



SCAFFOLDING AND ASSESSING ENGINEERING DESIGN: EFFECTING PROGRAM CHANGE FROM COURSE INNOVATIONS

Department/Program Facts

- Number of faculty 5
- Number of students 45
- Number of graduates every year 7
- Established program accredited by ABET

Introduction

The Biological Engineering program sought to improve student performance during program level assessment, specifically in the application of the engineering design process. Most recently, 59%, 50%, and 33% of students were meeting 3rd year target levels midway through the year.

Our approach was to implement parallel class and individual design projects at the junior level that would provide both a way for students to learn together in a guided exercise and to apply learned concepts to a project of their choosing. The resulting student work, assessment, and insights gained were used to scaffold assignments and content in courses throughout the curriculum.

Student Learning Outcome 1 Rubric

Students will have an ability to identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems by applying principles of engineering, science and mathematics.

Indicator	Incoming	2 nd Year	3 rd Year	4 th Year
i. Identifies the engineering problem within the overall problem or context.	Identifies a problem of importance. Broadly suggests that engineering can help solve the problem.	Explains with some detail how engineering can address the overall problem.	Explains with adequate detail how engineering can address a specific task, function, or capability.	Explains exactly how engineering can address multiple specific tasks, functions, or capabilities to address the overall problem.
ii. Specifies the requirements that the solution must meet.	Qualitatively describes a requirement or goal of the solution. Relies on prior or common knowledge to identify requirements.	Adequately quantifies at least one requirement. Incorporates important considerations such as function, standards, constraints, and client input.	Evaluates the more important considerations to quantify the requirements.	Evaluates all relevant considerations to quantify well-specified requirements.
iii. Applies scientific and engineering methods to solve the problem.	Conceptualizes the underlying mechanism of a solution.	Applies math, science, and engineering to develop a solution that meets some specified requirements. Solution may include some errors.	Applies math, science, and engineering to develop a solution that meets all specified requirements. Solution may include minor errors.	Systematically and consistently applies math, science, and engineering to develop a rigorous solution that meets the all requirements and is essentially error-free .
iv. Evaluates and refines the effectiveness of the solution.	Theorizes the feasibility of a solution.	Evaluates the outcome and describes how the solution can be improved.	Evaluates the outcome and refines the solution to improve the final outcome.	Thoroughly evaluates the outcome and refines the solution to achieve the most feasible outcome.

2018-19 Assessment Results

1

- 77% meeting 3rd year targets for **identifying** complex engineering problems. [i]

2

- 77% meeting 3rd year targets for **formulating** complex engineering problems. [ii]

3

- 55% meeting 3rd year targets for **solving** complex engineering problems. [iii. Iv]

Rubric Development

- Use actual student work to help reach consensus on rubric language.
- Focus on development and ability of a student progressing through the curriculum rather than deficit.

Faculty Insights

- Create more effective assignments that specifically support achievement.
- Improve communication of expectations and outcomes
- Vertically integrate a design project throughout curriculum in parallel with student course work on design.

Student Insights

- Engineering design is a new experience.
- Peer feedback very helpful.
- Allocate class time for interactions.
- Allow student the iterative process for project revision.

Successful Strategies

- Engage faculty in conversations about expectations for learning
- Use rubric as a catalyst to reflect on teaching and student development

SCAFFOLDING PLAN

WITH VERTICALLY INTEGRATED PROJECT

INTRO	Carotenoid production in yeast. Problem exploration.	BE 260 Challenge students to identify specific ways engineering can address problems facing society.
CHALLENGE 1	Design a system to extract carotenoids	BE 350 Identify, formulate, and solve an engineering problem in an open-ended project of student's choosing.
CHALLENGE 2	Implemented as primary course project.	BE 350L Formulate and solve the design of a temperature control system for yeast growth.
CHALLENGE 3	Design a sensor to determine carotenoid levels through color measurement.	BE 420 Identify, formulate, solve, fabricate, and test a sensor or instrument.
CHALLENGE 4	Design a scaled-up system to produce carotenoids in large quantities.	BE 437 Use simulation software to solve an engineering problem and refine solution.
CHALLENGE 5	Implemented as primary course project.	BE 460 Experimental acquisition of parameters required to solve the problem of supplying the oxygen required for yeast growth.

LEADING TO SUCCESSFUL CAPSTONE PROJECT

