I. Content and Collection Policies

A. Content Guidelines

ScholarSpace is a repository system at the University of Hawaii at Manoa (UHM) that enables us to capture, preserve and distribute the intellectual output of the university. ScholarSpace can serve as a resource for data, working papers, teaching materials, bulletins, as well as peer-reviewed articles. The following are meant as guidelines for the types of collection content appropriate for ScholarSpace.

1. ScholarSpace primarily supports work that has been produced, submitted, or sponsored by UH faculty and staff. However, a Community can include papers from a conference they sponsor, or from a journal with a UH faculty or staff editor and might include faculty works from other institutions.
2. The work should be scholarly or research-based.
3. The work should not be ephemeral; deposits are intended to be permanent contributions.
4. The work must be in digital form. If conversion to digital form is necessary, the ScholarSpace staff will work with faculty to guide this process.
5. The work should be complete and ready for public dissemination before final submission.
6. Although the author/copyright owner retains copyright for all works submitted, he/she should be willing and able to grant UHM Library the right to preserve and distribute the work on the Internet via ScholarSpace.
7. Established Communities should strive for completeness in their Collections. For example, if a work is part of a larger series or set of related works, these other works should also be contributed so that as full a set as possible is offered.
8. ScholarSpace is not intended to be used for commercial purposes.
9. ScholarSpace can accept the following items:
   a. Documents (e.g. articles, preprints, working papers, technical reports, conference papers)
   b. Books
   c. Theses and dissertations
   d. Data sets
   e. Computer programs
   f. Visualizations, simulations, and other models
g. Multimedia publications
h. Learning objects

10. At UHM, ScholarSpace will accept all manner of digital formats, but provides differing levels of support depending on the format type.

11. The UHM implementation of the institutional repository (IR) attempts to support as many file formats as possible. The open source software used for the IR, DSpace, identifies two levels of digital preservation:
   a. Bit preservation, which ensures that a file remains exactly the same over time – not a single bit is changed – while the physical media evolve around it.
   b. Functional preservation, in which the file does change over time so that the material continues to be immediately usable in the same way it was originally while the digital formats (and physical media) evolve over time. Some file formats can be functionally preserved using straightforward format migration (e.g. TIFF images of XML documents). Other formats are proprietary, or for other reasons are much harder to preserve functionally.

B. Defining Communities and Collections

1. At UHM, a ScholarSpace “Community” is an administrative unit that produces research, has a defined lead, has long-term stability, and can assume responsibility for setting Community policies. The following are examples of possible Communities: Colleges or Schools within the University; research centers; students depositing dissertations or theses; or faculty and students with a common academic interest. Each Community must be able to assign a coordinator who can work with ScholarSpace staff. Groups wishing to establish a ScholarSpace Community that do not fall into this definition will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Individuals may not submit items without belonging to an established Community because they do not constitute an administrative unit.

2. Each Community can contain one or more “Collections”. Communities can also contain Sub-communities, which in turn house Collections. For example the Water Resources Research Center can be a Community, which oversees collections of Bulletins, Technical Reports, Project Reports and Conference Proceedings. See the following illustration showing how Collections and Communities are organized:
C. Community Start Up Procedures

The following are a synopsis of the process of creating a community within ScholarSpace.

1. Initial contact between the ScholarSpace staff and the prospective Community, and including the librarian liaison if applicable.
2. The ScholarSpace administrator demonstrates ScholarSpace to the prospective Community and provides information about the repository, policy documents, sample submission agreements, and workflow options.
3. Community chooses a coordinator to act as a liaison to ScholarSpace staff.
4. The community, in partnership with the ScholarSpace administrator, develops Community policy regarding submissions, access, content withdrawal, workflow, membership, and preservation strategies. A list of those members authorized to

Figure 1: http://libraries.mit.edu/dspace-mit/build/communities-collections.pdf
perform workflow steps should also be provided to the ScholarSpace administrator at this time.

5. ScholarSpace staff creates the Community, initial Collections and the corresponding interfaces in consultation with the Community coordinator. The ScholarSpace administrator then authorizes groups and individuals as outlined by the Community, and posts the final version of the Community policies, as well as written agreements between the Community and ScholarSpace on the Community webpage for future reference.

D. Community Start Up Responsibilities
The ScholarSpace Administrator will manage all aspects of the Community set up process, including:
1. Planning and scheduling new Community and Collection set-ups
2. Leading the initial Community meeting to discuss and explain set-up requirements
3. Implementing custom workflow for the submission process including metadata defaults
4. Specifying a Collection's distribution policy and license requirements
5. Customizing ScholarSpace Community and Collection home pages
6. Training Community users and coordinators
7. Assisting with ongoing Collection set-ups
8. Coordinating bulk loads of historic content and metadata.

E. General Roles and Responsibilities
1. Community Responsibilities
   a. arrange for submission and description of content.
   b. decide policy regarding content to be submitted (within the IR guidelines).
   c. make decisions about Community and Collection definitions and community membership.
   d. notify the IR contact of organizational changes affecting submissions.
   e. understand and observe University policies relevant to the IR, and educate Community submitters regarding these policies.
   f. clear copyright for items submitted when copyright owner is other than author(s) or the UH.
   g. decide upon a submission workflow for each Collection.
2. Community Rights
   a. Decide who may submit content within the Community.
   b. Limit access to content at the item level either to the UH only or to specific individuals or groups.
   c. Receive a copy of submitted content upon request.
   d. Remove items and Collections (as outlined in "Withdrawal Policy").
   e. Approve addition of or elimination of Sub-communities.
   f. Customize interfaces to Community content.

3. ScholarSpace Responsibilities
   At the UHM, the responsibilities taken on by ScholarSpace is to
   a. retain and maintain submitted content.
   b. distribute content according to Community decisions.
   c. preserve content using accepted preservation techniques.
   d. notify communities of significant changes to content, e.g. format migration.
   e. if UH Manoa Library cease to support ScholarSpace, return Collections to existing Communities.

4. ScholarSpace Rights
   ScholarSpace at the UHM Library retain the right to
   a. redistribute, sell or amend metadata for items in ScholarSpace.
   b. de-accession items or Collections under certain circumstances - as outlined in "Withdrawal Policy."
   c. refuse items or Collections not within the scope of the repository as defined by the Content Guidelines.
   d. renegotiate terms of original agreement with Communities.
   e. perform appraisal for long-term archiving when Communities cease to exist or within thirty years of the creation of a Collection.
   f. move Collections to reflect current agreement between ScholarSpace and its Communities.
   g. migrate items for presentation purposes or at the Library’s discretion.
h. set quotas (size of files, number of items) to determine what constitutes free service and after which point to charge a fee.

i. charge a fee for activities requiring extensive centralized support from the IR (for example, for a large amount of de-accessioning)

II. Submission Process
Each collection can have its own submission process. The Community or Collection liaison works with the ScholarSpace project to decide on the workflows they wish to use.

A. Authorization of Contributors
   1. Communities determine contributors for each Collection
   2. Authorization set out in Community policies

B. Submission Steps for Authorized Contributors
   1. Register with ScholarSpace and edit his/her user profile
   2. Post a submission to a specified Collection
   3. Enter metadata for a submission, using standard forms with Community-specific default values
   4. Include additional metadata with a submission
   5. Bundle multiple files of various formats in a single submission
   6. Allow the system to identify formats of submitted files, with user override
   7. Grant a non-exclusive license to the UHM Library to distribute a submission in accordance with the specified distribution policy and translate it for the purposes of preservation
   8. Receive updates on the progress of an item through the submission workflow process
   9. View past and pending submissions in a personalized area called My ScholarSpace.

III. Copyright and Licenses – Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)

A. Content Submitters Copyright
   1. Authors retain the copyright for all content posted in the repository unless otherwise specified by specific Community guidelines. The author agreement specifies a nonexclusive right to use. This means the author is free to reuse the content elsewhere.
   2. If a working paper is published in a journal—either in the same form or, more commonly, in revised form—many journals allow the working paper to continue to be made available, especially when it is for educational/scholarly noncommercial use. Unfortunately, some journals do require that the working paper
be removed. Others grant exceptions for submitting to an Institutional Repository; they just need to be asked. It is up to the faculty member to check the terms of their agreement with the journal to see what is allowed. Individual journal policies vary widely. The RoMEO Project (Rights MEtadata for Open archiving) has compiled a list of many journals' "Copyright Policies" about "self-archiving."

3. If a submitter is interested in including a reprint of a journal article in his/her repository site, the faculty member should check their agreement with the journal to see if it is allowed. If it would not violate copyright, he or she is welcome to do so.

B. The UHM Library uses the following license agreement in the IR:

Non-Exclusive Distribution License

In order for UHM Library to reproduce, translate and distribute your submission worldwide your agreement to the following terms is necessary. Please take a moment to read the terms of this license, fill in the information requested (and sign and submit this license to the IR at ______________.) By signing and submitting this license, you (the author(s) or copyright owner) grants to the University of Hawaii at Manoa (UHM) the non-exclusive right to reproduce, translate (as defined below), and/or distribute your submission (including the abstract) worldwide in print and electronic format and in any medium, including but not limited to audio or video.

You agree that UHM may, without changing the content, translate the submission to any medium or format for the purpose of preservation. You also agree that UHM may keep more than one copy of this submission for purposes of security, back-up and preservation.

You represent that the submission is your original work, and that you have the right to grant the rights contained in this license. You also represent that your submission does not, to the best of your knowledge, infringe upon anyone's copyright.

If the submission contains material for which you do not hold copyright, you represent that you have obtained the unrestricted permission of the copyright owner to grant UHM the rights required by this license, and that such third-party owned material is clearly identified and acknowledged within the text or content of the submission.

IF THE SUBMISSION IS BASED UPON WORK THAT HAS BEEN SPONSORED OR SUPPORTED BY AN AGENCY OR ORGANIZATION OTHER THAN UHM, YOU REPRESENT THAT YOU HAVE FULFILLED ANY RIGHT OF REVIEW OR OTHER OBLIGATIONS REQUIRED BY SUCH CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT.
UHM will clearly identify your name(s) as the author(s) or owner(s) of the submission, and will not make any alteration, other than as allowed by this license, to your submission.

C. The Collection liaison is responsible for ensuring compliance with publisher copyright issues. However, the ScholarSpace project will provide information and resources to help with this assessment.

D. IR Communities will be asked to sign a Memorandum of Understanding with the UHM Library

IV. Metadata
A. The IR policy tracks the following provenance data:
   1. Creation of item, Collection, or Community
   2. Changes
      a. Accessibility (see withdrawal policy)
      b. Format
      c. Organizational
         a) Per item
         b) Per collection
         c) Per community
      d. Metadata
   3. Withdrawal of item, Collection, or Community

By “support” for a given metadata schema we mean that metadata can be entered into the IR, stored in the database, indexed appropriately, and made searchable through the public User Interface. At the present time, this applies mainly to descriptive metadata, although as standards emerge it could also include technical, rights, preservation, structural and behavioral metadata.

B. The metadata elements in the table below are collected in the UH IR for the following reasons:
   1. to aid in the retrieval process
   2. as a surrogate for the item (for instance, metadata harvesting by another system)
   3. for use in later products (for instance, a bibliography in a particular discipline)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metadata Element</th>
<th>Element Description</th>
<th>Policy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contributor/Creator</td>
<td>An entity primarily responsible for or contributing to the making of the content of the resource</td>
<td>Required if available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coverage</td>
<td>The extent or scope of the content of the resource</td>
<td>Not required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Requirement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>A date associated with the lifecycle of the resource</td>
<td>System supplied if not provided by user</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>An account of the content of the resource</td>
<td>Encouraged</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Format</td>
<td>The physical or digital manifestation of the resource</td>
<td>System supplied</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identifier</td>
<td>An unambiguous reference to the resource within a given context</td>
<td>System supplied</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>A language of the intellectual content of the resource</td>
<td>* Required (pull-down menu, including &quot;non-text&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publisher</td>
<td>An entity responsible for making the resource available</td>
<td>Not required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relation</td>
<td>A reference to a related resource</td>
<td>Required if available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rights</td>
<td>Information about rights held in and over the resource</td>
<td>Not required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td>A reference to a resource from which the present resource is derived</td>
<td>Not required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subject and Keywords</td>
<td>The topic of the content of the resource</td>
<td>Not required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>A name given to the resource</td>
<td>* Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>The nature or genre of the content of the resource</td>
<td>Not required</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* It was decided that only Language and Title could be enforced (by the system) as a requirement for completing a submission.

V. Workflow Guidelines
A. At the UHM Library the ScholarSpace staff recognizes that Communities have very different ideas for how material should be submitted to the repository, by whom, and with what restrictions. Who can deposit items? What type of items will they deposit? Who else needs to review, enhance, or approve the submission? To what collections can they deposit material? Who can see the items once deposited? All these issues are addressed by the Community representatives, working together with the Library’s ScholarSpace user support staff, and are then modeled in a workflow for each collection to enforce their decisions. The system has the notion of “e-people” who have “roles” in the workflow of a particular Community in the context of a given collection. Individuals from the Community are registered with ScholarSpace, then assigned to appropriate roles. The following are typical Community representatives:
1. Submitter
2. Reviewer
3. Coordinator
4. Metadata Editor

B. These roles in the IR support the workflow process: submitter, reviewer, coordinator, and metadata editor. An e-mail message is sent to each person at the appropriate step in the workflow, with authorizations set up in advance for each role.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Permissions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Submitter permissions** | - Can edit metadata for own submission  
- Can upload files for own submission  
- Cannot do anything once item is submitted |
| **Reviewer permissions (optional)** | - Can review content of all files submitted to collection  
- Can accept or reject all submissions to collection  
- Can send a message explaining decision  
- Rejection will stop submission  
- Acceptance will let submission go to next step  
- (Cannot edit metadata, or change files) |
| **Coordinator permissions (optional)** | - Can edit metadata of all submissions to collection  
- Can accept or reject all submissions to collection  
- Can send a message explaining rejection  
- Rejection will stop submission  
- Acceptance will move submission to next step |
| **Metadata editor permissions (optional)** | - Can edit metadata of all submissions to collection  
- Submission automatically becomes part of the IR after this step  
- (Any approval would have happened before) |

C. ScholarSpace staff, under the advice of the Cataloging Department, will work with Communities to identify unique metadata needs.

VI. Contributor and Privacy Policies
A. Contributor Policies
1. Authorization to upload content into the repository, and responsibility for setting deposit polices will reside primarily within the registered Communities.

2. The Community retains the right to:
   a. impose mandatory “embargo” periods that must expire before a digital object can be accessed by users.
b. submit revisions or addenda to submitted papers and other materials, to indicate a progression of research or understanding. Under such circumstances, all earlier versions of the submitted object(s) will be retained within the repository, but may be suppressed by the creator as inaccessible content.

c. limit access to content at the item level to the UHM Community.
d. remove items or Collections from any access under circumstances such as legal order, patenting guidelines, or publisher requirements.

3. Users will register with the ScholarSpace system and will be authenticated by the UHM system. Permissions will be assigned to users by each Collection Administrator.

4. Some items may require limitations to access. For example some theses be unavailable for a period of years. Other contributors may wish to limit access to their content.

B. Privacy Policies about site users

1. The IR Privacy Policy at the UHM states that the University is committed to preserving privacy. The personal information the UHM receives through the IR is used solely for purposes of the functioning of the system, and for the specific research purposes described below.

This system collects personal information from:

a. Users involved in the submission of IR content and metadata
b. Users who subscribe to the IR alerting service

Personal information collected by the IR system will not be used for any commercial or philanthropic purpose not directly connected with or approved by the UHM.

2. We do not disclose information about your individual visits to our site, or personal information that you provide us, such as your name, address, email address, telephone number, etc. to any outside parties except when we believe, in good faith
   a. that the law requires it, or
   b. that disclosure is necessary to protect the rights and property of the IR users.

3. Any IR records used in a publicly accessible forum, such as demonstrations, presentations, or research papers, will be scrubbed of specific references to real people and personal information.

C. Privacy policies about content

(See Policy Issues [IV. A.] for further information on this topic.)
VII. Service Policies
   A. Preservation Formats

   Digital preservation is an evolving practice and standards are not yet in place. However, we commit to tracking the development of standards and issuing advisories to Communities who are submitting to the repository.

   The UHM Library implementation of the ScholarSpace system for our IR attempts to support as many file formats as possible.

   This system identifies two levels of digital preservation: bit preservation, and functional preservation.

   1. **Bit preservation** ensures that a file remains exactly the same over time — not a single bit is changed — while the physical media evolve around it.

   2. **Functional preservation** goes further: the file does change over time so that the material continues to be immediately usable in the same way it was originally while the digital formats (and the physical media) evolve over time. Some file formats can be functionally preserved using straightforward format migration (e.g. TIFF images or XML documents). Other formats are proprietary, or for other reasons are much harder to preserve functionally.

   B. Levels of Preservation

   At UHM Library, for the time being, we acknowledge the fact that the formats in which faculty create their research material are not something we can predict or control. Faculty use the tools that are best for their purposes, and we will get whatever formats those tools produce. Because of this we’ve defined three levels of preservation for a given format: supported, known, or unsupported.

   1. **Supported**: We fully support the format and preserve it using either format migration or emulation techniques.

   2. **Known**: We can recognize the format, but cannot guarantee full support.

   3. **Unsupported**: We cannot recognize a format; these will be listed as "application/octet-stream", aka Unknown.

   When a file is uploaded to the IR, we assign it one of those three categories. For all three levels we will do bit-level preservation so that “digital archaeologists” of the future will have the raw material to work with if the material proves to be worth that effort.
Put simply, UHM Library's policy for file formats is:

- Everything put into the IR will be retrievable.
- We will recognize as many files' formats as possible.
- We will support as many known file formats as possible.

By "support", we mean "make usable in the future, using whatever combination of techniques (such as migration, emulation, etc.) is appropriate given the context of need". We can't predict which services will be necessary down the road, so we'll continually monitor formats and techniques to ensure we can accommodate needs as they arise.

In the meantime, we can choose to "support" a format if we can gather enough documentation to capture how the format works. In particular, we collect file specifications, descriptions, and code samples, and make those available in the IR Format Reference Collection as listed in the table below. Unfortunately, this means that proprietary formats for which these materials are not publicly available cannot be supported in the IR. We will still preserve these files, and in cases where those formats are native to tools supported by UHM Information Systems, we will provide you with guidance on converting your files into formats we do support. It is also likely that for extremely popular but proprietary formats (such as Microsoft .doc, .xls, and .ppt), we will be able to help make files in those formats more useful in the future simply because their prevalence makes it likely tools will be available. Even so, we cannot guarantee this level of service without also having more information about the formats, so we will still list these formats as "known", not "supported".

**IR Format Reference Collection for UHM installation of ScholarSpace**

In the table below, **MIME** type is the Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) type identifier. **Description** is what most people use as the name for the format. **Extensions** are typical file name extensions (the part after the dot, e.g. the extension for "index.html" is "html"). These are not case-sensitive in the IR, so either "sample.XML" or "sample.xml" will be recognized as XML. Level is the IR's support level for each format:

- **Supported**: We fully support the format and preserve it using either format migration or emulation techniques.
- **Known**: We can recognize the format, but cannot guarantee full support.
- **Unsupported**: We cannot recognize a format; these will be listed as "application/octet-stream", aka Unknown.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>MIME type</strong></th>
<th><strong>Description</strong></th>
<th><strong>Extensions</strong></th>
<th><strong>Level</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application/marc</td>
<td>MARC</td>
<td>marc, mrc</td>
<td>supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/mathematica</td>
<td>Mathematica</td>
<td>ma</td>
<td>known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/msword</td>
<td>Microsoft Word</td>
<td>doc</td>
<td>known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/octet-stream</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>(anything not listed)</td>
<td>unsupported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/pdf</td>
<td>Adobe PDF</td>
<td>pdf</td>
<td>supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/postscript</td>
<td>Postscript</td>
<td>ps, eps, ai</td>
<td>supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/sgml</td>
<td>SGML</td>
<td>sgm, sgml</td>
<td>known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/vnd.ms-excel</td>
<td>Microsoft Excel</td>
<td>xls</td>
<td>known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/vnd.ms-powerpoint</td>
<td>Microsoft Powerpoint</td>
<td>ppt</td>
<td>known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/vnd.ms-project</td>
<td>Microsoft Project</td>
<td>mpp, mp, mpd</td>
<td>known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/vnd.visio</td>
<td>Microsoft Visio</td>
<td>vsd</td>
<td>known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/wordperfect5.1</td>
<td>WordPerfect</td>
<td>wpd</td>
<td>known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/x-dvi</td>
<td>TeXdvi</td>
<td>dvi</td>
<td>known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application/x-filemaker</td>
<td>FMP3</td>
<td>fm</td>
<td>known</td>
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<tr>
<td>Application/x-latex</td>
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<td>known</td>
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<td>known</td>
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<td>audio/basic</td>
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<td>known</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>MPEG Audio</td>
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<td>known</td>
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<td>PNG</td>
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<td>known</td>
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<tr>
<td>image/x-photo-cd</td>
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<tr>
<td>text/richtext</td>
<td>Rich Text Format</td>
<td>rtf</td>
<td>supported</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C. Persistent Identifiers
The CNRI Handle System is used to assign persistent identifiers to all material posted to the repository. These identifiers are resolvable in perpetuity, and will remain valid even if content is migrated to a new system. This allows documents in the IR to be properly and effectively cited in other research.

D. Withdrawal of items
1. UHM Library foresees times when it may be necessary to remove items from the repository. It has been decided that under some circumstances items will be removed from view, but to avoid loss of the historical record, all such transactions will be traced in the form of a note in the <Description.provenance> field of the Dublin Core record. The content of the note should be one of the following:
   " removed from view at request of the author"
   " removed from view at UHM's discretion"
   " removed from view at UHM Library's discretion"
   " removed from view by legal order"
2. If the intent is to remove all records and links to an item from the collection, it can be deleted upon request.
3. Since any IR item that has existed at some time may have been cited, we will always supply a "tombstone" when the item is requested, which will include the original metadata (for verification) plus one of the above withdrawal statements in place of the link to the object. The metadata should be visible, but not searchable. These items will also be made unavailable for metadata harvesting.

E. General
1. The responsibilities taken on by a Community are to
   a. arrange for submission and description of content.
   b. decide policy regarding content to be submitted (within the IR guidelines).
   c. make decisions about Community and Collection definitions and community membership.
   d. notify the IR contact of organizational changes affecting submissions.
e. understand and observe Institute policies relevant to the IR, and educate Community submitters regarding these policies.

f. clear copyright for items submitted when copyright owner is other than author(s) or the UH.

g. decide upon a submission workflow for each Collection.

2. The Community liaison or Collection administrator retains the right to
   a. Decide who may submit content within the Community.
   b. Limit access to content at the item level either to the UH only or to specific individuals or groups.
   c. Remove items and Collections (as outlined in "Withdrawal Policy").
   d. Approve addition of or elimination of Sub-communities.
   e. Customize interfaces to Community content.

3. At the UHM, the responsibilities taken on by the UHM Library are to
   a. retain and maintain content submitted to the IR.
   b. distribute content according to Community decisions.
   c. preserve content using accepted preservation techniques.
   d. notify Communities of significant changes to content, e.g. format migration.
   e. if UHM Library cease to support the IR, return Collections to existing Communities.

4. The UH Manoa Libraries retain the right to:
   a. redistribute or amend metadata for items in the IR.
   b. de-accession items or Collections under certain circumstances - as outlined in "Withdrawal Policy".
   c. refuse or de-accession items or Collections not within the scope of the IR as defined by “What content will be accepted in the IR”.
   d. renegotiate terms of original agreement with Communities.
   e. perform appraisal for long-term archiving when Communities cease to exist or within thirty years of the creation of a Collection.
   f. move Collections to reflect current agreement between the IR and Communities.
   g. migrate items for presentation purposes or at the library’s discretion.
   h. set quotas (size of files, number of items) to determine what constitutes free service and after which point to charge a fee.
   i. charge a fee for activities requiring extensive centralized support from the IR (for example, for a large amount of de-accesssioning)
5. The University of Hawaii at Manoa is expected to:
   a. set policy at the Institute level regarding issues that affect the IR, e.g. copyright rules, thesis requirements, etc.
   b. support functions mandated by existing policies.

6. If an item can belong to more than one Collection representing different Communities, the association can be approved by the Communities involved and executed by the ScholarSpace project staff.

F. Free and Fee Access

1. Initially the IR Service will offer Core Services at no charge to Community members and consumers of the IR content. Two distinct, but interconnected service elements are
   a. Interactive Services. These offer a fully functional system that allows IR Community members and consumers of the IR content to accomplish all tasks necessary to submit and access items in the repository as applicable.
   b. Operational Services. These house and preserve faculty materials, establish and deliver ongoing support for the IR Communities, respond to customer inquiries, and supply system monitoring, backup, and recovery.

2. It is conceivable that the IR Communities or individual faculty members may put extraordinary demands on the service such as sizeable storage requirements or assistance with specialized metadata creation. In the future, the UHM Library may offer Premium Services to ensure that the IR offers a full set of resources to meet faculty and researcher’s needs and to manage the impact of these exceptional resource requirements on Library staff and IR resources. UHM Library reserves the right to introduce Premium Services fees as needed to aid in cost recovery.

Possible fee-based Premium Services include the following:
   a. E-Conversion Services: Creation of digital content from non-digital materials and custom, on-demand transformation of materials from one format to another.
   b. Metadata Services: Needs assessments, feasibility studies, advice on appropriate taxonomies, metadata crosswalks, metadata creation and support services, etc.
   c. Custom Repository Services: Expansion of standard IR storage allocations to meet Community or individual’s requirements that exceed normal limits
d. User Reporting Services: Research alert services, targeted notification services, hot topic citations, and custom reporting services

G. Backup and Recovery
1. The system may be unavailable on occasion for update purposes. However, the ScholarSpace system administrators will perform maintenance at times least likely to cause a disruption of services.
2. The ScholarSpace administrative team will provide regularly-scheduled backup with off-site storage to guarantee backup and recovery.

UHM Library Institutional Repository Policy Guidelines
Adapted with permission from MIT Policy Guidelines by Beth Tillinghast
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