

spouse, husband, wife: \textit{fitiya}-.  

\textbf{wild}

to be rough, wild (of an ocean or a person): \textit{tamwumw}.

\textbf{will}

will (shall, need, would, should, must) immediately, to be ready to: \textit{bele}_3.

will immediately, to be ready to (do): \textit{bele}.

will no longer, won’t any more: \textit{tewai}i.

will not, won’t: \textit{tewai}.

will, shall, need, should, would, have to, may: \textit{be4}.

\textbf{willing}

long for it, miss it, yearn after it, pine for it, be willing to do it, be attracted by it, be interested in it, enjoy it: \textit{mesaigeeti}.


to be happy, willing to do something: \textit{mesaig}.

\textbf{wilted}

(to become) wilted, grow weak: \textit{mag}.

\textbf{win}

to be in first place, win: \textit{itto}.

to be prosperous, wealthy, rich, win: \textit{win}.

\textbf{wind}

breeze, a light gentle wind: \textit{mwoorag}_1.

cloth sign indicating canoe direction with regard to wind (This cloth is attached to the low end of the sail frame.): \textit{gaangiyeng}.

fart, flatulence, wind (in the bowels): \textit{sing}.

northwest wind: \textit{yefangilesal}_1.

typhoon, rain-storm, wind: \textit{lang}_2.

wind, blast, air in motion: \textit{yang}_3.
wind-storm: mwor\textsubscript{1}.

**winding**
to spiral, be binding, be winding: tapilipil.

**window**
window, window-pane: piletoa.

**window-pane**
window, window-pane: piletoa.

**windy**
to be windy, strong (like the wind): mmwor.
to blow (of wind), be windy: yangiyeng.

**wine**: waain.
Japanese rice wine: sake.

**wing**
hand, arm, wing: paiu\textsubscript{1}.

**wink**
to blink, wink: gemarup.
to blink, wink, blinking: gmasiuriusiu.
to blink, wink, twinkle: gapelenng.
to raise the eyebrows, wink: uwefat.
to wink, blink: gmasiur\textsubscript{1}, gewaish.

**winter**
winter season: niyefang.
winter, season with few or no breadfruit: yefang\textsubscript{2}.

**wipe**
to clean, wipe, wash: niuw\textsubscript{2}.
wash it, clean it, wipe it: niuwa.

**wiped**
to be erased, wiped out, effaced: iutiut.

**wire**
iron, wire, bell, metal: *paarang*.
screen, barbed wire: *ugopaarang*.
wire connecting a hook to the fish-line: *teraff*.
wire connecting a hook with the fish-line, leader: *yeraar*.
wire, line: *seeng*.

**wise**
to be wise, smart: *yan1*.

**wish**
reach out for it, wish for it: *changeeti*.
to desire, wish: *yaleyal*.
to wish, desire, be wishful: *far gabel*.
wish for it: *yaleyaleyagili*.
wish for it, want it, desire it: *gabeleey*.

**wishful**
to be desired, wishful, missed: *gabel*.

**wiskers**
mustache (of the mouth), wiskers: *rebeliyaw*.
mustache, wiskers: *reb*.

**with**
and, with: *me1*.
at, in, with, for, to, upon, on: *ree-*.
to it (direction), for it (causal), with it: *ngali*.
with, carrying, for: *yagili*.

**wither**
to dry, get dry, run dry, wither: *palepal*.

**wives**
to have two wives: *garuwouw*.

**Woleai**: *Weleya*.

**woman**
married woman who is barren, i.e., who cannot bear a baby: *ulut*3.

old woman, female of sixty years of age or above: *shoabut tu-gofaiy.*

show-off type woman: *likaashif.*

talkative woman, woman who talks big: *lisaf.*

woman, female, female ranging from fourty to fifty years of age: *shoabut.*

woman, sister: *faifil.*

**womb**
a part of a female’s womb, afterbirth, placenta: *seoiul.*

**won’t**
should not, won’t, may not, ought not: *te3.*

will no longer, won’t any more: *tewaii.*

will not, won’t: *tewai.*

**wonder**
to wonder, be uncertain about, guess, assume: *gareere.*

**wonderful**
to be good, wonderful, fantastic: *masigach.*

(to be) unbelievable, fantastic, wonderful, beautiful, incredible: *gaasefaliuw.*

**wood**
tree, wood, log: *ira.*

**wooden**
wooden block: *faafa2.*

**woods**
forest, bush, woods: *wal2.*

**word**
word, language, speech, rule, regulation: *kepat.*

word, speech, talk, conversation: *mwaliya-*.
work

to study, work: pengkyo.
to work: taribaag, yengaang2.
to work in the garden: maat.
work, job: yengaang2.

world

the earth, the globe, world: faaileng.

worm

a kind of worm: sishol.
bait, worm: paapa2.
hookworm, worm: mwusoao.
snake, worm, eel: labut.
underground worm: mwat.

worn

to be exhausted, get tired, be worn out: il2.
(to be) exhausted, tired, worn out: gashetag.

worried

to be worried, frightened, insecure: laloileng.
to be worried, worry about, be concerned about, feel uneasy: simpai.

worry

make her worry: gelaloilengiiy.
to be in a state of panic, uptight, worry: faalimwaretapiung.
to be worried, worry about, be concerned about, feel uneasy: simpai.

worse

to be bad, worse, poor, foul, base, inferior: nngaw.

worship

pray for him, worship him: maipila.
worth
result, benefit, usage, worth, value: pilaa-.

Wotttagai
Wotttagai (an island in Woleai): Wetegaiu.

wound
hurt him, injure him, wound him: gewasiu.

wounded
to be wounded, injured: gilat.
(to get) hurt, wounded, be injured: was.

woven
to be woven by tareseyal: tareseyal.
to be woven by means of tareriuwaal: tareriuwaal.
(to be) woven: faiufeiu2.
(to be) woven horizontally (as of a basket, a mat, etc.): weipengag.
(to be) woven vertically (as of a basket, a mat, etc.): weisiu.

wrap
hug him, embrace him, wrap it up: ragomi.
tie it, bind it, tangle it, spiral it, wrap it: fiti2.
to fasten (with straps), wrap, bind: geogeo.
to hug, embrace, wrap up: chechag.
to wrap preserved breadfruit: tiugium.
to wrap, cover: tiugiutiug1.
to wrap, pack: tiugiumeiul.
wrap it with leaves of poguw: poguwa.
wrap it, cover it: tiugiumi.

wrapper
cloth wrapper: furoosiki.
tobacco wrapper (including newspaper sheets): sheo3.
wrapper, jacket: *tiugiumeiul*.
wrapper, lavalava or clothes used for wrapping a dead person’s body: *tiugiutiug1*.

**wrath**
anger, indignation, rage, fury, wrath: *ssoong*.

**wreath**
lei, floral wreath, garland: *mwaremwar*.

**wrecked**
(to be) broken, cracked, smashed, wrecked: *tewa*.

**wrench**
wrench, spanner: *sepaana*.

**wrestle**
to wrestle: *getaatal*.
to wrestle, learn wrestling techniques: *gebang*.

**wrestling**
wrestling (technique): *bang2*.
wrestling, wrestling match: *getaatal*.

**wring**
choke him, wring his neck, strangle him: *woronga*.
squeeze it, press it, wring it, extract it: *fiyengi*.
to squeeze, press, wring, extract: *fiyefiy1*.

**wrinkle**
crumple it, wrinkle it, rumple it: *mwuloti*.
to crumple, crumpled, wrinkle, rumple: *mwulomwul*.

**wrinkled**
to be crumpled, wrinkled, rumpled: *mwulotag*.
to be wrinkled, lined: *firoaroa*.

**wrinkles**
wrinkles, furrows: *firoaroa*.
wrist: *gumwiush.*
wrist cap: *gurubul paiu.*

write
cut it, slice it, write it: *tefa.*
spell it (word), write it: *sepeela.*
spread it out, mark it, write it, flip it (as a page of a book): *wolati.*
to cut, slice, write: *tafetaf.*
to spell, write: *sepeel.*
to write a letter: *teengami.*
to write it, scribble it, spell it: *fatogi2.*
to write, mark, draw a line, paint: *fatofat.*

writing
cursive writing of Japanese syllabary: *girakena.*

wrong
to be impossible, incorrect, wrong, unable, inadequate: *tammwel.*

wrong-doing
sin, wrong-doing: *molofit.*

wrought
to be excited, aroused, stimulated, highly strung, wrought up: *yat5.*

wrung
to be squeezed, pressed, wrung, extracted: *fiyengag.*

wry
to frown, knit one’s brows, make a wry face: *gebatting.*
yam
a kind of yam: *sep, tog₁.*

yank
yank it, pull it, extract it with a quick vigorous movement: *sefingi.*

yanked
to be yanked, jerked, pulled: *sefinge₂.*

Yap: Yap.

yard
length from sternum to the finger tips with arm stretched, yard: *siteloub.*
yard in a canoe: *shiushiu₂.*

yarn
certain fibers of the lavalava, weft, yarn: *ifag.*

Yasor
name of an island in Ulithi Atoll, Yasor: Yasor.

yawn
a yawn: *moaligatel.*
to yawn: *moaligatel.*

ye
you, ye: *gaami.*

year: *rag₂.*

yearn
long for it, miss it, yearn after it, pine for it, be willing to do it, be attracted by it, be interested in it, enjoy it: *mesaigeeti.*
miss him, yearn for him, long for him: *gachiga.*

yeast
yeast, something that causes fermentation: *gabboolag.*

yell
a shout, yell: *tauul.*
bark at him, shout at him, yell to him: *gabetaagili*.
to scold, yell, shout, make a loud sound: *sser2*.
to shout (usually in a large group of people), yell: *mweir*.
to shout, to yell: *tauul*.
to yell, shout, bark: *gebat*.

**yelling**
yelling, shouting: *gebat*.

**yellow**
make it yellow, dye it in yellow dye: *geyangoyango*.
(to be) yellow, burn brightly, burn with a flame: *perangerang*.
(to be) yellow, yellowish: *rangerang*.
(to be) yellow, yellowish, of ginger color: *yangoyang*.

**yellowish**
(to be) yellow, yellowish: *rangerang*.
(to be) yellow, yellowish, of ginger color: *yangoyang*.

**yes**: *ngoa*.

**yesterday**: *lalow*.

**yet**
not yet, not as yet: *teit*.
still, yet, more: *shiuwel*.

**yonder**
edge, outside, backside, yonder: *sow2*.

**you**: -g, *geel, go1*.
you (pl.): -gami.
you (pl.), you guys: *gai2*.
you, ye: *gaami*.

**you**: *go2*.

**young**
(to be) immature, not old enough, young: *mangiuish*.
young plant
young shoots surrounding an old plant, young plant: *il4*.

**your**: -*mw*.

eyour (pl.): -*mi2*.

**youth**

boy, young man, youth, male between puberty and twenties: *tarimwal*.

older part of *tarimwal*, teenager, youth: *tarimwaaleyaiunap*.

youth, adult with skills: *seineeng*.

youth, student: *seito*.
zori

zori, sandal, slipper: soori.
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